REDACTED

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE BEFORE THE NEW HAMPSHIRE PUBLIC UTILIITES COMMISSION

Docket No. DG 23-087 Northern Utilities Inc. Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements

Supplemental Position Statement of Ashraful Alam, Utility Analyst, & Faisal Deen Arif, Gas Director Department of Energy, Division of Regulatory Support December 14, 2023

The New Hampshire Department of Energy ("DOE" or the "Department") submits this supplemental position statement in compliance with the approved procedural schedule. *See* New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission's ("NHPUC" or the "Commission") *Procedural Order Re: Proposed Procedural Schedule* (November 16, 2023).

Please note that this statement should be read in conjunction with DOE's earlier (preliminary) technical statement dated November 3, 2023. While DOE's preliminary technical statement identified facts of the original petition and attempted to summarize the overall contexts, this current position statement furthers that by providing additional facts and observations along with the Department's recommendations for the petition. As such, in advance of the hearing scheduled for January 18, 2024, this position statement is based upon review of all information submitted into the docket to-date (including discovery incorporated in attachments to this statement). This statement aims to provide the Commission with:

- DOE's summary of facts and observations based on Northern Utilities, Inc. ("Northern" or "the Company")'s filing to-date; and
- DOE's recommendations.

Upon review of all information submitted into the docket to-date, DOE makes additional observations and provides its recommendations.

In summary, the Department supports Northern's request for Approval of "Empress Capacity Agreements"¹, which includes a pre-approval of pre-service and (potential) cancellations costs, subject to certain conditions described below. *See* Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements ("Empress Agreements" or the "Agreements").

¹ As defined in Northern's petition, the "Empress Capacity Agreements" include certain agreements with Portland Natural Gas Transmission System ("PNGTS") and TransCanada Pipelines Limited ("TCPL") (the agreements are collectively referred to herein as the "Empress Capacity Agreements"). *See* Petition dated October 6, 2023.

The remainder of this position statement is organized as follows:

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1. Background

Northern's Petition (filed October 6, 2023) states that the Company has participated in pipeline Open Seasons bidding process conducted by TransCanada Pipelines Limited ("TCPL") and Portland Natural Gas Transmission System ("PNGTS"). *See* Petition (Oct 6, 2023), Confidential Unitil FXW-2 at 3 (Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, hereinafter "ECR Assessment").

The process led to multiple bilateral agreements between Northern and TCPL and PNGTS and Northern. *See* Petition Unitil FXW-2, Attachment 4 – the TCPL 2024 Precedent Agreement, Attachment 5 – the TCPL 2024 Firm Transportation Contract, Attachment 6 – the CONFIDENTIAL TCPL 2027 Precedent Agreement, and Attachment 2 – the PNGTS 2024 Firm Transportation Contract. These agreements are designed to provide the Company with access to firm natural gas pipeline transportation paths from Empress, Alberta to Granite State Gas Transmission, Inc. ("Granite") interconnects. *See* ECR Assessment, p. 3. This new capacity path is expected to add

<u>12,500 Dekatherm (Dth)</u> per day of <u>incremental</u> capacity to Northern's New Hampshire and Maine gas supply portfolio.

Through its petition, Northern submits that the access to this incremental capacity will result in "relatively low-cost supply, while reducing Northern's peaking supply requirements." *See* ECR Assessment, p. 3. As such, Northern seeks an expedited Commission pre-approval of the preservice and (potential) cancellation costs under these agreements on or before January 26, 2024.

The Company has also filed a concurrent petition with the Maine Public Utilities Commission (MPUC) seeking similar pre-approval for the same Empress Agreements² and has requested an expedited order from the MPUC by January 26, 2024.

2. Activities to-date

Given the expedited nature of the petition, Northern, DOE, and the Office of the Consumer Advocate ("OCA"), collectively the "Parties", met multiple times. The Parties first met for an adhoc technical session on November 1, 2023, followed by two additional technical sessions dated November 9 and 28, 2023. DOE has filed two sets of data requests.

The current supplemental position statement is informed by discussions held during these sessions along with the filings and responses to Data Request (DR)s exchanged among the Parties to-date. DOE has provided Northern's responses to some of DOE's Data Request (DR) Set 1 as Attachment A and some of Northern's Responses to DOE Technical Session (TS) DR Set 1 as Attachment B. The DOE has also provided Northern's Response to data request in the MPUC docket as a separate Attachment C and the email from PNGTS re FERC approving certification as Attachment D for ease of reference, although these responses were provided by Northern in response to DOE DR 1-2. Where supportive of the analysis, specific responses within each Attachment are cited. In addition, a number of responses have simply been provided to support the expedited nature of this docket.

3. Features of the Empress Capacity Filing by Northern

Based on the filing and DRs to-date, DOE notes the following:

3.1 Capacity Volume

The proposed Empress Agreements would add *net* 12,500 Dth/day volume of *incremental* capacity to Northern's New Hampshire (NH) and Maine (ME) gas supply portfolio.

² MPUC Case No. 2023-00254 Northern Utilities, Inc. d/b/a Unitil Inc., Request for Approval of Precedent Agreement Pertaining to Northern Utilities Inc. d/b/a Unitil Inc. (case start date Sept. 29, 2023), available at the following link, Docket No. <u>2023-00254</u>.

3.2 Capacity Distribution between NH and ME

Applying the Company's latest design year forecast for the 2023-24 gas year, approximately 5,007 Dth/day (i.e., 40.1%) of the proposed capacity will be supported by New Hampshire Division customers and 7,493 Dth/day (i.e., 59.9%) will be supported by Maine Division customers³. Northern would support the use of the Modified Proportional Responsibility Allocator to allocate contract costs at issue in this docket between New Hampshire and Maine. *See* DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-11.

3.3 Agreement Timeframe

The proposed Agreements have a 30-year term starting on April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2054, with an option for renewal rights that would allow Northern control over the "Empress Capacity" path⁴ following the initial term of the Agreements. *See* ECR Assessment, p. 51.

3.4 Transportation Path

Northern explains that the incremental capacity volume of 12,500 Dth/day would be transported via multiple pipelines. The gas would travel from Empress, Alberta via TransCanada pipeline to Pittsburg, New Hampshire, the location where PNGTS receives gas onto its system from TCPL. The commodity would then be transported via PNGTS pipelines to – either the interconnection between PNGTS and Maritimes in Westbrook, Maine; or delivery points on the PNGTS system from Westbrook, Maine to Dracut, Massachusetts. This includes the interconnections between PNGTS and the Granite State Gas Transmission, Inc. ("Granite") pipeline. *See* Petition Attachment Unitil-FXW-1, p. 4 and the ECR Assessment, p. 17 ("map").

Northern currently accesses PNGTS via the Granite pipeline to service its territories both in New Hampshire and Maine. *See* Petition Attachment 8 (Northern Capacity Paths). For the purposes of current filing, Northern referred to the full capacity path as "Empress Capacity" that includes the Granite State Gas Transmission, Inc. interconnects. *See* Petition Attachment Unitil-FXW-1, p. 2.

3.5 Company's Assessment of Supply Needs

 Design Day Planning Load & Deficiency: Northern provided an estimate of its design day planning load in Table IV-1 of the ECR Assessment. See ECR Assessment, p. 36. The design day load is estimated to be 146,989 Dth in the 2024-25 Winter Period, increasing to 152,149 Dth in 2027-28. Given that Northern reported ongoing deficiency in its resource balance,

³ The Modified Proportional Responsibility Allocator, which is used to allocate demand costs, is based on the Design Year utilization as estimated by Northern.

⁴ Please see the Section 3.4 'Transportation Path' for Northern's definition of "Empress Capacity" path.

without the Empress Capacity, the Company estimates that the deficiency will increase overall, from 47,431 Dth in 2024-25 to 52,591 Dth in 2027-28. With the Empress Capacity, the Company estimates that the deficiency will *decrease* from 47,431 Dth to 34,975 Dth in 2024-25, and from 52,591 Dth to 40,135 Dth in 2027-28. A summary of these forecasts along with the growth rates in design day planning load are provided below:

| | 2024-2025 | 2025-2026 | 2026-2027 | 2027-2028 |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| Design Day Utilization of Current | | | | |
| Long-Term Capacity | 99,558 | 99 <i>,</i> 558 | 99,558 | 99,558 |
| Design Day Planning Load | 146,989 | 148,784 | 150,466 | 152,149 |
| Growth in Design Day Planning Load | | 1.2% | 1.1% | 1.1% |
| Design Day Resource Balance w/o | | | | |
| Empress Capacity | (47,431) | (49,226) | (50,908) | (52,591) |
| Empress Capacity | 12,500 | 12,500 | 12,500 | 12,500 |
| Estimated Granite Fuel Use | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| Empress Capacity, net of Granite | | | | |
| Fuel | 12,456 | 12,456 | 12,456 | 12,456 |
| Design Day Resource Balance w/ | | | | |
| Empress Capacity | (34,975) | (36,770) | (38,452) | (40,135) |

ii) Design Year Planning Load & Deficiency: Northern also provided forecasts for the design year planning load in Table IV-2. See ECR Assessment, p. 38. Northern used PLEXOS energy optimization software to develop the estimates. As reported by the Company, the design year load is estimated to increase from 17,403,633 Dth in 2024-25 to 18,054,513 Dth in 2027-28. Without the Empress Capacity, Northern estimates deficiency will increase from 672,536 Dth in 2024-25 to 824,692 Dth in 2027-28. With the Empress Capacity, the deficiency is reduced from 672,536 Dth to 302,037 Dth in 2024-25, and from 824,692 Dth to 389,974 Dth in 2027-28. These projections along with the estimated growth rates in planning load are provided below:

Table 2: Design Year Planning Load, 2024-25 to 2027-28 Winter Period

| | 2024-2025 | 2025-2026 | 2026-2027 | 2027-2028 |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Delivered Supply Long-Term | | | | |
| Capacity w/o Empress | 16,731,097 | 16,886,128 | 17,028,952 | 17,229,821 |
| Design Day Planning Load | 17,403,633 | 17,628,179 | 17,840,851 | 18,054,513 |
| Growth in Design Day Planning Load | 1 | 1.3% | 1.2% | 1.2% |
| Design Year Resource Balance | | | | |
| w/o Empress Capacity | (672,536) | (742,051) | (811,899) | (824,692) |
| Delivered Supply Long-Term | | | | |
| Capacity w/ Empress | 17,101,596 | 17,288,478 | 17,460,364 | 17,664,539 |

| | 2024-2025 | 2025-2026 | 2026-2027 | 2027-2028 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Growth w/ Empress Capacity | | 1.1% | 1.0% | 1.2% |
| Impact of Empress Capacity | 370,499 | 402,350 | 431,412 | 434,718 |
| Growth due to Empress Capacity | | 8.6% | 7.2% | 0.8% |
| Design Year Resource Balance w/ | | | | |
| Empress Capacity | (302,037) | (339,701) | (380,487) | (389,974) |

- iii) Overall Deficiency: The DOE gives significant weight to Northern's report of a current deficiency in resource balance both with and without Empress Capacity under both the design day and the design year projection scenarios. The access to Empress Capacity significantly reduces Northern's reported current resource balance deficiency projections.
- iv) Qualitative Assessment: Northen uses several qualitative metrics to assess the non-price features of the proposed Empress Capacity Agreements. The Company asserts that the proposed agreements demonstrate <u>flexibility</u> and <u>reliability</u> improvements to Northern's capacity portfolio by addressing upstream and downstream issues, project development and deployment risks and providing control over contract renewal rights. The Company claims that the Empress Agreements will also help to mitigate demand charges and price volatility and improve rate and cost sharing processes. In Northern's view the Empress Agreements will provide [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION]

4. The Empress Agreements

Based on the filing to-date, DOE notes the following features of the Empress Agreements:

4.1 The PNGTS Agreement

As explained by the Company, in its Open Season, PNGTS offered approximately 59,000 Dth/Day of additional capacity to be available as soon as November 1, 2023. The minimum bidding requirements included a rate of \$0.82/Dth, and a 15-year term for a firm transportation service agreement. Northern successfully bid for 12,500 Dth/Day with the minimum rate (\$0.82/Dth), but for a term of 30 years (ending on March 31, 2054).

Northern has the option to terminate the PNGTS Firm Transportation ("FT") Agreement without penalty by February 1, 2024, should the Company not obtain regulatory approvals from the NHPUC and the MPUC in a form and substance acceptable to the Company. *See* DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-19 Supp. The PNGTS transportation service rate is a negotiated, fixed rate for the term of the Agreement⁵. The Agreement also allows Northern to have the right of first refusal. The FT Agreement does not mention anything regarding the cancellation costs.

⁵ Although the transportation rate is negotiated, it is largely governed by the applicable FERC tariff rate(s) and is also subject to the rate discount provisions of the bilateral Agreement between Northern and PNGTS. Therefore,

DOE observes that PNGTS capacity requires approval only from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) to increase their certificated capacity by 59,100 Dth. The physical facilities PNGTS needs to provide the level of service, which PNGTS awarded through its Open Season bidding process, appears to be already in place. *See* DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-08. The Department notes that, based on the information received from Northern, it appears that PNGTS received the requisite FERC approval. *See* DOE Attachment D and <u>FERC Docket No. CP23-548-000.</u>

4.2 The TCPL Agreements

The Company explained that, in its Open Season, TCPL offered up to 59,807 Dth/Day of delivery capacity to be available as early as April 1, 2024. However, the offering was subject to TCPL's ability to secure "necessary commercial and operational arrangements" until new facilities are constructed. TCPL expects to construct new facilities to support this capacity offering prior to November 1, 2027. *See* Petition Attachment Unitil-FXW-1, p. 5.

Northern explained that TCPL tolls are regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator ("CER") along with various provincial regulatory agencies (collectively the "Canadian Energy Regulators"). The tolls are rolled into the system rate implying that the expansion capacity customers would pay the average system rate, rather than an incremental project rate. *See* ECR Assessment, p. 52.

Northern states that TCPL asked the bidders to bid with a <u>minimum service term of 15 years</u> from November 1, 2027. Northern successfully bid for 12,890 Dth/Day for <u>a term of 30 years</u> (commencing April 1, 2024 and ending on March 31, 2054).

Overall, the TCPL Agreements are inclusive of two separate sets of agreements, each having a Precedent Agreement and a Firm Transportation Service Contract:

- a. The <u>2024 Precedent Agreement</u> ("PA"), and <u>2024 Firm Transportation ("FT") Service</u> <u>Contract</u> for service from April 1, 2024 through October 31, 2027 (or later, if facilities required by TransCanada are not yet in service, and TransCanada maintains the commercial and operational arrangements to continue interim service beyond October 31, 2027). *See* Petition Attachment Unitil-FXW-1, p. 6. This set of agreements stipulate Northern and TCPL's contractual obligations for transportation services until 2027; and
- b. The <u>2027 Precedent Agreement</u> to service the 30-year contract from November 2027 through March 2054. *See* Petition, Attachment 6 CONFIDENTIAL. The 2027 TCPL Precedent Agreement also requires Northern to enter into a <u>Firm Transportation Service</u> <u>Contract</u> for service from November 2027 through March 2054 upon TCPL either satisfying or waiving its conditions precedent. *See* Unitil-FXW-1, p. 6.

the rate will remain somewhat variable and responsive to market forces. See Petition Attachment 2 (PNGTS FT Contract), p. 1

4.3 TCPL Conditions Precedent

Both the 2024 and 2027 TCPL Precedent Agreements contain <u>conditions precedent</u>:

- a. For the 2024 Precedent Agreement, the conditions precedent include a determination that TCPL has sufficient facilities and/or operational, or other arrangements to provide service under the 2024 TCPL FT Contract, <u>and</u> that the 2027 TCPL PA has not been cancelled. *See* Unitil-FXW-1, p. 6.
- b. For the 2027 Precedent Agreement, the conditions precedent include TCPL receiving authorization to increase its capacity in order to provide the service awarded to Northern. It further requires Northern to enter into a FT Contract for service from November 2027 through March 2054 upon TCPL either satisfying or waiving its conditions precedent. *See* Unitil-FXW-1, p. 7. The 2027 PA also contains a *Sunset Date* of May 1, 2027. *See* Petition Attachment 6 (TCPL 2027 PA), Section 13 (h), p. 12 of 29 and DOE Attachment B, Northern Response to DOE TS 1-02.

4.4 Violation of the Conditions Precedent

Northern states that Paragraph 13 of the 2027 TCPL PA provides a complete list of events that would construe an event of cancellation. *See* Petition Unitil-FXW-2 CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 6 (TCPL 2027 PA). Essentially, these include the following:

- a. TCPL is unable to obtain required authorizations to increase its capacity from the Canadian Energy Regulators prior to May 1, 2027;
- b. PNGTS is unable to obtain FERC certification (this condition appears to have been met. *See* Attachment D, DOE TS 1-03);
- c. Northern:
 - i) is unable to obtain approval of the 2027 TCPL PA from NHPUC or MPUC in a form and substance acceptable to the Company;
 - ii) fails to execute the Firm Transportation (FT) Service Contract; or
 - iii) withdraws its service request prior to May 1, 2027;

then the 2027 TCPL PA will be deemed cancelled.

As identified above and in conjunction with 4.3(b), it appears that, with FT Service Contract put in place, beyond the *Sunset Date* of May 1, 2027, all 2027 TCPL PA conditions precedent would be construed satisfied, and consequently, the cancellation costs provisions of the 2027 TCPL PA would be deemed moot.

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4.5 Cancellation Costs

Northern explains that the violation of the conditions precedent would result in cancellation costs. Paragraph 15 of the 2027 TCPL PA explains the termination or cancellation costs. *See* Petition Unitil FXW-2, CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 6 (TCPL 2027 PA). [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION]

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5. DOE Observations

Based on the filing, and responses from all DRs to-date, DOE notes the following:

5.1 Capacity Addition

The proposed Empress Agreements would add *net* 12,500 Dth/day volume of *incremental* capacity to Northern's gas supply portfolio for a period of 30-years spanning April 2024 to March 2054. Using its latest design year forecast from 2023-24 gas season, Northern estimates that approximately 40.1% (i.e., 5,007 Dth/day) of this incremental capacity be utilized to serve customers in its New Hampshire Division. *See* Petition, pp. 1-2.

In the context of regional gas market with limited supply options, and given Northern's current supply needs, and the Company's obligation to reliably serve its customers, the Department views Northern's proposal regarding the Empress Capacity Agreements, i.e., pre-approval of the contracts proposed in this case, which provide for potential payment of pre-service and cancelation costs, as reasonable.

5.2 Capacity Paths

DOE notes that the transportation path for the Empress Capacity Agreements is long relative to the other previous contracts undertaken by Northern.

5.3 Length of Empress Capacity Agreements

The Department observes that, for the Empress Capacity Agreements, Northern opted for a longer 30-year term as opposed to the 15-year minimum term bidding requirement put forth by PNGTS and TCPL in their Open Season. Northern chose to structure its bid with a 30-year term in order to increase the likelihood that it would be successful in the open season. The Company submits that, in inviting bids through its Open Season, TCPL's criteria for determining winning

bidders incorporated: 1) the term of each bid; and 2) the current toll for the requested path⁶. Bids were then ranked based on the product of 1) and 2). The implication of this process is that TCPL's open season process favored bids with longer terms. *See* DOE Attachment C, Response to MPUC, 2023-00254 EXM Set 1 Responses EXM-01-008. As such, according to the Company, bidding a shorter term with renewal rights would have increased the likelihood that Northern would not be awarded any capacity through the Open Season process. *See* DOE Attachment C, Response to MPUC, 2023-00254 EXM Set 1 Responses EXM-01-017. [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION]

[END CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION]

5.4 Demand Cost Mechanism

DOE observes that, as reported by Northern, the Empress Capacity Agreements would provide reasonable demand cost mechanisms allowing for rolled-in rate treatment of new facilities, rather than rates based on higher incremental costs. *See* ECR Assessment, pp. 53-54.

5.5 Cancelation Costs vis-à-vis the Agreements

DOE observes that PNGTS Agreements have a "regulatory out" date – i.e., the date prior to which the Company can withdraw from the agreements without a penalty for the PNGTS agreement – of February 1, 2024. Hence, the petition requests a pre-approval of the proposed PNGTS and TCPL Agreements by January 26, 2024. The provision of "regulatory out" date implies that Northern can cancel the PNGTS Agreement without incurring any cancellation costs emanating from that specific agreement. *See* DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-06. Such a cancellation, however, will trigger an event of cancellation within the context of the TCPL Precedent Agreements⁷.

Conversely, the TCPL Agreements⁸ do not have a "regulatory out" date per se. *See* DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-05. As such, Northern has the right to terminate the Precedent Agreement provided that the Company pays the cancellation costs or the estimated liability limit. *See* DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-10; DOE 1-10 Attachment 1. [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION]

⁶ The price that Northern pays will ultimately be determined by the CER-approved tolls that will be in effect at the time of service. They will not be based on the tolls in effect at the time of the bids that were used solely for the purpose of evaluating bids. *See* Attachment C, Response to MPUC, 2023-00254 EXM Set 1 Responses, EXM-01-008 ⁷ Please refer to Section 4.3 and 4.4 above.

⁸ TCPL Agreements include three separate agreements – the 2024 TCPL Precedent Agreement (PA), the Firm Transportation (FT) Service Contract over 2024-2027 period, and the 2027 TCPL PA. The FT Service Contract covering the period 2027-2054 is not yet in place.

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION].

The Department further observes that the 2027 TCPL PA has a *Sunset Date* of May 1, 2027. *See* CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 6 of Unitil-FXW-2. In light of this and based on the information provided by Northern to-date, it appears that beyond May 1, 2027, and/or once the TCPL facilities intended to serve Northern (and other shippers) over 2027-2054 timeframe are put in place the cancellation costs provisions of the 2027 TCPL PA would be deemed moot. Consequently, if no event of cancellation occurs by May 1, 2027, Northern will not have to pay any termination fees beyond that date to cease purchase and transportation of any gas through TCPL pipelines.

5.6 Proposed Distribution of Cancellation Costs

Northern states that the reported TCPL cancellation costs are an estimated total amount for the whole Company (i.e., inclusive of customer groups both in its New Hampshire and Maine Divisions). As such, in the event of project cancellation, Northern proposes the costs be allocated between New Hampshire and Maine Divisions using the Modified Proportional Responsibility Allocator ("MPRA") in effect at the time of the cancellation event, as is done with the Company's other fixed costs. *See* Attachment A, Northern Response to DOE 1-09, DOE 1-11, and Attachment B, Northern Response to DOE TS 1-07.

In the event of a cancellation, the Department supports Northern's proposal to use the MPRA to allocate appropriate share of cancellation costs assuming that the Company is successful in obtaining approval of its concurrent petitions by both the NHPUC and the MPUC.

5.7 Likelihood of Cancellation

DOE notes, Northern highlights the fact that TCPL has extensive experience with pipeline project approval processes. Northern submits that, of all proposed projects between 2012 and 2022⁹, TCPL and its affiliate pipelines have cancelled only 2 out of 189 projects. This renders a failure rate of 1.06% or an overall probability of success for the TCPL portion of the contract as 98.94%. Northern further submits that no projects have been cancelled by TCPL or its affiliates since 2014. *See* DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-08 CONFIDENTIAL and DOE 1-22.

The Department also observes Northern's historical engagement with different precedent agreements. In February 2015, Northern entered into a precedent agreement with TransCanada for service on the Vaughan project and no cancellation costs were incurred in this agreement. In January 2019, Northern entered into precedent agreements with both

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⁹ In its response to DR, Northern notes that seven of the TCPL projects were not placed into service because the customer requesting service withdrew their request for service or there was a delay on the customer's end. TransCanada and/or its affiliates were able to gain their approvals in these cases. There were three projects that have been proposed in 2023 by the NGTL system, but those approvals processes have not been completed. For that reason, these projects were not included in the table. *See* Attachment A, DOE 1-08.

TransCanada and Enbridge to fill Northern's PNGTS WXP capacity. The Company was exposed to cancellation costs under each of these agreements. These precedent agreements were filed with the Commission under <u>Docket No. DG 19-116</u>. As with the 2027 TCPL PA, the TransCanada precedent agreement in the WXP capacity expansion allowed Northern the option to terminate the precedent agreement, subject to cancellation costs. However, for the Enbridge precedent agreement, Northern was exposed to possible cancellation costs, but only had the ability to terminate if it was unable to meet certain conditions precedent, such as state regulatory approvals. No cancellation costs were incurred under the January 2019 precedent agreements. *See* DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-14 and ECR Assessment, p. 10. These demonstrate a history of successful contractual engagements between Northern and TCPL (i.e., TransCanada) without having to resort to invocation of any cancellation costs.

As such, consistent with the analysis used by Northern for calculating the success rate, the Department observes that the likelihood of cancellation of current Empress Capacity Agreements would be low.

5.8 Cost Recovery Mechanism

Since Northern did not incur cancellation costs, the Department notes that the Company has not previously sought recovery of such costs. In <u>Docket No. DG 19-116</u> the parties to that proceeding filed a settlement, which stated that "pre-service and cancellation costs associated with the Precedent Agreements accrued as of the date of this Order and for which the Company is liable, are reasonable and appropriately recoverable through the Northern's rates" and pertaining to pre-service costs that may have accrued after the date of the Order that "to the extent that the Company is found to have acted reasonably and prudently in incurring costs associated with the Precedent Agreements, such costs will be recoverable through Northern's rates." These settlement provisions were accepted by the Commission. *See* <u>Order No. 26,309</u>. However, the mechanism that such costs would be recovered was not identified in that docket. *See* DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-14.

5.9 Other Risks

The Department observes that, under the 2027 TCPL PA, Northern has the right to trigger an event of cancellation earlier than May 1, 2027. DOE further notes that the Company has not developed a formalized decision-making process for assessing termination of its participation in the projects [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION]

[END CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION] See DOE Attachment A, DOE 1-13 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL.

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6. Recommendations

In light of the current review of Northern's filing, the observations made by the Department, and the foregoing discussion, DOE believe the proposed pre-approval of the Empress Capacity Agreements is reasonable and in the public interest. As such the Department recommends approving the petition subject to the following conditions, which may continue to be modified or expanded in what DOE anticipates will be settlement discussions with the Company, and are similar to conditions agreed upon in Docket No. DG 19-116:

- In the event of cancellation, the recovery of costs associated with the Precedent Agreements, other than pre-service and cancellation costs, should be addressed through the Company's annual Cost of Gas filings.
- Northern should monitor and evaluate the prudency of continuing with or terminating any
 or all of the Precedent Agreements at certain decision points outlined in the Company's
 response to DOE 1-13 CONFIDENTIAL, or in light of any new information or change in
 circumstances which becomes known. The prudency of the Company's decisions to
 continue with or terminate any of the Precedent Agreements should be evaluated in light of
 existing circumstances known to the Company at each decision point. See DOE Attachment
 A, DOE 1-13 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL. To the extent that the Company is found to have
 acted reasonably and prudently in incurring costs associated with the Precedent
 Agreements, such costs should be recoverable through the Company's rates.
- Provided that Northern is successful in obtaining approval of its petitions by both the NHPUC and the MPUC, and if an event of cancellation occurs, the Company should use the Modified Proportional Responsibility Allocator (MRPA) to allocate the appropriate share of the cancellation costs and be allowed to recover the costs through its rates so long as the Company is found to have acted reasonably and prudently in incurring such costs associated with the Precedent Agreements.
- Decision points should include, but are not limited to, unfavorable regulatory decisions, a
 material increase in actual or projected project costs, and material changes in cost
 allocation due to decisions or actions of the transporter and/or other shippers. The
 Company must inform the Commission of regulatory approvals related to the projects
 and/or material changes in actual and projected costs Northern would be responsible for
 under the terms of the Precedent Agreements.
- Northern should not waive the conditions precedent under the Empress Capacity
 Agreements that allow Northern to terminate said TCPL Precedent Agreements prior to May
 1, 2027 without liability to the Company unless the Company receives approval of the
 Precedent Agreements in a form acceptable to the Company of its respective petitions from
 the Commission (and also from the Maine Public Utilities Commission, if applicable).

The DOE provides the following information for the Commission's review.

CONFIDENTIAL and REDACTED versions of these attachments have been filed. In a few cases, Northern has not provided redacted versions and DOE will defer to Northern to provide redacted versions or to identify the information as inextricably intertwined/not capable of redaction.

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Attachment A: Northern's Response to DOE Set 1 (in numerical order)
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-05
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-06
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-07 CONFIDENTIAL
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-08 CONFIDENTIAL.
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-09
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-10
          DOE 1-10 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL (replaces Attachment 7 in Northern's initial filing)
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-11
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-12
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-13 CONFIDENTIAL
          DG 23-087 DOE 1-13 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-14
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-15
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-16
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-17
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-18
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-19
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-19 Supplemental Answer provided 12.12.23
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-20
          DG 23-087 DOE 1-20 Attachment 1
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-24 CONFIDENTIAL
       DG 23-087 DOE 1-26
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Attachment B: Northern's Responses to DOE Set TS 1

DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-01 DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-03 DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-04 DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-05 DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-06 w/ original CONFIDENTIAL Attachment? **and** DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-06 – SUPPLEMENTAL AND REVISED DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-06 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-07 DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-08

Attachment C: Northerns Data Responses in Maine PUC Docket

List by File name from Maine Public Utilities Commission (Northern's data response in that docket)

2023-00254 CLF Set 1 Responses 2023-00254 EXM Set 1 Responses 2023-00254 ODR Responses 11.22.23 2023-00254 OPA Set 2 Response CLF-001-001 Attachment 1 CLF-001-005 Attachment 1 CLF-001-006 Attachment 1 (CONFIDENTIAL) CLF-001-006 CONFIDENTIAL CLF-001-007 Attachment 1 (CONFIDENTIAL) DG 23-087 DOE 1-02 Supplemental 11.28.23 EXM-001-001 Confidential Attachment 1 EXM-001-005 Confidential Attachment 1 EXM-001-010 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL EXM-001-024 Attachment 2 ODR-001-001 Attachment 1 ODR-001-004 Attachment 1 ODR-001-004 Attachment 2 OPA-001-001 Attachment 1 OPA-001-001 Attachment 2 OPA-001-001 Attachment 3 **OPA-001-009** Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL OPA-001-013 - Confidential Attachment 1 OPA-001-015 - Confidential Attachment 1

Attachment D:

Letter dated December 14, 2023 from David A. Alonzo, Manager, Project Authorizations - PNGTS.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-05 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Please identify the "regulatory out" date for the TCPL Agreement(s), if any.

Response:

The TCPL Agreements do not have a "regulatory out" date. Northern does have the right to terminate the Precedent Agreement, but exercising that right may require Northern to pay cancellation costs.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-06 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Do the PNGTS Agreements have any cancellation cost(s) or the equivalent (before and/or after the regulatory out date of February 1, 2023)? If yes, please identify. If not, why not?

Response:

If Northern cancels the PNGTS Agreement because regulatory approvals have not been received by February 1, 2024, there are no cancellation costs.

If Northern receives approvals by February 1, 2024, there is no right to terminate the agreement, therefore there are no cancellation costs.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-07 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: Pre-filed Testimony of Francis X. Wells, Exhibit Unitil-FXW-1, pg. 8

- a) Please provide supporting analysis for the statement "Northern assesses the probability that TCPL would cancel the project and trigger termination costs to Northern as quite low," Including but not limited to a numeric range for "quite low."
- b) Please identify salient components potentially contributing to the "probability of project cancellation" and possible remedies. Also, please identify responsibilities of transporter and/or shippers for each component.
- c) Does the project plan include risk minimization measures? Please provide details.
- d) Please confirm that there are six shippers in total and identify them. Is the project cancellation risk (for TCPL and PNGTS) heavily based on other shippers getting regulatory approvals and permits? If so, is this increasing the associated project cancellation risk for Northern?

Confidential Response:

- a. Northern's response to DOE 1-08 provides the requested data.
- b. The salient components contributing to the probability of project cancellation include the following:
 - Potential loss of downstream PNGTS capacity due to failure of PNGTS to obtain FERC Certificate. If PNGTS were to fail to obtain its FERC Certificate, then neither Northern nor the other shippers would be able to meet the TCPL Tariff requirement that the shipper obtain all necessary downstream capacity and the project would be cancelled. This filing was made on September 26, 2023 under FERC Docket No. CP23-548. PNGTS expects a decision by November 28, 2023.
 - 2. Potential failure of TCPL to obtain all necessary approvals to construct any of the facilities listed in Northern's response to Maine Data Request OPA-001-009. TransCanada's has extensive experience with pipeline project approval processes, which mitigates this risk. Please refer to Northern's response to DOE 1-8. One new risk factor is that TransCanada must seek approval from the Quebec government for the power supply it requires for the added compression contemplated by the project, which was not a requirement during TransCanada's last capacity expansion to East Hereford.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-07 **Date of Response:** 11/17/2023 **Witness:** Francis X. Wells

- 3. Upon receiving these approvals, potential failure of TCPL to construct these facilities. TransCanada has extensive experience with pipeline construction, as its organization has built and placed many projects into service, which mitigates this risk. Please refer to Northern's response to DOE 1-8.
- c. Please refer to Northern's response to part b. of this request. TCPL also has a duty to use commercially reasonable efforts to minimize costs. (See Maine Data Request EXM-001-009.)
- d. There are three shippers in total. They are Emera Energy Services, Inc. ("Emera"), New England Green Gas LLC ("NEGG"), and Northern. This information was publicly disclosed in PNGTS' FERC approval filing. TCPL does not typically disclose shipper identities until commencement of firm transportation service agreements, but it is known that Emera and NEGG are also the TCPL shippers because PNGTS' tariff requires that shippers obtain upstream capacity¹. Because the other two shippers are not regulated utilities, like Northern, they are not required to seek regulatory approval or permits and there is no project cancelation risk attributable to their ability to do so.

¹ TCPL's tariff also requires that shippers have corresponding downstream capacity on PNGTS.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-08 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Did Northern, transporters, or any other party perform a risk analysis (es) regarding the potential cancellation of the Project (inclusive of TCPL and PNGTS or for either TCPL or PNGTS individually? If not, why not? If yes, please provide the details of the analysis.

Response:

Northern is not aware of risk analyses performed by other parties. In response to this data request, Northern has performed the following analysis.

As discussed in the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, PNGTS capacity requires only approval from the FERC to increase their certificated capacity by 59,100 Dth. The physical facilities PNGTS needs to provide the service requests that were awarded through the PNGTS Open Season are already in service. Therefore, Northern believes that FERC will approve PNGTS' request.

TransCanada provided Northern the following data relative to pipeline expansion projects that it has proposed from 2012 through 2023 across its affiliate pipelines operating in Canada.

| | No. of Applications | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|
| Year | NGTL | Foothills | TCPL | TQM | Total |
| 2012 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 9 |
| 2013 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 |
| 2014 | 19 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 23 |
| 2015 | 22 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 28 |
| 2016 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 11 |
| 2017 | 30 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 36 |
| 2018 | 21 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 22 |
| 2019 | 16 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 24 |
| 2020 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 9 |
| 2021 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| 2022 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Total | 150 | 5 | 29 | 5 | 189 |
| Projects Cancelled By Pipeline | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Percent Projects Cancelled | 0.67% | 0.00% | 3.45% | 0.00% | 1.06% |

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-08 **Date of Response:** 11/17/2023 **Witness:** Francis X. Wells

Based on this data, TransCanada and its affiliate pipelines have cancelled only 2 out of 189 projects (1.06%) that have been proposed from 2012 through 2022¹. No projects have been cancelled by TransCanada or its affiliates since 2014. Therefore, 1.06% is a reasonable estimate of the probability that TransCanada would cancel its Precedent Agreement with Northern due either to its inability to gain approvals or inability to create the new capacity it requires to fulfill Northern's requested service for 13,600 GJ of firm transportation service, which would trigger cancellation costs.

TCPL expects decisions from the CER by the end of Q4 2025 and, at that time, the Estimated Liability Limit ("ELL") would be **External** USD. Assuming that Northern is able to obtain approvals from the NH PUC and the ME PUC, the Company believes it is unlikely that TCPL would cancel the project before the CER would issue its decisions on its proposed facilities, so that would be a reasonable lower limit of the cancellation cost risk. The upper limit of the ELL for the 2027 TCPL PA is **External** USD in Q4 2027. Assuming for the sake of analysis that the timing of cancellation by TransCanada would be random, the average between the lower and upper limits of the TransCanada cancellation risk of **External** would be the expected risk amount.

Using the assumed probability of project cancellation by TransCanada equal to 1.06% and the expected risk amount equal to **sector**, the expected value of the project cancellation by TransCanada would be equal to \$219,054.

Relative to the expected benefits provided in the Modelled Cost Analysis (Attachment 9) and the estimated Asset Management Revenue provided in response to Maine Data Request CLF-001-006, the expected value of project cancellation by TransCanada is reasonable.

In addition to the reasonable balance between benefits and risk in the 2027 TCPL PA, Northern's response to EXM-001-009 provides an overview of tools that Northern has to mitigate cancellation cost risk, which include audit rights and TCPL's duty to minimize costs.

¹ Seven of the projects were not placed into service because the customer requesting service withdrew their request for service or there was a delay on the customer's end. TransCanada and/or its affiliates were able to gain their approvals in these cases. There were three projects that have been proposed in 2023 by the NGTL system, but those approvals processes have not been completed. For that reason, these projects were not included in the table.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-08 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-09 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: Pre-filed Testimony of Francis X. Wells, Exhibit Unitil-FXW-1, pg. 5 Northern states that "[it] has the option to terminate the Firm Transportation Agreement <u>without penalty</u> if it does not obtain acceptable regulatory approvals from the New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission and the Maine Public Utilities Commission. Northern must exercise this option by February 1, 2024."

- a) What would be the penalty/cancellation charges <u>after the regulatory approval is</u> <u>obtained</u>? Does Northern have any estimates on the size/extent of these costs? (Assuming that risk of cancellation depends on project approval and other permits.)
- b) How does the Company expect the cancellation costs to be apportioned between Northern's two divisions (New Hampshire and Maine) in the event of project cancellation?
- c) How many shippers are involved in this capacity agreements and for what quantify of gas? Did the transporter provide any information on that?

Response:

- a) Northern does not have a right to terminate other than a regulatory out. There is no right to terminate after the regulatory out date of February 1, 2024 if regulatory approvals have been obtained.
- b) In the event of a project cancellation, Northern will use the modified proportional responsibility allocator to apportion cancellation costs between Northern's Maine and New Hampshire Divisions as is done with other fixed costs.
- c) There are three shippers in total in this project. The total quantity of gas capacity is 59,000 Dth. PNGTS has filed its application to certificate its capacity in FERC Docket CP23-548. The table below is an excerpt from that filing and provides the requested information.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-09

Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Table 1: Contracted Capacity Resulting from Open Seasons

| Shipper | Path | Contract Amount Mcf/d (Volumetric)* | Contract Amount Dth/d (Thermal) |
|--------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|
| Northern Utilities, Inc. | Pittsburg, New Hampshire to Dracut, Massachusetts | 12,363 Mcf/d | 12,500 Dth/d |
| Emera Energy Services, Inc. | Pittsburg, New Hampshire to Dracut, Massachusetts | 4,945 Mcf/d | 5,000 Dth/d |
| New England Green Gas LLC | Pittsburg, New Hampshire to Dracut, Massachusetts | 41,048 Mcf/d | 41,500 Dth/d |
| Total Contracted | | 58,356 Mcf/d | 59,000 Dth/d |

*1.011 conversion factor. Volumes differ from certificated amount due to rounding.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-10 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

In case of project cancellation, does the transporter assume any liability for costs due to cancellation?

- a) Please identify scenarios where the transporter assumes all, or partial costs, if any.
- b) In the case of the transporter assuming partial costs, please explain how the proportion between transporter and shippers will be determined.

Response:

TransCanada does not assume any liability upon project cancelation up to the Estimated Liability Limit in effect for the quarter that the project was cancelled. These quarterly amounts can be found in the Estimated Exposure Profile, provided as CONFIDENTIAL DOE 1-10 Attachment 1, which replaces CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 7 to the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment. TransCanada has the right to update both the overall Estimated Liability Limit set in the 2027 TCPL PA (CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 6) and the quarterly Estimated Liability Limits set in the Estimated Exposure Profile should TransCanada's updated estimate of the liability increase by 20%. In this case, TransCanada could require Northern to amend the 2027 TCPL PA to update the Estimated Liability Limit with the updated data. DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

DOE 1-10 Attachment 1 has been marked entirely confidential by Northern. Accordingly there is no redacted version for Bates page 0000026

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-11 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: Pre-filed Testimony of Francis X. Wells, Exhibit Unitil-FXW-1, pg. 7 How are the pre-service and cancellation costs to be apportioned between Northern's two divisions (New Hampshire and Maine) in the event of any violation of the conditions precedent from the TCPL's Precedent Agreements.

Response:

If Northern incurs cancellation costs under the 2027 TCPL Precedent Agreement, Northern would propose that the cost be allocated between New Hampshire and Maine Divisions using the Modified Proportional Responsibility Allocator in effect at the time of the cancellation.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-12 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X Wells

Request:

Have PNGTS, and TransCanada made the necessary filings in order to start the regulatory approval process for the proposed capacity projects? If yes, what is the current status of each approval process? If not, when is it expected that these filings will be made, and approvals received, and from whom will approvals be received?

Response:

PNGTS submitted an application to FERC to certify the proposed capacity on September 25, 2023 and received notice of receipt on September 27, 2023 at which point the two month comment period commenced. The comment period will conclude on November 27, 2023. PNGTS expects to receive the Order on November 28, 2023.

TransCanada will make its initial filing with the Quebec Government for approval of the electricity that is needed to operate the compressor for this proposed capacity project. TransCanada expects this filing to be made in May or June of 2024 and to receive the Quebec Government's decision within 4 to 6 months from the date of filing. Upon receiving the decision from the Quebec Government, TransCanada will then submit all of the remaining applications to the Canadian Energy Board (CER) on behalf of TQM and TCPL.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-13 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

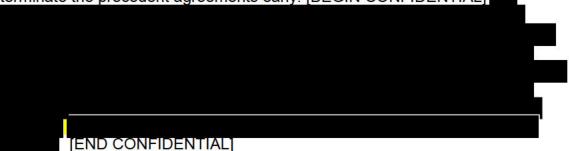
Please provide the following:

- a) Please identify all decision points in the schedules when the Company will evaluate whether to proceed with the agreements or not.
- b) Please provide details of the decision-making process that the Company will use to evaluate whether to initiate a cancellation event.
- c) Please explain what criteria will be used in the decision-making. If the criteria are different at each decision point, please identify the differences.

Response:

Regarding the 2027 TCPL PA, provided as Attachment 6 to the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, pursuant to Section 13(g), the Company has the right to withdraw its service request under the Precedent Agreement at any time and may incur Cancellation Charges accrued at that time. Withdrawal from the 2027 TCPL PA would trigger a termination of the 2024 Early Start capacity as well. CONFIDENTIAL DG 23-087 DOE 1-13 provides a list of anticipated events related to the PNGTS FT Contract and the 2027 TCPL PA, a description of the relevant decisions that would be made at that time and the estimated liability at the time of that event.

a) The Company cannot foresee all circumstances under which it might seek to terminate the precedent agreements early. [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]



 b) The Company has not formalized a decision-making process for assessing termination of its participation in the projects, but anticipates [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

[END CONFIDENTIAL]

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-13 **Date of Response:** 11/20/2023 **Witness:** Francis X. Wells

c) Specific decision-making criteria have not been developed. Project cancellation or a failure to obtain regulatory approval on the part of one of the pipelines would jeopardize the capacity path and unless a viable replacement project is anticipated, early termination by Northern of the other projects may be possible although the Company would weigh the consequences of such cancellation carefully. Once regulatory approvals for all projects have been obtained, the risk of cancellation would drop significantly, though the cost of an early termination would increase as project construction progresses. DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

DOE 1-13 Attachment 1 has been marked entirely confidential by Northern. Accordingly there is no redacted version for Bates page 000031-000035.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-14 **Date of Response:** 11/17/2023 **Witness:** Francis X. Wells

Request:

Has the Company been party to similar agreement and have these similar agreements/ projects been subject to cancellation fees (or a similar cost arrangement)? If yes, a) Please provide a brief summary of the projects and corresponding arrangements. In any of the cases, did the Company face the consequences of fees or costs? If yes, please provide details, including the recovery mechanism used.

Response:

Yes, the Company was party to a similar precedent agreement with TransCanada in 2015 and with both TransCanada and Enbridge in 2019.

In February 2015, Northern entered into a precedent agreement with TransCanada for service on the Vaughan project. Northern's participation in this project was tied to a turnback of capacity whereby Northern replaced Parkway to Waddington capacity with Parkway to East Hereford capacity. The contract quantity was 6,333 GJ/day. This capacity was utilized to fill Northern's PNGTS C2C capacity. No cancellation costs were incurred under the February 2015 precedent agreement.

In January 2019, Northern entered into precedent agreements with both TransCanada and Enbridge to fill Northern's PNGTS WXP capacity. Northern was exposed to cancellation costs under each of these agreements. These precedent agreements were filed with the Commission under Docket No. DG 19-116. As with the 2027 TCPL PA, the TransCanada precedent agreement in the WXP capacity expansion allowed Northern the option to terminate the precedent agreement, subject to cancellation costs. However, for the Enbridge precedent agreement, Northern was exposed to possible cancellation costs, but only had the ability to terminate if it was unable to meet certain conditions precedent, such as state regulatory approvals. No cancellation costs were incurred under the January 2019 precedent agreements.

Since Northern has not incurred cancellation costs, as discussed in this response, Northern has not previously sought recovery of such costs. In Docket No. DG 19-116 the parties to that proceeding filed a settlement, which stated that "pre-service and cancellation costs associated with the Precedent Agreements accrued as of the date of this Order and for which the Company is liable, are reasonable and appropriately recoverable through the Northern's rates" and pertaining to pre-service costs that may have accrued after the date of the Order that "to the extent that the Company is found to have acted reasonably and prudently in incurring costs associated with the Precedent

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-14 **Date of Response:** 11/17/2023 **Witness:** Francis X. Wells

Agreements, such costs will be recoverable through Northern's rates." These settlement provisions were accepted by the Commission. (See Order No. 26,309 at 14.) However, the mechanism that such costs would be recovered was not identified in that docket.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-15 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Please identify any currency exchange risks or exposure the Company may be subject to as a result of the proposed agreements. Has the Company developed mechanisms to mitigate this risk or exposure? Please explain.

Response:

Please refer to Maine Data Request OPA-001-003, which has been provided in DOE 1-02.

Northern has not developed risk management procedures related to currency exchange. Northern has focused on managing reliability risk and exposure to volatile New England delivered supply pricing.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-16 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

What is the status of regulatory approval processes for other shippers? Is Northern involved in any of those proceedings? Please provide web links for the associated proceedings

Response:

The other two shippers that were awarded capacity in TCPL's and PNGTS' open seasons for this project are not regulated and therefore they are not seeking regulatory approvals.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-17 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

- a) Did the Company run resource mix optimization analyses of any alternative supply options? If not, why not? If yes, please provide a summary of the results with a copy of the SENDOUT report/output. If already provided, please identify the information/filing time, date, and format (i.e., via filing, email etc.)
- b) Please explain how the cancellation charges are treated in the Company's comparison of supply alternatives.

Response:

- a) Northern has utilized PLEXOS rather than SENDOUT for about three years, so it did not utilize a resource mix optimization of alternative supply options. PLEXOS allows users to model "expansion" pipelines whereby the maximum daily volume is determined by the model within the constraints input by the user, which is similar to SENDOUT's resource mix optimization functionality. Rather than use expansion pipelines in PLEXOS, I opted for using discreet volumetric scenarios, as described in the Modelled Cost Analysis section of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment. I made this decision in order to best ensure accuracy of results due to the limited amount of time between issuance of the TCPL Open Season and the bid due date.
- b) Please refer to Northern's response to DOE 1-8.

Northern Utilities d/b/a Unitil

Department of Public Utilities

Docket No: DG 19-116 Petition for Approval of Precedent Agreement for Westbrook Xpress Phase III Staff

Discovery Requests - Set 3

Request:

Please provide lists of pipeline projects initiated by TransCanada and PNGTS in the last 10 years.

- a) Please include the following information for each of the projects:
 - i. initial planned capacity,
 - ii. status of the project,
 - iii. planned completion date,
 - iv. actual completion date, and
 - v. actual capacity.
- b) Please identify all cancelled projects with explanation/reasons of cancellations, if any.

Response:

a. Please see the following tables.

Portland Natural Gas Transmission System

| Project | i. Planned Capacity | ii. Status of Project | iii. Planned Completion Date | iv. Actual Completion Date | v. Actual Capacity |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Continent to Coast | 82,404 | In Service | Nov 1, | Dec 1, | 82,404 |
| Project (C2C) | Dth/d | | 2017 | 2017* | Dth/d |
| Portland XPress Project | 39,841 | In Service | Nov 1, | Nov 1, | 39,841 |
| Phase I | Mcf/d | | 2018 | 2018 | Mcf/d |
| Portland XPress Project | 11,321 | Approved | Nov 1, | Nov. 1, | 36,702 |
| Phase II | Mcf/d | By FERC | 2019 | 2019 | Dth/d |
| Portland XPress Project | 24,375 | Approved | Nov 1, | Nov 1, | 127,378 |
| Phase III | Mcf/d | By FERC | 2020 | 2020 | Dth/d |
| Westbrook XPress | 42,651 | Approved | Nov 1, | Nov. 1, | 36,702 |
| Project Phase I | Dth/d | By FERC | 2019 | 2019 | Dth/d |
| Westbrook XPress | 63,242 | Preparing | Nov 1, | Nov 1, | 69,191 |
| Project Phase II | Dth/d | FERC filing | 2021 | 2021 | Dth/d |
| Westbrook XPress | 18,080 | Preparing | Nov 1, | Nov 1, | 18,080 |
| Project Phase III | Dth/d | FERC filing | 2022 | 2022 | Dth/d |

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-18 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

* Delay due to lack of FERC quorum. PNGTS affected C2C implementation on Nov 1, 2017.

TransCanada Pipelines Limited

| Project | i. Planned Capacity | ii. Status of Project | iii. Planned Completion Date | iv. Actual Completion Date | v. Actual Capacity |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Parkway Loop | 446.4 TJ/d | Constructed | 2012/13 | 2012/13 | 446.4 TJ/d |
| Station 130 B1/B2 | 130.1 TJ/d | Constructed | 2013/14 | 2013/14 | 130.1 TJ/d |
| Greater Golden Horseshoe | 347.7 TJ/d | Constructed | 2015/16 | 2015/16 | 347.7 TJ/d |
| King's North | 339.5 TJ/d | Constructed | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | 339.5 TJ/d |
| Station 130 B3 | 467.0 TJ/d | Constructed | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 467.0 TJ/d |
| Station 211 | 399.3 TJ/d | Suspended at customer's request | 2016/17 | | |
| St. Sebastien | 10.0 TJ/d | Constructed | 2017/18 | 2018/19 | 10.0 TJ/d |
| Vaughan | 418.7 TJ/d | Constructed | 2017/18 | 2017/18 | 418.7 TJ/d |
| Station 130 C4 | 215.5 TJ/d | Under Construction | 2019/20 | 2019/20 | 215.5 TJ/d |
| Station 119 | 226.1 TJ/d | Under Construction | 2019/20 | 2019/20 | 226.1 TJ/d |

Enbridge / Union Gas

| Project | i. Planned Capacity | ii. Status of Project | iii. Planned Completi on Date | iv. Actual Completi on Date | v. Actual Capacity |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2015 - Installation of 2 new compressors and 14 km of NPS 48 pipeline from Brantford to Kirkwall | 433 TJ/day | Completed | November 1, 2015 | November 1, 2015 | 436 TJ/day |
| 2016 - Installation of 1 new compressor, 20 km of NPS 48 pipeline from Hamilton to Milton | 443 TJ/day | Completed | November 1, 2016 | November 1, 2016 | 443 TJ/day |
| 2017 - Installation of 3 new compressors | 457 TJ/day | Completed | November 1, 2017 | November 1, 2017 | 457 TJ/day |

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-18 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

a. There have been no project cancellations.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-19 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

- a) Please indicate whether both precedent agreements under review in this docket require regulatory approval from both New Hampshire and Maine Public Utilities Commissions.
- b) If Northern is unable to get regulatory approval from either the New Hampshire Commission and/or the Maine Commission for one or more agreements, how would the Company proceed?

Response:

- a) Both precedent agreements under review in this docket require regulatory approval from both New Hampshire and Maine Public Utilities Commissions.
- b) In the event that Northern did not receive approval from the New Hampshire Commission and/or the Maine Commission, the Company would explore all available options, including seeking approval of the full contract by either the New Hampshire Commission or the Maine Commission, other potentially available commercial alternatives, or terminating the contract.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-19 **Date of Revised Response:** 12/12/2023 **Witness:** Francis X. Wells

Request:

- a) Please indicate whether both precedent agreements under review in this docket require regulatory approval from both New Hampshire and Maine Public Utilities Commissions.
- b) If Northern is unable to get regulatory approval from either the New Hampshire Commission and/or the Maine Commission for one or more agreements, how would the Company proceed?

Response (11/17/23):

- a) Both precedent agreements under review in this docket require regulatory approval from both New Hampshire and Maine Public Utilities Commissions.
- b) In the event that Northern did not receive approval from the New Hampshire Commission and/or the Maine Commission, the Company would explore all available options, including seeking approval of the full contract by either the New Hampshire Commission or the Maine Commission, other potentially available commercial alternatives, or terminating the contract.

Revised Response (12/12/23):

- a) The PNGTS agreement allows Northern to terminate the agreement without liability if the Company has not obtained regulatory approval from the New Hampshire and Maine Public Utilities Commissions in form and substance acceptable to the Company by February 1, 2024. Under the TCPL agreement, Northern has the right to declare an Event of Cancellation if the Company is unable to obtain regulatory approval in New Hampshire and Maine. In light of these provisions, as well as the long-term nature of the PNGTS and TCPL agreements, the Company believes that requesting regulatory approval in both jurisdictions is necessary. The Company's request for regulatory approval of the PNGTS and TCPL agreements is consistent with recent precedent in New Hampshire and Maine. <u>See, e.g., Northern Utilities, Inc.</u>, DG 19-116, Order No. 26,309 (November 19, 2019); <u>Northern Utilities, Inc.</u>, MPUC 2019-00101, Order (November 7, 2019).
- b) In the event that Northern did not receive approval from the New Hampshire Commission and/or the Maine Commission, the Company would explore all

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-19 **Date of Revised Response:** 12/12/2023 **Witness:** Francis X. Wells

available options, including seeking approval of the full contract by either the New Hampshire Commission or the Maine Commission, other potentially available commercial alternatives, or terminating the contract.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-20 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Please provide annual cost estimates, including annual demand costs, for each agreement during the contract period.

Response:

DOE 1-20 Attachment 1 provides the requested data. Please note that as discussed in the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, the TCPL actual tolls will be the applicable toll each year of the agreement, subject to TCPL's tariff rates, as approved by the Canadian Energy Regulator. USD/CAD exchange rates are subject to market conditions at the time invoice payments are made. PNGTS' rates are fixed for the term of the agreement.

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

| From | То | Number of Months | TCPL Volume (GJ) | TCPL Toll \$CAD per GJ per Month (Estimated) | PL Demand ost (\$CAD) | USD / CAD Exchange Rate (Estimated) |
|--------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Apr-24 | Oct-24 | 7 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 5,004,301 | 1.304 |
| Nov-24 | Oct-25 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-25 | Oct-26 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-26 | Oct-27 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-27 | Oct-28 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-28 | Oct-29 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-29 | Oct-30 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-30 | Oct-31 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-31 | Oct-32 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-32 | Oct-33 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-33 | Oct-34 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-34 | Oct-35 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-35 | Oct-36 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-36 | Oct-37 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-37 | Oct-38 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-38 | Oct-39 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-39 | Oct-40 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-40 | Oct-41 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-41 | Oct-42 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-42 | Oct-43 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-43 | Oct-44 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-44 | Oct-45 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-45 | Oct-46 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-46 | Oct-47 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-47 | Oct-48 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-48 | Oct-49 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-49 | Oct-50 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-50 | Oct-51 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-51 | Oct-52 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-52 | Oct-53 | 12 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 8,578,802 | 1.304 |
| Nov-53 | Mar-54 | 5 | 13,600 | 52.56619 | \$ 3,574,501 | 1.304 |

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

| | | PNGTS | | PNGTS | | Empress | | |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|--|
| TCI | PL Demand | PNGTS Volume | Negotiated | | | | Capacity | |
| Cost (\$USD) | | (Dth) | Rate \$USD per | | Demand Cost | | Demand Cost | |
| | | | Dth per Day | (\$USD) | | | (\$USD) | |
| \$ | 3,837,654 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 2,193,500 | \$ | 6,031,154 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,751,500 | \$ | 10,330,336 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,751,500 | \$ | 10,330,336 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,751,500 | \$ | 10,330,336 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,751,500 | \$ | 10,330,336 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,751,500 | \$ | 10,330,336 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,751,500 | \$ | 10,330,336 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,751,500 | \$ | 10,330,336 | |
| \$ | 6,578,836 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 3,741,250 | \$ | 10,320,086 | |
| \$ | 2,741,182 | 12,500 | 0.82 | \$ | 1,547,750 | \$ | 4,288,932 | |

CONESSOREM TIAL Northern Utilities, Inc. DG 23-087 Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements NH Department of Energy Data Requests - Set 1

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-24 Date of Response: 11/17/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 6 Is the TCPL 2027 Precedent Agreement subject to an Estimated Liability Limit? If yes, please identify the amount.

Out of an abundance of caution, recognizing that Attachment 6 is confidential, the DOE asks Northern to indicate whether it considers this question or Northern's response "confidential" in the event this data request were to be marked as an exhibit for hearing.

CONFIDENTIAL Response:

Please refer to DOE 1-10. The Estimated Liability Limit is found on CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 6 to the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment. The total Estimated Liability Limit is CAD, which is equal to approximately USD based on the average exchange rate equal to 1.304.

Date Request Received: 11/07/23 Request No. DOE 1-26 **Date of Response:** 11/20/2023 **Witness:** Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 6, paragraph 13 and 15

- a) How typical are the cancellation costs in the context of TCPL Precedent Agreements? Please explain and provide any supporting documentation.
- b) Does TCPL have similar provisions/clauses in their typical Precedent Agreements and/or "conditions precedent"? Please explain and provide any supporting documentation.

Response:

- a) Please refer to Northern's response to DG 23-087 DOE 1-8, which provides supporting documentation related to the frequency of cancellation costs in the context of TCPL Precedent Agreements. Since 2012, there have been 192 projects managed by TCPL and its affiliate Canadian pipelines. Nine of these have not been placed into service. Only two of these nine were attributable to failure of the transporter to obtain approvals. The remaining seven were attributable to customer withdrawal from the project.
- b) Please refer to DG 23-087 DOE 1-26 Attachment 2, which is TCPL's sample Precedent Agreement, provided to Northern by TCPL. This is very similar in form and substance to the TCPL PAs Northern has entered and is seeking approval.

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

Docket No. DG 23-087 Position Statement of Alam and Arif ATTACHMENT A

> DG 23-087 DOE 1-26 Attachment 2 Page 1 of 20

PRECEDENT AGREEMENT

THIS PRECEDENT AGREEMENT made as of the «As_of_Date»___.

BETWEEN:

TRANSCANADA PIPELINES LIMITED

a Canadian corporation ("**TCPL**")

AND:

«As of Date» «As_of_Date» «ProvinceState» ("**Customer**")

WHEREAS:

- A. TCPL owns and/or operates a natural gas pipeline system extending from a point near the Alberta/Saskatchewan border where TCPL's facilities interconnect with the facilities of NOVA Gas Transmission Ltd. easterly to the Province of Quebec with branch lines extending to various points on the Canada/United States of America International Border (the "TCPL System");
- B. TCPL utilizes capacity available from the TCPL System and from its firm transportation service contracts on the natural gas transmission systems of the TBO Pipelines (the "TBO Contracts") to enable it to provide transportation service to its customers (such capacity from the TCPL System and the TBO Contracts is collectively defined as the "Combined Capacity");
- C. Pursuant to a new capacity open season which closed on <u>«Open_Season_Date»</u> (the "New Capacity Open Season"), Customer requested TCPL to transport up to ______GJ/d of natural gas from the <u>«Receipt_Pt»</u> receipt point (the "Receipt Point") to the <u>«Delivery_Pt»</u> delivery point (the "Delivery Point") for delivery for the account of Customer commencing _______, 20____ or as soon as possible thereafter (the "In-Service Date") and terminating _______, 20____ (the "Requested Service");
- **D.** Others may have requested gas transportation services pursuant to the New Capacity Open Season (the "**Other Requests**");
- E. TCPL is willing to use reasonable efforts to increase the Combined Capacity, if required, in order to provide the transportation services for the Requested Service and the Other Requests (the "Required Increase");

DG 23-087 DOE 1-26 Attachment 2 Page 2 of 20

- F. Customer will support TCPL's efforts to provide the Requested Service, Other Requests and Required Increase using the most efficient manner, including without limitation, consideration of options which may or may not require the installation of additional pipeline facilities;
- **G.** Upon an Event of Cancellation, Customer has agreed to be liable for all reasonably incurred costs, expenses and charges in connection with TCPL's efforts to increase the Combined Capacity to the extent necessary in order to provide the Requested Service and Other Requests, subject to the cost allocations and limitations set forth herein; and
- **H.** Subject to the terms and conditions of this Precedent Agreement, TCPL and Customer desire to enter into a firm transportation service contract substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit "A" (the "**Firm Transportation Service Contract**").

NOW THEREFORE THIS CONTRACT WITNESSES THAT, in consideration of the covenants and agreement contained herein, the Parties hereto covenant and agree as follows:

1. **Definitions.** Except where the context expressly states otherwise, the following capitalized terms, when used in this Precedent Agreement, shall have the following meanings:

(a) "Additional Information" shall have the meaning given to it in Paragraph 2(b).

- (b) "Affiliate" means, in relation to a Party, any person which:
 - (i) directly or indirectly controls the Party;
 - (ii) is directly or indirectly controlled by the Party; or
 - (iii) is directly or indirectly controlled by another person which directly or indirectly controls the Party;

where "controls" and "controlled by" mean the possession directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, of more than 50% of the outstanding voting equity or ownership interests of the person in question, or the power to direct or cause the direction of the business and affairs of any person, whether through ownership of equity, as a general partner or trustee, by contract or otherwise.

- (c) "AFUDC" means allowance for funds used during construction;
- (d) "AFUDC Rate" means the rate used to record AFUDC on TCPL System projects.
- (e) "Allocated Termination Costs" means all Termination Costs which are not included in the definition of Customer Specific Termination Costs.

DG 23-087 DOE 1-26 Attachment 2

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- (f) **"Availability Provisions**" shall have the meaning given to it in Paragraph 2(a).
- (g) "**Banking Day**" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in the General Terms and Conditions of TCPL's Canadian Mainline Transportation Tariff, as amended from time to time.
- (h) "**Cancellation Charges**" means all reasonable costs, expenses and charges that arise from, are attributable to or are incurred in respect of an Event of Cancellation which TCPL incurs or becomes obligated to pay as a result of:
 - (i) not fulfilling all or any of its obligations under; or
 - (ii) cancelling or terminating all or any portion of;

any contract or agreement entered into in respect of, in whole or in part, the design, engineering, procurement, manufacture, construction or supply of any property, equipment, services or other components whatsoever related to, arising from or attributable to Customer's request for the Requested Service, regardless of whether such costs, expenses or charges are incurred prior to or after an Event of Cancellation.

- (i) "**CER**" means the Canada Energy Regulator and any successor or replacement agency thereof.
- (j) "Class 5 Estimate" means the Class 5 Estimate as recognized by AACE International recommended practices.
- (k) "Combined Capacity" shall have the meaning given it in Recital B.
- (I) "Customer Authorizations" shall have the meaning given to it in Paragraph 2(c).
- (m) "**Customer Specific Termination Costs**" means the Termination Costs which relate to, arise from or are attributable to contemplated facilities which are solely attributable to the Customer's request for the Requested Service, if any.
- (n) "Delivery Point" shall have the meaning given to it in the Recital C.
- (o) "Effective Date" shall mean •.
- (p) "Estimated Liability Limit" shall have the meaning given to it in Paragraph 11(a).
- (q) "**Event of Cancellation**" shall mean the occurrence of any of the events or circumstances described in Paragraph 13.
- (r) **"Exposure Profile**" shall have the meaning given it in Paragraph 10(a).

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uranese" shall have the meaning given to it in Deregraph 9

- (s) "Financial Assurances" shall have the meaning given to it in Paragraph 8.
- (t) "Financial Assurances Agreement" means the financial assurances agreement between Customer and TCPL pertaining to the financial security that TCPL may require from Customer in connection with the payment of transportation charges for the provision of the Requested Service.
- (u) "Financial Assurances Request" shall have the meaning given to it in Paragraph 8.
- (v) "Financial Loss" means, to the extent arising from, attributable to or incurred in respect of an Event of Cancellation, any negative variance between cash proceeds received by TCPL from the sale, disposal or return of property, equipment or materials related to, arising from or attributable to Customer's request for the Requested Service (less any reasonable costs and expenses of TCPL related to such sale, disposal or return), and TCPL's reasonable costs and expenses (including, without limitation, costs and expenses for design, engineering, procurement, manufacture, construction, supply and any related costs and expenses) incurred in originally acquiring same, regardless of whether such amounts are incurred prior to or after an Event of Cancellation.
- (w) "**Firm Transportation Service Contract**" shall have the meaning given to it in the Recital H.
- (x) "**GJ**" shall mean gigajoule, being 1,000,000,000 joules and include the plural as the context requires.
- (y) "In-Service Date" shall have the meaning given to it in the Recital C.
- (z) "Increase Amendment" shall have the meaning given to it in Paragraph 11(b).
- (aa) "Losses" means losses, liabilities, obligations, suits, damages, claims, demands, actions, law suits, proceedings, costs (including solicitor and his own client fees), expenses, charges, injuries, deaths and all other losses whatsoever, howsoever caused and whether direct, indirect, contractual, tortious or otherwise.
- (bb) **"Monthly Carrying Costs**" means the monthly financial costs and expenses that TCPL shall charge Customer in respect of Retained Equipment and Materials, which costs and expenses shall be calculated, for any calendar month, by multiplying the aggregate amount of all out-of-pocket expenses incurred in the acquisition of Retained Equipment and Materials (calculated on the last day of such month) by that percentage amount equal to one twelfth (1/12) of the sum of the Royal Bank of Canada's prime lending rate per annum for Canadian dollar commercial loans in effect on the last day of such month plus one (1) percent.

DG 23-087 DOE 1-26 Attachment 2 Page 5 of 20

- (cc) "New Capacity Open Season" shall have the meaning given to it in Recital C.
- (dd) "Notice" shall have the meaning given to it in Paragraph 21.
- (ee) "Other Request Allocated Termination Costs" means, with respect to each of the Other Requests, the "Allocated Termination Costs" as defined in the Other Request Precedent Agreements.
- (ff) "Other Requests" shall have the meaning given to it in the Recital D.
- (gg) "Other Request Precedent Agreement" means a precedent agreement between TCPL and a shipper (other than the Customer) that was entered into pursuant to an Other Request.
- (hh) "Parties" means TCPL and Customer, and "Party" means either one of them.
- (ii) **"Precedent Agreement**" means this precedent agreement between TCPL and Customer.
- (jj) "Project Costs" means:
 - (i) the reasonable internal and third party costs, expenses and charges of TCPL arising from, attributable to or incurred in respect of:
 - (A) any regulatory proceedings to the extent related to, arising from or attributable to Customer's request for the Requested Service, including the preparatory work effected in connection therewith; and
 - (B) all engineering, design, procurement, manufacturing, supply and construction related costs, expenses and charges to the extent related to, arising from or attributable to Customer's request for the Requested Service; and
 - (ii) AFUDC calculated against the amounts in subparagraph (i) of this definition;

regardless of whether such amounts are incurred prior to or after an Event of Cancellation. Internal costs, expenses and charges shall only be included in the definition of Project Costs if such amounts are directly and exclusively attributable to the Customer's request for the Requested Service.

(kk) "Receipt Point" shall have the meaning given to it in the Recital C.

- (II) **"Representatives**" means the directors, officers, consultants, agents, contractors or employees of a Party.
- (mm) "Requested Service" shall have the meaning given to it in the Recital C.
- (nn) "Required Increase" shall have the meaning given to it in the Recital E.
- (oo) "**Retained Equipment and Materials**" means real property, equipment and materials that relate to, arise from or are attributable to Customer's request for the Requested Service that TCPL, acting in a commercially reasonable manner, elects to retain rather than return, sell, cancel or otherwise divest, in the event that TCPL has elected to cancel the construction of facilities into which such real property, equipment and materials were to be incorporated herein pursuant to Paragraph 14.
- (pp) "TBO Contracts" shall have the meaning given to it in the Recital B.
- (qq) "**TBO Costs**" means any costs, expenses and charges TCPL incurs or becomes obligated to pay to the TBO Pipeline(s) attributable to the Requested Service including, without limitation, any and all costs, expenses and charges:
 - (i) to cancel the TBO Contract or any other contract TCPL is required to enter into with a TBO Pipeline; and
 - (ii) payable throughout the term of the TBO Contract or any other contract TCPL is required to enter into with a TBO Pipeline if TCPL is unable to cancel or assign same.
- (rr) "TBO Pipelines" means any person or entity that owns and/or operates a natural gas transmission system that TCPL has or may enter into a TBO Contract with including, but not limited to, Great Lakes Gas Transmission Limited Partnership, Great Lakes Pipeline Canada Ltd., Union Gas Limited, Enbridge Gas Inc. and Trans Quebec & Maritimes Pipeline Inc.
- (ss) **"TCPL Authorizations**" shall have the meaning given to it in Paragraph 3(a)(i).
- (tt) **"TCPL System**" shall have the meaning given to it in Recital A.
- (uu) **"Termination Costs**" mean the sum of all the following amounts, whether such amounts were incurred prior to or after the Effective Date, without duplication,:
 - (i) all Cancellation Charges; plus
 - (ii) all Financial Loss; plus

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- (iii) all Monthly Carrying Costs until such time as all Retained Equipment and Materials are utilized or otherwise disposed of by TCPL; plus
- (iv) all Project Costs not otherwise accounted for pursuant to subparagraphs (i), (ii) or (iii) of this definition; plus
- (v) TBO Costs; plus
- (vi) any other costs, expenses and charges incurred by TCPL not otherwise accounted for pursuant to subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) or (v) of this definition to the extent they arise from, are attributable to or are incurred in respect of Customer's request for the Requested Service, regardless of whether such costs, expenses and charges are incurred prior to or after an Event of Cancellation; plus
- (vii) Termination Cost Carrying Charges as calculated against the amounts identified in subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), (v) and (vi) of this definition, where applicable.

For greater clarity, Termination Costs are equal to the sum of Allocated Termination Costs and Customer Specific Termination Costs.

(vv) **"Termination Cost Carrying Charges**" means charges applied to Termination Costs at the AFUDC Rate.

2. **Customer Authorizations.** Customer shall use reasonable efforts to do, or cause to be done, all lawful acts that may be necessary to:

- (a) qualify Customer for service under the Firm Transportation Service Contract by complying, *inter alia*, with Section 1.1 (b) of the "Availability" provisions of the FT Toll Schedule as set out in TCPL's Canadian Mainline Transportation Tariff as amended from time to time (the "Availability Provisions");
- (b) present to TCPL, any information requested by TCPL, including information pertaining to Customer's natural gas supply, markets, and upstream and downstream transportation arrangements that are related to Customer's request for the Requested Service that TCPL determines necessary to fulfill the requirements of the Canadian Energy Regulator Act and the CER Filing Manual (both as amended or replaced from time to time) in seeking approval for TCPL's facilities application(s) in relation to Customer's request for the Requested Service (the "Additional Information");
- (c) as applicable, obtain, or have others obtain, such certificates, permits, orders, licenses and authorizations from regulators or other governmental agencies in the United States and Canada, as the case may be, as are necessary to enable Customer, or others designated by Customer, to receive and make use of the Requested Service,

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including, if required, the authority to: (i) purchase the gas to be transported and to export from the United States and to import and deliver into Canada to TCPL at the Receipt Point(s) and to receive from TCPL, to export from Canada, and to import and deliver into the United States at the Delivery Point(s) the quantities of natural gas to be transported by TCPL under the Firm Transportation Service Contract and (ii) construct any facilities required to utilize the Requested Service (individually, a "**Customer Authorization**" and collectively, the "**Customer Authorizations**"); provided that nothing herein shall obligate Customer to appeal any decision of a regulatory or judicial authority which has the effect of denying any such certificate, permit, order, license or authorization or granting same on conditions unsatisfactory to the Parties hereto; and

(d) facilitate the obtainment of the Customer Authorizations in a timely manner to align with the In-Service Date. Customer shall advise TCPL as soon as it reasonably determines, or upon request from TCPL, if it anticipates it will not obtain its Customer Authorizations to facilitate alignment with the In-Service Date.

3. TCPL Authorizations.

- (a) TCPL shall, taking into account Customer's request for the Requested Service, Other Requests and Required Increase, use reasonable efforts to do, or cause to be done, all lawful acts it considers necessary, to:
 - (i) obtain, or cause to be obtained, such certificates, permits, licenses, orders, approvals and other authorizations TCPL determines are necessary on terms and conditions satisfactory to TCPL to: (A) enable it to provide the Requested Service, Other Requests and Required Increase in the most efficient manner, and (B) construct, own, operate and maintain any pipeline facilities, if required, in connection therewith (individually, a "TCPL Authorization" and collectively the "TCPL Authorizations"); provided that nothing herein shall obligate TCPL to appeal, or seek a review of, any decision of a regulatory or judicial authority which has the effect of denying any such certificate, permit, order, license or authorization or granting same on conditions unsatisfactory to TCPL. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the CER's leave to open with respect to the Required Increase shall not be included within the definition of TCPL Authorizations; and
 - (ii) facilitate the obtainment of the TCPL Authorizations in a timely manner to align with the In-Service Date.
- (b) Customer shall actively support TCPL's efforts to obtain the TCPL Authorizations, provided however that Customer is not obliged to do so, if it would not be reasonable or prudent for Customer to do so having regard to any material adverse impact TCPL's efforts may have on Customer.

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4. **Notice Of Customer's Authorizations.** If, after having exercised all avenues of appeal or review, Customer has rejected or not obtained a Customer Authorization, Customer shall promptly give Notice thereof to TCPL. If Customer does not provide TCPL with any such Notice, Customer shall be deemed to have obtained and accepted the Customer Authorizations; provided that Customer shall provide such Notice if requested by TCPL. Any Notice of rejection of a Customer Authorization shall be accompanied by written reasons for such rejection. Acceptance of any Customer Authorization by Customer shall not be unreasonably withheld, and shall be deemed satisfactory if it is granted in form and substance as requested, or as may be otherwise acceptable to Customer, and does not contain any conditions which are unacceptable to Customer, acting reasonably, or result in a material adverse effect to Customer. Further, Customer shall not reject an otherwise acceptable Customer Authorization in the nature of an import or export permit by reason only that such permit is for a term which is shorter than the term of the Firm Transportation Service Contract.

5. **Notice Of TCPL's Authorizations.** If, after having exercised all avenues of appeal or review with respect to each TCPL Authorization as TCPL, in its sole discretion, decides to undertake, TCPL has rejected or not obtained a TCPL Authorization, TCPL shall promptly provide Notice thereof to Customer. Any Notice of rejection of a TCPL Authorization shall be accompanied by written reasons for such rejection. Acceptance of any TCPL Authorization by TCPL shall not be unreasonably withheld, and shall be deemed satisfactory if it is granted in form and substance as requested, or as may be otherwise acceptable to TCPL, and does not contain any conditions which are unacceptable to TCPL, acting reasonably, or result in a material adverse effect to TCPL.

6. Authorization To Spend; No Title.

- (a) Customer hereby authorizes TCPL, prior to the receipt of all TCPL Authorizations, to acquire all property, equipment and materials, enter into all agreements and take such other actions which TCPL, acting reasonably, considers necessary: (i) for the timely commencement of the Requested Service by the In-Service Date; and (ii) for the timely commencement of the service requested pursuant to the Other Requests by the in-service dates requested pursuant to the Other Requests, or as soon as possible thereafter.
- (b) Customer acknowledges that it does not have and will not acquire, any right, title or interest in the facilities to be constructed in connection with the Requested Service and Other Requests, or in any data, information, drawing, plan, equipment, materials, service or work, relating thereto.

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7. **Provision and Timing Of Requested Service; Customer's Representation.**

(a) Customer acknowledges and agrees that:

- TCPL shall determine, in its sole discretion, how the Requested Service, Other Requests and Required Increase will be provided, and the extent and magnitude of the Required Increase; and
- (ii) the provision of the Requested Service may rely on the installation of facilities which are required for both the provision of service for the Requested Service and for one or more of the Other Requests, and that TCPL's actions may be influenced by any obligations it has with respect to the Other Requests.
- (b) TCPL will use reasonable efforts to facilitate the alignment of the In-Service Date with the in-service date of upstream and downstream pipeline systems (if applicable). Each Party shall promptly inform the other Party of any delays that may impact the In-Service Date.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything in this Precedent Agreement or the Firm Transportation Service Contract to the contrary, Customer agrees it shall have no cause of action or claims against TCPL if TCPL fails to meet the In-Service Date for any reason whatsoever, provided TCPL has used reasonable efforts.
- (d) In the event that TCPL has entered into a TBO Contract in connection with the Requested Service, Required Increase and Other Requests, if any, and the in-service date of such TBO Contract occurs before the In-Service Date, Customer agrees it shall take temporary assignment of its pro rata share of the contract demand under the TBO Contract until the In-Service Date occurs or as the Parties may otherwise agree. Customer's pro rata share of the contract demand of the TBO Contract shall be equal to the total volume under the TBO Contract multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which equals Customer's contract demand pursuant to the Requested Service (in GJ/Day), and the denominator of which equals the sum of the numerator plus the sum of the contract demand for each of the Other Requests that require the TBO Contract.
- (e) Customer represents that neither Customer nor any third party acting on behalf of Customer have executed arrangements with other parties with respect to the acquisition of natural gas which would have the effect of eliminating Customer's need for the Requested Service, and Customer agrees that it shall not enter into any such arrangements without the prior written consent of TCPL.

8. **Financial Assurances.** TCPL may request at any time, by Notice to Customer, that Customer provide financial assurances in an amount, type and form acceptable to TCPL for the performance and payment of its obligations under this Precedent Agreement or, if applicable, request that Customer replace, increase or otherwise amend any financial assurances for the

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performance and payment of its obligations under this Precedent Agreement previously provided by Customer to TCPL ("Financial Assurances"), such Financial Assurances are to be in an amount that does not exceed TCPL's estimate of the maximum payment obligations Customer could be subject to upon an Event of Cancellation (the "Financial Assurances Request"). At any time, TCPL may assess or reassess, as applicable, the Customer's creditworthiness related to the performance or payment of its obligations pursuant to this Precedent Agreement. When performing any such assessment or reassessment, TCPL shall apply the same criteria in assessing Customer's creditworthiness as it applies when determining whether to request Financial Assurances pursuant to TCPL's Canadian Mainline Transportation Tariff (as amended from time to time) from a Customer on the TCPL System. TCPL shall not require Financial Assurances unless TCPL makes a determination that Customer is not creditworthy. Customer shall provide TCPL with the requested Financial Assurances within four (4) Banking Days of receipt of the Financial Assurances Request. The obligation of Customer under this Paragraph 8 is independent of and separate from the obligation of Customer under Article XXIII of the General Terms and Conditions of TCPL's Canadian Mainline Transportation Tariff (as amended from time to time) for the gas transportation service.

9. Execution Of The Firm Transportation Service Contract.

- (a) TCPL's obligation to provide the Firm Transportation Service Contract to Customer is subject to the following conditions precedent to be fulfilled or performed, which conditions are for the exclusive benefit of TCPL and may be waived, in whole or in part, by TCPL, in its sole discretion,:
 - (i) TCPL has received and accepted all of the TCPL Authorizations;
 - (ii) TCPL has obtained and executed any TBO Contracts it determines necessary for the Requested Service and/or Required Increase on terms and conditions satisfactory to TCPL, in its sole discretion; and
 - (iii) Customer has supplied to TCPL (where necessary) the financial assurances required pursuant to Section 1 of the Financial Assurances Agreement.
- (b) Upon all of the conditions precedent in Paragraph 9(a) being satisfied or waived, TCPL shall provide the Firm Transportation Service Contract to Customer, and Customer shall execute and return it to TCPL within fifteen (15) days of receipt thereof by Customer.

10. **Exposure Profile**.

(a) Customer acknowledges that it has been provided an exposure profile specified by quarter for each year, which reflects all estimated Project Costs and TBO Costs anticipated to be incurred by TCPL for the Requested Service plus all future commitments that would result from an Event of Cancellation occurring (such

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exposure profile as it may be updated as contemplated herein, the "**Exposure Profile**").

- (b) TCPL shall update the Exposure Profile when it obtains a Class 5 Estimate for Project Costs.
- (c) Additionally, where Customer requests from TCPL a status update related to the Exposure Profile, TCPL shall provide an update of (i) the key milestones and (ii) the Project Costs spent to date if they materially exceed the Exposure Profile at that time. TCPL shall provide the status update within a reasonable time after the end of the calendar quarter of such request. Customer may only request status updates twice in a calendar year.
- (d) Customer acknowledges and agrees that the Exposure Profile is an estimate provided for information purposes only, and is subject to actual costs, expenses and charges incurred to date for the Requested Service and the Required Increase.

11. Estimated Liability Limit.

- (a) Customer's total liability upon an Event of Cancellation shall be the actual amount payable pursuant to Paragraph 15. Subject to Paragraph 11(c), the estimated liability limit is <u>«ELL_Amount»</u>, plus applicable taxes (the "Estimated Liability Limit"). TCPL and Customer acknowledge and agree that the Estimated Liability Limit is an estimate provided for information purposes only based upon the calculation described in Paragraph 12, and that to the extent Customer's actual liability pursuant to Paragraph 15 is greater than or less than the Estimated Liability Limit, Customer's obligation to pay such amounts shall not be impacted by the provisions of this Paragraph 11. Customer acknowledges that as of the Effective Date, TCPL's design of the facilities and the Estimated Liability Limit are preliminary, and are based upon the assumption that all of the Other Requests, if any, will result in signed Other Request Precedent Agreements.
- (b) If TCPL determines at any time that the currently applicable Estimated Liability Limit has been or will be exceeded by 20% or more, then TCPL shall forward to Customer an amendment to this Precedent Agreement (the "Increase Amendment") to increase the Estimated Liability Limit. Customer shall execute the Increase Amendment within 10 Banking Days of receipt of the Increase Amendment.
- (c) No Increase Amendment will be required for aggregated increases of less than 20% of the Estimated Liability Limit. Customer shall be liable for such increases in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Precedent Agreement as if such increases were included in the Estimated Liability Limit including, but not limited to, with respect to additional Financial Assurances that may be requested in connection with such increases as contemplated by Paragraph 8.

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12. **Estimated Liability Limit Calculation.** The Estimated Liability Limit is equal to the sum of the following:

(a) with respect to any:

- (i) TBO Costs; and
- (ii) contemplated facilities on the TCPL System;

which, pursuant to TCPL's current design, arise from or are attributable only to Customer's request for the Requested Service, TCPL's estimate of all internal and third-party costs, expenses and charges TCPL will incur in respect of such TBO Costs and such facilities; and

- (b) with respect to any:
 - (i) TBO Costs; and
 - (ii) contemplated facilities on the TCPL System;

which, pursuant to TCPL's current design, arise from or are attributable to both Customer's request for the Requested Service and the Other Requests, TCPL's estimate of all internal and third party costs, expenses and charges TCPL will incur in respect of such TBO Costs and such facilities, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which equals Customer's contract demand pursuant to the Requested Service (in GJ/Day), and the denominator of which equals the sum of the numerator plus the sum of the contract demand for each of the Other Requests; provided that in calculating such fraction, if calculated after the execution and delivery of this Precedent Agreement, the calculation of the denominator shall only be based upon the Other Requests which have resulted in a signed Other Request Precedent Agreement.

13. **Events Of Cancellation.** The occurrence of any of the following events or circumstances shall result in an Event of Cancellation:

- (a) Failure To Actively Support. If Customer fails to actively support TCPL's efforts to obtain the TCPL Authorizations pursuant to Paragraph 3(b), as determined by TCPL in its sole discretion, and TCPL declares an Event of Cancellation by Notice to Customer.
- (b) Failure To Provide Additional Information. If Customer does not provide TCPL with the Additional Information requested pursuant to Paragraph 2(b) in a form satisfactory to TCPL, and TCPL declares an Event of Cancellation by providing fifteen (15) days' Notice to Customer.
- (c) **Failure To Obtain Or Rejection Of Customer Authorizations.** If Customer rejects or fails to obtain any Customer Authorization, and either Party declares an Event of Cancellation by providing thirty (30) days' Notice to the other Party.

- (d) **Failure To Obtain Or Rejection Of TCPL Authorizations.** If TCPL fails to obtain or rejects any TCPL Authorization, and it declares an Event of Cancellation by providing thirty (30) days' Notice to Customer.
- (e) **Bankruptcy.** The occurrence of any bankruptcy, winding-up, liquidation, dissolution, insolvency or other similar proceeding affecting Customer or its assets or upon the commencement of any proceeding relating to the foregoing.
- (f) Failure To Execute Firm Transportation Service Contract. If Customer fails to execute and return to TCPL the Firm Transportation Service Contract within fifteen (15) days of receipt thereof by Customer as required by Paragraph 9, and TCPL declares an Event of Cancellation by providing five (5) days' Notice to Customer.
- (g) **Withdrawal.** At any time prior to the execution of the Firm Transportation Service Contract by Customer, if Customer withdraws its request for the Requested Service and declares an Event of Cancellation by providing Notice to TCPL.
- (h) Sunset Date. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Precedent Agreement,
 - (i) if by [•]«Sunset_Date», any of the requirements referred to in Paragraphs 2(a) or 9 have not been satisfied, and TCPL declares an Event of Cancellation by providing fifteen (15) days' Notice to Customer; or
 - (ii) if at any time TCPL is of the opinion, acting reasonably, that any of the requirements referred to in Paragraphs 2(a) or 9 will not be satisfied by [•]«Sunset_Date», despite the use of reasonable efforts, and TCPL declares an Event of Cancellation by providing thirty (30) days' Notice to Customer.
- (i) Failure To Amend Estimated Liability Limit. If Customer does not execute an Increase Amendment pursuant to Paragraph 11(b), and TCPL declares an Event of Cancellation by providing Notice to Customer.
- (j) **Failure To Provide Financial Assurances.** If Customer fails to provide Financial Assurances pursuant to Paragraph 8, and TCPL declares an Event of Cancellation by providing Notice to Customer.
- (k) Failure To Obtain Internal Approval. If TCPL fails to obtain any internal approvals it determines necessary, including Board of Director approval, for the transactions contemplated herein on or before [•],and TCPL declares within ten (10) days of such date, an Event of Cancellation by providing five (5) days' Notice to Customer.
- (I) Failure To Obtain TBO Contract. If TCPL fails to obtain any TBO Contract it determines is necessary for the Requested Service and/or the Required Increase on terms and conditions satisfactory to TCPL, in its sole discretion, and TCPL declares an Event of Cancellation by providing fifteen (15) days' Notice to Customer.

- (m) **Failure To Temporarily Assign TBO Contract.** If Customer fails to take temporary assignment of a TBO Contract as required under Paragraph 7(d), and TCPL declares an Event of Cancellation by providing five (5) days' Notice to Customer.
- (n) Change In Law. If at any time TCPL determines, acting reasonably,:
 - (i) that any introduction of any applicable law or any change or introduction of a change in any applicable law (whether or not having the force of law) or in its interpretation or application by any court or by any governmental agency or other authority or entity charged with the administration of any applicable law, or change in compliance of TCPL with any applicable law; or
 - (ii) compliance by TCPL with any applicable law or direction, requirement or request from any governmental agency or regulatory authority given after the date of execution of this Precedent Agreement, whether or not having the force of law;

has or would have, as a consequence of TCPL's obligations under this Precedent Agreement and taking into consideration TCPL's internal policies, the effect of increasing TCPL's costs, expenses or charges or has a material adverse effect on the Requested Service, the Other Requests, the Required Increase, TCPL or the TCPL System, then, TCPL may declare an Event of Cancellation by providing 10 days' Notice to Customer.

During any applicable notice period in this Paragraph 13, an Event of Cancellation may be cancelled if the Parties agree to cancel such Event of Cancellation or if the defaulting Party cures the breach that resulted in the Event of Cancellation to the satisfaction of the non-defaulting Party, in both cases, prior to the termination of the applicable notice period, if any.

14. Effect of Event of Cancellation.

Upon the occurrence of an Event of Cancellation:

- (a) TCPL's and Customer's obligations pursuant to Paragraphs 2, 3, 4, 5, 7(d) and 9 shall terminate.
- (b) TCPL may, at its sole discretion, decide to cancel or continue with, in whole or in part, the construction of facilities which arise from or are attributable to Customer's request for the Requested Service. In making such decision, TCPL shall have regard to all materially relevant matters, including any obligations TCPL has with respect to the Other Requests. Customer acknowledges that any decision made by TCPL as described above may be influenced by any obligations TCPL has with respect to the Other Requests, that such decisions may impact Customer's obligations under this Precedent Agreement and that such decisions are subject to change.
- (c) Subject to the other provisions of this Paragraph, TCPL shall use commercially reasonable efforts to minimize all costs, expenses and charges payable by Customer

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to TCPL pursuant to Paragraph 15 below, which shall include (i) efforts to minimize costs, expenses and charges committed to prior to TCPL receiving and accepting all of the TCPL Authorizations and (ii) efforts to sell, dispose or utilize in a prospective expansion within a reasonable time period, all property, equipment, materials or internal or third party work product arising out of facilities contemplated on account of the Requested Service and the Other Requests (the construction of which has been cancelled); provided that such efforts shall be subject to TCPL's obligations with respect to the Requested Service, the In-Service Date, the Other Requests and the in-service date for the Other Requests.

15. **Payment Of Termination Costs.** If an Event of Cancellation is declared, Customer shall pay to TCPL the sum of the following amounts:

- (a) 100% of the Customer Specific Termination Costs, if applicable; plus
- (b) the product of:
 - (i) the sum of the Allocated Termination Costs plus the Other Request Allocated Termination Costs for each of the Other Request Precedent Agreements where an "Event of Cancellation" (as defined therein) has occurred; multiplied by
 - (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which equals Customer's contract demand pursuant to the Requested Service (in GJ/Day), and the denominator of which equals the sum of the numerator plus the sum of the contract demand for each of the Other Request Precedent Agreements where an "Event of Cancellation" (as defined therein) has occurred; plus
- (c) all applicable taxes.

TCPL will invoice Customer within 60 days of an Event of Cancellation and payments will be paid in accordance with Paragraph 16.

16. **Invoicing And Payment.** TCPL shall invoice and Customer shall pay all obligations and liabilities owing by it under this Precedent Agreement to TCPL as they may arise from time to time. Customer shall remit payment to TCPL within thirty (30) days following receipt of any invoice. If Customer fails to pay any invoice in full within the time required, interest on the unpaid portion shall accrue from the date such payment is first overdue until payment is made at a rate of interest equal to the prime rate of interest per annum of the Royal Bank of Canada applicable to Canadian dollar commercial loans on the date such payment is first overdue, plus one (1) percent in addition thereto (with the exception of interest for TBO Costs which shall be determined pursuant to the TBO Contract), and such interest shall be immediately due and payable.

17. **Audit Rights.** Provided Customer has paid to TCPL all amounts invoiced hereunder, no earlier than thirty (30) days after TCPL has received a written request from Customer, Customer

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shall have the right, at its cost and expense, to examine TCPL's supporting documentation related to the particular invoice(s) to verify its accuracy. Each invoice may only be audited once. Customer's audit rights shall be granted during normal business hours. Customer's audit rights shall not include any right to break down the standard labour rates or overhead rates charged by TCPL. The total number of audits commenced in any calendar year shall not exceed one. Any audit request by Customer must be received by TCPL within a period of two years after the invoice in question was received. Prior to any audit, Customer and/or its auditors shall execute a confidentiality agreement, in form acceptable to TCPL, to protect the confidential nature of any information reviewed under the audit.

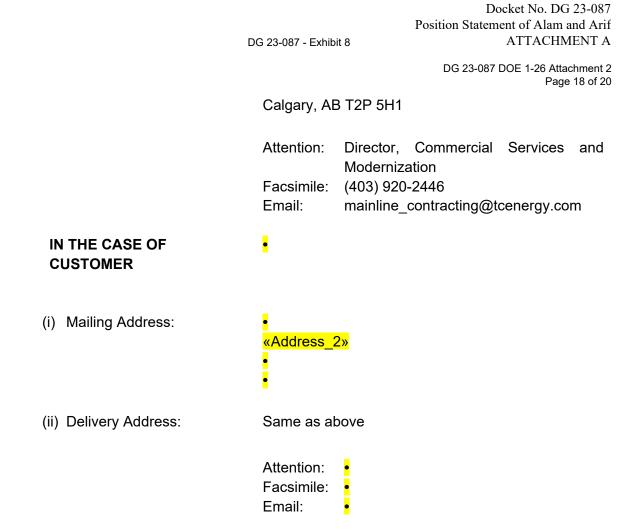
18. **Retained Equipment And Materials.** TCPL will use reasonable efforts to dispose of or utilize the Retained Equipment and Materials within three (3) months from the date TCPL cancels construction of the facilities pursuant to Paragraph 14(b), and TCPL shall credit Customer for any Retained Equipment and Materials it is able to dispose of or utilize within such time period. TCPL shall not have an obligation or duty to dispose of or utilize the Retained Equipment and Materials beyond such three (3) month time period.

- 19. **Term.** This Precedent Agreement shall remain in effect until the earlier of:
 - (a) the date that the Parties have both entered into the Firm Transportation Service Contract for the Requested Service; or
 - (b) where an Event of Cancellation has occurred, the date that both (i) TCPL has utilized or disposed of all the Retained Equipment and Materials pursuant to Paragraph 18, and (ii) TCPL has been paid by Customer for all obligations payable by Customer pursuant to this Precedent Agreement, including all Termination Costs.

20. **Waiver Of Default.** No waiver by TCPL of any Event of Cancellation or default by Customer in the performance of any provision of or obligation under this Precedent Agreement shall operate or be construed as a waiver of any continuing or future Event of Cancellation or default, whether of a like or different character.

21. **Notice.** Any notice, request or demand ("**Notice**") to or upon the respective Parties hereto shall be in writing and shall be validly communicated by the delivery thereof to its addressee, either personally or by courier, first class mail, e-mail (return receipt or confirmation required), facsimile or other telecommunication to the address hereinafter mentioned:

| IN THE CASE OF TCPL | TRANSCANADA PIPELINES LIMITED |
|------------------------|---|
| (i) Mailing Address: | 450 - 1⁵ Street SW Calgary, AB T2P 5H1 |
| (ii) Delivery Address: | 450 - 1⁵t Street SW |



Such Notice sent as aforesaid shall be deemed to have been received by the Party to whom it is sent: (a) at the time of its delivery, if personally delivered, (b) at the time of its delivery if sent by facsimile or e-mail (provided return receipt or confirmation has been provided), during normal business hours on a Banking Day, and if not, on the next Banking Day, or (c) on the day following transmittal thereof if sent by courier, or (d) on the third day following the transmittal thereof if sent by first class mail; provided however, that in the event normal or first class mail service, courier service, e-mail service or facsimile service shall be interrupted by a cause beyond the control of the Parties hereto, then the Party sending the Notice shall utilize any service that has not been so interrupted or shall personally deliver such Notice. Each Party shall provide Notice to the other of any change of address for the purposes hereof.

22. Assignment and Enurement.

- (a) Neither Party may assign this Precedent Agreement without the prior written consent of the other Party, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, provided however that either Party:
 - (i) shall be entitled to assign its rights and obligations under this Precedent Agreement to its Affiliate without the consent of the other Party, provided such assigning Party remains liable for its obligations under this Precedent Agreement; and

- (ii) either Party may at any time, without the consent of the other Party, pledge its interest pursuant to this Precedent Agreement as security to any lender providing financing to such Party.
- (b) This Precedent Agreement shall be binding upon and enure to the benefit of the respective successors and permitted assigns of the Parties hereto.

23. **Applicable Law.** This Precedent Agreement shall be construed and applied in accordance with, and be subject to, the laws of the Province of Alberta, and, where applicable, the laws of Canada, and shall be subject to the rules, regulations, decisions and orders of any regulatory or legislative authority having jurisdiction over the matters contained herein. Each of the Parties irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the Province of Alberta for interpretation and enforcement of this Precedent Agreement.

24. **Severance.** If any provision of this Precedent Agreement is determined to be invalid or unenforceable in whole or in part, such invalidity or unenforceability shall apply only to such provision and all other provisions hereof shall continue in full force and effect.

25. Headings and Further Assurances.

- (a) Headings are included solely for convenience of reference, and are not intended to be full or accurate descriptions of the contents.
- (b) Each Party covenants and agrees to provide such data and information, to execute and deliver such further documents and instruments, to give further assurances and to perform such acts as may be reasonably required by the other Party in order to carry out the purposes, intentions and provisions of this Precedent Agreement.

26. **Sole Benefit.** TCPL and Customer hereby stipulate and agree that this Precedent Agreement is executed for the sole benefit of TCPL and Customer, including all successors and assignees permitted under the terms of this Precedent Agreement. TCPL and Customer expressly intend that no rights under this Precedent Agreement enure to any other parties.

27. Entire Agreement and Amendments.

- (a) This Precedent Agreement and the Firm Transportation Service Contract set forth the entire agreement between the Parties, and supersedes and replaces all previous discussions, understandings and agreements respecting the subject matter.
- (b) Subject to Paragraph 11(c), this Precedent Agreement may not be amended except by a written amending agreement signed by TCPL and Customer.

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28. **Limitation Of Liability.** TCPL and its Representatives are not liable to Customer or its Representatives for any Losses including:

(a) Losses for loss of profit and loss of revenue; and

(b) indirect, consequential, punitive, exemplary or similar damages;

whether or not such Losses could have reasonably been foreseen on entry into this Precedent Agreement, arising from, in connection with or in relation to this Precedent Agreement that are asserted against or suffered or incurred by Customer or its Representatives, except and to the extent that such Losses are caused by the gross negligence or willful misconduct of TCPL.

29. **Survival**. The provisions of Paragraphs 6(b), 7(c), 17, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30, and any other provisions of this Precedent Agreement which, either by their express terms or by operation of their terms, are intended to be performed in whole or in part after termination or expiration of this Precedent Agreement, shall survive such termination or expiration.

30. **Counterpart Execution**. This Precedent Agreement may be executed in counterparts, which together constitute one and the same agreement. A facsimile or electronic pdf copy of this Precedent Agreement containing the signature of a Party will be deemed to be an originally signed document.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the duly authorized Parties hereto have executed this Precedent Agreement as of the date first above written.

«Signature_Block»

TRANSCANADA PIPELINES LIMITED

| By: | | By: | | |
|-----|--------|-----|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Name: | | Name: | |
| | Title: | | Title: | |
| By: | | By: | | |
| | Name: | | Name: | |
| | Title: | | Title: | |
| | | | TCE Approved as to Form and Content: | |

Business Legal

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-01 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: PNGTS FT Contract, Article III; and Technical Session (TS) discussions

- a) Please provide Northern's understanding of the implication(s) of Article III (Attachment 2, page 2 of 7) of the PNGTS Firmed Transportation (FT) contract.
- b) In light of the "Empress Capacity Agreements" (as a whole), what would be the overall financial (e.g., allocation of peak capacity costs) and non-financial (e.g., contractual) implications?
- c) Assuming the contracts go into effect, will Northern be able to sell any peak or off-peak transportation capacity to other entities if, for any reason, Northern is unable to use the 12,500 Dth/day at issue in New Hampshire and/or Maine?

Response:

- a) Article III of the PNGTS Firm Transportation contract speaks to the "Allocation of Off-Peak Capacity". Because PNGTS is fully subscribed to its maximum capacity year round, Northern's understanding of Off-Peak Capacity is that it is not available. Historically, when PNGTS sold winter only FT contracts, Off Peak Capacity was available April – October.
- b) There would be no financial or non-financial implications that are the result of Article III of the PNGTS Firm Transportation contract, because there are no winter only contracts on PNGTS and therefore there is no Off-Peak Capacity available.
- c) Assuming the contracts go into effect, Northern will not elect to sell any peak (or off-peak) transportation capacity to other entities, but will instead include the Empress Capacity contracts as part of an asset management arrangement (AMA) similar to how the rest of Northern's portfolio is managed. An AMA allows Northern to have access to the capacity when it is needed to cover requirements, and allows the asset manager to optimize any remaining capacity that is not called on by Northern. Northern is also able to make off-system sales with its capacity as part of an AMA. The asset manager pays a fee for the right to manage the AMA.

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-02 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: "Empress Capacity Agreements" (as a whole); and TS discussions

- a) Do the TCPL Precedent Agreements (both 2024 PA and 2027 PA) contain "sunset dates" with respect to any waiver provisions?
- b) If yes, please identify those "sunset dates" and where/how they could be applied.

Response:

 a) The 2024 TCPL PA has no sunset date. However, Section 4(b) of the 2024 TCPL PA found on page 2 of Attachment 4 indicates that any Event of Cancellation under the 2027 TCPL PA would result in automatic termination of the 2024 TCPL PA. Operation of the sunset date provision of the 2027 TCPL PA, as discussed below, would be an Event of Cancellation, effectively cancelling both the 2024 TCPL PA and the 2027 TCPL PA.

The 2027 TCPL PA has a sunset date, which can be found on Page 12 of 29 in Attachment 6 (2027 TCPL PA Confidential), Paragraph 13 "Events of Cancellation", under h) "Sunset Dates".

b) Per this section of the TCPL 2027 PA, the sunset date is May 1, 2027. TCPL could declare an event of cancellation if by May 1, 2027, if any of the requirements of Paragraph 2(a) or 9 have not been satisfied providing 15 days' notice to the customer. Additionally, if at any time, TCPL is of the opinion, acting reasonably, that any of the requirements referring to Paragraph 2(a) or 9 will not be satisfied by May 1, 2027, despite the use of reasonable efforts, TCPL could declare an event of cancellation providing 30 days' notice to the customer.

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-03 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: "Empress Capacity Agreements" (as a whole); and TS discussions

Please envision a hypothetical scenario where TCPL is able to continue fulfilling its PA and FT agreements, but PNGTS is unable to do so.

- a) How likely is this scenario given Northern's past historical engagements with both of these entities?
- b) Are there any financial implications (such as similar to termination costs)? If no, why not? If yes, why and how much over what period of time?
- c) Under the scenario, would Northern be able to (or be required to) still continue with TCPL?
 - a. If no, please identify all possible implications.
 - b. If yes, please describe how and identify the implication(s).
 - c. When responding to "a" and "b" please respond separately for "able to" and "required to."

Response:

- a) PNGTS expects to receive a decision regarding their application with FERC for the certification of the capacity needed to fulfill the FT capacity agreements for this project by November 28, 2023. FERC's decision will determine whether or not PNGTS is able to fulfill its obligations to provide shippers with Firm Transportation Agreements. If FERC were to decide not to certificate the PNGTS capacity, TCPL would cancel the project.
- b) Under this hypothetical scenario, Northern would not be subject to termination costs from PNGTS. Northern would be responsible for its proportional share of the costs incurred by TCPL as of the date of project cancellation, which would be minimal given the early timing.
- c) Under this scenario, Northern would not be required to nor would Northern be able to continue with TCPL.

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-04 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: "Empress Capacity Agreements" (as a whole); and TS discussions

- a) What would be Northern's obligations under the 30-year Firmed Transportation (FT) Agreement with PNGTS under a hypothetical scenario, where Northern enters into that 30-year FT Agreement with PNGTS and TCPL withdraws or cancels its PA?
- b) How would Northern mitigate supply and transportation costs in such a scenario?
- c) Would Northern continue to transport 12,500 Dth/day on PNGTS?

Response:

- a) Under a hypothetical scenario in which Northern enters into the 30 year Firm Transportation Agreement with PNGTS and TCPL withdraws or declares an event of cancellation, Northern would not have the option to terminate its FT contract with PNGTS. Therefore, Northern expects that in this hypothetical situation, it would continue to transport 12,500 Dth per day on PNGTS.
- b) In the event that TCPL were unable to avoid this scenario, Northern would explore various options for utilizing the 12,500 Dth/day of PNGTS capacity such as but not limited to the following:
 - Seek supply contracts at East Hereford (Pittsburg, NH on the US side of the border) at the interconnect between TCPL and PNGTS.
 - Seek supply contracts at the Westbrook, ME interconnect between Maritimes and PNGTS.
 - In the event that Northern were to contract for an on system LNG peak shaving facility, Northern could utilize this 12,500 dth of capacity to transport supply to and from that facility.
 - Explore making a permanent assignment or capacity release of the PNGTS capacity to third party.
 - If TCPL were to issue an open season for a new expansion project that might have an alternate path that was not contemplated in this particular project, Northern would entertain participating in that open season to acquire the necessary upstream capacity.

c) See response to part a).

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-05 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference: "Empress Capacity Agreements" (as a whole); and TS discussions Please provide Northern's understanding of the implications of Article XI of the Northern/PNGTS FT Agreement (Attachment 2, page 4 of 7)

Response:

Article XI of the Northern/PNGTS FT Agreement ("Law of Contract") stipulates that the interpretation and performance of the contract will be in accordance with and controlled by the laws of the State of Maine. To the extent that any issues of contract interpretation arise in connection with the FT Agreement, it is the parties' intent that the laws of the State of Maine shall govern. Similarly, to the extent that any issues arise regarding the parties' performance obligations. under the contract, it is the parties' intent that the laws of the State of Maine shall govern.

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8 ATTAC Northern Utilities, Inc. DG 23-087 Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements New Hampshire Department of Energy Technical Session Data Requests - Set 1

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-06 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference "Empress Capacity Agreements" (as a whole); and TS discussions

- a) Please identify the risk New Hampshire would face if, hypothetically, Maine were to refrain from contract review or from preliminary approval at this time.
- b) Please provide a narrative response and any cost-benefit analysis based on the percentage of the 12,500 Dth/day Northern proposes that New Hampshire would accept, ranging from 40% (or any lower percentage) up to 100% of the supply.

Response:

a) The Maine PUC is currently engaging in a contract review of the Empress Capacity Agreements in Maine PUC Docket No. 2023-00254.

If the Maine PUC refrained from reviewing the contracts in that proceeding, it is possible that Northern would terminate the PNGTS FT Contract and the 2027 TCPL PA. Cancellation of these agreements would trigger cancellation of the 2024 TCPL PA. In Northern's view, the Empress Capacity Agreements help to mitigate the risk of supply availability, particularly peaking supplies. Therefore, to the extent that Northern elected to terminate the Empress Capacity Agreements, the risk to New Hampshire would be the lost opportunity to mitigate the risk of supply availability, particularly peaking supplies.

If Northern were to seek to retain the Empress Capacity Agreements based only on the review of the NH PUC, there is risk of the following:

- 1) Northern may be unable to find a suitable counterparty to assign the portion of the Empress Capacity Agreements that was intended to be allocated to Maine.
- 2) Northern would lose some of the benefits of a single portfolio to cover both states. Specifically, any portion of the Empress Capacity that is retained could only be used to serve NH demands. In light of this, Northern would need to re-design its gas cost allocation methodology to ensure that all costs and benefits related to the Empress Capacity Agreements are allocated solely to New Hampshire.
- b) CONFIDENTIAL DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-06 provides an analysis showing the effects of adding Empress Capacity on NH allocated demand and commodity costs. This analysis is based on the normal year analysis used for Attachment 9,

Northern Utilities, Inc. DG 23-087 Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements New Hampshire Department of Energy Technical Session Data Requests - Set 1

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-06 **Date of Response:** 11/20/2023 **Witness:** Francis X. Wells

the Modelled Cost Analysis. It does not attempt to quantify the loss of resource interchangeability addressed in part a) to this response.

- a. The "Empress Assigned to NH" worksheet compares a portfolio that allocates 100% of Empress Capacity Agreements to the New Hampshire Division. This represents the 100% percentage allocation.
- b. The "Empress Allocated to ME&NH" worksheet compares a portfolio that allocates Empress Capacity in a manner consistent with current cost allocation process. This represents the 40% percentage allocation.
- c. The "Normal Total System Cost Data" calculates demand and commodity costs to New Hampshire as follows:
 - i. Dark green header shows allocating 12,500 Dth of Empress Capacity to New Hampshire.
 - ii. Bright blue header shows allocating costs with Empress to New Hampshire, consistent with the current practice
 - iii. Current portfolio costs without Empress are also allocated to New Hampshire based on the current practice.
- d. The "Demand Cost Allocators" worksheet provides the following calculations.
 - i. The proxy allocator for the current method of demand cost allocation was based on the percentage of NH design year demand to the total Northern design year.
 - ii. If 100% of Empress is allocated to New Hampshire, the rest of the portfolio would be allocated to New Hampshire on the basis of the difference between Design Year demands and Empress design year utilization.
- e. The "Commodity Cost Allocators" worksheet provides the following calculations.
 - i. The proxy allocator for the current method of commodity cost allocation was based on the percentage of NH normal year demand of the total Northern normal year.
 - ii. If 100% of Empress is allocated to New Hampshire, the rest of the portfolio would be allocated to New Hampshire on the basis of the difference between Normal Year demands and Empress normal year utilization.
- f. The 12500 Normal Expected Detail provides the Modelled Cost Detail from this scenario for reference purpose.

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8 ATTAC Northern Utilities, Inc. DG 23-087 Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements New Hampshire Department of Energy Technical Session Data Requests - Set 1

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-06 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

Northern's Attachment to Response TS 1-06 has been marked Confidential in its entirety. There is no redacted version for Bates pages 000080-00108

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8 ATTAC Northern Utilities, Inc. DG 23-087 Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements New Hampshire Department of Energy Technical Session Data Requests - Set 1

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-06 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference "Empress Capacity Agreements" (as a whole); and TS discussions

- a) Please identify the risk New Hampshire would face if, hypothetically, Maine were to refrain from contract review or from preliminary approval at this time.
- b) Please provide a narrative response and any cost-benefit analysis based on the percentage of the 12,500 Dth/day Northern proposes that New Hampshire would accept, ranging from 40% (or any lower percentage) up to 100% of the supply.

SUPPLEMENTAL Response (11/29/23):

REVISED CONFIDENTIAL DG 23-087 TS 1-06 Attachment 1 corrects the headers on the "Empress Assigned to NH" and "Empress Allocated to ME&NH" tabs.

Throughout the attachment "Empress Assigned to NH" means that 100% of Empress cost and benefits would be passed through to New Hampshire Division customers, and "Empress Allocated to ME & NH" means that the current cost and benefit allocation process would continue. "Normal Total System Cost Data", "Demand Cost Allocators", and "Commodity Cost Allocators" tabs have been updated with this convention.

No calculations have been updated in the revised attachment. All changed cells are highlighted with red font.

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

Northern's Attachment to Response TS 1-06 has been marked Confidential in its entirety. There is no redacted version for Bates pages 110-138

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8 ATTAC Northern Utilities, Inc. DG 23-087 Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements New Hampshire Department of Energy Technical Session Data Requests - Set 1

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-07 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference "Empress Capacity Agreements" (as a whole); and TS discussions; Northern's Petition (Oct 5, 2023).

Would Northern agree that it is appropriate to limit New Hampshire ratepayers' share of termination fees (if any) to no more than the proportional share of 12,500 Dth/day that New Hampshire utilizes and/or pursuant to the Modified Proportional Responsibility Allocator, which is used to allocate demand costs, based on Design Year utilization. See Petition at 2 n.1. Please explain why or why not.

Response:

Northern would agree that it is appropriate to limit New Hampshire ratepayers' share of termination fees (if any) to no more than the proportional share of 12,500 Dth/Day that New Hampshire utilizes pursuant to the Modified Proportional Responsibility Allocator as discussed in responses to DG 23-087 DOE 1-09 and 1-11.

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8 ATTAC Northern Utilities, Inc. DG 23-087 Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements New Hampshire Department of Energy Technical Session Data Requests - Set 1

Date Request Received: 11/13/23 Request No. DOE TS 1-08 Date of Response: 11/20/2023 Witness: Francis X. Wells

Request:

Reference Empress Capacity Agreements (as a whole) and TS discussion Is Northern aware of any precedent agreements that include TCPL and/or PNGTS in which the terminations costs are allocated (in whole or in part) to any entity other than the Shipper(s)? If so, please provide a narrative description and documentation, if available.

Response:

Northern is not aware of any TCPL PA's in which termination costs are allocated to anyone other than shippers.

In previous projects in which there were PA's for PNGTS capacity, such as the PXP and WXP expansions, termination costs would have been borne by PNGTS unless Northern terminated these agreements for reasons other than failure to obtain regulatory approvals. In the Empress Capacity Agreements, there is no PA associated with the PNGTS capacity because there was not a requirement to build in order to create this capacity.

Close Print

REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF PRECEDENT AGREEMENT PERTAINING TO NORTHERN UTILITIES, INC. D/B/A UNITIL INC. 2023-00254 RESPONSE TO CLF-001 BY NORTHERN UTILITIES, INC. D/B/A UNITIL INC

14-NOV-23

CLF-001-001

Q. Please provide any analysis Northern has conducted of projected regional natural gas demand trends over the duration of the agreements (until 2054).

A. Northern has not conducted any analysis of regional natural gas demand trends over the duration of the agreements. For general guidance on the range of future natural gas demand as of mid-century, the figure attached as CLF 001-001 Attachment 1 was taken from the Energy Information Administration's (EIA) 2023 Annual Energy Outlook, released in March 2023. (www.eia.gov/aeo. See Powerpoint labeled "AEO2023_Narrative_Figures", dated March 16, 2023.) The EIA chart shows a reference case level of demand slightly below recent demand levels along with a high cost of zero emission technology case, which would trigger higher demand for natural gas, and a low oil and gas supply case, which would lead to higher cost and lower demand. Please also refer to CLF-001-002, which provides a long-term forecast of Northern's natural gas demand.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. CLF-001-001 Attachment 1.pdf

CLF-001-002

Q. Please provide any forecast Northern has conducted of firm customer demand and planning load requirements over the duration of the agreements (until 2054).

A. Northern projected firm customer throughput requirements out to 2053 based on extrapolation of the forecast models presented in the 2023 Integrated Resource Plan, which leverage independent variable projections from Moody's through 2053.

CLF-001-002 Attachments 1 and 2 provide the Design Year forecast for the Maine and New Hampshire Divisions, respectively. CLF-001-002 Attachments 3 and 4 provide the Normal Year forecast for the Maine and New Hampshire Divisions, respectively.

Northern has not attempted to model customer demand based on energy and environmental policy changes. Please refer to CLF 001-001 for a recent EIA projection of natural gas demand as of mid-century under a range of policy and market conditions.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments

- 1. CLF-001-002 Attachment 1.xlsx
- 2. CLF-001-002 Attachment 2.xlsx
- 3. CLF-001-002 Attachment 3.xlsx
- 4. CLF-001-002 Attachment 4.xlsx

CLF-001-003

Q. Please identify the "climate-related policies in New England" and "energy and environmental policy to address climate change" referenced at page 14 of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment.

A. Part 4 of the Regional Market Overview, starting on page 29 of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, references federal policies including the Inflation Reduction Act and the EPA's Renewable Fuel Standard. At the state level, this section references Maine's Act to Promote Clean Energy Jobs and to Establish the Maine Climate Council and cites to an ISO Newswire article summarizing various regional policies and coordinated climate initiatives.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

CLF-001-004

Q. (a) Please provide the anticipated timing of Northern's evaluation of incremental energy efficiency as an incremental resource. (b) What are the next steps in this evaluation?

A. (a) Northern does not currently have a timeline for evaluation of incremental energy efficiency as a resource.

(b) The next steps for such an evaluation would include:

a. Determining whether incremental energy efficiency could be deployed in the State of Maine given the current construct in which energy efficiency is administered by Efficiency Maine Trust.b. Determining whether incremental energy efficiency would provide economic benefits compared to other potential incremental resources.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments

CLF-001-005

Q. How often does Northern anticipate the Empress Capacity Path will be utilized at a 100% load factor? Please provide Northern's expectations of the load factor at which it will utilize the Empress Capacity Path throughout the year.

A. CLF-001-005 provides the requested data.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. CLF-001-005 Attachment 1.pdf

CLF-001-006

Q. Please describe Northern's expectations with regard to asset management revenue. For instance, what percentage of demand costs does Northern expect to be able to offset with asset management revenue? What about other transportation costs and gas supply costs?

A. Please see the attached Confidential response and Attachments

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments

- 1. CLF-001-006 CONFIDENTIAL.pdf
- 2. CLF-001-006 Attachment 1 (CONFIDENTIAL).pdf
- 3. CLF-001-006 REDACTED.pdf
- 4. CLF-001-006 Attachment 1 (REDACTED).pdf

CLF-001-007

Q. Please see confidential attachment.

A. CONFIDENTIAL CLF-001-007 Attachment 1 provides the requested information.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments

1. Confidential DR CLF-007.pdf

2. CLF-001-007 Attachment 1 (CONFIDENTIAL).pdf

CLF-001-008

Q. Please see confidential attachment.

A. As explained in response to EXM 1-23, customers are looking for affordable and reliable sources of energy. Natural gas is both affordable and reliable while also reducing environmental pollution relative to delivered fuels. Northern's expectation of future growth is based on recent historical experience and consideration of the generally slow pace of development of renewable power generation and transmission, which would need to grow significantly if the wholesale electric power sector is going to be able to adequately serve added transportation and heating demands. While Northern's expectation is for continued growth in planning load, such growth is not required for the Empress Capacity to be cost effective and well utilized. As explained in the Empress Capacity in order to ensure resource adequacy. As explained in response to EXM 1-24, Northern has significant flexibility with other contracts that will come up for renewal during the term of the Empress contracts. Moreover, the Company believes that natural gas will remain a dispatchable fuel that could provide service to customers during power grid constraints, even if electrified heating grows during this time period.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. Confidential DR CLF-008.pdf

Close Print

Docket No. 23-087 Position Statement of Aram and Arif DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8 ATTACHMENT C mpuc-cms.maine.gov/CQM.Custom.WebUI/DataRequest/Print.aspx?ControlID=QR

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REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF PRECEDENT AGREEMENT PERTAINING TO NORTHERN UTILITIES, INC. D/B/A UNITIL INC. 2023-00254 RESPONSE TO EXM-001 BY NORTHERN UTILITIES, INC. D/B/A UNITIL INC

13-NOV-23

EXM-001-001

Q. Please explain how Northern selected the quantity of Dth proposed under the precedent agreement(s) given both the quantity available and Northern's supply needs.

A. Please see EXM-001-001 Confidential Attachment 1.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments

1. EXM-001-001 Confidential Attachment 1.pdf

2. EXM-001-001 Redacted Attachment 1.pdf

EXM-001-002

Q. Please explain how the pipelines can offer additional capacity without the need for construction.

A. PNGTS is able to offer additional capacity without construction due to capacity that was added by the WXP expansion but not certificated by FERC.

TCPL is able to offer additional capacity without construction for an interim period by entering into contracts with parties who hold capacity on the TCPL system. However, in order to provide long-term capacity TCPL will require additional construction, which is why the 2027 precedent agreement was required.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-003

Q. The PNGTS open season announcement states that it anticipated providing service at a reservation rate of at least \$0.77 per Dth per day for deliveries to Westbrook, Maine or at least \$0.82 per Dth per day for delivery to any point south of Westbrook, Maine. Please explain why Northern bid only at the price of \$0.82 per Dth per day. See Prefiled Testimony of Francis Wells at page 5

A. PNGTS offered service at a rate of \$0.77 per Dth for capacity that delivers as far south as Westbrook, ME at the meter that is the interconnect between PNGTS and Maritimes. In order to access its customers, Northern requires PNGTS capacity that delivers to the Joint Facilities south of the interconnect between PNGTS and MN to the interconnects between PNGTS and Granite at Westbrook, ME, South Berwick, ME, Eliot, ME and Newington, NH. Given this requirement, Northern bid on PNGTS capacity with a primary receipt point at Pittsburg, NH and a primary delivery point at Dracut, MA, which required a minimum bid price of \$0.82 per Dth per day.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-004

Q. Please explain the rate making process followed to set rates for both PNGTS and TCPL and whether the length of Northern's contract term impacts those calculations.

A. The PNGTS rate was set through a competitive Open Season bidding process, where potential shippers submitted bids for price and term and PNGTS evaluated bids based on net present value. The term that Northern bid impacted PNGTS' assessment of its bid. The PNGTS negotiated rate is fixed for the full term.

Table VI-6 explains that incremental facility costs are rolled into TCPL's system tolls, resulting in expansion customers paying system average rates, rather than incremental project rates. The term that Northern bid impacted TCPL's assessment of its bid. TCPL tolls are not differentiated by term of the agreement. The contract rate is subject to change over the term of the agreement as TCPL's system tolls change.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-005

Q. Please explain Northern's thoughts on the likelihood that tariffed rates would decrease for PNGTS over the 30 year life resulting in Northern paying higher rates because of the length of the contract than it would if it had signed a 15 year agreement.

A. Please see EXM-001-005 Confidential Attachment 1.

A. See attached;R

A. In its initial response, the Company inadvertently attached the wrong confidential and redacted responses. The correct responses are attached to this supplemental response.;R

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

- 1. EXM-001-001 Confidential Attachment 1.pdf
- 2. EXM-001-001 Redacted Attachment 1.pdf
- 3. EXM-001-005 Confidential Attachment 1.pdf
- 4. EXM-001-005 Redacted Attachment 1.pdf

Docket No. 23-087 Position Statement of Aram and Arif DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8 ATTACHMENT C mpuc-cms.maine.gov/CQM.Custom.WebUI/DataRequest/Print.aspx?ControlID=QR

13-NOV-23

EXM-001-006

Q. Please provide a summary of any of the ownership affiliations between the Empress Express parties.

A. TransCanada Pipelines Limited ("TCPL") is wholly owned by TC Energy Corporation and Portland Natural Gas Transmission System ("PNGTS") is 61.7 percent owned by TC Energy Corporation (https://www.tcenergy.com/operations/natural-gas/portland-natural-gas-transmissionsystem/#:~:text=The%20system%20began%20operations%20in,Northern%20New%20England%20Investment%20Company.)

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-007

Q. Referring to Attachment 6, the definitions include definitions for both AFUDC (definition c) and Monthly Carrying Costs (definition aa). Please explain why including both of these items in the project costs would not result in double recovery of interest and equity costs.

A. AFUDC applies to funds used during construction, while monthly carrying charges apply to Retained Equipment and Materials, resulting after construction has been cancelled. Therefore, there is not a double recovery of interest and equity costs.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-008

Q. Referring to page 9 of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, please explain what the statement in the second paragraph that states "Service requests would be evaluated in accordance with TransCanada's Transportation Access Procedures, which stipulate that service requests are prioritized based on the product of the demand toll in effect at the time of the open season and the term of the service request." and how it may have impacted the pricing of Northern's capacity request.

A. In order to determine winning bidders in its Open Season, TCPL multiplied 1) the term of each bid and 2) the current toll for the requested path. Bids were then ranked based on the product of 1) and 2).

The implication of this process is that TCPL's Open Season process favored bids with longer terms and bids on paths with higher tolls. For this reason, TCPL's evaluation of bids favors 30-year bids over 15-year bids and favors bids for Empress to East Hereford over bids for Parkway to East Hereford.

However, the price that Northern pays will ultimately be determined by the CER-approved tolls that will be in effect at the time of service. They will not be based on the tolls in effect at the time of the bids that were used solely for the purpose of evaluating bids.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-009

Q. Please explain the tools that Northern has to limit the cancellation costs that it and ratepayers may be exposed to if the TCPL PA is cancelled. For example, does it have the right to examine or review the costs incurred to ensure those costs were necessary?

A. The Precedent Agreement gives Northern the right to audit the supporting documentation related to the invoice for Northern's share of the costs associated with an event of cancellation.

Article 17 of the Precedent Agreement - "Audit Rights" states:

Provided Customer has paid to TCPL all amounts invoiced pursuant to this Precedent Agreement, no earlier than 30 days after TCPL has received a written request from Customer, Customer shall have the right, at its cost and expense, to examine TCPL's supporting documentation related to the particular invoice(s) to verify its accuracy. Each invoice may only be audited once. Customer's audit rights shall be granted during normal business hours. Customer's audit rights shall not include any right to break down the standard labour rates or overhead rates charged by TCPL. The total number of audits commenced in any calendar year shall not exceed one. Any audit request by Customer must be received by TCPL within a period of 2 years after the invoice in question was received. Prior to any audit, Customer and/or its auditors shall execute a confidentiality agreement, in form acceptable to TCPL, to protect the confidential nature of any information reviewed under the audit. Furthermore, Article 14 of the Precedent Agreement - "Effect of Event of Cancellation" states:

Subject to the other provisions of this Paragraph, TCPL shall use commercially reasonable efforts to minimize all costs, expenses and charges payable by Customer to TCPL pursuant to Paragraph 15 below, which shall include (i) efforts to minimize costs, expenses and charges committed to prior to TCPL receiving and accepting all of the TCPL Authorizations and (ii) efforts to sell, dispose or utilize in a prospective expansion within a reasonable time period, all property, equipment, materials or internal or third-party work product arising out of facilities contemplated on account of the Requested Service and the Other Requests (the construction of which has been cancelled); provided that such efforts shall be subject to TCPL's obligations with respect to the Requested Service, the In-Service Date, the Other Requests and the in-service date for the Other Requests.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-010

Q. Referring to Confidential Attachment 7, please explain the change in the last two columns of row 10 when compared to the previous columns.

A. TCPL has informed Northern that the last two columns were incorrect. CONFIDENTIAL EXM-001-010 Attachment 1 provides the revised schedule that should replace CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 7 to the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments

1. EXM-001-010 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL.pdf

2. EXM-001-010 Attachment 1 REDACTED.pdf

EXM-001-011

Q. Referring to page 31 of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, Table III-1, please explain why Granite Capacity is shown only as part of the Peaking Capacity Paths.

A. The Granite Capacity shown as Peaking Capacity Table III-1 reflects only the Granite capacity that is not used to effectuate deliveries of Pipeline and Storage Capacity. Granite capacity is currently utilized for the following Pipeline and Storage Capacity Paths.

Tennessee Zone 0 and Zone L Pools: 13,109 Dth Tennessee Niagara: 2,327 Dth Iroquois Receipts: 841 Dth Tennessee Firm Storage: 2,644 Dth Dawn Hub Storage: 59,793 Dth Total: 78,714 Dth

The total Granite capacity volume of 122,000 minus 78,714 Dth equals 43,286 Dth, which is the volume of Granite capacity that is reported under "Peaking Capacity" in Table III-1.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-012

Q. Referring to page 38 of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, Table IV-2, please explain the basis for the increase in the source utilization for 2027 - 2028. Specifically, please explain whether these are planned increases in the contracts or estimated increases in Northern's load.

A. There is no planned increase in the Empress Capacity over the term of the Empress Capacity Agreements.

Evaluated portfolio utilization both with and without the Empress Capacity is shown in Table IV-2. Empress Capacity utilization increases from 3,715,845 Dth in 2026-2027 to 3,939,128 in 2027-2028, an increase of 223,283. Overall projected design year demands increase from 17,460,364 Dth to 17,664,539 Dth, an increase of 204,175 Dth. So, the increase in Empress Capacity is due mostly to the increase projected demands. Some of this increase is due to reduced summer utilization of other resources, notably Tennessee FS-MA Storage Path due to lower projected Empress delivered commodity prices during that time.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-013

Q. Please provide the Excel worksheet (not pdf format) that supports Confidential Table VI-8 on page 55 of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment.

A. CONFIDENTIAL EXM-001-013 Attachment 1 provides the requested Excel worksheet.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

- 1. EXM-001-013 Attachment 1 (CONFIDENTIAL).xlsx
- 2. EXM-001-013 Attachment 1 (REDACTED).xlsx

EXM-001-014

Q. Referring to page 57 of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment - please either confirm that the reference to Attachment 10 was an error or correct the reference by providing Attachment 10

A. The reference to Attachment 10 is incorrect. Attachment 9 is the correct reference.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-015

Q. Please provide an update on the status of TCPL's efforts to secure the necessary commercial and operational agreements to provide service on April 1, 2024. This is a continuing request for periodic updates.

A. TCPL has made operational arrangements with one of its customers, Energir L.P., to create capacity to East Hereford from November 1, 2023 to October 31, 2027.

As a result of Energir's operational commitments, incremental capacity of up to 63,100 GJ/d to East Hereford is made available annually until facilities for the 2027 NCOS are completed.

All of the commercial and operational agreements to provide service on April 1, 2024 been acquired.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-016

Q. Please indicate whether Northern Utilities is the sole subscriber to TCPL's 2027 capacity expansion.

A. Northern Utilities is not the sole subscriber to TCPL's 2027 capacity expansion. Emera Energy and New England Green Gas were also awarded capacity in the open seasons on TCPL and PNGTS.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-017

Q. Did Northern consider structuring its bid as a shorter term with renewal rights? Please explain its considerations and why a longer term is preferable.

A. Northern elected to structure its bid with a 30-year term in order to increase the likelihood that it would be successful in the open season. As explained in EXM-001-005, bidding a shorter term with renewal rights would have increased the likelihood that Northern would not be awarded any capacity through the Open Season process.

Northern believes that the Empress Capacity will provide benefits to customers over the term of the agreement. Please refer to responses to EXM-001-023 and EXM-001-024.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-018

Q. Has Northern considered initiating service-related demand side peak reduction alternatives, such as service terms that would allow Northern to interrupt service to large users during cold weather events or other approaches? Please explain.

A. Northern previously had interruptible customers. These customers switched to firm service, indicating a lack of market interest in such a peak reduction alternative.

Similarly, Capacity-Exempt Delivery Service is available to new service locations and eligible customers that elected capacity-exempt service in the Capacity-Exempt Open Season that was required as part of Northern's compliance with 2014-00132, the Delivery Service Terms and Conditions proceeding that established the current capacity assignment program. Northern does not require additional capacity for these Capacity Exempt customer loads. Presumably, customers that had the ability and willingness to curtail gas usage during cold weather events would find Capacity-Exempt service attractive. However, capacity exempt customers have been switching to sales service in recent years and new service locations have not elected capacity exempt service.

For this reason, Northern has not considered demand service peak reduction programs as a potential peaking solution.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-019

Q. Please explain why Northern selected the Empress Alberta receipt point rather than the Parkway Ontario receipt point and whether these paths would have a substantial cost difference.

A. Northern values the importance of diversification of supply points within its portfolio, and does not have access to Western Canadian supply with any of its other capacity paths.

The evaluated price of the supply at Empress is lower than supply sourced from Parkway Ontario.

Also, as explained in response to EXM 1-8, a bid from Parkway to East Hereford would have had a lower probability of award from TCPL due to its lower toll than the toll from Empress to East Hereford.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments

13-NOV-23

EXM-001-020

Q. Is pipeline project cancellation insurance an option for Northern?

A. Northern outlines its current understanding, strategies, timing and potential effects relative to cancellation and pre-service exposure in the direct testimony of Francis X. Wells at pages 9 and 10. Beyond the discussion contained therein, Northern is currently unaware of any other viable steps to protect against this exposure. Northern will continue to manage its exposure under the agreements as new information becomes available and as new strategies are identified, if any.

Consistent with Northern's response to a similar question in Docket 2019-00101, Northern has not sought to price insurance to cover the exposure. Northern continues to believe that insurance companies are not likely to be familiar with the particular risks presented by precedent agreements and therefore would be likely to assign a relatively high level of risk. Northern believes the most likely outcome is that the projects will go into service and Northern will face no charges related to project cancellation.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-021

Q. Please provide a comparison of what the cost incurred for the peaking supply purchased for the November 1, 2022, to October 31, 2023, year was to the total cost for supply under the Empress Capacity agreements if it had been available for the entire period.

A. Under the hypothetical scenario that Northern had access to the Empress Capacity during the 2022-2023 gas year as stipulated in this request, Northern would not have limited its utilization as a replacement for peaking supply. Rather, Northern would have fully-utilized the resource in both Winter and Summer periods to the extent it would have benefited customers to do so. Therefore, the unit cost data presented in this response ignores other critical hypothetical opportunities that Empress capacity might have saved Northern in commodity cost for non-peaking supply purposes. However, Northern provides the following response.

Northern had two off-system peaking supply contracts for the 2022-2023 gas year.

Peaking Contract 1 was the final year of a four-year peaking supply contract. The total unit cost of this contract, inclusive of both demand and commodity charges, is provided in CONFIDENTIAL EXM-001-021 Attachment 1 on cell D15 of the worksheet labelled, "EXM 001-021 Attachment 1." The worksheets, labelled, "2022-11 Peaking 1" through "2023-03 Peaking 1" provide supporting calculations for the actual commodity charges pursuant to this agreement.

Peaking Contract 2 was a short-term peaking supply contract from November 2022 through March 2023. The total unit cost of this contract, which included only commodity charges, is in CONFIDENTIAL EXM-001-021 Attachment 1 on cell E15 of the worksheet labelled, "EXM 001-021 Attachment 1." The worksheets, labelled, "2022-11 Peaking 2" through "2023-03 Peaking 2" provide supporting calculations for the actual commodity charges pursuant to this agreement.

For the purpose of comparing Empress Capacity and associated supply costs to Peaking Contract 1 & 2, I assumed that the Empress Capacity would only be filled on days that the actual peaking contracts were utilized. These calculations are provided in the worksheet labelled, "Daily Volumes." The Hypothetical Empress Capacity Utilization was subtotaled by month. Commodity prices were the average daily price paid for Empress supply each month plus estimated fuel and transportation charges and added to the estimated demand charges. The total unit cost of this hypothetical option, inclusive of both demand and commodity charges, is in CONFIDENTIAL EXM-001-021 Attachment 1 on cell N15 of the worksheet labelled, "EXM 001-021 Attachment 1."

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments
1. EXM-001-021 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL.xlsx

EXM-001-022

Q. Please provide Northern's actual peak load during both the winter (peak) and summer (off-peak) periods for the last five years.

A. EXM-001-022 provides the requested data. ME, NH, and Northern System Load data reflects winter and summer peak loads for the entire system, inclusive of Sales Service, Capacity Assigned Delivery Service and Capacity Exempt Delivery Service loads. ME, NH, and Northern Planning Load reflects winter and summer peak loads for Planning Load customers only, which includes Sales Service and Capacity-Assigned Delivery Service customers. Please note that Planning Load data for the 2023 Summer Period will be available after the October 2023 cashout and imbalance charges have been processed.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. EXM-001-022 Attachment 1.xlsx

EXM-001-023

Q. Regarding Section II(D) of the Resource Assessment: Please explain generally how Northern plans to manage its natural gas operations to meet Unitil's carbon and greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals, as well as Maine's policy goals.

A. Unitil is committed to reducing company-wide direct greenhouse gas emissions, including fugitive emissions, by 50% by 2030, and to achieving net zero emissions by 2050. Unitil's most recent Sustainability Report, which was issued in late October, can be accessed at https://unitil.com/reports/2023-Sustainability-Report/5/. To meet Unitil's greenhouse gas reduction targets, Northern plans complete its leak-prone pipe replacement program, increase the use and efficiency of methane recapture technology, and pilot advanced leak detection and repair technology, while continually assessing emissions factors and calculations to most accurately represent fugitive gas emissions.

Northern believes that Unitil's emissions reduction goals are consistent with those of the State of Maine as set forth in 38 MRSA ?576-A, and that the Company will manage its natural gas operations in a way that supports and contributes to the achievement of the State's policy goals. Maine's goals to decarbonize should include natural gas commodity and natural gas infrastructure as part of its portfolio in order to meet emissions reduction goals. Though the need for the Empress Capacity is not predicated upon a projected increase in customers, Northern believes that, due in part to Maine's heavy reliance on delivered fuels, there is a unique opportunity to convert many of those users to natural gas, contributing to emissions reductions in both greenhouse gas and air quality criteria pollutants in the State while being mindful of the need for affordability, equity of service, and reliability among customers. Additionally, the Company believes that the natural gas distribution system and infrastructure will continue to play a role in decarbonization as further innovation takes place and emerging technology becomes viable and affordable, including example such as renewable natural gas, gas-powered heat pumps, and hydrogen.

The Company also believes that natural gas provides customers with a wide variety of benefits as they meet their energy needs. These benefits specifically include affordability and reliability. Customers are looking for affordable sources of energy and natural gas is less costly relative to other types of fuels. It is especially important to consider affordability when looking at the energy needs of low-income and moderate-income customers. Coupled with affordability, natural gas remains a reliable commodity with its delivery system, particularly in a cold-weather climate, like Maine, that can experience severe weather events. It is paramount that when considering how Northern can contribute to meeting our own carbon and greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals, as well as those of the state of Maine, that affordability, reliability, and safe service remain the key objectives

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

EXM-001-024

Q. Please explain how Northern's resource portfolio, including its proposed acquisition of Empress pipeline capacity, will offer flexibility and optionality "as the natural gas market landscape continues to evolve to address state and regional climate goals and policies, and customer preferences." Resource Assessment at 30. Does the length of the proposed Empress Agreement work against those goals or present a greater risk to the Company and its ratepayers?

A. As explained in Northern's response to Data Request EXM-001-023, the Company believes that natural gas provides customers with a wide variety of benefits as they meet their energy needs, including affordability and reliability of service, the ability to contribute to the decarbonization goals of both the Company and the state, and future benefits in utilizing the gas system with innovative technologies. The Company believes that these benefits therefore also apply in our proposed acquisition of Empress pipeline capacity.

Northern's proposed acquisition of Empress pipeline capacity is intended to enhance reliability and affordability in covering demand requirements on its system for the foreseeable future. As explained in the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, Northern requires additional gas supply resources beyond the Empress Capacity in order to ensure reliability and affordability of service to customers. EXM 001-0024 Attachment 2 is a memo issued jointly by FERC and NERC highlighting the importance of reliability and affordability and the importance of infrastructure in providing reliable and affordable service to customers in New England.

Northern recognizes the need for flexibility and optionality within its portfolio to respond to potential reductions in demand in the future, and has identified the ability to not renew other contracts in the portfolio in the future to be a lever upon which the Company may rely to right size the portfolio as customer demands potentially decline in future years. This approach allows the Company to reliably serve customers in a least cost manner while maintaining sufficient flexibility to respond to potential changes in demand as state and regional climate goals, policies, and customer preferences evolve.

Northern's portfolio provides a diversity of termination dates. Northern has either a renewal right or right of first refusal on its portfolio of pipeline capacity contracts, assuring that it has the right, but not the obligation, to extend its pipeline capacity contracts. Hypothetically, to the extent that natural gas demand on Northern's system declines during the term of the Empress Capacity Agreements for any reason to the point where the portfolio contains excess resources, Northern's resource portfolio provides flexibility and optionality to reduce pipeline capacity resources best match planning load requirements. The Company believes that this is an unlikely outcome given that the Company's portfolio, even with the addition of the Empress Capacity, does not fully meet forecasted demand. Regardless, this ability provides Northern an important tool to manage risks associated with potential future changes in the demand for natural gas.

EXM-001-024 Attachment 1 provides an overview of the volume and term of the current contractual commitments in Northern's portfolio. On the EXM-001-024 Att 1 Chart worksheet, the maximum delivery quantity in terms of Dth per Day is shown on the y-axis and the length of Northern's contractual commitment on the x-axis for each Capacity Path in Northern's portfolio, including the proposed Empress Capacity. This data is presented in tabular format on the EXM-001-024 Att 1 Data worksheet. In some cases, contracts within a capacity path do not terminate on the same date. In these instances, the latest contract termination date was used. Extension beyond these dates would require Northern's agreement to renew or extend contracts. For reference, EXM-001-024 Attachment 1 also provides the contract detail for each capacity path in Northern's portfolio, including the earliest possible termination dates on a contract level.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. EXM-001-024 Attachment 1.xlsx 2. EXM-001-024 Attachment 2.pdf Close Print

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REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF PRECEDENT AGREEMENT PERTAINING TO NORTHERN UTILITIES, INC. D/B/A UNITIL INC. 2023-00254 RESPONSE TO ODR-001 BY NORTHERN UTILITIES, INC. D/B/A UNITIL INC

22-NOV-23

ODR-001-001

Q. At the time the company did its resource options analysis, did the company know that - due to the Project Maple projected in-service date - it was not an option for the Company in 2024? When would the Project Maple capacity be available if it were on the Northern System?

A. At the time that Northern did its resource options analysis, the Company did not know that capacity through the Weymouth Compressor Station on Algonquin was fully subscribed meaning that Project Maple was not an option for Northern. In order for that project to be a viable option for Northern, deliveries through Weymouth to the interconnect with Algonquin and Maritimes at Beverly/Salem, MA would be necessary.

The Project Maple Open Season is provided as ODR-001-001 Attachment 1. The Project Service section of the Project Maple Open Season states that Project Maple "will offer delivery to existing meters on the Algonquin mainline and/or lateral systems." At the time the resource analysis was completed, Northern understood this to include the interconnect between Algonquin and Maritimes as being included as it is an existing meter on Algonquin's system.

The Open Season section of the Project Maple Open Season states, "Algonquin anticipates that Project Maple will have a target in-service date as early as November 2029", therefore the Company was aware of the targeted in-service date of November 2029.

A. Please see Attachment 1.;R

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. ODR-001-001 Attachment 1.pdf

ODR-001-002

Q. Please provide the complete discovery responses from the parallel proceeding in New Hampshire, DG 23-087; this is a continuing request

A. Please see the attached discovery responses submitted in DG 23-087. Please note, the Company's response to DOE 1-2 comprised discovery submitted in this docket, and as such has not been provided as an attachment.

Author of Response: Patrick H. Taylor

Witness Responsible For Response: Patrick H. Taylor

- 1. DG 23-087 DOE Set 1 Non-Confidential.zip
- 2. DG 23-087 DOE 1-01 Attachment 1 (PUBLIC).zip
- 3. DG 23-087 DOE 1-01 Attachement 2 (CONFIDENTIAL).zip
- 4. DG 23-087 DOE 1-07 CONFIDENTIAL.pdf
- 5. DG 23-087 DOE 1-08 CONFIDENTIAL.pdf
- 6. DG 23-087 DOE 1-24 CONFIDENTIAL.pdf
- 7. DG 23-087 DOE TS Set 1 Non-Confidential.zip
- 8. DG 23-087 DOE TS 1-06 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL.xlsx

ODR-001-003

Q. Please provide a data dictionary for the design year and normal year planning regression models, with explanations of abbreviations and units for all columns in the attachments to CLF-001-002

A. For CLF-001-002 Attachments the abbreviations and units are below:

Res_CUST - Residential class customer count, this is recorded as an average of the active meters over the course of each calendar month.

LLF_CUST - Low Load Factor class customer count, this is recorded as an average of the active meters over the course of each calendar month.

HLF_CUST - High Load Factor class customer count, this is recorded as an average of the active meters over the course of each calendar month.

Total Customers - Summation of Res_CUST, LLF_CUST, and HLF_CUST.

Res - WN THERMS - Residential class weather normalized therm totals.

LLF - WN THERMS - Low Load Factor class weather normalized therm totals.

HLF - WN THERMS - High Load Factor class weather normalized therm totals.

Res_UPC - WN UPC - Weather normalized Residential class Use Per Customer, this is the ratio of Res - WN

THERMS to Res_Cust, resulting in units of Therms?Customer.

LLF_UPC - WN UPC - Weather normalized Low Load Factor class Use Per Customer, this is the ratio of LLF - WN THERMS to LLF Cust, resulting in units of Therms?Customer.

HLF_UPC - WN UPC - Weather normalized High Load Factor class Use Per Customer, this is the ratio of HLF - WN THERMS to HLF Cust, resulting in units of Therms?Customer.

CE_CUST - Capacity Exempt class customer count, this is recorded as an average of the active meters over the course of each calendar month.

CE_DEMAND - Capacity Exempt class therm totals.

WN CE DEMAND - Weather normalized Capacity Exempt class therm totals.

CE_UPC - Capacity Exempt class Use Per Customer is the ratio of CE_DEMAND to CE_CUST resulting in units of Therms?Customer.

CE_PERCENT - The Capacity Exempt class ratio in percentage of WN_CE_DEMAND to the sum of LLF - WN THERMS and HLF_WN Therms. More simply put, the ratio of Capacity Exempt demand to Commercial and Industrial customer demand.

Planning Load Demand - Total load excluding capacity exempt demand.

WN Planning Load Demand - Weather normalized total load excluding weather normalized capacity exempt demand.

Trend - Linear count used for regression analysis.

Log_Trend - Logarithmic count used for regression analysis.

BC EDD - Billing Cycle Effective Degree Day total.

BC_EDD_DES - Billing Cycle Effective Degree Day total for given design weather. (e.g. 15, 20, or 30 year weather normal)

BC_EDD_DIFF - Billing Cycle Effective Degree Day difference between BC_EDD_DES and BC_EDD.

CAL_EDD - Calendar month effective degree day total.

CAL_EDD_DES - Calendar month Effective Degree Day total for given design weather. (e.g. 15, 20, or 30 year weather normal)

CAL_EDD_DIFF - Calendar month Effective Degree Day difference between CAL_EDD_DES and CAL_EDD. The Months Jan thru Dec are binary operators used in regression analyses.

The months BC_Jan through BC_Dec are similarly the binary operators of Jan thru Dec multiplied by the BC EDD column.

For the independent variables below the data was representative of Portland-South Portland Metropolitan area and Rockingham-Strafford Counties for Northern Maine and New Hampshire respectively. All independent variable data gathered from Moody's Analytics.

POP - Population total in thousands.

3/12

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HH - Households in thousands. IND PROD - Industrial Production with a baseline of 100 in 2017.

GMP - Gross Metropolitan Product in billions of U.S. dollars.

INC HH - Average Household Income in U.S. dollars.

EMP MAN - Employment in Manufacturing in thousands.

EMP NON AGR - Employment in Non Agriculture in thousands.

EMP PRIV - Employment in Private Service Providing in thousands.

RET SAL - Retail Sales in billions of U.S. dollars.

UNEMP - Unemployment rate as a percentage.

EMP TTU - Employment in Trade; Transportation and Utilities in thousands.

LABOR_FORCE - Civilian Labor Force in thousands.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

ODR-001-004

Q. Please provide the specifications of the individual regression models referenced in the attachments to CLF-001-002, indicating the variables used in each model.

A. Please see ODR-001-004 Attachment 1 and ODR-001-004 Attachment 2 which represent the regression models and statistical analyses for Northern Maine and Northern New Hampshire, respectively.

A. Please see Attachments 1 and 2;R

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. ODR-001-004 Attachment 1.pdf 2. ODR-001-004 Attachment 2.pdf

ODR-001-005

Q. Please provide for the Maine design year and normal year models presented in Attachments 1 and 3 of CLF-001-002, a comparison of the actual 2023 year-to-date values with the forecasts.

A. Please see the attached response.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. ODR-001-005.pdf

ODR-001-006

Q. In response to CLF 001-002, Northern states that it has not attempted to model customer demand based on energy and environmental changes. Please explain whether existing energy and environmental policies are included in the modeling..

A. Northern's regression analysis is primarily dependent on historical data to determine which economic, demographic, weather, season, month, or other independent variables correlate appropriately with the changes in customer demand. If any of these independent variables are being directly or indirectly affected by energy or environmental policies, then those historical values will carry that change into the regression analysis.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

ODR-001-007

Q. In response to CLF 001-008, Northern states: " Moreover, the Company believes that natural gas will remain a dispatchable fuel that could provide service to customers during power grid constraints, even if electrified heating grows during this time period". Does the Company believe that customers serviced by electrified heating will be connected to gas systems?

A. Northern believes that natural gas provides, and will continue to provide, safe, reliable, and affordable energy to customers. The Company also believes that customers should have the ability to choose the fuel source that best meets their needs. Customers that have electrified heating may desire to use natural gas for other purposes or may desire to use natural gas as a fuel source when electrified heating is not as efficient or cost-effective as natural gas heating.

Please also see the Company's response to EXM-001-023.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

ODR-001-008

Q. In response to EXM 001-023, Northern states: "the Company will manage its natural gas operations in a way that supports and contributes to the achievement of the State's policy goals." Has Northern conducted modeling of emissions reduction to support and continue the achievement of the targets? If so, please provide it in Excel if available.

A. No, the Company has not conducted modeling of emissions reduction. However, the Company has set a company-wide target and completes an annual greenhouse gas emissions inventory to track progress towards the goal.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

ODR-001-009

Q. Follow-up to EXM-001-10: Please confirm that all columns in EXM 001-010 Attachment 1 are correct even if they are different from Confidential Attachment 7 in the original filing documents and provide it as an Excel file.

A. TransCanada has confirmed that all the data provided in EXM 001-010 Attachment 1 are correct. This schedule should be used instead of Attachment 7.

CONFIDENTIAL ODR-001-009 Attachment 1 provides this data in Excel format.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. ODR-001-009 Attachment 1 (CONFIDENTIAL).xlsx 2. ODR-001-009 Attachment 1 (REDACTED).xlsx

ODR-001-010

Q. Follow-up to EXM-001-021: Please provide the same response but showing the results if Northern had used the Empress resource throughout the year (both Winter and Summer periods) to the extent it would have benefited customers to do so, instead of just replacing the peaking supplies with the resource.

A. CONFIDENTIAL ODR-001-010 Attachment 1 provides a comparison of actual 2022-2023 Off-System Peaking Contract Costs compared to estimated costs of the Empress capacity resource, based on 2022-2023 Empress commodity prices and a reasonable estimate of Empress utilization for the 2022-2023 annual period.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. ODR-001-010 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL.xlsx Close Print

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REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF PRECEDENT AGREEMENT PERTAINING TO NORTHERN UTILITIES, INC. D/B/A UNITIL INC. 2023-00254 RESPONSE TO OPA-002 BY NORTHERN UTILITIES, INC. D/B/A UNITIL INC

13-NOV-23

OPA-002-001

Q. Does Northern see a significant risk that Saint John LNG will cease operations before Repsol's firm transportation contract with Maritimes & Northeast expires in 2034? If so, please explain the reasons for Northern's concern.

A. Northern believes there is uncertainty as to the future availability of the Saint John LNG facility as well as the Everett Marine Terminal, which is supported by the transcript from the FERC 2023 New England Winter Gas-Electric Forum which is attached hereto as OPA-001-001 Attachment 1 and Repsol's comments post FERC Forum, OPA-001-001 Attachment 2, and Unitil's comments to the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities related to the impact of the potential loss of the Everett Marine Terminal, which is attached as OPA-001-001 Attachment 3.

A. See attached;R

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

- 1. OPA-001-001 Attachment 1.pdf
- 2. OPA-001-001 Attachment 2.pdf
- 3. OPA-001-001 Attachment 3.pdf

OPA-002-002

Q. The TCPL New Capacity Open Season offered both Empress and Parkway receipt points. Did Northern compare the proposed Empress capacity to the option of contracting with TCPL from Parkway and buying gas at Parkway, or contracting with TCPL from Parkway and Enbridge from Dawn and buying gas at Dawn? If so, please explain the assumptions Northern used for its analysis and provide the results.

A. As noted in EXM 001-008, in order to determine winning bidders in its Open Season, TCPL multiplied 1) the term of each bid and 2) the current toll for the requested path. Bids were then ranked based on the product of 1) and 2).

The implication of this process is that TCPL's Open Season process favored bids with longer terms and bids on paths with higher tolls. For this reason, TCPL's evaluation of bids favors 30-year bids over 15-year bids and favors bids for Empress to East Hereford over bids for Parkway to East Hereford. A bid at Parkway would have had to be 75 years long to be comparable to the 30-year bid at Empress.

Additionally, Northern values supply diversity and the ability to access liquid supply points when making portfolio planning decisions. Currently, Northern's portfolio does not have receipts in Western Canada and has a significant amount of Dawn receipts. Due to the low cost of supply that can be accessed at Empress, the liquidity at that point, and the opportunity to add Empress as a new supply point, Northern identified Empress as a positive addition to its capacity portfolio.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-003

Q. How did exchange rate risk factor into Northern's decision to contract for TCPL FT service from Empress for an initial term of 30 years?

A. The January 2017 through February 2023 average daily exchange rate, posted by the Bank of Canada, was assumed in Northern's decision process, which is equal to 1.304 USD per CAD. This was also used in Northern's IRP filing. As of November 7, 2023, the current exchange rate more favorable than this average, which is equal to 1.376 USD per CAD. This assured that the results in Northern's analysis were based on a broader set of exchange rate data, rather than on a single point in time.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-004

Q. Did Northern consider contracting for TCPL capacity from Empress when the Company signed up for the PNGTS WXP expansion? If so, please explain why Northern chose to contract with TCPL from Parkway instead of Empress at that time.

A. Circumstances have changed since Northern contracted for the PNGTS WXP expansion. The capacity offered in this Open Season was limited to 63,100 GJ, whereas there were no such limitations articulated at the time of TCPL's New Capacity Open Season issued in conjunction with PNGTS' WXP Open Season and for that reason the Company did not consider bidding on Empress receipts.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-005

Q. The open season documents for the Algonquin Project Maples expansion include an illustrative rate of \$2.75 Dth/day for service from Ramapo to the "head of the G and J system and in path meters". Did Northern confirm with Algonquin that a transportation path from Ramapo to Beverly/Salem is offered under the Project Maple expansion? If so, what is the illustrative rate?

A. As part of Algonquin's Project Maple Expansion, there was no capacity offering for a path that delivers from Ramapo to the Beverly/Salem interconnect with Maritimes & Northeast, because capacity through the Weymouth Compressor Station is fully subscribed.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-006

Q. What is Northern's current understanding of Algonquin's planned in-service date for new service from Ramapo (not Salem) under the Project Maple expansion?

A. As stated in OPA-001-005, as part of Algonquin's Project Maple Expansion, there was no capacity offering for a path that delivers from Ramapo to the Beverly/Salem interconnect with Maritimes & Northeast, because capacity through the Weymouth Compressor Station is fully subscribed.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-007

Q. What information sources did Northern consult to develop the Company's long-term outlook for gas prices at Empress?

A. Northern added the settlement prices for the AB-NIT basis future, the fixed price spread between AB-NIT and Empress, as was posted by the Intercontinental Exchange ("ICE"), and the projected NYMEX last day settlement price posted on June 1, 2023.

Pages 19 and 20 of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment also provides information on the supply outlook for the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin, which is the source of supply for Empress.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-008

Q. How does Northern expect that LNG exports from the West Coast of Canada will affect natural gas prices at Empress?

A. Northern has not analyzed the impact of LNG exports from the West Coast of Canada on Empress natural gas prices. Northern's forecast of Empress supply prices is based on publicly available basis prices, which presumably, would reflect the market's current expectations based on all available information on future pricing.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-009

Q. What new pipeline facilities would need to be constructed (by TCPL or others) for TCPL to provide 13,600 GJ/day of Empress-to-East Hereford FT service for Northern beginning in 2027?

A. CONFIDENTIAL OPA-001-009 Attachment 1 provides the requested information.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments 1. OPA-001-009 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL.pdf

OPA-002-010

Q. Does TCPL currently have available capacity on the Western Mainline to provide 13,600 GJ/day of FT service from Empress to North Bay Junction?

A. The capacity contracted to East Hereford in the TCPL Open Season, including Northern's contracted quantity of 13,600 GJ/d, is facilitated by existing capacity on TCPL's western mainline system from Empress to North Bay Junction, along with the addition of new facilities on the TQM system which connects to the East Hereford delivery point. The TCPL Mainline is now fully contracted, and there is no remaining capacity available between Empress and North Bay Junction at this time.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-011

Q. At the time of the 2027 New Capacity Open Season, did Northern have reason to expect that the Company would not have been awarded 13,600 GJ/day of FT service from Empress or Parkway if the Company requested an initial term of 15 years? If the answer is yes, please explain.

A. The responses to Data Request OPA-001-004, EXM-001-005 and EXM-001-008 provide the requested information.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-012

Q. For each of the redactions that Northern made to Tables VI-1, VI-2, VI-3, VI-4, VI-5, VI-6, and VI-7, please explain why the Company believes that the redaction is necessary to protect commercially-sensitive non-public information.

A. In general, Northern considers its conclusions regarding qualitative and quantitative assessments to be commercially sensitive with the potential to either affect bids received in future RFPs or impact Northern's bargaining position in the context of potential contract negotiations.

Public disclosure of Northern's assessment of Empress Capacity could impact offers received in future requests for proposals.

Public disclosure of Northern's assessment of Off-System Peaking Contracts could impact bids received in Off-System Peaking RFPs.

Public disclosure of Northern's assessment of Project Maple could impact bids received on Northern's procurement of supply for its Atlantic Bridge Capacity or impact potential precedent agreement negotiations with Enbridge now or in the future.

Northern has been in discussions with a potential developer of a New LNG Facility, as discussed in the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment. Northern considers these discussions to be confidential and public disclosure could impact potential precedent agreement negotiations.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

OPA-002-013

Q. See Confidential Data Request Attached.

A. Please see OPA-001-013 Confidential Attachment 1

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

- 1. 2023-11-08_Confidential OPA-002-013 Data Request_PO 2_2023-00254.pdf
- 2. OPA-001-013 Confidential Attachment 1.pdf
- 3. OPA-001-013 Redacted Attachment 1.pdf

OPA-002-014

Q. See Confidential Data Request Attached.

A. CONFIDENTIAL OPA-001-014 Attachment 1 provides the requested data.

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments

- 1. 2023-11-08_Confidential OPA-002-014 Data Request_PO 2_2023-00254.pdf
- 2. OPA-001-014 Attachment 1 CONFIDENTIAL.xlsx

3. OPA-001-014 Attachment 1 REDACTED.xlsx

OPA-002-015

Q. See Confidential Data Request Attached.

A. Please see OPA-001-015 Confidential Attachment 1

Author of Response: Francis X. Wells

Witness Responsible For Response: Francis X. Wells

List of Attachments

1. 2023-11-08_Confidential OPA-002-015 Data Request_PO 2_2023-00254.pdf

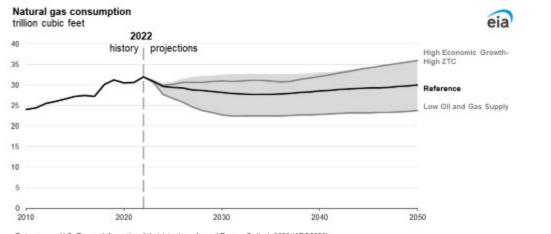
2. OPA-001-015 - Confidential Attachment 1.pdf

3. OPA-001-015 -REDACTED Attachment 1.pdf

Close Print

2023-00254 CLF 001-001 ATTACHMENT 1 Page 1 of 1

Figure 14



Data source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2023 (AEO2023) Note: Shaded regions represent maximum and minimum values for each projection year across the AEO2023 Reference case and side cases.ZTC=Zero-Carbon Technology Cost.

eia

17

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

CLF-001-005 Attachment 1 Page 1 of 1

Projected Normal Year Empress Utilization

| Gas Year | City-Gate Volumes (Dth) | Maximum City-Gate Volumes (Dth) | Capacity Factor (City-Gate / Maximum Volumes) |
|-----------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 2023-2024 | 2,539,419 | 2,665,638 | 95% |
| 2024-2025 | 3,562,052 | 4,546,531 | 78% |
| 2025-2026 | 3,179,605 | 4,546,531 | 70% |
| 2026-2027 | 3,214,334 | 4,546,531 | 71% |
| 2027-2028 | 3,381,926 | 4,558,988 | 74% |

Docket No. 23-087 Position Statement of Aram and Arif ATTACHMENT C

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

REDACTED

CLF-001-006 Attachment 1 Page 1 of 1



REDACTED

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission

Northern Utilities, Inc.

Docket No. 2023-00254

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Request for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements Conservation Law Foundation's Data Requests – Set 1 Issue Date: November 7, 2023

Data Request CLF-001-006:

Please describe Northern's expectations with regard to asset management revenue. For instance, what percentage of demand costs does Northern expect to be able to offset with asset management revenue? What about other transportation costs and gas supply costs?

CONFIDENTIAL Response:

Asset Management is a form of supply agreement whereby 1) Northern releases capacity to the Asset Manager and 2) the Asset Manager sells delivered supply to Northern using this capacity. In return for the opportunity to optimize any capacity not nominated by Northern, the Asset Manager pays Northern a fixed asset management fee, typically paid in monthly installments during the term of the agreement. In other words, asset management revenue represents the value of this residual capacity.

Northern's asset management agreements pertain only to capacity available to Northern to serve its Sales Service customers after it has allocated capacity to retail marketers serving Capacity-Assigned Delivery Service customers. The utilization analysis provided in this proceeding relates to Planning Load, inclusive of both Sales Service and Delivery Service customer loads, so it is important to understand that any projections of Asset Management revenue relative to Planning Load require some extrapolation as Northern's historic Asset Management revenue pertains to capacity that is allocated to Sales Service customers only.



DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

REDACTED

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission

Northern Utilities, Inc.

Docket No. 2023-00254

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Request for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements Conservation Law Foundation's Data Requests – Set 1 Issue Date: November 7, 2023



CONFIDENTIAL Attachment 9 to the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment provides an analysis of the impact of adding Empress Capacity to portfolio costs under design and normal weather conditions, which includes the impact of changes in portfolio transportations and gas supply costs. Addition of Empress Capacity has no impact on the transportation costs associated with other resources.

Date: November 15, 2023

Person Responsible: Francis X. Wells

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Confidential

Northern Utilities, Inc.

Docket No. 2023-00254

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Request for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements Conservation Law Foundation's Data Requests – Set 1 Issue Date: November 7, 2023

Data Request CLF-001-007:

Please describe the daily flexibility of the Empress Capacity Path.

CONFIDENTIAL Response:

Date: November 14, 2023

Person Responsible: Francis X. Wells

Northern Utilities, Inc. DG 23-087 Petition for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements NH Department of Energy Data Requests - Set 1

| Date Request Received: 11/07/23 | Date of Supplemental Response: 11/28/2023 |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Request No. DOE 1-02 | Witness: Patrick Taylor (Counsel) |

Request:

Please provide copies of all data request (i.e., interrogatory) responses the Company has or will file in the parallel Maine docket, Case Number 2023-00254.

Response:

The Company has provided all responses to EXM Set 1, CLF Set 1, and OPA Set 2, with attachments, submitted in Maine Public Utilities Commission Docket 2023-00254. Please note, OPA Set 1 was deleted and resubmitted as OPA Set 2; there is no Set 1.

Included with the responses are certain Confidential responses and attachments that are subject to Protective Orders issued in Docket 2023-00254. The Company has a good faith basis for seeking confidential treatment of these documents pursuant to Puc 203.08 and intends to submit a motion for confidential treatment regarding these documents at or before the commencement of the hearing in these proceedings.

Supplemental Response (11.28.23):

The Company has provided all responses to ODR (Oral Data Request) Set 1, submitted in Maine PUC Docket 2023-00254 on November 28, 2023. The Company has <u>not</u> provided the attachments to ODR 1-2, which requested all discovery submitted in DG 23-087.

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission

Northern Utilities, Inc.

Docket No. 2023-00254

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Examiner's Data Requests – Set 1 Issue Date: November 6, 2023

Data Request EXM-001-001:

Please explain how Northern selected the quantity of Dth proposed under the precedent agreement(s) given both the quantity available and Northern's supply needs.

REDACTED Response:

[BEGIN REDACTED]

Date: November 13, 2023 Person Responsible: Francis X. Wells

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission

Northern Utilities, Inc.

Docket No. 2023-00254

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Examiner's Data Requests – Set 1 Issue Date: November 6, 2023

Data Request EXM-001-005:

Please explain Northern's thoughts on the likelihood that tariffed rates would decrease for PNGTS over the 30 year life resulting in Northern paying higher rates because of the length of the contract than it would if it had signed a 15 year agreement.

CONFIDENTIAL Response:

As discussed in Section I.C.2 of the Empress Capacity Resource Assessment, PNGTS' Open Season stipulated that 15 years was the <u>minimum</u> term that would be considered. However, it also stated that bids would be evaluated on the basis of net present value. A 15-year bid would have a lower net present value than a 30-year bid. Bidding a 15-year term rather than a 30-year term would have increased the likelihood that Northern would not be awarded any capacity through the Open Season process. It is important to note that bidders, including Northern, did not have insight into what term and price that would be offered by other bidders. [BEGIN REDACTED]

[END REDACTED].

While it is certainly possible that PNGTS' tariff rate may decrease over the term of the PNGTS FT Contract, in Northern's view, bidding the minimum 15-year term was not an option that would have been likely to result in a successful award of capacity.

Date: November 13, 2023

Person Responsible: Francis X. Wells



Estimate of Shared Facilities Costs (\$) for 2027 Eastern System Expansion (Confidential) November 14, 2023

The following is an estimate provided for information purposes only and on a without prejudice basis. Shipper is liable for the actual amount payable as calculated pursuant to the terms of the Precedent Agreement.

Northern Utilities, Inc. - 13,600 GJ/d, Empress to East Hereford from Apr. 1, 2024 to Mar. 31, 2054 (Estimated Exposure Profile for Required Facilities)

Docket No. 23-087 Position Statement of Aram and Arif ATTACHMENT C

EXM-001-010 Attachment 1 Page 1 of 1



Docket No. 23-087 Position Statement of Aram and Arif ATTACHMENT C Northern Utilities, Inc. Docket No. 2023-00254 EXM 001-024 Attachment 1 Page 1 of 2



Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Office of the Chairman



November 6, 2023

Comments of Chairman Willie L. Phillips and NERC CEO James B. Robb

We remain concerned about the potential loss of the Everett Marine Terminal (Everett) in New England and the consequences that it might have for the reliability and affordability of the region's energy supplies.

At the September 2023 Open Meeting, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (Commission) and North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) staff presented preliminary findings and recommendations regarding Winter Storm Elliott. During the storm, both electric and natural gas systems throughout much of the eastern half of the United States were subjected to significant stress, resulting in significant unplanned generating unit losses, with nearly 90,000 megawatts out at the same time. Indeed, the Winter Storm Elliott findings demonstrate the importance energy infrastructure plays in ensuring that we have reliable, affordable supplies of all types of energy.

While the New England Winter Gas-Electric Forum (Forum) largely focused on the Commissionjurisdictional bulk power system and interstate natural gas system, the Winter Storm Elliott report illustrates the extent to which such winter events can also have significant consequences for infrastructure subject to state jurisdiction, such as the local gas distribution system.

For example, although much of the attention has focused on the electric outages, the storm's effects on the natural gas system, and the local gas distribution system in particular, cannot be overlooked. During the storm, flows of natural gas into the pipelines were reduced, while at the same time, shippers requested increased volumes of natural gas, which dramatically lowered line pressures. That dynamic put significant stress on the natural gas system, which only narrowly avoided significant outages. By way of illustration, Consolidated Edison, Inc. (ConEd) faced reliabilitythreatening low pipeline pressures during the storm, forcing it to declare an emergency and use its own liquid natural gas facility to maintain necessary pressure. Without those emergency efforts, ConEd potentially faced system collapse, and it would have taken "many months" to restore service, leaving hundreds of thousands of natural gas customers without heat in the middle of winter.

This point is especially relevant considering the evidence presented at the Forum regarding Everett. With respect to the natural gas system, the evidence raised what we view as serious concerns about certain local gas distribution systems' ability to ensure reliability and affordability in the region without Everett. And, although there was evidence that the retirement of Everett would be "manageable" for the electric system, at least in the near-term, given anticipated new resource deployments and transmission development, minimal load growth, limited resource retirements, and increased reliance on non-natural gas generators, the evidence indicates that, should those expectations not materialize as anticipated, ensuring reliability and affordability could become challenging in the face of a significant winter event.

Docket No. 23-087 Position Statement of Aram and Arif ATTACHMENT C Northern Utilities, Inc. Docket No. 2023-00254 EXM 001-024 Attachment 1 Page 2 of 2



As discussions regarding the future of Everett continue, we encourage all parties to keep reliability and affordability at the center of those negotiations. With respect to electric reliability, we encourage ISO-New England and its stakeholders to pursue reforms aimed at ensuring that the electric system remains reliable by incentivizing resources to obtain the energy supplies, e.g., fuel, necessary to perform during extreme weather conditions. To the extent that Everett or other infrastructure plays a role in supporting electric reliability by making needed energy supplies available, in the near-term or the future, such reforms should consider how to ensure that any needed reliability contributions are appropriately valued.

With respect to the natural gas system, we recognize that the reliability needs turn, at least for the foreseeable future, largely on facilities subject to the New England states' jurisdiction. If our organizations can be any help to state regulators and other stakeholders as they address those needs, we are, of course, available to assist in any way we can.

Willie Hillips

Willie L. Phillips Chairman

Blott

CEO James B. Robb

ODR-001-001 Attachment 1 Page 1 of 5

Project Maple

Enhancing the energy future of New England by providing a direct connection to clean and abundant regional supplies of natural gas



Open Season Notice for Firm Service

September 12 , 2023 – November 17 , 2023

Project Maple

Securing the energy future of the New England by enhancing the direct connection to clean and abundant regional supplies of natural gas



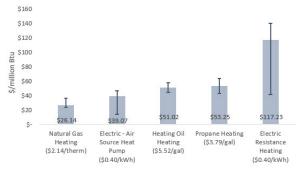
Open Season

Due to input from the New England market and in response to recent FERC technical conferences held in the region, Enbridge's Algonquin Gas Transmission, LLC ("Algonquin"), a leading provider of natural gas transportation to New England, is announcing an open season ("Open Season") for its Project Maple. Project Maple will provide much needed supply reliability during peak daily demand, while stabilizing energy prices in the region and supporting New England's continued journey to Net Zero. Through this Open Season, Algonquin seeks to identify parties desiring to obtain firm transportation service from receipt points on the west end of Algonquin's system ("Ramapo Receipt Point") and on the east end of Algonquin's system ("Salem Receipt Point"). The Ramapo Receipt Point path is scalable with expansion capacity up to 500,000 Dth/d, depending on market commitments. The Salem Receipt Point path has an anticipated capacity of 250,000 Dth/d opening up more access to in-region LNG services to meet end users peak demand. Algonquin anticipates that Project Maple will have a target in-service date as early as November 2029.

Existing pipeline infrastructure has played a critical role in the emissions reduction success New England has achieved to date; however, natural gas demand in New England continues to grow and additional pipeline capacity will be required to maintain a reliable and affordable supply of energy. According to ISO New England's 2022 annual markets report "Natural gas generation continued to account for the largest share (52%) of native electricity generation..."¹. Although over 60 percent of New England's natural gas-fired generation fleet is directly connected to Algonquin and Maritimes & Northeast Pipeline, L.L.C., these generators hold only approximately six percent of the primary

firm natural gas transportation quantities on a contractual basis needed to support their peak demand requirements.² This untenable disconnect drives New England's energy prices higher, limits economic competitiveness and growth, strains the region's bulk power system to the detriment of public safety, reliability and security during times of winter peak energy demand, and often necessitates that the electric system resort to using lessenvironmentally-friendly fuel oil for generation.

LDCs continue to see growth as natural gas remains the lowest cost delivered energy making it the first choice for business and industry. According to an analysis by the MA Department of Energy Resources for the 2022/23 winter Natural Gas heating was 30% less expensive than the next least costly heating alternative, and almost 80% less than the most costly heating alternative for residential consumers, shown in the chart below³. Overall, annual demand on a peak day basis on Algonquin continues to increase and LDC growth alone is estimated at an additional 6.5% over the next five years.⁴



Source: DOER Analysis

power generators on the Algonquin and M&N systems. 2023 CELT Report at 2 3 (May 1, 2023), available at https://www.iso-ne com/system-planning/system-plans-studies/celt. ³ Massachusetts Household Heating Costs, November 30 2022, https://www.mass gov/info-details/massachusetts-household-heating-

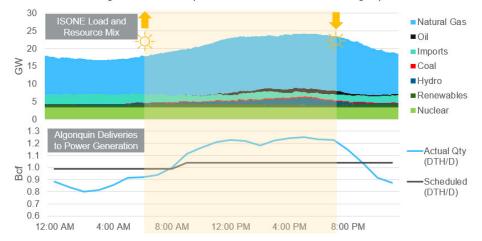
costs#comparison-of-heating-fuel-cost-effectiveness-4 Natural Gas Demand Forecast through 2032 and Natural Gas Topology Tool, ICF

(March 2023), available at: a13_b_rca_daily_gas_pipeline_forecast.pdf (iso-ne.com)

¹ ISO NE Internal Markets Monitor, 2023, ISO NE, https://www.iso-ne.com/staticassets/documents/2023/06/2022-annual-markets-report.pdf

² ISO-NE's 2023 CELT report indicates the Winter Nameplate Capacity interconnected with Algonquin and M&N systems of 9,495 MW and 1,755 MW respectively. Approximately 2.2 Bcf/day of firm capacity would be required to serve this load at an assumed aggregate heat rate of 8 Dth/MW. 136,000 Dth of Firm capacity is held by

ISO New England Resource Graph Mix and Gas Generator Load on Algonquin



Additional pipeline capacity dedicated to gas-fired power generation is also essential to providing rapid ramping capability as they are increasingly called upon to offset the supply gaps that occur as solar production wanes coincident with the peak day demand in the evening. With further proliferation of solar and wind resources, in combination with increased electrification of the economy, this phenomenon will become even more prevalent in winter months when considerably less natural gas pipeline capacity is available to meet demand similar to what is experienced on the peak summer days, as illustrated above from August 8, 2022. Project Maple offers an opportunity for this gap to be closed with dedicated capacity right sized for gas-fired generators needs.

Project Maple will provide New England with an opportunity to secure a cost effective, regionally produced, environmentally responsible source of clean-burning natural gas to support the current and future demand for energy.

The Algonquin system is experiencing near full utilization on an annual average basis relative to its available west-end capacity. In addition, a lack of pipeline capacity to satisfy growing peak day needs in the region results in Algonquin city gate prices substantially higher than the production area in periods of moderate-to-peak demand, such as in 2021/22 where the region saw prices 9 times higher than prices in Western Pennsylvania. This has led to a reliance on globally supplied Liquefied Natural Gas, coal, and oil, all of which have a higher carbon footprint than domestically produced natural gas. Pipeline infrastructure is needed to ensure reliability of the energy systems New England consumers depend on, especially as the projected LDC growth coupled with increased electric demand and variable resources is realized over the next several years.

With most of the construction expected to occur within or adjacent to existing rights-of-way and at company-owned facilities, Project Maple can be developed with minimal impacts to landowners, local communities, and the environment. Project scope will be comprised of a combination of replacing existing smaller diameter pipe with larger diameter pipe, extending pipeline loops in parallel to existing pipeline facilities, and adding compression at existing compressor stations, depending on subscribed volumes. Through this Open Season, Algonquin invites parties interested in being a part of Project Maple to submit a Service Request Form.

Project Service

Project Maple will provide firm transportation service to subscribing shippers via two potential receipt points: the Ramapo Receipt Point interconnect with Millennium Pipeline and the Salem Receipt Point interconnect with the Maritimes and Northeast Pipeline. Both receipt points will offer delivery to existing meters on the Algonquin mainline and/or lateral systems.

Algonquin may consider offering service enhancements or other flexibility based on requests made by interested shippers on the Service Request Form.

Project Rates

The illustrative rates for each receipt point may be updated based on the subscribed volume at the conclusion of the Open Season.

Salem receipt with service to meters on the J and G systems and in path meters 1.05 Dth/day.^5

Ramapo receipt with service to head of G and J system and in path meters 2.75 Dth/day.^6

Shippers will have the option of paying the applicable recourse rates of Algonquin for service on Project Maple facilities or mutually agreed-upon negotiated rates for such service, if available, plus any applicable fuel and applicable charges and surcharges.

Nomination Process

During the Open Season period (4:00 p.m., EST, Tuesday, September 12th, 2023, to 5:00 p.m., EST, on Friday, November 17th, 2023), interested parties must submit a Service Request Form, which specifies the Maximum Daily Transportation Quantity (MDTQ), contract term, and desired primary receipt and delivery points. The Service Request Form is included in this package. The completed Service Request Form must be executed by a duly authorized representative and mailed or emailed in pdf format to Algonguin's office at:

890 Winter Street, Suite 320, Waltham, MA 02451 Attn: Blair Hastey, Business Development Blair.Hastey@enbridge.com

⁶ Rates Expressed in 2023 dollars.

⁵ Rates Expressed in 2023 dollars.

Algonquin reserves the right to reject any Service Request Form that is not received by 5:00 p.m. EST, on Friday, November $17^{\rm th}$, 2023.

Contracting for Service

Once determined, Algonquin representatives will contact all parties who submitted valid requests and were awarded capacity for the Project.

By submitting a Service Request Form in this Open Season bidding period, a bidder is committing to execute a binding precedent agreement that incorporates the terms set forth in the bidder's Service Request Form with Algonquin within 90 days of the conclusion of the Open Season bidding period.

Capacity Allocation Process

In the event Algonquin receives valid requests for service that exceed the quantity of pipeline, point or segment capacity that Algonquin is willing to propose for Project Maple, then Algonquin will allocate such capacity on a not unduly discriminatory basis to shippers that have executed binding precedent agreements. Algonquin will allocate capacity on a net present value basis among such other shippers based on rate, contract term and MDTQ nominated, with Algonquin having the discretion to grant capacity to any bid or combination of bids that provides the highest net present value.

Limitations and Reservations

Algonquin reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to decline to proceed with Project Maple, or any portion thereof. Algonquin also reserves the right to proceed with one or more projects that will be defined through the contracting process and to develop alternative projects from the requests received during this Open Season that may be more representative of the timing and the points requested and markets served. Algonquin also may request a nominating party to modify its proposed point(s), to the extent Algonquin determines that the nominated point(s) will unduly increase the cost of the overall Project or otherwise adversely affect the scope of the Project. Algonquin reserves the right to negotiate with only those parties that submit valid bids as part of this Open Season.

Without limiting the foregoing, Algonquin may, but is not required to, reject any request for service in which the Service Request Form is incomplete, is inconsistent with the terms and conditions outlined in this Open Season Notice, contains additional or modified terms, or is otherwise deficient in any respect. Algonguin reserves the right to reject any bid requesting an in-service date that is later than November 1, 2031. Algonquin also may reject requests for service in the event requesting parties are unable to meet the pipelines' creditworthiness requirements. No request for service shall be binding on Algonquin unless and until duly authorized representatives of a requesting party and Algonquin have executed a binding precedent agreement. Algonquin reserves the right to reject any party's valid Service Request Form, in the event a duly authorized representative of such party has not executed a binding Precedent Agreement on or before the date that is 90 days after the last day of the Open Season.

Communications

At any time during the Open Season, interested parties are encouraged to contact their Algonquin account manager or Blair Hastey at (617) 560-1436 to discuss any questions or to seek additional information.

About Enbridge Inc.

At Enbridge, we safely connect millions of people to the energy they rely on every day, fueling quality of life through our North American natural gas, oil or renewable power networks and our growing European offshore wind portfolio. We're investing in modern energy delivery infrastructure to sustain access to secure, affordable energy and building on two decades of experience in renewable energy to advance new technologies including wind and solar power, hydrogen, renewable natural gas and carbon capture and storage. We're committed to reducing the carbon footprint of the energy we deliver, and to achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050. Headquartered in Calgary, Alberta, Enbridge's common shares trade under the symbol ENB on the Toronto (TSX) and New York (NYSE) stock exchanges. To learn more, visit us at <u>enbridge.com</u>.

ODR-001-001 Attachment 1 Page 5 of 5

Project Maple Service Request Form

Shipper Information

| Company | | | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Contact | | | |
| Title | | | |
| Address | | | |
| Telephone | | | |
| Email | | | |
| Contract Requirements | | | |
| Maximum Daily Transportation Q | uantity (dekatherms): | | |
| Receipt Point(s) | Quantity (Dth/d) | Delivery Point(s) ^[1] | Quantity (Dth/d) |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Service Commencement Date: _ | | | |
| Contract Term: | | | |
| Other: | | | |
| Please specify other service enhances service request. The incorporation Algonquin and, further, will be depe | of any such service enhanced | ment or flexibility into this Project | will be at the sole discretion of |
| Signature of Requester/Customer | : | Dat | e: |
| Please mail or email a pdf of the o | completed Service Request F | Form to: | |
| Blair Hastey, Business Developme | ent | | |
| Blair.Hastey@enbridge.com 890 Winter Street | | | |
| Suite 320 | | | |
| Waltham, MA 02451 | | | |
| 617-560-1436 office | | | |

^[1] The sum of multiple Maximum Daily Delivery Obligation quantities may not exceed the Maximum Daily Transportation Quantity.

DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

2023-00254 ODR 001-004 Attachment 1 Page 1 of 44

Maine Division Statistical Model Results

Variable Nomenclature

| Variable | Description | Туре |
|-------------------|---|---------------------------|
| HH(-3) | Total Households Lagged by 3 | Actual/Forecast |
| HH_SIZE | Houshehold Size (i.e. Population/Households) | Actual/Forecast |
| GMP(-3) | Gross Metro Product Lagged by 3 | Actual/Forecast |
| UNEMP_RT(-1) | Unemployment Rate Percentage Lagged by 1 | Actual/Forecast |
| С | Constant | Intercept Value |
| TREND | Linear Trend | Linear Count (e.g. i=i+1) |
| JAN | January | Boolean |
| FEB | February | Boolean |
| MAR | March | Boolean |
| APR | April | Boolean |
| MAY | Мау | Boolean |
| JUN | June | Boolean |
| JUL | July | Boolean |
| AUG | August | Boolean |
| SEP | September | Boolean |
| ОСТ | October | Boolean |
| NOV | November | Boolean |
| DEC | December | Boolean |
| BC_EDD | Billing Cycle EDDs | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_JAN | January Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_FEB | February Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC MAR | March Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_APR | April Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_MAY | May Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_JUN | June Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_JUL | July Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_AUG | August Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_SEP | September Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_OCT | October Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_NOV | November Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_DEC | December Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| ME_EDD | Maine Calendar EDD | Actual |
| ME_EDD(-1) | Maine Calendar EDD Lagged by 1 | Actual |
| ME_EDD_50 | Maine Calendar EDD Base 15 | Actual |
| @WEEKDAY=X | Xth Day of Week (i.e. X=1 is Sunday) | Boolean |
| Q4_to_Q2 | October to June | Boolean |
| AR(X) | Autoregressive Term at Lag X (where X is a real integer) | ARMA |
| MA(X) | Moving Average Term at Lag X (where X is a real integer) | ARMA |
| D_YearMx | Dummy Variable for <i>Year</i> and <i>Month x</i> | Boolean |
| D_YearMx_f | Dummy Variable for Year and Month x and all future months | Boolean |
| D Year1Mx Year2My | Dummy Variable for time between Year 1-Month x and Year 2-Month y | Boolean |

2023-00254 ODR 001-004 Attachment 1 Page 3 of 44

Residential Customer Segment – Customer Model

Dependent Variable: RES_CUST Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 02/26/23 Time: 11:35 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 after adjustments Failure to improve likelihood (non-zero gradients) after 17 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients MA Backcast: 2015M01 2015M12

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|----------|
| HH(-3)*TREND | 0.118592 | 0.030147 | 3.933744 | 0.0002 |
| ÁUG | -762.7841 | 67.19731 | -11.35141 | 0.0000 |
| SEP | -641.8783 | 61.78035 | -10.38968 | 0.0000 |
| OCT | -251.1848 | 48.11117 | -5.220926 | 0.0000 |
| MAY | -424.2753 | 47.62273 | -8.909093 | 0.0000 |
| JUN | -596.0700 | 61.39381 | -9.708960 | 0.0000 |
| JUL | -690.2223 | 67.18205 | -10.27391 | 0.0000 |
| D_2021M11_F | 195.5350 | 54.35576 | 3.597319 | 0.0006 |
| С | 21957.43 | 649.4600 | 33.80875 | 0.0000 |
| AR(1) | 0.928198 | 0.045037 | 20.60951 | 0.0000 |
| MA(12) | 0.924969 | 0.023194 | 39.88002 | 0.0000 |
| R-squared | 0.995453 | Mean dep | endent var | 23519.15 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.994830 | | endent var | 959.1573 |
| S.E. of regression | 68.96271 | | fo criterion | 11.42656 |
| Sum squared resid | 347177.4 | Schwarz | criterion | 11.74488 |
| Log likelihood | -468.9154 | Hannan-Q | uinn criter. | 11.55452 |
| F-statistic | 1598.270 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 2.106341 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.000000 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | |)3 | | |
| Inverted MA Roots | .96+.26i | .9626i | .7070i | .70+.70i |
| | .2696i | .26+.96i | 26+.96i | 2696i |
| | 7070i | 7070i | 96+.26i | 9626i |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 1.095229 | Prob. F(11,72) | 0.3776 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | 12.04071 | Prob. Chi-Square(11) | 0.3606 |
| Scaled explained SS | 17.75638 | Prob. Chi-Square(11) | 0.0874 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/22/23 Time: 16:38 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| C GRADF_01 ² GRADF_02 ² GRADF_03 ² GRADF_04 ² GRADF_05 ² GRADF_06 ² GRADF_07 ² GRADF_08 ² GRADF_09 ² GRADF_10 ² GRADF_11 ² | 3672.762 -0.004341 -19336.74 18369.73 -7261.355 9545.504 -6758.646 14830.58 33195.98 180180.0 0.021438 0.001684 | 1815.950 0.003778 14327.88 15150.33 13635.98 10138.29 12048.92 13831.23 19757.80 1934140. 0.012250 0.005271 | 2.022502 -1.148863 -1.349588 1.212497 -0.532514 0.941530 -0.560934 1.072254 1.680146 0.093158 1.750030 0.319400 | 0.0468 0.2544 0.1814 0.2293 0.5960 0.3496 0.5766 0.2872 0.0973 0.9260 0.0844 0.7503 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.143342 0.012463 8165.298 4.80E+09 -869.3590 1.095229 0.377559 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 4269.495 8216.663 20.98474 21.33200 21.12433 2.281413 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 22476.0 | 22478.2 | -2.2 | .*. |
| 2016M02 | 22502.0 | 22477.0 | 25.0 | . *. |
| 2016M03 | 22527.0 | 22547.3 | -20.3 | .* . |
| 2016M04 | 22435.0 | 22536.7 | -101.7 | *. . |
| 2016M05 | 22040.0 | 22060.3 | -20.3 | .* . |
| 2016M06 | 21770.0 | 21813.4 | -43.4 | .* . |
| 2016M07 | 21685.0 | 21663.7 | 21.3 | . *. |
| 2016M08 | 21618.0 | 21609.3 | 8.7 | .*. |
| 2016M09 | 21908.0 | 22013.3 | -105.3 | *. . |
| 2016M10 | 22379.0 | 22470.3 | -91.3 | *. . |
| 2016M11 | 22628.0 | 22455.9 | 172.1 | . . * |
| 2016M12 | 22813.0 | 22774.0 | 39.0 | . *. |
| 2017M01 | 22865.0 | 22848.5 | 16.5 | . *. |
| 2017M02 | 22891.0 | 22924.0 | -33.0 | .* . |
| 2017M03 | 22888.0 | 22908.3 | -20.3 | .* . |
| 2017M04 | 22706.0 | 22832.0 | -126.0 | * . . |
| 2017M05 | 22263.0 | 22315.8 | -52.8 | * . |
| 2017M06 | 22064.0 | 22106.9 | -42.9 | .* . |
| 2017M07 | 22073.0 | 22049.1 | 23.9 | . *. |
| 2017M08 | 22046.0 | 22062.8 | -16.8 | .* . |
| 2017M09 | 22156.0 | 22123.0 | 33.0 | . *. |
| 2017M10 | 22539.0 | 22518.8 | 20.2 | . *. |
| 2017M11 | 23008.0 | 23008.4 | -0.4 | .*. |
| 2017M12 | 23144.0 | 23089.2 | 54.8 | . * |
| 2018M01 | 23223.0 | 23196.3 | 26.7 | . *. |
| 2018M02 | 23234.0 | 23225.8 | 8.2 | .*. |
| 2018M03 | 23246.0 | 23249.9 | -3.9 | .*. |
| 2018M04 | 23099.0 | 23165.4 | -66.4 | * . |
| 2018M05 | 22665.0 | 22674.2 | -9.2 | .*. |
| 2018M06 | 22527.0 | 22504.4 | 22.6 | . *. |
| 2018M07 | 22339.0 | 22505.4 | -166.4 | * . . |
| 2018M08 | 22338.0 | 22310.0 | 28.0 | . *. |
| 2018M09 | 22513.0 | 22545.3 | -32.3 | .* . |
| 2018M10 | 23193.0 | 22976.7 | 216.3 | . . * |
| 2018M11 | 23511.0 | 23479.6 | 31.4 | . *. |
| 2018M12 | 23636.0 | 23595.0 | 41.0 | . *. |
| 2019M01 | 23696.0 | 23687.3 | 8.7 | .*. |
| 2019M02 | 23753.0 | 23727.7 | 25.3 | . *. |
| 2019M03 | 23755.0 | 23771.0 | -16.0 | .* . |

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| 2019M04 23658.0 23716.8 -58.8 * 2019M05 23339.0 23257.4 81.6 * 2019M06 23296.0 23215.0 81.0 * 2019M07 23155.0 23067.7 87.3 * 2019M08 23141.0 23132.8 8.2 * 2019M09 23292.0 23253.3 38.7 ! 2019M11 24183.0 24088.9 94.1 ! ! 2019M01 24325.0 24226.8 59.2 ! ! ! 2020M02 24381.0 24353.5 30.5 !* ! | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| 2019M06 23296.0 23215.0 81.0 I I I I 2019M07 23155.0 23067.7 87.3 I I * I 2019M08 23141.0 23132.8 8.2 I * I 2019M09 23292.0 23253.3 38.7 I I * I 2019M10 23795.0 23903.0 -108.0 I * I I 2019M11 24183.0 24088.9 94.1 I | 2019M04 | 23658.0 | 23716.8 | -58.8 | * . |
| 2019M07 23155.0 23067.7 87.3 . | 2019M05 | 23339.0 | 23257.4 | 81.6 | . .* |
| 2019M08 23141.0 23132.8 8.2 1 1 1 2019M09 23292.0 23253.3 38.7 1 1 1 2019M10 23795.0 23903.0 -108.0 1 * 1 2019M11 24183.0 24088.9 94.1 1 .1 * 1 2019M12 24286.0 24226.8 59.2 1 .1 * 1 2020M01 24325.0 24294.6 30.4 1 .1 * 1 2020M02 24370.0 24384.1 21.9 1 .1 * 1 2020M03 24384.0 24353.5 30.5 1 .1 * 1 2020M04 24337.0 24328.1 8.9 1 .* 1 1 1 * 1 1 .1 * 1 2020M08 23871.0 23857.9 13.1 1 .1 .* 1 1 1 * <td< td=""><td>2019M06</td><td>23296.0</td><td>23215.0</td><td>81.0</td><td> . .* </td></td<> | 2019M06 | 23296.0 | 23215.0 | 81.0 | . .* |
| 2019M09 23292.0 23253.3 38.7 I I I 2019M10 23795.0 23903.0 -108.0 I * I 2019M11 24183.0 24088.9 94.1 I I I I 2019M12 24286.0 24226.8 59.2 I I * I 2020M01 24325.0 24294.6 30.4 I .!* I 2020M02 24370.0 24384.1 21.9 I .!* I 2020M04 24337.0 24328.1 8.9 I .* I 2020M05 24131.0 23990.2 140.8 I .! .* 2020M06 23962.0 24020.2 -58.2 I * I 2020M08 23871.0 23857.9 13.1 I I I 2020M10 24415.0 24301.7 113.3 I I I 2021M01 2466 | 2019M07 | 23155.0 | 23067.7 | 87.3 | . .* |
| 2019M10 23795.0 23903.0 -108.0 * 2019M11 24183.0 24088.9 94.1 * 2019M12 24286.0 24226.8 59.2 * 2020M01 24325.0 24294.6 30.4 . * 2020M02 24370.0 24384.1 21.9 . * 2020M03 24384.0 24353.5 30.5 . * 2020M04 24337.0 24328.1 8.9 . * 2020M05 24131.0 23990.2 140.8 . . * 2020M06 23962.0 24020.2 -58.2 * 2020M07 23940.0 23934.9 5.1 . * 2020M08 23871.0 23857.9 13.1 . * <td>2019M08</td> <td>23141.0</td> <td>23132.8</td> <td>8.2</td> <td> .*. </td> | 2019M08 | 23141.0 | 23132.8 | 8.2 | .*. |
| 2019M11 24183.0 24088.9 94.1 I I I I 2019M12 24286.0 24226.8 59.2 I I I 2020M01 24325.0 24294.6 30.4 I I I I 2020M02 24370.0 24348.1 21.9 I I I I 2020M03 24384.0 24353.5 30.5 I I I I 2020M04 24337.0 24328.1 8.9 I .* I 2020M05 24131.0 23990.2 140.8 I I .* I 2020M06 23962.0 24020.2 -58.2 I * I I 2020M07 23940.0 23937.9 13.1 I .* I I 2020M08 23871.0 23857.9 13.1 I .* I I 2020M10 24415.0 24301.7 113.3 I I I 2021M01 24687.0 24668.1 18.9 I <td< td=""><td>2019M09</td><td>23292.0</td><td>23253.3</td><td>38.7</td><td> . *. </td></td<> | 2019M09 | 23292.0 | 23253.3 | 38.7 | . *. |
| 2019M11 24100.0 24200.0 54.1 1 <td>2019M10</td> <td>23795.0</td> <td>23903.0</td> <td>-108.0</td> <td> *. . </td> | 2019M10 | 23795.0 | 23903.0 | -108.0 | *. . |
| 2020M01 24325.0 24294.6 30.4 I I I 2020M02 24370.0 24348.1 21.9 I . I* I 2020M03 24384.0 24353.5 30.5 I . I* I 2020M04 24337.0 24328.1 8.9 I * I 2020M05 24131.0 23990.2 140.8 I . I * I 2020M06 23962.0 24020.2 -58.2 I * I I 2020M07 23940.0 23934.9 5.1 I * I I 2020M08 23871.0 23857.9 13.1 I . I* I 2020M10 24415.0 24301.7 113.3 I . I * I 2020M12 24646.0 24608.3 37.7 I . I* I 2021M02 24725.0 24700.1 24.9 I . I* I 2021M03 <td< td=""><td>2019M11</td><td>24183.0</td><td>24088.9</td><td>94.1</td><td> . .* </td></td<> | 2019M11 | 24183.0 | 24088.9 | 94.1 | . .* |
| 2020M02 24370.0 24348.1 21.9 I I I 2020M03 24384.0 24353.5 30.5 I . I* I 2020M04 24337.0 24328.1 8.9 I . * I 2020M05 24131.0 23990.2 140.8 I . I * I 2020M06 23962.0 24020.2 -58.2 I * I I 2020M07 23940.0 23934.9 5.1 I . * I I 2020M08 23871.0 23857.9 13.1 I . I* I 2020M09 24025.0 24013.3 11.7 I . I* I 2020M10 24415.0 24301.7 113.3 I . I * I 2020M11 24555.0 24741.7 -186.7 I * I I 2021M02 24725.0 24700.1 24.9 I . I* I 20 | 2019M12 | 24286.0 | 24226.8 | 59.2 | . * |
| 2020M03 24384.0 24353.5 30.5 . * 2020M04 24337.0 24328.1 8.9 . * 2020M05 24131.0 23990.2 140.8 . * 2020M06 23962.0 24020.2 -58.2 * 2020M07 23940.0 23934.9 5.1 . < | 2020M01 | 24325.0 | 24294.6 | 30.4 | . *. |
| 2020M04 24337.0 24328.1 8.9 * 2020M05 24131.0 23990.2 140.8 . * 2020M06 23962.0 24020.2 -58.2 * . | 2020M02 | 24370.0 | 24348.1 | 21.9 | . *. |
| 2020M05 24131.0 23990.2 140.8 . . . ! . . ! . . ! . . ! . ! . ! . ! . ! . ! . ! <td>2020M03</td> <td>24384.0</td> <td>24353.5</td> <td>30.5</td> <td> . *. </td> | 2020M03 | 24384.0 | 24353.5 | 30.5 | . *. |
| 20200005 24131.0 23930.2 140.3 1 1 1 2020006 23962.0 24020.2 -58.2 1 1 . 1 1 2020007 23940.0 23934.9 5.1 1 . * 1 2020008 23871.0 23857.9 13.1 1 . 1* 1 2020009 24025.0 24013.3 11.7 1 . 1* 1 2020010 24415.0 24301.7 113.3 1 . 1 . 1 2020011 24555.0 24741.7 -186.7 1 * 1 . 1 2021001 24646.0 24608.3 37.7 1 . 1* 1 2021002 24725.0 24700.1 24.9 1 . 1 . 1 2021003 24721.0 24745.4 -24.4 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 2021005 24266.0 24330.8 -64.8 1 . 1 . </td <td>2020M04</td> <td>24337.0</td> <td>24328.1</td> <td>8.9</td> <td> .*. </td> | 2020M04 | 24337.0 | 24328.1 | 8.9 | .*. |
| 2020000 2392.0 24020.2 -56.2 1 1 1 2020M07 23940.0 23934.9 5.1 1 .* 1 2020M08 23871.0 23857.9 13.1 1 .* 1 2020M09 24025.0 24013.3 11.7 1 .* 1 2020M10 24415.0 24301.7 113.3 1 .* 1 2020M11 24555.0 24741.7 -186.7 1 * 1 2020M12 24646.0 24608.3 37.7 1 .* 1 2021M01 24687.0 24668.1 18.9 1 .* 1 2021M02 24725.0 24700.1 24.9 1 .* 1 2021M03 24721.0 24745.4 -24.4 1 .* 1 2021M04 24619.0 24724.3 -105.3 1 * 1 2021M05 24266.0 24330.8 -64.8 1 .* 1 2021M06 24061.0 24045.0 16.0 1 </td <td>2020M05</td> <td>24131.0</td> <td>23990.2</td> <td>140.8</td> <td> . .* </td> | 2020M05 | 24131.0 | 23990.2 | 140.8 | . .* |
| 2020M08 23871.0 23857.9 13.1 . * 2020M09 24025.0 24013.3 11.7 . * 2020M10 24415.0 24301.7 113.3 . .* 2020M11 24555.0 24741.7 -186.7 * 2020M12 24646.0 24608.3 37.7 . * 2021M01 24687.0 24668.1 18.9 . * 2021M02 24725.0 24700.1 24.9 . * 2021M03 24721.0 24745.4 -24.4 . * 2021M04 24619.0 24724.3 -105.3 *< | 2020M06 | 23962.0 | 24020.2 | -58.2 | * . |
| 2020M09 24025.0 24013.3 11.7 . *. 2020M10 24415.0 24301.7 113.3 . . * 2020M11 24555.0 24741.7 -186.7 * . * 2020M12 24646.0 24608.3 37.7 . *. 2021M01 24687.0 24668.1 18.9 . *. 2021M02 24725.0 24700.1 24.9 . *. 2021M03 24721.0 24745.4 -24.4 . * . 2021M04 24619.0 24724.3 -105.3 * . 2021M05 24266.0 24330.8 -64.8 * . 2021M06 24061.0 24045.0 16.0 . * . 2021M08 23905.0 23891.4 13.6 . * . 2021M09 23995.0 24051.7 -56.7 | 2020M07 | 23940.0 | 23934.9 | 5.1 | .*. |
| 2020M10 24415.0 24301.7 113.3 . . . 2020M11 24555.0 24741.7 -186.7 * . . 2020M12 24646.0 24608.3 37.7 . * 2021M01 24687.0 24668.1 18.9 . * 2021M02 24725.0 24700.1 24.9 . * 2021M03 24721.0 24745.4 -24.4 .* 2021M04 24619.0 24724.3 -105.3 * 2021M05 24266.0 24330.8 -64.8 *< | 2020M08 | 23871.0 | 23857.9 | 13.1 | |
| 2020M11 24555.0 24741.7 -186.7 * 2020M12 24646.0 24608.3 37.7 * 2021M01 24687.0 24668.1 18.9 * 2021M02 24725.0 24700.1 24.9 * 2021M02 24721.0 24745.4 -24.4 * 2021M04 24619.0 24724.3 -105.3 * 2021M05 24266.0 24330.8 -64.8 * 2021M06 24061.0 24045.0 16.0 . * 2021M07 23936.0 23982.4 -46.4 * 2021M08 23905.0 23891.4 13.6 . * 2021M09 23995.0 24051.7 -56.7 * 2021M10 24503.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* 2021M11 24911.1 2.9 <td>2020M09</td> <td>24025.0</td> <td>24013.3</td> <td>11.7</td> <td>. * . </td> | 2020M09 | 24025.0 | 24013.3 | 11.7 | . * . |
| 2020M11 24303.0 24741.7 2100.7 1 </td <td>2020M10</td> <td>24415.0</td> <td>24301.7</td> <td>113.3</td> <td> . .* </td> | 2020M10 | 24415.0 | 24301.7 | 113.3 | . .* |
| 2021M01 24687.0 24668.1 18.9 <td>2020M11</td> <td>24555.0</td> <td>24741.7</td> <td>-186.7</td> <td> *. . </td> | 2020M11 | 24555.0 | 24741.7 | -186.7 | *. . |
| 2021M02 24725.0 24700.1 24.9 . *. 2021M03 24721.0 24745.4 -24.4 .* 2021M04 24619.0 24724.3 -105.3 *. 2021M05 24266.0 24330.8 -64.8 * 2021M06 24061.0 24045.0 16.0 . *. 2021M07 23936.0 23982.4 -46.4 .* 2021M08 23905.0 23891.4 13.6 . * 2021M09 23995.0 24051.7 -56.7 * 2021M10 24503.0 24509.7 -6.7 .* 2021M11 24753.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 . ! 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 .* 2022M02 <td>2020M12</td> <td>24646.0</td> <td>24608.3</td> <td>37.7</td> <td> . *. </td> | 2020M12 | 24646.0 | 24608.3 | 37.7 | . *. |
| 2021M03 24721.0 24745.4 -24.4 .* 2021M04 24619.0 24724.3 -105.3 *. 2021M05 24266.0 24330.8 -64.8 * 2021M06 24061.0 24045.0 16.0 . *. 2021M07 23936.0 23982.4 -46.4 .* 2021M08 23905.0 23891.4 13.6 . *. 2021M09 23995.0 24051.7 -56.7 * 2021M10 24503.0 24509.7 -6.7 .* 2021M10 24503.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* 2021M11 24753.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 . 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 .* | 2021M01 | 24687.0 | 24668.1 | 18.9 | |
| 2021M04 24619.0 24724.3 -105.3 *. . 2021M05 24266.0 24330.8 -64.8 *. . 2021M06 24061.0 24045.0 16.0 . *. 2021M07 23936.0 23982.4 -46.4 .* . 2021M08 23905.0 23891.4 13.6 . *. 2021M09 23995.0 24509.7 -6.7 .* . 2021M10 24503.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* . 2021M11 24753.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* . 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 * 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 .*. 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 .*! 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 .*. 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 .*! 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 .*! </td <td>2021M02</td> <td>24725.0</td> <td>24700.1</td> <td>24.9</td> <td> . *. </td> | 2021M02 | 24725.0 | 24700.1 | 24.9 | . *. |
| 2021M05 24266.0 24330.8 -64.8 * . 2021M06 24061.0 24045.0 16.0 . * . 2021M07 23936.0 23982.4 -46.4 .* . 2021M08 23905.0 23891.4 13.6 * . 2021M09 23995.0 24051.7 -56.7 * . 2021M10 24503.0 24509.7 -6.7 . * . 2021M10 24573.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* . 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 * 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 .* . 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 .* . 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 .* . 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 .* . 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 .* . 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 | 2021M03 | 24721.0 | 24745.4 | -24.4 | 1 . 1 . 1 |
| 2021M05 24200.0 24350.0 -04.3 1 1 1 2021M06 24061.0 24045.0 16.0 . * 2021M07 23936.0 23982.4 -46.4 .* 2021M08 23905.0 23891.4 13.6 . * 2021M09 23995.0 24051.7 -56.7 * 2021M10 24503.0 24509.7 -6.7 * 2021M10 24503.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* 2021M11 24753.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 . 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 .* . 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 .* 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 . * 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 <td>2021M04</td> <td>24619.0</td> <td>24724.3</td> <td>-105.3</td> <td> *. . </td> | 2021M04 | 24619.0 | 24724.3 | -105.3 | *. . |
| 2021M07 23936.0 23982.4 -46.4 .* 2021M08 23905.0 23891.4 13.6 . * 2021M09 23995.0 24051.7 -56.7 * 2021M10 24503.0 24051.7 -56.7 * 2021M10 24503.0 24790.0 -37.0 * 2021M11 24753.0 24790.0 -37.0 * 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 * 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 .* 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 .* 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 .* 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 .* 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 .* 2022M06 24228 24233 <td-< td=""><td>2021M05</td><td>24266.0</td><td>24330.8</td><td>-64.8</td><td> * . </td></td-<> | 2021M05 | 24266.0 | 24330.8 | -64.8 | * . |
| 2021M08 23905.0 23891.4 13.6 . *. 2021M09 23995.0 24051.7 -56.7 * . 2021M10 24503.0 24509.7 -6.7 . * . 2021M11 24753.0 24790.0 -37.0 . * . 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 . * 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 . * . 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 . * . 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 . * . 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 . * . 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 . * . 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 . * . 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 . * . 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 . * . | 2021M06 | 24061.0 | 24045.0 | 16.0 | . *. |
| 2021M09 23995.0 24051.7 -56.7 * . 2021M10 24503.0 24509.7 -6.7 . * . 2021M11 24753.0 24790.0 -37.0 . * . 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 . . 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 . * . 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 . * . 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 . * . 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 . * . 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 . * . 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 . * . 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 . * . 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 . * . | 2021M07 | 23936.0 | 23982.4 | -46.4 | .* . |
| 2021M09 2399.0 24031.7 -30.7 1 1 1 1 2021M10 24503.0 24509.7 -6.7 1 .* 1 2021M11 24753.0 24790.0 -37.0 1 .* 1 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 1 . * 1 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 1 .* 1 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 1 .* 1 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 1 .* 1 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 1 .* 1 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 1 .* 1 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 1 .* 1 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 1 .* 1 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 1 .* 1 | 2021M08 | 23905.0 | 23891.4 | 13.6 | . *. |
| 2021M11 24753.0 24790.0 -37.0 .* 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 . * 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 .* 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 .* 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 .* 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 .* 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 .* 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 .* 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 . * 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 .* 2022M09 24298 24206 91.5345 . .* | 2021M09 | 23995.0 | 24051.7 | -56.7 | 1 1 1 |
| 2021M12 24871.0 24816.9 54.1 * 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 .* 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 .* 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 .* 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 .* 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 .* 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 .* 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 . * 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 .* | 2021M10 | 24503.0 | 24509.7 | -6.7 | .*. |
| 2022M01 24914.0 24911.1 2.9 I .* I 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 I .* I 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 I .* I 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 I .* I 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 I .* I 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 I .* I 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 I . I* I 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 I .* I | 2021M11 | 24753.0 | 24790.0 | -37.0 | .* . |
| 2022M02 24938.0 24958.2 -20.2 .* 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 .* 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 .* 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 .* 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 .* 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 . * 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 .* 2022M09 24298 24206 91.5345 . .* | 2021M12 | 24871.0 | 24816.9 | 54.1 | . * |
| 2022M03 24927.0 24936.5 -9.5 .* 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 .* 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 .* 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 .* 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 * 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 .* 2022M09 24298 24206 91.5345 . .* | 2022M01 | 24914.0 | 24911.1 | 2.9 | .*. |
| 2022M04 24826 24853 -27.319 .* 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 .* 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 .* 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 . * 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 .* 2022M09 24298 24206 91.5345 . .* | 2022M02 | 24938.0 | 24958.2 | -20.2 | .* . |
| 2022M05 24351 24375 -23.694 .* 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 .* 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 . * 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 . * 2022M09 24298 24206 91.5345 . .* | 2022M03 | 24927.0 | 24936.5 | -9.5 | .*. |
| 2022M06 24228 24233 -4.5337 . * . 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 . * . 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 . * . 2022M09 24298 24206 91.5345 . .* | 2022M04 | 24826 | 24853 | -27.319 | .* . |
| 2022M07 24150 24128 21.8845 . * . 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 . * . 2022M09 24298 24206 91.5345 . .* | 2022M05 | 24351 | 24375 | -23.694 | .* . |
| 2022M08 24101 24128 -26.533 .* 2022M09 24298 24206 91.5345 . <td>2022M06</td> <td>24228</td> <td>24233</td> <td>-4.5337</td> <td>.*. </td> | 2022M06 | 24228 | 24233 | -4.5337 | .*. |
| 2022M09 24298 24206 91.5345 . .* | 2022M07 | 24150 | 24128 | 21.8845 | . * . |
| | 2022M08 | 24101 | 24128 | -26.533 | .* . |
| 2022M10 24691 24716 -24.551 .* . | 2022M09 | 24298 | 24206 | 91.5345 | |
| | 2022M10 | 24691 | 24716 | -24.551 | .* . |

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| 2022M11 | 24880 | 24943 | -62.602 | | * . | |
|---------|-------|-------|---------|---|-------|--|
| 2022M12 | 25005 | 24971 | 33.6802 | — | . *. | |

Date: 03/22/23 Time: 16:53 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 2 ARMA terms

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|-----------------|---------------------|----|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| . . | . . | 1 | -0.056 | -0.056 | 0.2770 | |
| . . | | 2 | 0.057 | 0.054 | 0.5654 | |
| .* . | .* . | 3 | -0.123 | -0.117 | 1.9071 | 0.167 |
| . j. j | . j. j | 4 | 0.026 | 0.011 | 1.9662 | 0.374 |
| . *. | . *. | 5 | 0.089 | 0.105 | 2.6878 | 0.442 |
| | | 6 | -0.016 | -0.024 | 2.7114 | 0.607 |
| .* . | .* . | 7 | -0.081 | -0.092 | 3.3225 | 0.650 |
| . *. | . *. | 8 | 0.075 | 0.097 | 3.8563 | 0.696 |
| . *. | . *. | 9 | 0.085 | 0.099 | 4.5475 | 0.715 |
| . *. | | 10 | 0.097 | 0.066 | 5.4683 | 0.707 |
| .j. j | | 11 | 0.042 | 0.069 | 5.6399 | 0.775 |
| .* . | . İ. İ | 12 | -0.077 | -0.048 | 6.2395 | 0.795 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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Residential Customer Segment - Use Per Customer Model

Dependent Variable: RES_UPC Method: ARMA Generalized Least Squares (Gauss-Newton) Date: 02/23/23 Time: 10:51 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Convergence achieved after 11 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients d.f. adjustment for standard errors & covariance

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|----------|
| HH_SIZE | 5.337191 | 0.403572 | 13.22488 | 0.0000 |
| BC_APR | 0.071850 | 0.001712 | 41.97937 | 0.0000 |
| BC_DEC | 0.081650 | 0.001402 | 58.23022 | 0.0000 |
| BC_FEB | 0.086877 | 0.001185 | 73.30187 | 0.0000 |
| BC_JAN | 0.088753 | 0.001172 | 75.76030 | 0.0000 |
| BC_JUN | 0.038721 | 0.005110 | 7.577560 | 0.0000 |
| BC_MAR | 0.085500 | 0.001429 | 59.84032 | 0.0000 |
| BC_NOV | 0.058883 | 0.002275 | 25.88355 | 0.0000 |
| BC_MAY | 0.059969 | 0.002490 | 24.08049 | 0.0000 |
| BC_OCT | 0.034515 | 0.004017 | 8.592851 | 0.0000 |
| D_2021M3 | 11.83394 | 2.807497 | 4.215120 | 0.0001 |
| D_2021M4 | -5.817365 | 2.747138 | -2.117610 | 0.0378 |
| D_2018M11 | 5.276086 | 2.628966 | 2.006905 | 0.0486 |
| AR(1) | 0.567888 | 0.107711 | 5.272312 | 0.0000 |
| R-squared | 0.996641 | Mean depend | dent var | 57.64206 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.996018 | S.D. depende | ent var | 42.27987 |
| S.E. of regression | 2.668100 | Akaike info c | riterion | 4.956257 |
| Sum squared resid | 498.3132 | Schwarz crite | erion | 5.361393 |
| Log likelihood | -194.1628 | Hannan-Quir | nn criter. | 5.119119 |
| Durbin-Watson stat | 2.058827 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .57 | | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 26.53612 | Prob. F(14,69) | 0.0127 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | | Prob. Chi-Square(14) | 0.0221 |
| Scaled explained SS | 22.10192 | Prob. Chi-Square(14) | 0.0765 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID^2 Method: Least Squares Date: 03/22/23 Time: 16:55 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | nt Std. Error t-Statist | | Prob. |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| C GRADF_01^2 GRADF_02^2 GRADF_03^2 GRADF_03^2 GRADF_04^2 GRADF_05^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_07^2 GRADF_08^2 GRADF_09^2 GRADF_10^2 GRADF_11^2 GRADF_12^2 GRADF_13^2 | -0.698692 18.10580 8.14E-05 7.86E-05 7.68E-07 2.70E-05 -2.05E-06 2.66E-05 6.15E-06 -1.65E-05 3.90E-05 -44.39519 -61.66869 56.37988 | 4.143939 18.74193 3.15E-05 2.15E-05 1.49E-05 1.43E-05 0.000451 2.02E-05 6.31E-05 7.60E-05 0.000279 54.09261 52.35317 57.56912 | -0.168606 0.966058 2.587529 3.646306 0.051480 1.882856 -0.004546 1.316318 0.097514 -0.217164 0.139641 -0.820726 -1.177936 0.979342 | 0.8666 0.3374 0.0118 0.0005 0.9591 0.0639 0.9964 0.1924 0.9226 0.8287 0.8894 0.4146 0.2429 0.3308 |
| GRADF_14^2 | -0.366355 | 0.541187 | -0.676947 | 0.5007 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.315906 0.177104 8.384720 4850.943 -289.5475 2.275954 0.012733 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 5.932300 9.243069 7.251132 7.685206 7.425626 2.138243 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 104.9 | 108.7 | -3.8 | *. . |
| 2016M02 | 116.1 | 113.0 | 3.1 | . .* |
| 2016M03 | 95.9 | 100.9 | -5.0 | * . . |
| 2016M04 | 69.4 | 68.9 | 0.5 | . * . |
| 2016M05 | 41.8 | 44.8 | -3.0 | *. . |
| 2016M06 | 19.9 | 17.5 | 2.4 | . * |
| 2016M07 | 13.3 | 12.7 | 0.6 | . * . |
| 2016M08 | 13.8 | 13.0 | 0.8 | . * . |
| 2016M09 | 13.4 | 13.3 | 0.1 | . * . |
| 2016M10 | 22.2 | 22.8 | -0.6 | .* . |
| 2016M11 | 50.9 | 49.0 | 1.9 | . *. |
| 2016M12 | 89.3 | 94.6 | -5.3 | *. . |
| 2017M01 | 116.3 | 117.5 | -1.1 | .* . |
| 2017M02 | 112.5 | 113.6 | -1.1 | .* . |
| 2017M03 | 103.9 | 105.6 | -1.6 | .* . |
| 2017M04 | 81.1 | 77.2 | 3.9 | . .* |
| 2017M05 | 46.5 | 43.9 | 2.6 | . * |
| 2017M06 | 27.1 | 25.1 | 2.0 | |
| 2017M07 | 15.4 | 15.0 | 0.4 | . * . |
| 2017M08 | 13.7 | 14.2 | -0.6 | . * |
| 2017M09 | 14.6 | 13.2 | 1.3 | |
| 2017M10 | 17.5 | 19.4 | -2.0 | .* . |
| 2017M11 | 40.4 | 43.6 | -3.3 | *. . |
| 2017M12 | 100.3 | 95.6 | 4.6 | . . * |
| 2018M01 | 155.0 | 151.2 | 3.8 | . .* |
| 2018M02 | 116.5 | 120.1 | -3.6 | *. . |
| 2018M03 | 96.4 | 95.6 | 0.8 | . * . |
| 2018M04 | 82.6 | 80.8 | 1.8 | . *. |
| 2018M05 | 42.1 | 43.4 | -1.4 | .* . |
| 2018M06 | 21.1 | 20.1 | 1.0 | . *. |
| 2018M07 | 13.7 | 13.2 | 0.5 | . * . |
| 2018M08 | 12.7 | 13.3 | -0.5 | .* . |
| 2018M09 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2018M10 | 25.2 | 23.3 | 1.9 | . *. |
| 2018M11 | 67.1 | 64.0 | 3.1 | . .* |
| 2018M12 | 110.5 | 105.0 | 5.5 | . . * |
| 2019M01 | 125.5 | 126.7 | -1.2 | .* . |
| 2019M02 | 128.6 | 129.7 | -1.1 | .* . |
| 2019M03 | 114.3 | 113.0 | 1.2 | . *. |
| 2019M04 | 79.2 | 75.4 | 3.8 | . . * |

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| 2019M05 | 47.6 | 47.7 | -0.1 | . * . |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| 2019M06 | 23.9 | 24.3 | -0.4 | .* . |
| 2019M07 | 15.1 | 13.3 | 1.7 | . *. |
| 2019M08 | 12.3 | 14.1 | -1.7 | .* . |
| 2019M09 | 12.7 | 12.5 | 0.2 | . * . |
| 2019M10 | 24.9 | 22.4 | 2.6 | . * |
| 2019M11 | 53.5 | 52.9 | 0.5 | . * . |
| 2019M12 | 100.6 | 99.8 | 0.9 | . * . |
| 2020M01 | 117.9 | 112.2 | 5.6 | . . * |
| 2020M02 | 115.9 | 114.2 | 1.8 | . *. |
| 2020M03 | 102.7 | 99.6 | 3.1 | . .* |
| 2020M04 | 70.2 | 73.8 | -3.5 | *. . |
| 2020M05 | 50.5 | 47.9 | 2.6 | . * |
| 2020M06 | 22.2 | 21.9 | 0.3 | . * . |
| 2020M07 | 13.8 | 13.9 | -0.1 | . * . |
| 2020M08 | 11.7 | 13.5 | -1.8 | .* |
| 2020M09 | 15.2 | 12.2 | 3.0 | . .* |
| 2020M10 | 22.6 | 23.5 | -0.9 | .* . |
| 2020M11 | 50.2 | 50.1 | 0.2 | . * . |
| 2020M12 | 88.4 | 88.9 | -0.5 | .* . |
| 2021M01 | 108.5 | 114.5 | -6.0 | * . . |
| 2021M02 | 120.7 | 120.3 | 0.4 | . * . |
| 2021M03 | 117.1 | 117.2 | -0.1 | . * . |
| 2021M04 | 61.5 | 61.7 | -0.2 | . * . |
| 2021M05 | 40.5 | 40.7 | -0.3 | . * . |
| 2021M06 | 18.4 | 18.6 | -0.3 | . * . |
| 2021M07 | 13.3 | 12.6 | 0.7 | . * . |
| 2021M08 | 12.5 | 13.2 | -0.7 | .* . |
| 2021M09 | 12.4 | 12.7 | -0.3 | .* . |
| 2021M10 | 17.4 | 19.8 | -2.4 | * . |
| 2021M11 | 46.1 | 45.6 | 0.6 | . * . |
| 2021M12 | 90.8 | 90.7 | 0.1 | . * . |
| 2022M01 | 123.5 | 123.3 | 0.2 | . * . |
| 2022M02 | 131.8 | 130.9 | 0.9 | . * . |
| 2022M03 | 106.7 | 104.9 | 1.8 | . *. |
| 2022M04 | 65.143 | 71.652 | -6.5094 | * . . |
| 2022M05 | 42.629 | 41.462 | 1.16715 | . *. |
| 2022M06 | 17.268 | 19.311 | -2.0438 | .* . |
| 2022M07 | 12.895 | 11.194 | 1.70174 | . *. |
| 2022M08 | 11.413 | 12.911 | -1.4984 | .* . |
| 2022M09 | 12.423 | 12.068 | 0.35458 | . * . |
| 2022M10 | 23.795 | 24.065 | -0.2697 | . * . |
| 2022M11 | 38.381 | 42.287 | -3.906 | *. . |
| | | | | |

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| 2022M12 81.464 86.788 | -5.3245 | *. | . | |
|-----------------------|---------|----|---|--|
|-----------------------|---------|----|---|--|

Date: 03/22/23 Time: 16:56 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 1 ARMA term

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| .* . | .* . | 1 | -0.074 | -0.074 0.057 | 0.4713 | 0.369 |
| | | 3 | -0.002 | 0.007 | 0.8082 | 0.668 |
| . . .* . | . . .* . | 4 5 | 0.062 -0.085 | 0.060 -0.078 | 1.1577 1.8204 | 0.763 0.769 |
| * . | · · · · · | 6 | 0.043 0.085 | 0.026 0.100 | 1.9953 2.6749 | 0.850 0.848 |
| · · - *- | · · - *- | 8 | 0.122 | 0.132 | 4.0983 | 0.768 |
| . *. . . | . *. . . | 9 10 | 0.106 0.004 | 0.128 | 5.1823 5.1837 | 0.738 0.818 |
| . *. *! | . *. | 11 12 | 0.127 | 0.115 | 6.7917 | 0.745 |
| .* . | . . | 12 | -0.073 | -0.057 | 7.3331 | 0.772 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

LLF Customer Segment – Customer Model

Dependent Variable: LLF_CUST Method: ARMA Generalized Least Squares (Gauss-Newton) Date: 03/15/23 Time: 15:47 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Convergence achieved after 27 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients d.f. adjustment for standard errors & covariance

| Variable | Coefficient | t Std. Error t-Statis | | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| GMP(-3) | 49.21921 | 4.630230 | 10.62997 | 0.0000 |
| SEP | 36.87870 | 10.60025 3.479042 | | 0.0009 |
| OCT | 177.4436 | 21.64816 | 8.196706 | 0.0000 |
| NOV | 250.2749 | 31.43497 | 7.961670 | 0.0000 |
| DEC | 268.8000 | 37.99549 | 7.074524 | 0.0000 |
| JAN | 272.4971 | 40.16800 | 6.783934 | 0.0000 |
| FEB | 267.6736 | 37.73925 | 7.092710 | 0.0000 |
| MAR | 251.9503 | 31.21293 | 8.071985 | 0.0000 |
| APR | 190.6793 | 21.63935 | 8.811693 | 0.0000 |
| MAY | 72.11797 | 11.16290 | 6.460506 | 0.0000 |
| С | 6338.707 | 143.6450 44.12757 | | 0.0000 |
| D_2019M7_F | -120.8420 | 33.81450 | -3.573675 | 0.0007 |
| D_2019M6 | -123.8904 | 21.75894 | -5.693769 | 0.0000 |
| D_2018M5 | -37.93431 | 13.17609 | -2.879026 | 0.0053 |
| AR(1) | 1.502714 | 0.089907 | 16.71411 | 0.0000 |
| AR(2) | -0.702501 | 0.093575 | -7.507348 | 0.0000 |
| R-squared | 0.989984 | Mean depen | dent var | 8056.417 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.987774 | S.D. depende | | 211.3534 |
| S.E. of regression | 23.36929 | Akaike info c | riterion | 9.344538 |
| Sum squared resid | 37136.43 | Schwarz crite | erion | 9.807551 |
| Log likelihood | -376.4706 | Hannan-Quir | nn criter. | 9.530665 |
| F-statistic | 448.0663 | Durbin-Wats | on stat | 1.852223 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.000000 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .7537i | .75+.37i | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 1.497744 | Prob. F(16,67) | 0.1269 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | 22.12931 | Prob. Chi-Square(16) | 0.1391 |
| Scaled explained SS | 13.62877 | Prob. Chi-Square(16) | 0.6263 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 08:55 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | nt Std. Error t-Statist | | Prob. |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------------|----------|
| С | 802.4543 | 394.0999 | 2.036170 | 0.0457 |
| GRADF 01 ² | -6565.721 | 2823.870 | -2.325079 | 0.0231 |
| GRADF_02^2 | -105563.2 | 64229.40 | -1.643534 | 0.1050 |
| GRADF_03^2 | 154224.3 | 64572.80 | 2.388378 | 0.0197 |
| GRADF_04^2 | -51171.98 | 72283.01 | -0.707939 | 0.4814 |
| GRADF_05^2 | -12444.37 | 71120.49 | -0.174976 | 0.8616 |
| GRADF_06^2 | -45532.45 | 72903.37 | -0.624559 | 0.5344 |
| GRADF_07^2 | -7357.906 | 67491.60 | -0.109020 | 0.9135 |
| GRADF_08^2 | -81046.72 | 69002.59 | -1.174546 | 0.2443 |
| GRADF_09 ² | 66121.76 | 61785.93 1.070175 | | 0.2884 |
| GRADF_10 ² | 15642.44 | 67982.16 0.230096 | | 0.8187 |
| GRADF_11^2 | 3934210. | 3855226. | 1.020487 | 0.3112 |
| GRADF_12 ² | 45158.82 | 652625.7 | 0.069196 | 0.9450 |
| GRADF_13 ² | -105174.6 | 274776.6 | -0.382764 | 0.7031 |
| GRADF_14^2 | -26507.65 | 115027.8 | -0.230446 | 0.8184 |
| GRADF_15^2 | -8.459338 | 11.34664 | -0.745537 | 0.4586 |
| GRADF_16^2 | 8.619244 | 11.86824 | 0.726245 | 0.4702 |
| R-squared | 0.263444 | Mean depen | dent var | 442.1003 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.087550 | S.D. depende | ent var | 609.7491 |
| S.E. of regression | 582.4460 | Akaike info c | riterion | 15.75099 |
| Sum squared resid | 22729303 | Schwarz crite | erion | 16.24294 |
| Log likelihood | -644.5415 | Hannan-Quir | nn criter. | 15.94875 |
| F-statistic | 1.497744 | Durbin-Wats | on stat | 2.277469 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.126917 | | | |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 7928.0 | 7942.3 | -14.3 | .* . |
| 2016M02 | 7939.0 | 7932.4 | 6.6 | . * . |
| 2016M03 | 7926.0 | 7943.9 | -17.9 | .* . |
| 2016M04 | 7857.0 | 7876.7 | -19.7 | .* . |
| 2016M05 | 7740.0 | 7744.8 | -4.8 | .* . |
| 2016M06 | 7655.0 | 7681.2 | -26.2 | * . |
| 2016M07 | 7622.0 | 7661.6 | -39.6 | * . . |
| 2016M08 | 7633.0 | 7622.0 | 11.0 | . *. |
| 2016M09 | 7682.0 | 7699.9 | -17.9 | .* . |
| 2016M10 | 7856.0 | 7851.8 | 4.2 | . * . |
| 2016M11 | 7930.0 | 7967.1 | -37.1 | *. . |
| 2016M12 | 7979.0 | 7965.0 | 14.0 | . *. |
| 2017M01 | 7999.0 | 8015.0 | -16.0 | .* . |
| 2017M02 | 8002.0 | 8014.3 | -12.3 | .* . |
| 2017M03 | 7998.0 | 7999.5 | -1.5 | . * . |
| 2017M04 | 7925.0 | 7951.3 | -26.3 | * . |
| 2017M05 | 7833.0 | 7806.4 | 26.6 | . * |
| 2017M06 | 7783.0 | 7782.7 | 0.3 | . * . |
| 2017M07 | 7753.0 | 7798.7 | -45.7 | * . . |
| 2017M08 | 7764.0 | 7740.4 | 23.6 | . * |
| 2017M09 | 7798.0 | 7818.3 | -20.3 | .* . |
| 2017M10 | 7939.0 | 7948.0 | -9.0 | .* . |
| 2017M11 | 8089.0 | 8025.4 | 63.6 | . . * |
| 2017M12 | 8160.0 | 8159.9 | 0.1 | . * . |
| 2018M01 | 8172.0 | 8189.6 | -17.6 | .* . |
| 2018M02 | 8182.0 | 8160.8 | 21.2 | . * |
| 2018M03 | 8184.0 | 8161.7 | 22.3 | . * |
| 2018M04 | 8131.0 | 8119.0 | 12.0 | . *. |
| 2018M05 | 7930.0 | 7964.5 | -34.5 | *. . |
| 2018M06 | 7835.0 | 7860.8 | -25.8 | * . |
| 2018M07 | 7796.0 | 7802.0 | -6.0 | .* . |
| 2018M08 | 7804.0 | 7786.2 | 17.8 | . *. |
| 2018M09 | 7876.0 | 7862.6 | 13.4 | . *. |
| 2018M10 | 8085.0 | 8051.1 | 33.9 | . . * |
| 2018M11 | 8192.0 | 8204.0 | -12.0 | .* . |
| 2018M12 | 8238.0 | 8227.0 | 11.0 | . *. |
| 2019M01 | 8264.0 | 8249.4 | 14.6 | . *. |
| 2019M02 | 8281.0 | 8259.9 | 21.1 | . * |
| 2019M03 | 8283.0 | 8262.5 | 20.5 | . *. |
| 2019M04 | 8225.0 | 8213.9 | 11.1 | . *. |
| 2019M05 | 8068.0 | 8087.7 | -19.7 | .* . |
| 2019M06 | 7805.0 | 7832.9 | -27.9 | *. . |

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| 2019M07 | 7758.0 | 7764.6 | -6.6 | . * |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|
| 2019M08 | 7766.0 | 7740.4 | 25.6 | |
| 2019M09 | 7830.0 | 7828.4 | 1.6 | |
| 2019M10 | 8022.0 | 8005.2 | 16.8 | |
| 2019M11 | 8162.0 | 8135.8 | 26.2 | |
| 2019M12 | 8193.0 | 8219.0 | -26.0 | |
| 2020M01 | 8213.0 | 8202.0 | 11.0 | |
| 2020M02 | 8219.0 | 8224.4 | -5.4 | |
| 2020M03 | 8205.0 | 8222.4 | -17.4 | |
| 2020M04 | 8153.0 | 8143.1 | 9.9 | . *. |
| 2020M05 | 8051.0 | 8006.6 | 44.4 | |
| 2020M06 | 7963.0 | 7923.7 | 39.3 | |
| 2020M07 | 7924.0 | 7896.0 | 28.0 | |
| 2020M08 | 7900.0 | 7887.5 | 12.5 | |
| 2020M09 | 7972.0 | 7956.6 | 15.4 | · · · · · |
| 2020M10 | 8154.0 | 8167.0 | -13.0 | .* . |
| 2020M11 | 8222.0 | 8255.8 | -33.8 | |
| 2020M12 | 8252.0 | 8211.8 | 40.2 | |
| 2021M01 | 8261.0 | 8241.6 | 19.4 | . *. |
| 2021M02 | 8264.0 | 8254.1 | 9.9 | . *. |
| 2021M03 | 8256.0 | 8261.8 | -5.8 | . * . |
| 2021M04 | 8211.0 | 8211.9 | -0.9 | . * . |
| 2021M05 | 8084.0 | 8109.8 | -25.8 | * . |
| 2021M06 | 7991.0 | 8013.7 | -22.7 | * . |
| 2021M07 | 7987.0 | 7988.9 | -1.9 | . * . |
| 2021M08 | 8000.0 | 7997.7 | 2.3 | . * . |
| 2021M09 | 8050.0 | 8057.5 | -7.5 | .* . |
| 2021M10 | 8210.0 | 8209.6 | 0.4 | . * . |
| 2021M11 | 8323.0 | 8306.7 | 16.3 | . *. |
| 2021M12 | 8366.0 | 8375.4 | -9.4 | .* . |
| 2022M01 | 8409.0 | 8389.5 | 19.5 | . *. |
| 2022M02 | 8414.0 | 8428.8 | -14.8 | .* . |
| 2022M03 | 8412.0 | 8401.3 | 10.7 | . *. |
| 2022M04 | 8359 | 8356.6 | 2.39551 | . * . |
| 2022M05 | 8216 | 8242.4 | -26.353 | * . |
| 2022M06 | 8125 | 8131.5 | -6.5391 | . * . |
| 2022M07 | 8103 | 8122.7 | -19.741 | .* . |
| 2022M08 | 8099 | 8105.7 | -6.6988 | .* . |
| 2022M09 | 8178 | 8154.8 | 23.225 | . * |
| 2022M10 | 8349 | 8364.2 | -15.2 | .* . |
| 2022M11 | 8459 | 8454.9 | 4.0553 | . * . |
| 2022M12 | 8513 | 8510.2 | 2.79299 | . * . |

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Date: 03/23/23 Time: 08:58 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 2 ARMA terms

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|--------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| . . | . . | 1 | 0.071 -0.012 | 0.071 -0.018 | 0.4380 0.4516 | |
| · · . *. | · · . *. | 3 | 0.109 | 0.112 | 1.5157 | 0.218 |
| .* . . . | .^ . . . | 4 5 | -0.156 0.016 | -0.176 0.051 | 3.7209 3.7456 | 0.156 0.290 |
| . *. . . | . *. . *. | 6 7 | 0.101 0.050 | 0.078 0.078 | 4.6921 4.9305 | 0.320 0.424 |
| . *. . | - *. - * - | 8 9 | 0.141 -0.042 | 0.105 -0.078 | 6.8320 7.0050 | 0.337 0.428 |
| · · · - *. | · · . *. | 10 11 | 0.111 | 0.154 | 8.2128 8.7061 | 0.413 |
| · · .* . | · · .* . | 12 | -0.130 | -0.097 | 10.389 | 0.403 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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LLF Customer Segment - Use Per Customer Model

Dependent Variable: LLF_UPC Method: ARMA Generalized Least Squares (Gauss-Newton) Date: 03/15/23 Time: 15:58 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Convergence achieved after 37 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients d.f. adjustment for standard errors & covariance

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|
| GMP(-3)*Q4_TO_Q2 | 5.768885 | 0.350578 | 16.45534 | 0.0000 |
| BC_OCT | 0.656343 | 0.049796 | 13.18068 | 0.0000 |
| BC_NOV | 0.777321 | 0.021105 | 36.83191 | 0.0000 |
| BC_DEC | 0.862919 | 0.013049 | 66.13121 | 0.0000 |
| BC_JAN | 0.851006 | 0.010050 | 84.67489 | 0.0000 |
| BC_FEB | 0.795727 | 0.010808 | 73.62164 | 0.0000 |
| BC_MAR | 0.845921 | 0.012130 | 69.73958 | 0.0000 |
| BC_APR | 0.705366 | 0.015123 | 46.64289 | 0.0000 |
| BC_MAY | 0.576968 | 0.025034 | 23.04736 | 0.0000 |
| BC_JUN | 0.414042 | 0.059806 | 6.923118 | 0.0000 |
| D_2020M11 | -49.83477 | 20.15067 | -2.473107 | 0.0161 |
| D_2021M1 | -140.2356 | 31.61630 | -4.435547 | 0.0000 |
| D_2021M3 | 185.4522 | 21.06101 | 8.805475 | 0.0000 |
| JAN*D_2019M7_F*TREND | 1.714488 | 0.238028 | 7.202874 | 0.0000 |
| FEB*D_2019M7_F*TREND | 1.400399 | 0.153369 | 9.130924 | |
| JUL | 230.5824 | 5.838559 | 39.49304 | 0.0000 |
| AUG | 223.4388 | 5.818609 | 38.40072 | |
| SEP | 238.3795 | 5.806183 | 41.05615 | 0.0000 |
| AR(4) | 0.405994 | 0.120794 | 3.361050 | 0.0013 |
| AR(12) | -0.569236 | 0.116028 | -4.906018 | 0.0000 |
| MA(1) | -0.310136 | 0.119261 | -2.600475 | 0.0116 |
| R-squared | 0.997998 | Mean dependent var 66 | | 661.2274 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.997363 | S.D. dependent var | | 402.3675 |
| S.E. of regression | 20.66231 | Akaike info criterion | | 9.186360 |
| Sum squared resid | 26896.66 | Schwarz criterion 9.79 | | 9.794064 |
| Log likelihood | -364.8271 | Hannan-Quinn criter. 9.4306 | | 9.430652 |
| Durbin-Watson stat | 1.930293 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .9522i | .95+.22i | .6565i | .6565i |
| | .22+.95i | .2295i | 2295i | 22+.95i |
| | 65+.65i | 65+.65i | 95+.22i | 9522i |
| Inverted MA Roots | .31 | | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 1.091819 | Prob. F(21,62) | 0.3801 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | 22.67761 | Prob. Chi-Square(21) | 0.3614 |
| Scaled explained SS | 13.91161 | Prob. Chi-Square(21) | 0.8734 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 09:00 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|----------|
| С | 413.0482 | 196.0643 | 2.106697 | 0.0392 |
| GRADF_01^2 | 3.092344 | 22.45101 | 0.137737 | 0.8909 |
| GRADF_02^2 | -0.238647 | 0.480606 | -0.496555 | 0.6213 |
| GRADF_03^2 | -0.091821 | 0.120521 | -0.761872 | 0.4490 |
| GRADF_04^2 | -0.005049 | 0.051168 | -0.098680 | 0.9217 |
| GRADF_05^2 | 0.035031 | 0.029211 | 1.199217 | 0.2350 |
| GRADF_06^2 | 0.021681 | 0.029949 | 0.723924 | 0.4718 |
| GRADF_07^2 | -0.021412 | 0.035282 | -0.606892 | 0.5461 |
| GRADF_08^2 | -0.026211 | 0.050847 | -0.515475 | 0.6081 |
| GRADF_09^2 | -0.101647 | 0.137395 | -0.739814 | 0.4622 |
| GRADF_10^2 | -0.642370 | 0.789536 | -0.813604 | 0.4190 |
| GRADF_11^2 | -40374.88 | 167244.2 | -0.241413 | 0.8100 |
| GRADF_12^2 | -19525.84 | 234764.9 | -0.083172 | 0.9340 |
| GRADF_13^2 | 125314.4 | 170573.5 | 0.734665 | 0.4653 |
| GRADF_14^2 | -17.01009 | 13.71272 | -1.240460 | 0.2195 |
| GRADF_15^2 | -7.541975 | 9.976487 | -0.755975 | 0.4525 |
| GRADF_16^2 | -20594.57 | 34243.90 | -0.601409 | 0.5498 |
| GRADF_17^2 | -32718.50 | 32696.47 | -1.000674 | 0.3209 |
| GRADF_18^2 | 78234.98 | 32463.09 | 2.409967 | 0.0189 |
| GRADF_19 ² | -19.13194 | 32.72570 | -0.584615 | 0.5609 |
| GRADF_20^2 | -22.03407 | 28.24707 | -0.780048 | 0.4383 |
| GRADF_21^2 | -0.115592 | 35.73657 | -0.003235 | 0.9974 |
| R-squared | 0.269971 | Mean dependent var | | 320.1984 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.022704 | S.D. dependent var | | 475.7333 |
| S.E. of regression | 470.3018 | Akaike info criterion | | 15.36475 |
| Sum squared resid | 13713397 | Schwarz criterion | | 16.00140 |
| Log likelihood | -623.3197 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 15.62068 |
| F-statistic | 1.091819 | Durbin-Watson stat 1.77 | | 1.771135 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.380138 | | | |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 1125.4 | 1100.6 | 24.8 | . .* |
| 2016M02 | 1154.9 | 1111.5 | 43.4 | . . * |
| 2016M03 | 998.3 | 1006.6 | -8.3 | .* . |
| 2016M04 | 743.3 | 738.2 | 5.1 | . * . |
| 2016M05 | 465.1 | 490.0 | -24.9 | *. . |
| 2016M06 | 271.4 | 272.8 | -1.4 | . * . |
| 2016M07 | 204.5 | 214.2 | -9.7 | .* . |
| 2016M08 | 215.2 | 230.6 | -15.4 | .* . |
| 2016M09 | 217.1 | 219.8 | -2.8 | .* . |
| 2016M10 | 356.9 | 353.2 | 3.7 | . * . |
| 2016M11 | 643.0 | 641.0 | 2.0 | . * . |
| 2016M12 | 987.4 | 1017.2 | -29.8 | *. . |
| 2017M01 | 1190.4 | 1172.6 | 17.8 | . * |
| 2017M02 | 1109.7 | 1077.6 | 32.2 | . . * |
| 2017M03 | 1104.9 | 1110.6 | -5.7 | .* . |
| 2017M04 | 814.3 | 806.6 | 7.7 | . *. |
| 2017M05 | 482.1 | 464.3 | 17.7 | . * |
| 2017M06 | 271.6 | 255.9 | 15.7 | . *. |
| 2017M07 | 244.0 | 240.8 | 3.2 | . * . |
| 2017M08 | 211.0 | 224.5 | -13.5 | .* . |
| 2017M09 | 221.9 | 264.3 | -42.3 | *. . |
| 2017M10 | 292.2 | 285.7 | 6.5 | . * . |
| 2017M11 | 588.4 | 593.9 | -5.5 | .* . |
| 2017M12 | 1100.4 | 1089.6 | 10.8 | . *. |
| 2018M01 | 1441.0 | 1482.0 | -41.0 | *. . |
| 2018M02 | 1118.0 | 1151.0 | -33.0 | * . . |
| 2018M03 | 1016.3 | 1010.7 | 5.6 | . * . |
| 2018M04 | 835.0 | 856.0 | -21.0 | * . |
| 2018M05 | 444.2 | 435.6 | 8.6 | . *. |
| 2018M06 | 269.2 | 255.2 | 14.0 | . *. |
| 2018M07 | 219.3 | 224.9 | -5.6 | .* . |
| 2018M08 | 221.0 | 229.0 | -7.9 | .* . |
| 2018M09 | 221.5 | 242.9 | -21.4 | * . |
| 2018M10 | 403.4 | 387.1 | 16.4 | . *. |
| 2018M11 | 780.9 | 766.1 | 14.8 | . *. |
| 2018M12 | 1110.7 | 1112.5 | -1.8 | . * . |
| 2019M01 | 1278.1 | 1255.3 | 22.9 | . .* |
| 2019M02 | 1246.9 | 1248.2 | -1.2 | . * . |
| 2019M03 | 1146.9 | 1166.8 | -19.9 | * . |
| 2019M04 | 796.5 | 793.4 | 3.1 | . * . |
| 2019M05 | 505.9 | 524.2 | -18.3 | * . |
| 2019M06 | 303.7 | 299.0 | 4.8 | . * . |

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| 2019M07 | 227.7 | 224.9 | 2.9 | . * . |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| 2019M08 | 223.7 | 225.8 | -2.1 | . * . |
| 2019M09 | 232.6 | 252.3 | -19.7 | * . |
| 2019M10 | 382.7 | 373.6 | 9.2 | . *. |
| 2019M11 | 710.2 | 698.4 | 11.8 | . *. |
| 2019M12 | 1091.9 | 1111.8 | -20.0 | * . |
| 2020M01 | 1217.6 | 1225.7 | -8.2 | .* . |
| 2020M02 | 1175.3 | 1182.8 | -7.5 | .* . |
| 2020M03 | 1053.6 | 1049.4 | 4.2 | . * . |
| 2020M04 | 739.3 | 760.2 | -20.9 | * . |
| 2020M05 | 528.6 | 529.7 | -1.1 | . * . |
| 2020M06 | 254.8 | 267.8 | -13.0 | .* . |
| 2020M07 | 224.3 | 245.8 | -21.4 | * . |
| 2020M08 | 221.5 | 218.1 | 3.4 | . * . |
| 2020M09 | 255.8 | 235.9 | 19.9 | . * |
| 2020M10 | 366.2 | 350.3 | 15.9 | . *. |
| 2020M11 | 619.9 | 629.2 | -9.3 | .* . |
| 2020M12 | 1019.0 | 1015.2 | 3.7 | . * . |
| 2021M01 | 1188.5 | 1193.1 | -4.6 | .* . |
| 2021M02 | 1344.4 | 1332.5 | 11.9 | . *. |
| 2021M03 | 1283.6 | 1299.2 | -15.6 | .* . |
| 2021M04 | 794.1 | 781.4 | 12.7 | . *. |
| 2021M05 | 504.4 | 495.9 | 8.5 | . *. |
| 2021M06 | 276.1 | 295.7 | -19.6 | * . |
| 2021M07 | 247.7 | 223.7 | 23.9 | . .* |
| 2021M08 | 241.5 | 233.0 | 8.5 | . *. |
| 2021M09 | 244.8 | 233.3 | 11.4 | . *. |
| 2021M10 | 330.3 | 350.1 | -19.8 | * . |
| 2021M11 | 687.1 | 692.7 | -5.5 | .* . |
| 2021M12 | 1085.2 | 1048.2 | 37.0 | . . * |
| 2022M01 | 1419.9 | 1409.9 | 10.0 | . *. |
| 2022M02 | 1381.8 | 1403.1 | -21.3 | * . |
| 2022M03 | 1198.8 | 1165.2 | 33.6 | . . * |
| 2022M04 | 788.05 | 771.29 | 16.7589 | . * |
| 2022M05 | 510.46 | 509.39 | 1.06406 | . * . |
| 2022M06 | 289.03 | 291.28 | -2.2543 | . * . |
| 2022M07 | 251.05 | 250.35 | 0.69725 | . * . |
| 2022M08 | 229.8 | 212.95 | 16.8508 | . * |
| 2022M09 | 272.52 | 222.05 | 50.4721 | . . * |
| 2022M10 | 413.2 | 441.92 | -28.721 | *. . |
| 2022M11 | 619.93 | 633.89 | -13.958 | .* . |
| 2022M12 | 1024.1 | 1027.4 | -3.2869 | .* . |

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Date: 03/23/23 Time: 09:01 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 3 ARMA terms

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|-----------------|---------------------|----|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| . . | . . | 1 | 0.023 | 0.023 | 0.0470 | |
| .* . | .* . | 2 | -0.148 | -0.149 | 1.9745 | |
| | | 3 | 0.025 | 0.034 | 2.0320 | |
| | | 4 | 0.059 | 0.036 | 2.3458 | 0.126 |
| . *. | . *. | 5 | 0.101 | 0.109 | 3.2722 | 0.195 |
| .* . | .* . | 6 | -0.080 | -0.075 | 3.8591 | 0.277 |
| | | 7 | -0.035 | -0.003 | 3.9754 | 0.409 |
| | | 8 | 0.030 | -0.001 | 4.0604 | 0.541 |
| .* . | .* . | 9 | -0.078 | -0.092 | 4.6529 | 0.589 |
| .* . | .* . | 10 | -0.136 | -0.136 | 6.4497 | 0.488 |
| | .j.j | 11 | -0.023 | -0.026 | 6.5034 | 0.591 |
| .i. i | .į. į | 12 | -0.008 | -0.044 | 6.5104 | 0.688 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

HLF Customer Segment – Customer Model

Dependent Variable: HLF_CUST

Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 03/01/23 Time: 14:40 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 after adjustments Failure to improve likelihood (non-zero gradients) after 6 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients

MA Backcast: 2015M12

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| GMP(- 3)*D_2021M11_F D_2018M5_2019M6 C AR(2) MA(1) | 0.416276 48.21605 1147.672 0.925010 0.887361 | 0.187631 4.956835 23.69634 0.047803 0.061507 | 2.218592 9.727186 48.43244 19.35032 14.42699 | 0.0294 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.961960 0.960034 7.021644 3894.976 -280.3291 499.4437 0.000000 | Mean depende S.D. depende Akaike info cr Schwarz crite Hannan-Quin Durbin-Watsc | ent var riterion erion n criter. | 1139.595 35.12323 6.793551 6.938242 6.851715 2.118708 |
| Inverted AR Roots Inverted MA Roots | .96 89 | 96 | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 1.926651 | Prob. F(5,78) | 0.0993 |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | 9.233861 | Prob. Chi-Square(5) | 0.1001 |
| Scaled explained SS | 24.04808 | Prob. Chi-Square(5) | 0.0002 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID^2 Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 09:02 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| C GRADF_01^2 GRADF_02^2 GRADF_03^2 GRADF_04^2 GRADF_05^2 | 104.4041 -0.002528 223.2042 -31805.69 -0.006336 -0.053236 | 255.0703 0.081696 81.43100 160310.3 0.019829 0.048869 | 0.409315 -0.030942 2.741022 -0.198401 -0.319542 -1.089365 | 0.6834 0.9754 0.0076 0.8432 0.7502 0.2793 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.109927 0.052871 110.1657 946645.6 -511.0451 1.926651 0.099318 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 46.36876 113.1988 12.31060 12.48423 12.38040 1.830369 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 2135.6 | 1968.4 | 167.2 | . . * |
| 2016M02 | 2004.6 | 1961.2 | 43.4 | . *. |
| 2016M03 | 2000.3 | 2012.3 | -12.0 | .*. |
| 2016M04 | 1978.3 | 1872.7 | 105.6 | . .* |
| 2016M05 | 1968.0 | 1892.4 | 75.6 | . * |
| 2016M06 | 1963.7 | 1929.9 | 33.9 | . *. |
| 2016M07 | 1766.5 | 1923.6 | -157.1 | *. . |
| 2016M08 | 1975.5 | 1861.3 | 114.2 | . .* |
| 2016M09 | 1815.5 | 1835.9 | -20.4 | .* . |
| 2016M10 | 2014.6 | 1986.1 | 28.5 | . *. |
| 2016M11 | 2035.3 | 2040.3 | -5.0 | .*. |
| 2016M12 | 2044.5 | 1940.8 | 103.7 | . * |
| 2017M01 | 2017.3 | 2059.7 | -42.4 | .* . |
| 2017M02 | 1976.7 | 1980.3 | -3.6 | .*. |
| 2017M03 | 2057.8 | 1957.0 | 100.8 | . * |
| 2017M04 | 1867.5 | 1879.4 | -12.0 | .*. |
| 2017M05 | 2025.6 | 1883.3 | 142.3 | . .* |
| 2017M06 | 1581.3 | 1898.3 | -317.0 | * . . |
| 2017M07 | 2014.4 | 1834.3 | 180.1 | . .* |
| 2017M08 | 1850.9 | 1764.9 | 86.0 | . * |
| 2017M09 | 1772.7 | 1922.3 | -149.7 | *. . |
| 2017M10 | 1978.1 | 1902.0 | 76.0 | . * |
| 2017M11 | 2222.1 | 2080.3 | 141.8 | . .* |
| 2017M12 | 2244.6 | 2158.9 | 85.8 | . * |
| 2018M01 | 2351.7 | 2445.4 | -93.7 | * . |
| 2018M02 | 2001.2 | 1977.8 | 23.4 | . *. |
| 2018M03 | 2150.2 | 2130.1 | 20.1 | . *. |
| 2018M04 | 2081.5 | 2042.9 | 38.6 | . *. |
| 2018M05 | 1792.5 | 1957.0 | -164.5 | *. . |
| 2018M06 | 1740.3 | 1859.8 | -119.5 | *. . |
| 2018M07 | 1660.9 | 1736.5 | -75.6 | * . |
| 2018M08 | 1728.5 | 1714.1 | 14.4 | .*. |
| 2018M09 | 1668.2 | 1719.7 | -51.5 | .* . |
| 2018M10 | 2011.5 | 1892.1 | 119.4 | . .* |
| 2018M11 | 2091.0 | 2132.1 | -41.2 | .* . |
| 2018M12 | 2038.8 | 2076.7 | -37.9 | .* . |
| 2019M01 | 2237.0 | 2165.3 | 71.7 | . *. |
| 2019M02 | 2060.3 | 2137.2 | -76.9 | * . |
| 2019M03 | 2118.4 | 2126.8 | -8.4 | .*. |
| 2019M04 | 2021.9 | 1919.6 | 102.3 | . * |
| 2019M05 | 1977.6 | 1918.5 | 59.0 | . *. |
| 2019M06 | 1845.5 | 1912.6 | -67.1 | .* . |

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| 2019M08 1906.6 1835.0 71.6 2019M09 1919.0 1882.2 36.8 2019M10 2058.1 2018.6 39.5 2019M11 2196.2 2191.7 4.5 .* 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 * 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 * 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 * 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 175.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 168.1 158.1 144.0 .+ 2020M06 168.1 158.1 36.0 ! 2020M07 1619.1 158.3 <td< th=""><th>2019M07</th><th>1885.9</th><th>1855.7</th><th>30.2</th><th></th></td<> | 2019M07 | 1885.9 | 1855.7 | 30.2 | |
|---|---------|--------|--------|---------|-------------|
| 2019M09 1919.0 1882.2 36.8 * 2019M10 2058.1 2018.6 39.5 * 2019M11 2196.2 2191.7 4.5 * 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 * 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 * 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 * 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 * 2020M04 1899.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 .* 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | |
| 2019M10 2058.1 2018.6 39.5 . *. 2019M11 2196.2 2191.7 4.5 . *. 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 . *. 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 . *. 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 . *. 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 . * 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 . * 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 .* 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 .* ! 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 . * 2021M02 2018.0 | | | | | |
| 2019M11 2196.2 2191.7 4.5 .* 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 . * 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 . * 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 . * 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 .* 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 . : 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 .* ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! | | | | | |
| 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 ,* 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 . *. 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 . *. 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 .* 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 ! 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 ! 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 .* 2020M01 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 .* ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! | | | | | |
| 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 I I I 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 I . I* I 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 I . * I 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 I * I 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 I .* I 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 I I 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 I .* I 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 I .* I 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 I .* I 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 I .* I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I * I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I * | | | | | |
| 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 . *. 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 .*. 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 *. 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .*. 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 .*. 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 *. 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 .*. 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 .*. 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 .*. 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 ! 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .*. ! ! ! | | | | | |
| 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 I * I 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 I * I 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 I * I 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 I . * I 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 I . * I 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 I . * I 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 I . I I 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 I . I I 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 I . I I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I * I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I . I I | | | | | |
| 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 I * I 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 I .* I 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 I . I * I 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 I .* I I 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 I .* I I 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 I .* I I 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 I .* I I 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 I .* I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I * I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I .* I 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 I .* I 2021M05 | | | | | |
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| 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 . . . ! ! . ! . ! . ! . ! . ! . ! . ! ! . | | | | | |
| 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 I I* I 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 I .*I I 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 I .*I I 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 I .*I I 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 I .*I I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I *I I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I .*I I 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 I .I *I 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 I .* I 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 I .I* I 2021M06 1745.7 1778.1 -31.5 I I* I 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 I | | | | | |
| 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 .* 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 .* 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 .* 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 . * 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 . * 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 * 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . * 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 .* 2021M01 < | | | | | |
| 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 .* 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 .* 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 . * 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 . * 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 * 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . * 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . *. 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . *. 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 .* 2021M10 18 | | | | | |
| 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 22.9 .* 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 . *. 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 . *. 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 85.2 * 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . * 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 .* 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* | | | | | |
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| 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 I I I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I * I I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I .* I I 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 I . I * I 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 I .* I 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 I .I* I 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 I .*I I 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 I .*I I 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 I .I* I 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 I .I* I 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 I .*I I 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 I <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | |
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| 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . .* 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* . 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * . 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * . 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 .* 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 | | | | | 1 1 1 |
| 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . * 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 . * 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 | | | | | |
| 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 .* 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 .< | | | | | |
| 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . *. 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . *. 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . *. 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* <. | | | | | 1 1 1 |
| 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 * 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 | | | | | |
| 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 * 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 * 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 | | | | | |
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| 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . *. 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* . 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .*. 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .*. 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* . 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* . 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 | | | 1738.1 | | • • • |
| 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* . 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .*. 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .*. 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* . 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* . 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. . 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 . 2022M08 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . *. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 | | | | 28.1 | |
| 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 . * . 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 . * . 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 . * 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* 2022M06 1688.3 1747.8 -125.81 *. 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. 2022M08 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 *. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 | 2021M10 | 1830.5 | 1889.9 | -59.4 | |
| 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.3 1 . 1 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *< | 2021M11 | 2051.4 | 2054.2 | -2.8 | . *. |
| 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* . 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. . 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 .*. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. . | 2021M12 | 1988.4 | 1991.9 | -3.5 | .*. |
| 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* . 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. . 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 .*. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. . | 2022M01 | 2161.0 | 2176.5 | -15.5 | · .* . |
| 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. . 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 *. 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 * . 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. . 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* . | 2022M02 | 2029.1 | 2100.4 | -71.3 | |
| 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . * 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M03 | 1887.5 | 2039.7 | -152.2 | |
| 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 .*. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* . | 2022M04 | 1772.5 | 1826.2 | -53.675 | |
| 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . *. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M05 | 1828.8 | 1756 | 72.7797 | . *. |
| 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . * . 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . * . 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M06 | 1688.3 | 1753.9 | -65.625 | .* . |
| 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . * . 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . * . 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M07 | 1622 | 1747.8 | -125.81 | *. . |
| 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M08 | 1724.9 | 1688.7 | 36.1949 | |
| 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* . | 2022M09 | 1720.2 | 1708.2 | 11.9693 | .*. |
| | 2022M10 | 1796.9 | 1912.7 | -115.74 | *. . |
| 2022M12 1709.5 1895.8 -186.3 * . . | 2022M11 | 1888.9 | 1943.9 | -55.085 | .* . |
| | 2022M12 | 1709.5 | 1895.8 | -186.3 | *. . |

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Date: 03/23/23 Time: 09:04 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 2 ARMA terms

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| .* . . . | .* | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | -0.077 0.048 0.102 -0.028 -0.027 -0.063 -0.051 -0.098 0.049 | -0.077 0.042 0.110 -0.014 -0.041 -0.079 -0.055 -0.095 0.055 | 0.5132 0.7142 1.6429 1.7133 1.7799 2.1466 2.3900 3.3081 3.5424 | 0.200 0.425 0.619 0.709 0.793 0.769 0.831 |
| · · · · | | | -0.025 -0.079 0.042 | 0.002 -0.075 0.008 | 3.6011 4.2250 4.4038 | 0.891 0.896 0.927 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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HLF Customer Segment - Use Per Customer Model

Dependent Variable: HLF_UPC Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 03/01/23 Time: 14:43 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 after adjustments Convergence achieved after 9 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|----------|
| UNEMP_RT(-1) | -38.92861 | 12.16159 | -3.200949 | 0.0020 |
| BC_DEC+BC_FEB | 0.082400 | 0.037778 | 2.181186 | 0.0324 |
| BC_JAN | 0.160811 | 0.041997 | 3.829057 | 0.0003 |
| BC_MAR | 0.108100 | 0.039050 | 2.768211 | 0.0071 |
| BC_NOV | 0.326041 | 0.065012 | 5.015113 | 0.0000 |
| BC_OCT | 0.370237 | 0.130697 | 2.832779 | 0.0060 |
| D_2017M09_F*BC_EDD | 0.173506 | 0.047100 | 3.683750 | 0.0004 |
| D_2018_M02 | -225.1990 | 88.33268 | -2.549441 | 0.0129 |
| | 1909.704 | 63.35549 | 30.14268 | 0.0000 |
| AR(1) | 0.301170 | 0.112975 | 2.665810 | 0.0095 |
| AR(2) | 0.448404 | 0.114953 | 3.900740 | 0.0002 |
| R-squared | 0.762541 | Mean depend | dent var | 1939.575 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.730012 | S.D. depende | ent var | 185.2815 |
| S.E. of regression | 96.27292 | Akaike info c | riterion | 12.09380 |
| Sum squared resid | 676598.7 | Schwarz crite | erion | 12.41212 |
| Log likelihood | -496.9395 | Hannan-Quir | nn criter. | 12.22176 |
| F-statistic | 23.44213 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 2.111396 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.000000 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .84 | 54 | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 10.90820 | Prob. F(10,73) | 0.3816 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | | Prob. Chi-Square(10) | 0.3647 |
| Scaled explained SS | 11.23007 | Prob. Chi-Square(10) | 0.3399 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID^2 Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 09:08 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Collinear test regressors dropped from specification

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|----------|
| С | 4224.363 | 3078.661 | 1.372143 | 0.1742 |
| GRADF_01 ² | 309.5210 | 340.6919 | 0.908507 | 0.3666 |
| GRADF_02^2 | -0.000455 | 0.006339 | -0.071710 | 0.9430 |
| GRADF_03^2 | -0.001777 | 0.004336 | -0.409837 | 0.6831 |
| GRADF_04^2 | 0.000123 | 0.004917 | 0.024994 | 0.9801 |
| GRADF_05^2 | -0.010428 | 0.015735 | -0.662705 | 0.5096 |
| GRADF_06^2 | 0.003512 | 0.071358 | 0.049215 | 0.9609 |
| GRADF_07^2 | 0.001939 | 0.013079 | 0.148242 | 0.8826 |
| GRADF_08^2 | -4920.476 | 13766.29 | -0.357429 | 0.7218 |
| GRADF_10^2 | 0.337597 | 0.121971 | 2.767854 | 0.0071 |
| GRADF_11^2 | 0.005587 | 0.122979 | 0.045431 | 0.9639 |
| R-squared | 0.129859 | Mean depen | dent var | 8054.746 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.010662 | S.D. depende | ent var | 13379.46 |
| S.E. of regression | 13307.94 | Akaike info c | riterion | 21.95166 |
| Sum squared resid | 1.29E+10 | Schwarz criterion | | 22.26998 |
| Log likelihood | -910.9696 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 22.07962 |
| F-statistic | 1.089450 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 1.857778 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.381601 | | | |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 2135.6 | 1968.4 | 167.2 | . . * |
| 2016M02 | 2004.6 | 1961.2 | 43.4 | . *. |
| 2016M03 | 2000.3 | 2012.3 | -12.0 | .*. |
| 2016M04 | 1978.3 | 1872.7 | 105.6 | . .* |
| 2016M05 | 1968.0 | 1892.4 | 75.6 | . * |
| 2016M06 | 1963.7 | 1929.9 | 33.9 | . *. |
| 2016M07 | 1766.5 | 1923.6 | -157.1 | *. . |
| 2016M08 | 1975.5 | 1861.3 | 114.2 | . .* |
| 2016M09 | 1815.5 | 1835.9 | -20.4 | .* . |
| 2016M10 | 2014.6 | 1986.1 | 28.5 | . *. |
| 2016M11 | 2035.3 | 2040.3 | -5.0 | .*. |
| 2016M12 | 2044.5 | 1940.8 | 103.7 | . * |
| 2017M01 | 2017.3 | 2059.7 | -42.4 | .* . |
| 2017M02 | 1976.7 | 1980.3 | -3.6 | .*. |
| 2017M03 | 2057.8 | 1957.0 | 100.8 | . * |
| 2017M04 | 1867.5 | 1879.4 | -12.0 | .*. |
| 2017M05 | 2025.6 | 1883.3 | 142.3 | . .* |
| 2017M06 | 1581.3 | 1898.3 | -317.0 | * . . |
| 2017M07 | 2014.4 | 1834.3 | 180.1 | . .* |
| 2017M08 | 1850.9 | 1764.9 | 86.0 | . * |
| 2017M09 | 1772.7 | 1922.3 | -149.7 | *. . |
| 2017M10 | 1978.1 | 1902.0 | 76.0 | . * |
| 2017M11 | 2222.1 | 2080.3 | 141.8 | . .* |
| 2017M12 | 2244.6 | 2158.9 | 85.8 | . * |
| 2018M01 | 2351.7 | 2445.4 | -93.7 | * . |
| 2018M02 | 2001.2 | 1977.8 | 23.4 | . *. |
| 2018M03 | 2150.2 | 2130.1 | 20.1 | . *. |
| 2018M04 | 2081.5 | 2042.9 | 38.6 | . *. |
| 2018M05 | 1792.5 | 1957.0 | -164.5 | *. . |
| 2018M06 | 1740.3 | 1859.8 | -119.5 | *. . |
| 2018M07 | 1660.9 | 1736.5 | -75.6 | * . |
| 2018M08 | 1728.5 | 1714.1 | 14.4 | .*. |
| 2018M09 | 1668.2 | 1719.7 | -51.5 | .* . |
| 2018M10 | 2011.5 | 1892.1 | 119.4 | . .* |
| 2018M11 | 2091.0 | 2132.1 | -41.2 | .* . |
| 2018M12 | 2038.8 | 2076.7 | -37.9 | .* . |
| 2019M01 | 2237.0 | 2165.3 | 71.7 | . *. |
| 2019M02 | 2060.3 | 2137.2 | -76.9 | * . |
| 2019M03 | 2118.4 | 2126.8 | -8.4 | .*. |
| 2019M04 | 2021.9 | 1919.6 | 102.3 | . * |
| 2019M05 | 1977.6 | 1918.5 | 59.0 | . *. |
| 2019M06 | 1845.5 | 1912.6 | -67.1 | .* . |

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| 2019M08 1906.6 1835.0 71.6 2019M09 1919.0 1882.2 36.8 2019M10 2058.1 2018.6 39.5 2019M11 2196.2 2191.7 4.5 .* 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 * 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 * 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 * 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 175.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 168.1 158.1 144.0 .+ 2020M06 168.1 158.1 36.0 ! 2020M06 168.1 158.1 | 2019M07 | 1885.9 | 1855.7 | 30.2 | |
|---|---------|--------|--------|---------|-------------|
| 2019M09 1919.0 1882.2 36.8 * 2019M10 2058.1 2018.6 39.5 * 2019M11 2196.2 2191.7 4.5 * 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 * 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 * 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 * 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 * 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 .* 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | | | | |
| 2019M10 2058.1 2018.6 39.5 . *. 2019M11 2196.2 2191.7 4.5 . *. 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 . *. 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 . *. 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 . *. 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 . * 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 . * 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 .* 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 .* ! 1 2020M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 .* </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | |
| 2019M11 2196.2 2191.7 4.5 .* 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 . * 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 . * 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 . * 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 .* 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 . : 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 .* ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! | | | | | |
| 2019M12 2263.5 2140.5 123.0 ,* 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 . *. 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 . *. 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 .* 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 * 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 . .* 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 .* 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 .* 2020M01 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 .* 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 .* 2021M0 | | | | | |
| 2020M01 2337.5 2300.0 37.6 I I I 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 I . I* I 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 I . * I 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 I * I 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 I .* I 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 I I 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 I .* I 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 I .* I 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 I .* I 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 I .* I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I * I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I * | | | | | |
| 2020M02 2303.4 2278.5 24.9 . *. 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 .*. 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 *. 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .*. 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 .*. 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 *. 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 .*. 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 .*. 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 .*. 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 ! 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .*. ! ! ! | | | | | |
| 2020M03 2229.8 2219.7 10.1 I * I 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 I * I 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 I * I 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 I . * I 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 I . * I 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 I . * I 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 I . I I 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 I . I I 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 I . I I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I * I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I . I I | | | | | |
| 2020M04 1809.8 1983.3 -173.5 I * I 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 I .* I 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 I . I * I 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 I .* I I 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 I .* I I 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 I .* I I 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 I .* I I 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 I .* I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I * I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I .* I 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 I . * I | | | | | |
| 2020M05 1689.1 1750.0 -60.9 .* 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 .* 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 .* 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 .* 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 * 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 * 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 ! 2021M06 | | | | | |
| 2020M06 1680.1 1536.1 144.0 . . . ! ! . ! . ! . ! . ! . ! . ! . ! ! . | | | | | |
| 2020M07 1619.1 1583.1 36.0 I I* I 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 I .*I I 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 I .*I I 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 I .*I I 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 I .*I I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I *I I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I .*I I 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 I .I *I 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 I .* I 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 I .I* I 2021M06 1745.7 1778.1 -31.5 I I* I 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 I | | | | | |
| 2020M08 1634.2 1707.9 -73.7 .* 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 .* 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 .* 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 . * 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 . * 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 * 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . * 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 .* 2021M01 < | | | | | |
| 2020M09 1716.0 1757.2 -41.2 .* 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 -22.9 .* 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 . * 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 . * 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 * 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . * 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . *. 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . *. 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 .* 2021M10 18 | | | | | |
| 2020M10 1877.5 1900.4 22.9 .* 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 . *. 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 . *. 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 85.2 * 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . * 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 .* 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* | | | | | |
| 2020M11 2115.2 2059.7 55.5 . *. 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 . *. 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 * 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . .* 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 . .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* | | | - | | |
| 2020M12 2050.8 1985.8 65.0 I I I 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 I * I I 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 I .* I I 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 I . I * I 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 I .* I 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 I .I* I 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 I .*I I 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 I .*I I 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 I .I* I 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 I .I* I 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 I .*I I 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 I <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | |
| 2021M01 2075.8 2161.0 -85.2 * . 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* . 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . .* 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . *. 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 .* 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 .* 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* | | | | | |
| 2021M02 2018.0 2078.2 -60.2 .* 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . .* 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* . 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * . 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * . 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 .* 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 | | | | | 1 1 1 |
| 2021M03 2138.2 2010.3 127.9 . * 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 . * 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 | | | | | |
| 2021M04 1879.9 1874.7 5.1 .* 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . * 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 .* 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 .< | | | | | |
| 2021M05 1888.8 1858.9 29.9 . *. 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . *. 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . *. 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* <. | | | | | 1 1 1 |
| 2021M06 1745.7 1787.4 -41.7 .* 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 * 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 | | | | | |
| 2021M07 1742.6 1774.1 -31.5 .* 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . * 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .* 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .* 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 * 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 ! 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 | | | | | |
| 2021M08 1766.7 1738.1 28.6 . *. 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . *. 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* . 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .*. 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .*. 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* . 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* . 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 | | | | | |
| 2021M09 1788.6 1760.5 28.1 . *. 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* . 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .*. 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .*. 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* . 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* . 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M05 1828.8 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 | | | 1738.1 | | • • • |
| 2021M10 1830.5 1889.9 -59.4 .* . 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 .*. 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 .*. 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* . 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* . 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. . 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 . 2022M08 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . *. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 | | | | 28.1 | |
| 2021M11 2051.4 2054.2 -2.8 . * . 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.5 . * . 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 . * 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* 2022M06 1688.3 1747.8 -125.81 *. 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. 2022M08 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 *. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 | 2021M10 | 1830.5 | 1889.9 | -59.4 | |
| 2021M12 1988.4 1991.9 -3.3 1 . 1 2022M01 2161.0 2176.5 -15.5 .* 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *< | 2021M11 | 2051.4 | 2054.2 | -2.8 | . *. |
| 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* . 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. . 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 .*. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. . | 2021M12 | 1988.4 | 1991.9 | -3.5 | .*. |
| 2022M02 2029.1 2100.4 -71.3 .* . 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. . 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 .*. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. . | 2022M01 | 2161.0 | 2176.5 | -15.5 | · .* . |
| 2022M03 1887.5 2039.7 -152.2 *. . 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 . 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 *. 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 * . 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. . 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* . | 2022M02 | 2029.1 | 2100.4 | -71.3 | |
| 2022M04 1772.5 1826.2 -53.675 .* 2022M05 1828.8 1756 72.7797 . *. 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . * 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M03 | 1887.5 | 2039.7 | -152.2 | |
| 2022M06 1688.3 1753.9 -65.625 .* . 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 .*. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* . | 2022M04 | 1772.5 | 1826.2 | -53.675 | |
| 2022M07 1622 1747.8 -125.81 *. . 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . *. 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . *. 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M05 | 1828.8 | 1756 | 72.7797 | . *. |
| 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . * . 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . * . 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M06 | 1688.3 | 1753.9 | -65.625 | .* . |
| 2022M08 1724.9 1688.7 36.1949 . * . 2022M09 1720.2 1708.2 11.9693 . * . 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M07 | 1622 | 1747.8 | -125.81 | *. . |
| 2022M10 1796.9 1912.7 -115.74 *. 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* | 2022M08 | 1724.9 | 1688.7 | 36.1949 | |
| 2022M11 1888.9 1943.9 -55.085 .* . | 2022M09 | 1720.2 | 1708.2 | 11.9693 | .*. |
| | 2022M10 | 1796.9 | 1912.7 | -115.74 | *. . |
| 2022M12 1709.5 1895.8 -186.3 * . . | 2022M11 | 1888.9 | 1943.9 | -55.085 | .* . |
| | 2022M12 | 1709.5 | 1895.8 | -186.3 | *. . |

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Date: 03/23/23 Time: 09:11 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 2 ARMA terms

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|-----------------|---------------------|----|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| .* . | .* . | 1 | -0.102 | -0.102 | 0.9055 | |
| .* . | .* . | 2 | -0.138 | -0.150 | 2.5830 | |
| . *. | . İ. İ | 3 | 0.100 | 0.071 | 3.4812 | 0.062 |
| . *. | . *. | 4 | 0.170 | 0.175 | 6.1039 | 0.047 |
| .j. j | . *. | 5 | 0.059 | 0.130 | 6.4225 | 0.093 |
| .* . | | 6 | -0.106 | -0.051 | 7.4618 | 0.113 |
| . j. j | | 7 | 0.029 | -0.004 | 7.5415 | 0.183 |
| | | 8 | 0.012 | -0.060 | 7.5543 | 0.273 |
| . *. | . *. | 9 | 0.166 | 0.163 | 10.221 | 0.176 |
| .* . | .* . | 10 | -0.122 | -0.075 | 11.673 | 0.166 |
| . *. | . *. | 11 | 0.154 | 0.209 | 14.022 | 0.122 |
| .*İ. İ | .* . | 12 | -0.073 | -0.124 | 14.562 | 0.149 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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Capacity Exempt Customer Demand Segment Model

Dependent Variable: CE_PERCENT Method: ARMA Generalized Least Squares (Gauss-Newton) Date: 03/10/23 Time: 12:43 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Convergence achieved after 20 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients d.f. adjustment for standard errors & covariance

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| D_2020M5 D_2020M9 | -0.046242 -0.044298 | 0.013971 0.013920 | -3.309849 -3.182377 | 0.0015 0.0022 |
| MONTH=1 | 0.197440 | 0.013748 | 14.36111 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=2 | 0.182214 | 0.013949 | 13.06332 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=3 | 0.203593 | 0.014081 | 14.45875 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=4 | 0.235430 | 0.014180 | 16.60265 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=5 | 0.297393 | 0.014357 | 20.71460 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=6 | 0.355445 | 0.014253 | 24.93880 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=7 | 0.379183 | 0.014239 | 26.62939 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=8 | 0.392417 | 0.014211 | 27.61449 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=9 | 0.390960 | 0.014291 | 27.35700 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=10 | 0.353627 | 0.014052 | 25.16515 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=11 | 0.275833 | 0.013923 | 19.81165 | 0.0000 |
| MONTH=12 | 0.216350 | 0.013717 | 15.77207 | 0.0000 |
| AR(2) | 0.719591 | 0.118503 | 6.072335 | 0.0000 |
| MA(1) | 0.923104 | 0.075228 | 12.27083 | 0.0000 |
| R-squared | 0.964207 | Mean depend | dent var | 0.290357 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.956311 | S.D. depende | ent var | 0.082454 |
| S.E. of regression | 0.017234 | Akaike info criterion | | -5.096660 |
| Sum squared resid | 0.020198 | Schwarz criterion | | -4.633648 |
| Log likelihood | 230.0597 | Hannan-Quir | nn criter. | -4.910533 |
| Durbin-Watson stat | 2.101461 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots Inverted MA Roots | .85 92 | 85 | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic Obs*R-squared | 11.25215 | Prob. F(16,67) Prob. Chi-Square(16) | 0.8329 |
|------------------------------|----------|--|--------|
| Scaled explained SS | 11.34213 | Prob. Chi-Square(16) | 0.7879 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 11:57 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| C GRADF_01^2 GRADF_02^2 GRADF_03^2 GRADF_03^2 GRADF_05^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_08^2 GRADF_09^2 GRADF_10^2 GRADF_12^2 GRADF_12^2 GRADF_13^2 GRADF_13^2 GRADF_15^2 GRADF_16^2 | 0.000229 -3.09E-08 -3.54E-08 -7.70E-09 -1.68E-08 -1.55E-08 -4.82E-09 -1.85E-08 4.93E-08 3.74E-08 -1.96E-08 -2.13E-08 4.54E-09 -2.20E-08 6.85E-09 1.33E-05 3.20E-06 | 0.000371 8.90E-08 8.87E-08 8.53E-08 7.91E-08 8.31E-08 7.86E-08 8.34E-08 7.85E-08 8.27E-08 7.89E-08 8.40E-08 7.95E-08 8.43E-08 7.95E-08 8.43E-08 7.93E-08 1.59E-05 7.21E-06 | 0.618418 -0.347457 -0.399290 -0.090228 -0.211997 -0.186273 -0.061356 -0.221909 0.627538 0.452515 -0.248515 -0.253237 0.057073 -0.260614 0.086394 0.832098 0.443754 | 0.5384 0.7293 0.6909 0.9284 0.8328 0.8528 0.9513 0.8251 0.5324 0.6524 0.8045 0.8009 0.9547 0.7952 0.9314 0.4083 0.6587 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.133954 -0.072863 0.000439 1.29E-05 539.6245 0.647694 0.832896 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 0.000240 0.000424 -12.44344 -11.95149 -12.24568 1.895080 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|--------------------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| | 0.2 | | | |
| 2016M01 2016M02 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M02 2016M03 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M03 | | | | |
| | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M05 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M06 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M07 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M08 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M09 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M10 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M11 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M12 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M01 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M02 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M03 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2017M04 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M05 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * |
| 2017M06 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | * . . |
| 2017M07 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2017M08 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M09 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2017M10 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2017M11 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . .* |
| 2017M12 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | *. . |
| 2018M01 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | *. . |
| 2018M02 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . .* |
| 2018M03 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2018M04 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2018M05 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2018M06 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2018M07 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . * |
| 2018M08 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2018M09 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2018M10 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2018M11 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | * . |
| 2018M12 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2019M01 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . .* |
| 2019M02 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2019M03 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2019M04 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2019M05 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2019M06 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |

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| 2019M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * 2019M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * 2019M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * 2019M10 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * 2019M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * 2019M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2020M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2020M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2020M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2020M04 0.3 0.2 0.0 . * 2020M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 . * 2020M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * 2020M01 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * 2020M10 | · | | | | 1 |
|---|---------|------|------|-------|--------|
| 2019M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 . ! . . ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! < | 2019M07 | 0.4 | 0.4 | | |
| 2019M10 0.4 0.4 0.0 1 * 1 2019M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * 2019M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M04 0.3 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M11 | 2019M08 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2019M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 . .* 2019M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M04 0.3 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* | 2019M09 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2019M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 1 1 2020M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2020M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M04 0.3 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2021M03 0.2 0.2 | 2019M10 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | * . |
| 2020M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2020M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2020M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2020M04 0.3 0.2 0.0 . * . 2020M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * . 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 . * . 2020M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * . 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 * . 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 * . 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 * . 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 * . 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 * . 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 | 2019M11 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2020M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M04 0.3 0.2 0.0 .* 2020M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 | 2019M12 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2020M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 2020M03 0.2 0.0 2020M04 0.3 0.2 0.0 2020M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 2020M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 <td>2020M01</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.0</td> <td> . * </td> | 2020M01 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . * |
| 2020M04 0.3 0.2 0.0 . . . 2020M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . . 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 . . 2020M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . . 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 . . 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 . 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 . 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 2021M06 0.4 0.4 0.0 | 2020M02 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2020M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 * . 2020M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* . 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* . 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2021M06 0.4 0.4 | 2020M03 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2020M06 0.3 0.4 0.0 * . 2020M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 * . 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 * . 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * . 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * . | 2020M04 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2020M00 0.3 0.4 0.0 . * . 2020M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* . 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* . 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 *. 2021M06 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* . 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* . 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 <td>2020M05</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>0.0</td> <td> .* . </td> | 2020M05 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2020M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* . 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .*!. 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 .*!. 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 !*. 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 !*. 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 !*. 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 !*. 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0. | 2020M06 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | * . |
| 2020M09 0.3 0.3 0.0 . . 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 * 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 * 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 * 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * 202 | 2020M07 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 * 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 * 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 * 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 * 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 . 2021M10 0 | 2020M08 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2020M10 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 *. 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 *. 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 *. 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 2021M07 0.4 0.3 0.0 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 2021M01 0.4 0.3 0.0 2021M01 0.4 0.3 0.0 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 2021M11 0.3 0.3 </td <td>2020M09</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>0.0</td> <td> . *. </td> | 2020M09 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . *. 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . *. 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 *. . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 *. . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 *. . 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 *. . 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 *. 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 *. 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 2022M | 2020M10 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2020M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . . 2021M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . *. 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 * 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 * 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 * 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 * 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 * 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 * 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 * 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 * 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 * 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 | 2020M11 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M07 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * . 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * . 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * . 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 <td>2020M12</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.0</td> <td> . *. </td> | 2020M12 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2021M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 *. . 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 *. . 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . *. 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 . *. 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2022M04 0.23 <t< td=""><td>2021M01</td><td>0.2</td><td>0.2</td><td>0.0</td><td> . *. </td></t<> | 2021M01 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2021M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 . . . 2021M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 . . . 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . *. 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 . *. 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 . *. 2021M10 0.4 0.4 0.0 . *. 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . *! . 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . *! . 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 . *! . 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.01 . *! . 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 . ! * . 20 | 2021M02 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | * . |
| 2021M05 0.3 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 . *. 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 .*! . 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 .*! . 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 .*! . 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 .*! . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 .! . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 .! . 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .*! . 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .*! . 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .*! . 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.01 .*! . 2022M04 0.28 | 2021M03 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | *. . |
| 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* . 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 .* 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 .* 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 .* 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 . . 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 *. . 2022M09 0.31 0.3 | 2021M04 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2021M06 0.4 0.3 0.0 . *. 2021M07 0.4 0.4 0.0 .* . 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 .* 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 .* 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 .* 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 . . 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 *. . 2022M09 0.31 0.3 | 2021M05 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2021M08 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 . * . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 . * . 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 . * . 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * . 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 . * . 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 * . . 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 * . 2022M10 0. | 2021M06 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 * . 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 .* 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 * . 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 * . 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * . 2022M05 0.36 0.34 0.02 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 * 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 * 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 * | 2021M07 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2021M09 0.4 0.4 0.0 1 . 1 2021M10 0.4 0.3 0.0 1 . . 1 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 1 . . 1 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 1 . . 1 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 1 . . 1 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 1 . . 1 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 1 . . 1 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 1 . . 1 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 1 . . 1 2022M05 0.36 0.34 0.02 1 . . . 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 1* . . . 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 * . . . 2022M10 </td <td>2021M08</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>0.0</td> <td> * . </td> | 2021M08 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | * . |
| 2021M11 0.3 0.3 0.0 .* . 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M04 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M05 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 .* . 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * . 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 . 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 * . 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 *. . 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 *. . 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 *. . 2022M11 0.2 0 | 2021M09 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 .* . 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 .* . 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * . 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 . . 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 *. 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 *. 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 *. 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 *. 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 *. 2022M11 0.20 0.20 0.00 *. | 2021M10 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . .* |
| 2021M12 0.2 0.2 0.0 . 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 . 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 . 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 . 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 * . 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 * 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 * 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 * 2022M11 0.20 0.20 0.00 . * <td>2021M11</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>0.0</td> <td> .* . </td> | 2021M11 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2022M01 0.2 0.2 0.0 2022M02 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 * . 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 * . 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * . 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 * 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 * 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 * 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 * 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 * | 2021M12 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2022M03 0.2 0.2 0.0 . * . 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 . *. 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * . 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 . * 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 * . . 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 *. . 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 *. . 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 *. . | 2022M01 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .*. |
| 2022M04 0.23 0.22 0.01 . *. 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * . 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 . .* 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 * . . 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 *. . 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 *. . 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 *. . | 2022M02 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2022M05 0.28 0.29 -0.01 * . 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 . .* 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 * . . 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 * . . 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 * . . 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 * . . 2022M11 0.20 0.20 0.00 * . . | 2022M03 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2022M05 0.28 0.29 0.01 1 1 1 2022M06 0.36 0.34 0.02 1 . . 1 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 1* . . 1 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 1* . . 1 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 1* . . 1 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 1* . . 1 2022M11 0.2 0.20 0.00 1 . * . | 2022M04 | 0.23 | 0.22 | 0.01 | . *. |
| 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.06 * . . 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 * . . 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 * . . . 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 * *. . . 2022M11 0.2 0.20 0.00 . *. . | 2022M05 | 0.28 | 0.29 | -0.01 | * |
| 2022M07 0.33 0.39 -0.00 . 2022M08 0.32 0.34 -0.02 *. 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 *. 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 *. 2022M11 0.2 0.20 0.00 . *. | 2022M06 | 0.36 | 0.34 | 0.02 | . .* |
| 2022M00 0.32 0.34 0.02 1 1 1 2022M09 0.31 0.33 -0.02 *. . 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 *. . 2022M11 0.2 0.20 0.00 . * . | 2022M07 | 0.33 | 0.39 | -0.06 | * . . |
| 2022M10 0.26 0.28 -0.02 *. . 2022M11 0.2 0.20 0.00 . * . | 2022M08 | 0.32 | 0.34 | -0.02 | *. . |
| 2022M11 0.2 0.20 0.00 * | 2022M09 | 0.31 | 0.33 | -0.02 | *. . |
| | 2022M10 | 0.26 | 0.28 | -0.02 | *. . |
| 2022M12 0.17 0.15 0.02 . .* | 2022M11 | 0.2 | 0.20 | 0.00 | .*. |
| | 2022M12 | 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.02 | . .* |

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Date: 03/23/23 Time: 12:01 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 2 ARMA terms

| .* . .* . 4 -0.142 -0.129 3.6109 0.16 1. 5 -0.019 -0.030 3.6432 0.30 . *. . . . *. 6 0.120 0.101 4.9798 0.28 7 -0.051 -0.009 5.2208 0.39 | Autocorrelatio | n Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|---|---|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | | . . | 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | -0.024 0.124 -0.142 -0.019 0.120 -0.051 0.103 -0.117 0.011 | -0.028 0.121 -0.129 -0.030 0.101 -0.009 0.094 -0.147 0.041 | 0.4206 1.7846 3.6109 3.6432 4.9798 5.2208 6.2293 7.5590 7.5705 | 0.182 0.164 0.303 0.289 0.390 0.398 0.373 0.477 0.550 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

COMPANY USE MODEL

Dependent Variable: CO_USE_ME Method: ARMA Generalized Least Squares (Gauss-Newton) Date: 03/22/23 Time: 16:03 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Convergence achieved after 26 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients d.f. adjustment for standard errors & covariance

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| BC_NOV BC_DEC BC_JAN BC_FEB BC_MAR BC_APR C AR(4) MA(12) | 0.061746 0.095223 0.139963 0.152549 0.152373 0.116614 18.31669 -0.262271 0.637245 | 0.020182 0.012820 0.010506 0.010384 0.011861 0.014843 4.377402 0.118772 0.137102 | 3.059385 7.427792 13.32189 14.69089 12.84642 7.856502 4.184374 -2.208194 4.647954 | 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.939778 0.933354 19.54311 28644.99 -367.3492 146.2988 0.000000 | Mean depen S.D. depend Akaike info c Schwarz crit Hannan-Quir Durbin-Wats | ent var rriterion erion nn criter. | 80.94750 75.70202 8.960696 9.221141 9.065392 2.105252 |
| Inverted AR Roots Inverted MA Roots | .5151i .9325i .2593i 68+.68i | .93+.25i .25+.93i | .6868i 25+.93i | 5151i .68+.68i 2593i 93+.25i |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 2.083602 | Prob. F(9,74) | 0.0417 |
|---------------------|----------|---------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | 16.98288 | Prob. Chi-Square(9) | 0.0490 |
| Scaled explained SS | 23.81504 | Prob. Chi-Square(9) | 0.0046 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 12:04 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| C GRADF_01 ² GRADF_02 ² GRADF_03 ² GRADF_04 ² GRADF_05 ² GRADF_06 ² GRADF_07 ² GRADF_08 ² GRADF_09 ² | 180.6188 -0.252728 -0.100872 0.082207 0.302401 0.293994 -0.115615 17933.61 -4.425325 82.26489 | 244.0094 0.427628 0.197651 0.132333 0.130478 0.174963 0.282665 115055.7 36.39240 39.83053 | 0.740212 -0.590998 -0.510353 0.621211 2.317634 1.680319 -0.409017 0.155869 -0.121600 2.065373 | 0.4615 0.5563 0.6113 0.5364 0.0232 0.0971 0.6837 0.8766 0.9035 0.0424 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.202177 0.105145 608.6944 27417660 -652.4178 2.083602 0.041701 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 341.0118 643.4620 15.77185 16.06124 15.88818 2.310832 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 143.5 | 166.1 | -22.6 | *. . |
| 2016M02 | 183.6 | 196.3 | -12.7 | .* . |
| 2016M03 | 155.8 | 171.5 | -15.7 | * |
| 2016M04 | 127.0 | 116.3 | 10.7 | . *. |
| 2016M05 | 57.4 | 29.8 | 27.6 | . .* |
| 2016M06 | 7.1 | 19.6 | -12.5 | .* . |
| 2016M07 | 2.8 | 19.6 | -16.9 | * . |
| 2016M08 | 2.6 | 13.3 | -10.7 | .* . |
| 2016M09 | 2.9 | 10.0 | -7.2 | .* . |
| 2016M10 | 19.8 | 22.5 | -2.7 | .*. |
| 2016M11 | 71.8 | 64.1 | 7.8 | . * . |
| 2016M12 | 119.2 | 115.9 | 3.3 | . * . |
| 2017M01 | 160.1 | 177.7 | -17.6 | * . |
| 2017M02 | 158.0 | 190.1 | -32.1 | *. . |
| 2017M03 | 152.8 | 174.2 | -21.4 | * . |
| 2017M04 | 121.2 | 129.9 | -8.7 | .* . |
| 2017M05 | 64.0 | 41.5 | 22.5 | . .* |
| 2017M06 | 38.0 | 23.0 | 15.1 | . *. |
| 2017M07 | 2.7 | 17.2 | -14.5 | .* . |
| 2017M08 | 2.7 | 13.2 | -10.6 | .* . |
| 2017M09 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 0.8 | .*. |
| 2017M10 | 14.1 | 12.8 | 1.4 | .*. |
| 2017M11 | 65.7 | 60.5 | 5.1 | . *. |
| 2017M12 | 118.2 | 123.4 | -5.2 | .* . |
| 2018M01 | 255.9 | 228.2 | 27.7 | . .* |
| 2018M02 | 197.4 | 183.8 | 13.6 | . *. |
| 2018M03 | 167.7 | 150.7 | 17.0 | . * |
| 2018M04 | 123.4 | 123.0 | 0.4 | .*. |
| 2018M05 | 75.2 | 27.4 | 47.8 | . . * |
| 2018M06 | 11.8 | 28.2 | -16.4 | * . |
| 2018M07 | 1.9 | 9.2 | -7.3 | .* . |
| 2018M08 | 1.9 | 13.0 | -11.1 | .* . |
| 2018M09 | 2.0 | 3.6 | -1.6 | .*. |
| 2018M10 | 18.6 | 20.7 | -2.1 | .*. |
| 2018M11 | 68.8 | 72.6 | -3.8 | .* . |
| 2018M12 | 140.4 | 124.6 | 15.8 | . * |
| 2019M01 | 182.2 | 212.2 | -30.0 | *. . |
| 2019M02 | 226.0 | 228.8 | -2.8 | . * . |
| 2019M03 | 191.1 | 205.9 | -14.8 | .* . |
| 2019M04 | 142.5 | 114.6 | 27.9 | . .* |
| 2019M05 | 66.9 | 50.6 | 16.3 | . * |
| 2019M06 | 11.6 | 6.6 | 5.0 | . *. |

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| 2019M07 | 3.8 | 15.0 | -11.2 | .* . |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| 2019M08 | 2.6 | 5.1 | -2.5 | .*. |
| 2019M09 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 0.8 | .*. |
| 2019M10 | 16.9 | 18.8 | -1.9 | .*. |
| 2019M11 | 45.6 | 60.3 | -14.7 | .* . |
| 2019M12 | 130.0 | 132.3 | -2.3 | .*. |
| 2020M01 | 172.0 | 157.8 | 14.2 | . *. |
| 2020M02 | 189.4 | 188.2 | 1.2 | .*. |
| 2020M03 | 195.3 | 161.6 | 33.7 | . .* |
| 2020M04 | 120.1 | 125.9 | -5.8 | .* . |
| 2020M05 | 66.7 | 29.1 | 37.6 | . .* |
| 2020M06 | 26.9 | 21.5 | 5.4 | . *. |
| 2020M07 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 0.1 | .*. |
| 2020M08 | 3.2 | 14.4 | -11.2 | .* . |
| 2020M09 | 8.1 | 6.1 | 2.0 | .*. |
| 2020M10 | 27.0 | 14.9 | 12.1 | . *. |
| 2020M11 | 44.5 | 51.3 | -6.8 | .* . |
| 2020M12 | 117.7 | 109.1 | 8.6 | . *. |
| 2021M01 | 146.0 | 190.2 | -44.2 | * . . |
| 2021M02 | 181.6 | 211.3 | -29.7 | *. . |
| 2021M03 | 259.2 | 210.7 | 48.5 | . . * |
| 2021M04 | 95.4 | 101.7 | -6.3 | .* . |
| 2021M05 | 73.4 | 50.8 | 22.6 | . .* |
| 2021M06 | 26.5 | 29.9 | -3.4 | .* . |
| 2021M07 | 11.0 | -0.8 | 11.8 | . *. |
| 2021M08 | 4.4 | 14.6 | -10.2 | .* . |
| 2021M09 | 3.0 | 5.2 | -2.2 | .*. |
| 2021M10 | 9.8 | 23.9 | -14.1 | .* . |
| 2021M11 | 63.0 | 51.7 | 11.3 | . *. |
| 2021M12 | 104.9 | 118.7 | -13.8 | .* . |
| 2022M01 | 162.3 | 168.6 | -6.3 | .* . |
| 2022M02 | 274.3 | 208.9 | 65.4 | . . * |
| 2022M03 | 179.9 | 209.9 | -30.0 | *. . |
| 2022M04 | 105.5 | 108.7 | -3.2 | .* . |
| 2022M05 | 63.8 | 40.7 | 23.1 | . .* |
| 2022M06 | 6.7 | 3.3 | 3.4 | . *. |
| 2022M07 | 3.8 | 26.2 | -22.4 | *. . |
| 2022M08 | 2.2 | 13.4 | -11.2 | .* . |
| 2022M09 | 3 | 5.0 | -2.0 | .*. |
| 2022M10 | 15.9 | 12.4 | 3.5 | . *. |
| 2022M11 | 56.9 | 60.4 | -3.5 | .* . |
| 2022M12 | 87.8 | 102.7 | -14.9 | .* . |
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Date: 03/23/23 Time: 12:05 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 2 ARMA terms

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|---|--|---|------------------|--|--|
| · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1 -0.065 2 -0.038 3 -0.088 4 -0.025 5 -0.009 6 -0.004 7 0.077 8 -0.089 9 0.015 10 -0.182 | -0.094 -0.040 | 0.3714 0.4979 1.1848 1.2400 1.2472 1.2487 1.8002 2.5614 2.5841 5.8024 | 0.276 0.538 0.742 0.870 0.876 0.862 0.921 0.669 |
| - *- - *- - - | · · · · | 11 0.161 12 -0.006 | 0.134 -0.012 | 8.3816 8.3847 | 0.496 0.591 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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Design Day – Total Throughput Model

Dependent Variable: ME Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 03/07/23 Time: 14:24 Sample: 11/01/2021 10/31/2022 Included observations: 365 Convergence achieved after 10 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------|
| ME EDD | 761.7274 | 15.27650 | 49.86269 | 0.0000 |
| ME EDD 50 | 133.0725 | 50.16445 | 2.652725 | 0.0084 |
| ME_EDD(-1) | 127.5060 | 13.30992 | 9.579773 | 0.0000 |
| NOV | 1933.355 | 860.7461 | 2.246138 | 0.0253 |
| DEC | 4927.538 | 960.1441 | 5.132082 | 0.0000 |
| JAN | 7922.300 | 1058.078 | 7.487446 | 0.0000 |
| FEB | 7287.685 | 1023.136 | 7.122887 | 0.0000 |
| MAR | 3282.115 | 887.7268 | 3.697212 | 0.0003 |
| @WEEKDAY=1 | 12602.27 | 446.4029 | 28.23071 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=2 | 13019.12 | 449.1675 | 28.98500 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=3 | 13058.48 | 444.7703 | 29.36006 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=4 | 12680.14 | 440.9532 | 28.75620 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=5 | 11110.72 | 443.3921 | 25.05844 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=6 | 9549.785 | 450.0271 | 21.22047 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=7 | 10930.01 | 452.5882 | 24.15002 | 0.0000 |
| AR(1) | 0.688932 | 0.053372 | 12.90808 | 0.0000 |
| AR(2) | -0.113640 | 0.053622 | -2.119278 | 0.0348 |
| AR(7) | 0.113334 | 0.042574 | 2.662044 | 0.0081 |
| R-squared | 0.992316 | Mean depen | dent var | 31481.15 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.991939 | S.D. depend | | 17922.52 |
| S.E. of regression | 1609.102 | Akaike info c | riterion | 17.65280 |
| Sum squared resid | 8.98E+08 | Schwarz crite | erion | 17.84512 |
| Log likelihood | -3203.636 | Hannan-Quir | nn criter. | 17.72923 |
| Durbin-Watson stat | 1.981212 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .85 07+.70i | .57+.56i 58+.31i | .5756i 5831i | 0770i |

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Design Day – Planning Load Model

Dependent Variable: ME_PL Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 03/07/23 Time: 14:27 Sample: 11/01/2021 10/31/2022 Included observations: 365 Convergence achieved after 15 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|----------|
| ME EDD | 673.2066 | 14.47470 | 46.50921 | 0.0000 |
| ME EDD 50 | 138.0786 | 46.37837 | 2.977219 | 0.0031 |
| ME_EDD(-1) | 119.2066 | 12.64109 | 9.430085 | 0.0000 |
| DEC | 3987.129 | 1137.438 | 3.505359 | 0.0005 |
| JAN | 5956.069 | 1245.314 | 4.782783 | 0.0000 |
| FEB | 5197.835 | 1189.036 | 4.371469 | 0.0000 |
| NOV+MAR | 1584.345 | 781.3198 | 2.027780 | 0.0433 |
| @WEEKDAY=1 | 8742.846 | 615.8627 | 14.19610 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=2 | 9023.326 | 615.8424 | 14.65200 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=3 | 9099.289 | 613.6828 | 14.82735 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=4 | 8866.792 | 610.3431 | 14.52755 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=5 | 7834.077 | 610.1823 | 12.83891 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=6 | 6614.848 | 616.7908 | 10.72462 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=7 | 7614.231 | 619.2793 | 12.29531 | 0.0000 |
| AR(1) | 0.754368 | 0.053333 | 14.14440 | 0.0000 |
| AR(2) | -0.109478 | 0.053290 | -2.054401 | 0.0407 |
| AR(7) | 0.172346 | 0.039643 | 4.347416 | 0.0000 |
| R-squared | 0.991052 | Mean depen | dent var | 25417.32 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.990640 | S.D. depend | | 15935.13 |
| S.E. of regression | 1541.648 | Akaike info o | riterion | 17.56455 |
| Sum squared resid | 8.27E+08 | Schwarz crite | erion | 17.74619 |
| Log likelihood | -3188.530 | Hannan-Quir | nn criter. | 17.63673 |
| Durbin-Watson stat | 1.992085 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .92 | .6058i | .60+.58i | 08+.74i |
| | 0874i | 61+.33i | 6133i | |

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NH Division Statistical Model Results

Variable Nomenclature

| Variable | Description | Туре |
|-------------------|---|---------------------------|
| НН | Total Households | Actual/Forecast |
| INC_HH | Average Household Income | Actual/Forecast |
| GMP(-3) | Gross Metro Product Lagged by 3 | Actual/Forecast |
| EMP_MAN | Empoyment in Manufacturing | Actual/Forecast |
| С | Constant | Intercept Value |
| TREND | Linear Trend | Linear Count (e.g. i=i+1) |
| JAN | January | Boolean |
| FEB | February | Boolean |
| MAR | March | Boolean |
| APR | April | Boolean |
| MAY | Мау | Boolean |
| JUN | June | Boolean |
| JUL | July | Boolean |
| AUG | August | Boolean |
| SEP | September | Boolean |
| ОСТ | October | Boolean |
| NOV | November | Boolean |
| DEC | December | Boolean |
| Winter | December through March | Boolean |
| BC_EDD | Billing Cycle EDDs | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_JAN | January Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC FEB | February Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_MAR | March Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_APR | April Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_MAY | May Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_JUN | June Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_JUL | July Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_AUG | August Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_SEP | September Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_OCT | October Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_NOV | November Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| BC_DEC | December Bill Cycle EDD | Actual/Forecast |
| NH_EDD | New Hampshire Calendar EDD | Actual |
| NH_EDD(-1) | New Hampshire Calendar EDD Lagged by 1 | Actual |
| NH_EDD_50 | New Hampshire Calendar EDD Base 15 | Actual |
| @WEEKDAY=X | Xth Day of Week (i.e. X=1 is Sunday) | Boolean |
| AR(X) | Autoregressive Term at Lag X (where X is a real integer) | ARMA |
| MA(X) | Moving Average Term at Lag X (where X is a real integer) | ARMA |
| D_YearMx | Dummy Variable for Year and Month x | Boolean |
| D_YearMx_f | Dummy Variable for Year and Month x and all future months | Boolean |
| D_Year1Mx_Year2My | Dummy Variable for time between Year 1-Month x and Year 2-Month y | Boolean |

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Residential Customer Segment – Customer Model

Dependent Variable: RES_CUST Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 03/01/23 Time: 16:37 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 after adjustments Convergence achieved after 4 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| HH*TREND NOV OCT DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY | 0.314898 239.1119 122.5238 294.8019 321.2978 309.9434 285.0016 293.2273 210.2675 | 0.014534 30.48741 22.95183 34.89187 37.07813 37.82896 37.12897 34.82543 30.50249 | 21.66690 7.842971 5.338303 8.449013 8.665426 8.193283 7.675991 8.419918 6.893452 | 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 |
| JUN C AR(1) | 210.2073 105.6103 23653.23 0.891131 | 30.30249 22.97249 173.5852 0.056927 | 0.893432 4.597252 136.2630 15.65395 | 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.998292 0.998032 60.85307 266622.9 -457.8273 3826.633 0.000000 | Mean depende S.D. depende Akaike info cr Schwarz crite Hannan-Quin Durbin-Watsc | ent var iterion rion n criter. | 26958.83 1371.574 11.18637 11.53362 11.32596 2.026558 |
| Inverted AR Roots | .89 | | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 2.600332 | Prob. F(11,72) | 0.0076 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | 23.88290 | Prob. Chi-Square(11) | 0.0132 |
| Scaled explained SS | 36.46099 | Prob. Chi-Square(11) | 0.0001 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID^2 Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:20 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Collinear test regressors dropped from specification

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| C GRADF_01 ² GRADF_02 ² GRADF_03 ² GRADF_04 ² GRADF_05 ² GRADF_06 ² GRADF_07 ² GRADF_08 ² GRADF_09 ² GRADF_10 ² GRADF_12 ² | 9964.434 0.000403 -2212.793 -8710.723 -5928.386 -3831.358 -6952.676 -3862.953 -5247.397 -3737.354 -5910.662 -0.036534 | 1863.785 0.000567 2846.045 2734.388 3437.216 3313.790 3595.784 3304.595 3437.823 2844.790 2732.749 0.032492 | 5.346342 0.711156 -0.777498 -3.185620 -1.724764 -1.156186 -1.933563 -1.168964 -1.526372 -1.313754 -2.162900 -1.124392 | 0.0000 0.4793 0.4394 0.0021 0.0889 0.2514 0.0571 0.2463 0.1313 0.1931 0.0339 0.2646 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.284320 0.174980 5912.667 2.52E+09 -842.2441 2.600332 0.007625 | Mean depend S.D. depende Akaike info c Schwarz crite Hannan-Quir Durbin-Watso | ent var riterion erion nn criter. | 3174.082 6509.554 20.33915 20.68640 20.47874 2.310094 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 24888.0 | 24896.0 | -8.0 | .*. |
| 2016M02 | 24935.0 | 24919.7 | 15.3 | . *. |
| 2016M03 | 25000.0 | 24952.9 | 47.1 | . *. |
| 2016M04 | 25039.0 | 25047.4 | -8.4 | .*. |
| 2016M05 | 25005.0 | 24997.9 | 7.1 | .*. |
| 2016M06 | 25005.0 | 24942.8 | 62.2 | . * |
| 2016M07 | 24846.0 | 24936.4 | -90.4 | *. . |
| 2016M08 | 24774.0 | 24895.0 | -121.0 | *. . |
| 2016M09 | 24928.0 | 24837.1 | 90.9 | . .* |
| 2016M10 | 25086.0 | 25103.0 | -17.0 | .* . |
| 2016M11 | 25233.0 | 25257.6 | -24.6 | .* . |
| 2016M12 | 25342.0 | 25346.5 | -4.5 | .*. |
| 2017M01 | 25395.0 | 25426.6 | -31.6 | .* . |
| 2017M02 | 25432.0 | 25444.7 | -12.7 | .* . |
| 2017M03 | 25440.0 | 25468.3 | -28.3 | .* . |
| 2017M04 | 25500.0 | 25511.8 | -11.8 | .* . |
| 2017M05 | 25425.0 | 25481.2 | -56.2 | * . |
| 2017M06 | 25390.0 | 25390.2 | -0.2 | .*. |
| 2017M07 | 25399.0 | 25353.1 | 45.9 | . *. |
| 2017M08 | 25559.0 | 25461.1 | 97.9 | . .* |
| 2017M09 | 25706.0 | 25609.2 | 96.8 | . .* |
| 2017M10 | 25822.0 | 25868.4 | -46.4 | .* . |
| 2017M11 | 26029.0 | 25985.0 | 44.0 | . *. |
| 2017M12 | 26110.0 | 26127.4 | -17.4 | .* . |
| 2018M01 | 26135.0 | 26182.5 | -47.5 | .* . |
| 2018M02 | 26155.0 | 26175.5 | -20.5 | .* . |
| 2018M03 | 26173.0 | 26184.2 | -11.2 | .* . |
| 2018M04 | 26225.0 | 26236.2 | -11.2 | .* . |
| 2018M05 | 26178.0 | 26198.4 | -20.4 | .* . |
| 2018M06 | 26103.0 | 26132.1 | -29.1 | .* . |
| 2018M07 | 26047.0 | 26059.4 | -12.4 | .* . |
| 2018M08 | 26041.0 | 26110.5 | -69.5 | * . |
| 2018M09 | 26169.0 | 26111.9 | 57.1 | . * |
| 2018M10 | 26406.0 | 26354.9 | 51.1 | . *. |
| 2018M11 | 26592.0 | 26579.1 | 12.9 | . *. |
| 2018M12 | 26699.0 | 26701.9 | -2.9 | .*. |
| 2019M01 | 26828.0 | 26779.8 | 48.2 | . *. |
| 2019M02 | 26888.0 | 26866.5 | 21.5 | . *. |
| 2019M03 | 26896.0 | 26912.4 | -16.4 | .* . |

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| 2019M04 | 26907.0 | 26957.2 | -50.2 | .* . |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 2019M05 | 26870.0 | 26882.1 | -12.1 | .* . |
| 2019M06 | 26752.0 | 26822.9 | -70.9 | * . |
| 2019M07 | 26587.0 | 26710.0 | -123.0 | *. . |
| 2019M08 | 26589.0 | 26662.4 | -73.4 | * . |
| 2019M09 | 26731.0 | 26670.4 | 60.6 | . * |
| 2019M10 | 26949.0 | 26925.7 | 23.3 | . *. |
| 2019M11 | 27162.0 | 27133.6 | 28.4 | . *. |
| 2019M12 | 27206.0 | 27281.0 | -75.0 | *. . |
| 2020M01 | 27345.0 | 27301.8 | 43.2 | . *. |
| 2020M02 | 27387.0 | 27394.0 | -7.0 | .*. |
| 2020M03 | 27395.0 | 27418.9 | -23.9 | .* . |
| 2020M04 | 27454.0 | 27459.4 | -5.4 | .*. |
| 2020M05 | 27510.0 | 27427.1 | 82.9 | . .* |
| 2020M06 | 27460.0 | 27453.1 | 6.9 | .*. |
| 2020M07 | 27480.0 | 27403.6 | 76.4 | . .* |
| 2020M08 | 27502.0 | 27522.2 | -20.2 | .* . |
| 2020M09 | 27773.0 | 27547.9 | 225.1 | . . * |
| 2020M10 | 27924.0 | 27917.9 | 6.1 | .*. |
| 2020M11 | 28077.0 | 28065.9 | 11.1 | . *. |
| 2020M12 | 28217.0 | 28159.7 | 57.3 | . * |
| 2021M01 | 28278.0 | 28268.4 | 9.6 | .*. |
| 2021M02 | 28301.0 | 28295.8 | 5.2 | .*. |
| 2021M03 | 28316.0 | 28310.7 | 5.3 | .*. |
| 2021M04 | 28466.0 | 28363.5 | 102.5 | . .* |
| 2021M05 | 28435.0 | 28415.0 | 20.0 | . *. |
| 2021M06 | 28342.0 | 28364.3 | -22.3 | .* . |
| 2021M07 | 28299.0 | 28276.2 | 22.8 | . *. |
| 2021M08 | 28243.0 | 28339.2 | -96.2 | *. . |
| 2021M09 | 28309.0 | 28295.7 | 13.3 | . *. |
| 2021M10 | 28513.0 | 28483.7 | 29.3 | . *. |
| 2021M11 | 28635.0 | 28678.9 | -43.9 | .* . |
| 2021M12 | 28829.0 | 28745.6 | 83.4 | . .* |
| 2022M01 | 28874.0 | 28901.4 | -27.4 | .* . |
| 2022M02 | 28896.0 | 28913.0 | -17.0 | .* . |
| 2022M03 | 28935.0 | 28924.6 | 10.4 | .*. |
| 2022M04 | 28962 | 28997 | -34.6 | .* . |
| 2022M05 | 28893 | 28936 | -42.742 | .* . |
| 2022M06 | 28878 | 28849 | 29.2935 | . *. |
| 2022M07 | 28882 | 28828 | 53.7266 | . * |
| 2022M08 | 28787 | 28932 | -145.26 | * . . |
| 2022M09 | 28907 | 28854 | 53.3869 | . * |
| 2022M10 | 29034 | 29090 | -55.955 | * . |
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| 2022M11 | 29178 | 29217 | -38.587 | | .* . | Ι |
|---------|-------|-------|---------|---|--------|---|
| 2022M12 | 29250 | 29303 | -53.031 | — | .* . | |

Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:23 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 1 ARMA term

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| - | - | 1 -0.019 2 0.061 3 0.131 4 0.039 5 -0.090 6 -0.043 7 0.066 8 0.035 | -0.019 0.061 0.134 0.042 -0.107 -0.074 0.068 | 0.0303 0.3626 1.9014 2.0402 2.7785 2.9522 3.3612 3.4772 | 0.547 0.386 0.564 0.596 0.707 0.762 0.838 |
| · · · · · · · · · · | · · - · - · - · - · | 9 -0.069 10 -0.018 11 -0.104 12 0.092 | -0.054 -0.060 -0.135 | 3.9350 3.9678 5.0347 5.8793 | 0.863 0.914 0.889 0.881 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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Residential Customer Segment - Use Per Customer Model

Dependent Variable: RES_UPC Method: ARMA Generalized Least Squares (Gauss-Newton) Date: 03/01/23 Time: 16:36 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Convergence achieved after 8 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients d.f. adjustment for standard errors & covariance

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error t-Statistic | | Prob. |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| BC_EDD*WINTER BC_JUN BC_MAY BC_NOV BC_OCT BC_APR D_2018M01 D_2021M3 D_2021M4 C | 0.089362 0.046447 0.061968 0.062902 0.032853 0.075890 10.47930 9.450857 -7.993735 12.98196 | 0.001121 0.007007 0.002974 0.002358 0.005221 0.001837 2.891172 3.038427 3.164518 0.888218 | 79.71743 6.628348 20.83464 26.67220 6.292172 41.31016 3.624586 3.110444 -2.526051 14.61575 3.536065 | 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0005 0.0027 0.0137 0.0000 |
| AR(1) R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.393934 0.995509 0.994894 3.023112 667.1621 -206.3082 1618.199 0.000000 | 0.111405 Mean depende S.D. depende Akaike info cr Schwarz crite Hannan-Quin Durbin-Watso | 0.0007 57.08762 42.30665 5.174006 5.492327 5.301968 2.002945 | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .39 | | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | Prob. F(11,72) | 0.0251 |
|---------------------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | Prob. Chi-Square(11) | 0.0338 |
| Scaled explained SS | Prob. Chi-Square(11) | 0.0136 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:35 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| C GRADF_01 ² GRADF_02 ² GRADF_03 ² GRADF_04 ² GRADF_05 ² GRADF_06 ² GRADF_07 ² GRADF_08 ² GRADF_08 ² GRADF_09 ² GRADF_10 ² GRADF_11 ² | 18.05556 0.000126 3.95E-06 -6.82E-05 0.000300 -0.000213 0.000181 -155.4881 -63.15435 -133.5674 -304.4358 -0.820953 | 10.83058 4.65E-05 0.001239 0.000193 0.000120 0.000708 6.71E-05 112.7174 103.4773 106.9352 227.7623 0.829737 | 1.667091 2.711056 0.003186 -0.353564 2.496032 -0.301541 2.698129 -1.379451 -0.610321 -1.249050 -1.336638 -0.989413 | 0.0998 0.0084 0.9975 0.7247 0.0149 0.7639 0.0087 0.1720 0.5436 0.2157 0.1855 0.3258 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.249561 0.134911 12.88777 11958.81 -327.4439 2.176712 0.025050 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 7.942406 13.85630 8.081998 8.429258 8.221594 2.062716 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 105.3 | 105.5 | -0.2 | . * . |
| 2016M02 | 121.0 | 115.1 | 5.9 | . . * |
| 2016M03 | 98.7 | 102.0 | -3.2 | * . |
| 2016M04 | 68.1 | 70.4 | -2.3 | .* . |
| 2016M05 | 42.0 | 43.2 | -1.1 | .* . |
| 2016M06 | 19.5 | 19.2 | 0.2 | . * . |
| 2016M07 | 13.4 | 12.7 | 0.6 | . * . |
| 2016M08 | 14.1 | 13.1 | 0.9 | . * . |
| 2016M09 | 13.5 | 13.4 | 0.1 | . * . |
| 2016M10 | 22.7 | 21.7 | 1.0 | . * . |
| 2016M11 | 48.9 | 49.9 | -1.0 | .* . |
| 2016M12 | 91.4 | 96.9 | -5.5 | * . . |
| 2017M01 | 118.5 | 112.8 | 5.7 | . . * |
| 2017M02 | 111.6 | 114.3 | -2.7 | .* . |
| 2017M03 | 103.9 | 104.5 | -0.6 | .* . |
| 2017M04 | 85.5 | 78.6 | 6.9 | . . * |
| 2017M05 | 43.6 | 42.9 | 0.7 | . * . |
| 2017M06 | 27.1 | 25.4 | 1.8 | . *. |
| 2017M07 | 15.8 | 14.2 | 1.7 | . *. |
| 2017M08 | 13.8 | 14.1 | -0.4 | . * . |
| 2017M09 | 14.8 | 13.3 | 1.5 | . *. |
| 2017M10 | 17.3 | 18.3 | -1.0 | .* . |
| 2017M11 | 37.4 | 43.8 | -6.4 | * . . |
| 2017M12 | 101.1 | 99.1 | 2.0 | . *. |
| 2018M01 | 157.8 | 156.3 | 1.5 | . *. |
| 2018M02 | 119.7 | 116.0 | 3.8 | . .* |
| 2018M03 | 97.8 | 97.6 | 0.2 | . * . |
| 2018M04 | 87.1 | 83.9 | 3.2 | . * |
| 2018M05 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2018M06 | 20.9 | 21.2 | -0.2 | . * . |
| 2018M07 | 14.0 | 13.1 | 0.8 | . * . |
| 2018M08 | 12.1 | 13.4 | -1.2 | .* . |
| 2018M09 | 12.5 | 12.6 | -0.2 | . * . |
| 2018M10 | 22.2 | 21.8 | 0.4 | . * . |
| 2018M11 | 61.5 | 59.0 | 2.5 | . *. |
| 2018M12 | 111.7 | 109.3 | 2.4 | . *. |
| 2019M01 | 121.4 | 120.5 | 0.9 | . * . |
| 2019M02 | 132.1 | 128.1 | 4.0 | . .* |
| 2019M03 | 115.3 | 115.4 | -0.1 | . * . |

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| 2019M04 | 76.2 | 74.6 | 1.6 | . *. |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------|
| 2019M04 | 44.5 | 44.5 | 0.0 | |
| 2019M06 | 21.6 | 23.3 | -1.7 | |
| 2019M07 | 14.7 | 12.4 | 2.3 | |
| 2019M07 | 12.6 | 13.7 | -1.1 | |
| 2019M09 | 12.6 | 12.8 | -0.3 | |
| 2019M03 | 22.6 | 21.2 | 1.5 | |
| 2019M10 2019M11 | 50.6 | 53.4 | -2.8 | |
| 2019M11 2019M12 | 101.3 | 105.8 | -2.0 | |
| 2019M12 2020M01 | 112.9 | 103.3 | 4.4 | |
| 2020M01 2020M02 | 112.9 | 112.0 | 2.8 | |
| | | | -1.5 | |
| 2020M03 | 97.8 | 99.3 71.8 | | |
| 2020M04 | 68.2 48.7 | | -3.7 | |
| 2020M05 | | 46.0 | 2.6 | . *. . * . |
| 2020M06 | 20.9 | 21.5 | -0.6 | |
| 2020M07 | | 12.9 | 0.8 | . * . |
| 2020M08 | 11.4 | 13.3 | -1.8 | |
| 2020M09 | 14.6 | 12.4 | 2.2 | |
| 2020M10 | 20.3 | 21.7 | -1.4 | .* . |
| 2020M11 | 46.0 | 48.3 | -2.2 | |
| 2020M12 | 82.8 | 89.6 | -6.9 | |
| 2021M01 | 108.2 | 108.4 | -0.2 | 1 · · 1 |
| 2021M02 | 121.1 | 122.9 | -1.7 | .* . |
| 2021M03 | 114.9 | 115.0 | -0.1 | |
| 2021M04 | 57.9 | 58.1 | -0.2 | . * . |
| 2021M05 | 38.3 | 38.8 | -0.5 | .* . |
| 2021M06 | 18.1 | 18.9 | -0.8 | .* . |
| 2021M07 | 13.3 | 12.6 | 0.7 | . * . |
| 2021M08 | 12.5 | 13.1 | -0.6 | .* . |
| 2021M09 | 12.3 | 12.8 | -0.5 | .* . |
| 2021M10 | 15.3 | 18.0 | -2.7 | .* . |
| 2021M11 | 40.7 | 45.8 | -5.0 | *. . |
| 2021M12 | 84.4 | 90.2 | -5.7 | * . . |
| 2022M01 | 116.7 | 114.2 | 2.5 | . *. |
| 2022M02 | 124.8 | 126.9 | -2.1 | .* . |
| 2022M03 | 101.6 | 101.7 | -0.1 | . * . |
| 2022M04 | 60.82 | 68.11529169 | -7.295291689 | *. . |
| 2022M05 | 37.56 | 38.63437548 | -1.074375484 | .* . |
| 2022M06 | 22.55 | 18.23585333 | 4.314146668 | . .* |
| 2022M07 | 13.13 | 14.04317563 | -0.91317563 | .* . |
| 2022M08 | 13.13 | 13.04027966 | 0.089720341 | . * . |
| 2022M09 | 13.13 | 13.04027966 | 0.089720341 | . * . |
| 2022M10 | 22.9 | 22.4033121 | 0.4966879 | . * . |

| 2022M11 | 50.05 | 41.75813159 | 8.291868411 | | . . | * |
|---------|-------|-------------|-------------|--|--------|---|
| 2022M12 | 96.18 | 95.33041388 | 0.849586125 | | . * . | |

Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:36 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 1 ARMA term

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|---|---|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | - | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | | -0.002 -0.027 0.059 0.028 0.086 0.004 -0.171 0.132 0.016 | 0.0004 0.0627 0.3770 0.4518 1.0669 1.0694 3.7971 5.6402 5.7256 | 0.802 0.828 0.929 0.899 0.957 0.704 0.582 0.678 |
| . . . *. . . | . . . *. . . | 10 11 12 | 0.017 0.112 0.050 | 0.037 0.112 0.068 | 5.7531 6.9839 7.2378 | 0.764 0.727 0.780 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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LLF Customer Segment – Customer Model

Dependent Variable: LLF_CUST Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 02/28/23 Time: 16:34 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 after adjustments Failure to improve likelihood (non-zero gradients) after 11 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients MA Backcast: 2015M01 2015M12

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|
| INC_HH C | 0.004256 4885.498 | 0.000657 122.0650 | 6.481474 40.02374 | |
| OCT | 134.9704 | 19.85551 | 6.797628 | 0.0000 |
| NOV | 217.3649 | 26.77860 | 8.117112 | 0.0000 |
| DEC | 255.4447 | 29.09260 | 8.780401 | 0.0000 |
| JAN | 256.3956 | 29.81657 | 8.599096 | 0.0000 |
| FEB | 246.1860 | 28.98291 | 8.494175 | 0.0000 |
| MAR | 215.4283 | 26.72703 | 8.060316 | |
| APR | 122.8948 | 19.75750 | 6.220162 | |
| AR(1) | 0.523342 | 0.112513 | 4.651391 | 0.0000 |
| MA(1) | 0.437739 | 0.091709 | 4.773112 | |
| MA(12) | 0.532122 | 0.078479 | 6.780431 | 0.0000 |
| R-squared | 0.962837 | Mean depen | ident var | 5782.214 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.957159 | S.D. depend | | 159.5827 |
| S.E. of regression | 33.03042 | Akaike info o | | 9.964298 |
| Sum squared resid | 78552.60 | Schwarz crit | | 10.31156 |
| Log likelihood | -406.5005 | Hannan-Qui | | 10.10389 |
| F-statistic | 169.5827 | Durbin-Wats | on stat | 1.990634 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.000000 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .52 | | | |
| Inverted MA Roots | .89+.24i | .8924i | .6467i | .64+.67i |
| | .21+.91i | .2191i | 2891i | 28+.91i |
| | 71+.66i | 7166i | 9624i | 96+.24i |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 2.484055 | Prob. F(12,71) | 0.0089 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | 24.83842 | Prob. Chi-Square(12) | 0.0156 |
| Scaled explained SS | 17.34936 | Prob. Chi-Square(12) | 0.1369 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:41 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|---|--|-------------|--|
| C | 130.6459 | 718.6242 | 0.181800 | 0.8563 |
| GRADF_01^2 | 1.52E-07 | 3.37E-07 | 0.450198 | 0.6539 |
| GRADF_02^2 | 10933.89 | 13011.56 | 0.840321 | 0.4035 |
| GRADF_03^2 | -2725.584 | 1300.201 | -2.096278 | 0.0396 |
| GRADF_04^2 | -148.3618 | 1249.391 | -0.118747 | 0.9058 |
| GRADF_05^2 | -1280.051 | 1297.428 | -0.986606 | 0.3272 |
| GRADF_06^2 | -906.6791 | 1294.497 | -0.700411 | 0.4860 |
| GRADF_07^2 | -1644.571 | 1358.923 | -1.210201 | 0.2302 |
| GRADF_08^2 | -269.3192 | 1256.585 | -0.214326 | 0.8309 |
| GRADF_09 ² | -1195.871 | 1170.206 | -1.021932 | 0.3103 |
| GRADF_10 ² | 0.197884 | 0.074409 | 2.659415 | 0.0097 |
| GRADF_11 ² | 0.019649 | 0.013345 | 1.472348 | 0.1453 |
| GRADF_12 ² | -0.012084 | 0.009443 | -1.279701 | 0.2048 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.295695 0.176658 1177.101 98375188 -706.0771 2.484055 0.008926 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 935.1500 1297.249 17.12088 17.49708 17.27211 1.996995 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 5764.0 | 5768.8 | -4.8 | .* . |
| 2016M02 | 5779.0 | 5773.6 | 5.4 | . * . |
| 2016M03 | 5756.0 | 5737.2 | 18.8 | . *. |
| 2016M04 | 5681.0 | 5691.3 | -10.3 | .* . |
| 2016M05 | 5574.0 | 5529.8 | 44.2 | . .* |
| 2016M06 | 5574.0 | 5610.2 | -36.2 | *. . |
| 2016M07 | 5477.0 | 5514.9 | -37.9 | *. . |
| 2016M08 | 5430.0 | 5495.6 | -65.6 | *. . |
| 2016M09 | 5540.0 | 5459.2 | 80.8 | . . * |
| 2016M10 | 5695.0 | 5732.4 | -37.4 | *. . |
| 2016M11 | 5766.0 | 5739.2 | 26.8 | . * |
| 2016M12 | 5831.0 | 5829.8 | 1.2 | . * . |
| 2017M01 | 5820.0 | 5824.3 | -4.3 | .* . |
| 2017M02 | 5824.0 | 5812.5 | 11.5 | . *. |
| 2017M03 | 5815.0 | 5803.3 | 11.7 | . *. |
| 2017M04 | 5722.0 | 5706.9 | 15.1 | . *. |
| 2017M05 | 5613.0 | 5615.9 | -2.9 | . * . |
| 2017M06 | 5526.0 | 5575.9 | -49.9 | * . . |
| 2017M07 | 5513.0 | 5511.8 | 1.2 | . * . |
| 2017M08 | 5496.0 | 5513.5 | -17.5 | .* . |
| 2017M09 | 5523.0 | 5573.0 | -50.0 | * . . |
| 2017M10 | 5657.0 | 5644.1 | 12.9 | . *. |
| 2017M11 | 5805.0 | 5788.9 | 16.1 | . *. |
| 2017M12 | 5851.0 | 5852.6 | -1.6 | . * . |
| 2018M01 | 5876.0 | 5850.5 | 25.5 | . *. |
| 2018M02 | 5883.0 | 5874.4 | 8.6 | . * . |
| 2018M03 | 5891.0 | 5844.6 | 46.4 | . .* |
| 2018M04 | 5847.0 | 5790.1 | 56.9 | . . * |
| 2018M05 | 5703.0 | 5689.1 | 13.9 | . *. |
| 2018M06 | 5613.0 | 5637.8 | -24.8 | .* . |
| 2018M07 | 5567.0 | 5604.1 | -37.1 | *. . |
| 2018M08 | 5561.0 | 5565.4 | -4.4 | .* . |
| 2018M09 | 5595.0 | 5557.7 | 37.3 | . .* |
| 2018M10 | 5770.0 | 5762.4 | 7.6 | . * . |
| 2018M11 | 5862.0 | 5859.3 | 2.7 | . * . |
| 2018M12 | 5885.0 | 5900.4 | -15.4 | .* . |
| 2019M01 | 5899.0 | 5908.9 | -9.9 | .* . |
| 2019M02 | 5908.0 | 5902.2 | 5.8 | . * . |
| 2019M03 | 5898.0 | 5906.4 | -8.4 | .* . |
| 2019M04 | 5830.0 | 5820.7 | 9.3 | . * . |

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| 00401405 | 5747.0 | 5004.0 | 00.0 | 1 1 * 1 |
|----------|--------|--------|-------|----------------|
| 2019M05 | 5717.0 | 5694.0 | 23.0 | . *. * |
| 2019M06 | 5606.0 | 5686.0 | -80.0 | |
| 2019M07 | 5559.0 | 5578.5 | -19.5 | .* . |
| 2019M08 | 5540.0 | 5599.1 | -59.1 | * . . |
| 2019M09 | 5559.0 | 5594.2 | -35.2 | *. . |
| 2019M10 | 5727.0 | 5733.9 | -6.9 | .* . |
| 2019M11 | 5848.0 | 5844.2 | 3.8 | . *. |
| 2019M12 | 5891.0 | 5899.5 | -8.5 | .* . |
| 2020M01 | 5892.0 | 5904.4 | -12.4 | .* . |
| 2020M02 | 5899.0 | 5906.9 | -7.9 | .* . |
| 2020M03 | 5879.0 | 5887.6 | -8.6 | .* . |
| 2020M04 | 5847.0 | 5816.5 | 30.5 | . * |
| 2020M05 | 5737.0 | 5752.0 | -15.0 | .* . |
| 2020M06 | 5656.0 | 5681.5 | -25.5 | .* . |
| 2020M07 | 5666.0 | 5662.3 | 3.7 | . * . |
| 2020M08 | 5688.0 | 5655.2 | 32.8 | . * |
| 2020M09 | 5748.0 | 5690.6 | 57.4 | . . * |
| 2020M10 | 5930.0 | 5886.3 | 43.7 | . .* |
| 2020M11 | 5960.0 | 6004.3 | -44.3 | *. . |
| 2020M12 | 6003.0 | 5987.8 | 15.2 | . *. |
| 2021M01 | 6015.0 | 6029.8 | -14.8 | .* . |
| 2021M02 | 6038.0 | 6016.5 | 21.5 | . *. |
| 2021M03 | 6031.0 | 6008.9 | 22.1 | . *. |
| 2021M04 | 5966.0 | 5937.6 | 28.4 | . * |
| 2021M05 | 5853.0 | 5800.5 | 52.5 | . . * |
| 2021M06 | 5761.0 | 5811.6 | -50.6 | * . . |
| 2021M07 | 5718.0 | 5738.6 | -20.6 | .* . |
| 2021M08 | 5724.0 | 5750.8 | -26.8 | * . |
| 2021M09 | 5750.0 | 5769.9 | -19.9 | .* . |
| 2021M10 | 5876.0 | 5917.2 | -41.2 | *. . |
| 2021M11 | 5980.0 | 5937.5 | 42.5 | . .* |
| 2021M12 | 6027.0 | 6049.6 | -22.6 | .* . |
| 2022M01 | 6047.0 | 6005.6 | 41.4 | . .* |
| 2022M02 | 6053.0 | 6051.9 | 1.1 | . * . |
| 2022M03 | 6014.0 | 6016.1 | -2.1 | . * . |
| 2022M04 | 5961 | 5926.3 | 34.7 | . .* |
| 2022M05 | 5854 | 5856.6 | -2.6 | . * . |
| 2022M06 | 5772 | 5794.9 | -22.9 | .* . |
| 2022M07 | 5758 | 5759.3 | -1.3 | . * . |
| 2022M08 | 5742 | 5758.6 | -16.6 | .* . |
| 2022M09 | 5786 | 5748.0 | 38.0 | . .* |
| 2022M10 | 5939 | 5919.5 | 19.5 | . *. |
| 2022M11 | 6011 | 6048.8 | -37.8 | *. . |
| L | I | | I | |

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| 2022M12 | 6058 | 6022.7 | 35.3 | | | .* | |
|---------|------|--------|------|--|--|----|--|
|---------|------|--------|------|--|--|----|--|

Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:42 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 3 ARMA terms

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|------------------|---------------------|----------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|
| . . | . . | 1 | -0.004 0.092 | -0.004 0.092 | 0.0011 0.7516 | |
| · · · . | · · ·* · | 3 | -0.108 | -0.109 | 1.8010 | |
| .* . . . | .* . . . | 4 5 | -0.104 -0.010 | -0.114 0.011 | 2.7712 2.7797 | 0.096 0.249 |
| . . .* . | . *. .* . | 6 7 | 0.072 | 0.084 -0.114 | 3.2552 3.9560 | 0.354 0.412 |
| . . .* . | · · · · | 8 9 | 0.059 | 0.032 | 4.2855 5.8218 | 0.509 |
| · · .* . | · · .* . | 10 | -0.068 | -0.086 | 6.2771 | 0.508 |
| . *. .* . | . *. .* . | 11 12 | 0.116 -0.099 | 0.135 -0.113 | 7.6066 8.5966 | 0.473 0.475 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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LLF Customer Segment - Use Per Customer Model

Dependent Variable: LLF_UPC

Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps)

Date: 03/01/23 Time: 16:39

Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12

Included observations: 84 after adjustments

Convergence achieved after 4 iterations

Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|----------|
| BC_APR | 0.512579 | 0.012877 | 39.80641 | 0.0000 |
| BC_DEC | 0.627852 | 0.010786 | 58.21156 | 0.0000 |
| BC_FEB | 0.644884 | 0.008848 | 72.88302 | 0.0000 |
| BC_JAN | 0.672333 | 0.008812 | 76.29469 | 0.0000 |
| BC_MAR | 0.650791 | 0.010375 | 62.72448 | 0.0000 |
| BC_JUN | 0.262052 | 0.047871 | 5.474143 | 0.0000 |
| BC_MAY | 0.407200 | 0.020589 | 19.77739 | 0.0000 |
| BC_NOV | 0.504947 | 0.017154 | 29.43526 | 0.0000 |
| BC_OCT | 0.335837 | 0.036147 | 9.290974 | 0.0000 |
| С | 103.0396 | 8.660396 | 11.89779 | 0.0000 |
| TREND*D_2017M11_ | | | | |
| F | 0.142555 | 0.117558 | 1.212642 | 0.2292 |
| AR(1) | 0.424663 | 0.110428 | 3.845602 | 0.0003 |
| R-squared | 0.995950 | Mean depend | lent var | 428.0715 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.995331 | S.D. depende | ent var | 303.2711 |
| S.E. of regression | 20.72207 | Akaike info cr | iterion | 9.031839 |
| Sum squared resid | 30917.10 | Schwarz crite | rion | 9.379099 |
| Log likelihood | -367.3373 | Hannan-Quin | n criter. | 9.171435 |
| F-statistic | 1609.603 | Durbin-Watso | on stat | 2.026622 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.000000 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .42 | | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 1.580393 | Prob. F(11,72) | 0.1231 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | | Prob. Chi-Square(11) | 0.1291 |
| Scaled explained SS | 24.30089 | Prob. Chi-Square(11) | 0.0115 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID^2 Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:43 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Collinear test regressors dropped from specification

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| C GRADF_01 ² GRADF_02 ² GRADF_03 ² GRADF_04 ² GRADF_05 ² GRADF_06 ² GRADF_07 ² GRADF_08 ² GRADF_08 ² GRADF_09 ² GRADF_11 ² | 37.09083 0.001018 -0.000133 0.000383 0.000382 -0.000592 -0.001173 0.000867 -0.002158 0.194774 -0.044484 | 187.9646 0.000470 0.000335 0.000221 0.000211 0.000296 0.008894 0.001324 0.000865 0.005044 0.081604 0.111536 | 0.197329 2.164905 -0.427059 -0.602272 1.814142 1.290557 -0.066528 -0.885490 1.002662 -0.427849 2.386831 -0.398830 | 0.8441 0.0337 0.6706 0.5489 0.0738 0.2010 0.9471 0.3788 0.3194 0.6700 0.0196 0.6912 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.194490 0.071426 717.9820 37115865 -665.1378 1.580393 0.123095 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 368.0608 745.0839 16.12233 16.46959 16.26193 1.866098 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 778.9 | 782.1 | -3.2 | .* . |
| 2016M02 | 847.0 | 832.3 | 14.8 | . *. |
| 2016M03 | 694.4 | 737.0 | -42.6 | * . . |
| 2016M04 | 491.6 | 476.2 | 15.4 | . *. |
| 2016M05 | 294.7 | 307.6 | -12.9 | .* . |
| 2016M06 | 141.5 | 137.4 | 4.1 | . *. |
| 2016M07 | 95.2 | 102.3 | -7.2 | .* . |
| 2016M08 | 102.5 | 99.7 | 2.8 | .*. |
| 2016M09 | 110.7 | 102.8 | 7.9 | . *. |
| 2016M10 | 198.3 | 193.3 | 5.0 | . *. |
| 2016M11 | 381.0 | 398.9 | -18.0 | * . |
| 2016M12 | 667.9 | 687.7 | -19.8 | * . |
| 2017M01 | 839.6 | 859.8 | -20.3 | * . |
| 2017M02 | 798.2 | 811.4 | -13.2 | .* . |
| 2017M03 | 770.4 | 762.1 | 8.3 | . *. |
| 2017M04 | 580.8 | 547.7 | 33.0 | . .* |
| 2017M05 | 302.4 | 296.5 | 5.9 | . *. |
| 2017M06 | 171.5 | 173.9 | -2.5 | .*. |
| 2017M07 | 114.6 | 105.5 | 9.1 | . *. |
| 2017M08 | 109.8 | 107.9 | 1.8 | .*. |
| 2017M09 | 126.3 | 105.9 | 20.4 | . * |
| 2017M10 | 164.5 | 159.9 | 4.5 | . *. |
| 2017M11 | 336.8 | 362.4 | -25.6 | *. . |
| 2017M12 | 745.4 | 723.0 | 22.4 | . .* |
| 2018M01 | 1140.2 | 1115.7 | 24.5 | . .* |
| 2018M02 | 855.1 | 861.4 | -6.3 | .* . |
| 2018M03 | 730.6 | 715.7 | 14.9 | . *. |
| 2018M04 | 614.5 | 590.2 | 24.3 | . .* |
| 2018M05 | 308.6 | 304.3 | 4.3 | . *. |
| 2018M06 | 162.3 | 159.6 | 2.7 | .*. |
| 2018M07 | 110.1 | 113.8 | -3.7 | .* . |
| 2018M08 | 106.7 | 109.9 | -3.2 | .* . |
| 2018M09 | 113.1 | 108.5 | 4.6 | . *. |
| 2018M10 | 213.1 | 204.0 | 9.1 | . *. |
| 2018M11 | 485.8 | 483.6 | 2.2 | .*. |
| 2018M12 | 782.0 | 782.3 | -0.3 | .*. |
| 2019M01 | 895.2 | 910.1 | -14.9 | .* . |
| 2019M02 | 916.2 | 928.7 | -12.6 | .* . |
| 2019M03 | 832.3 | 834.9 | -2.6 | .*. |

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| 2019M04 | 537.5 | 517.4 | 20.1 | . * |
|---------|--------|-------|-------|---------|
| 2019M05 | 320.2 | 318.7 | 1.5 | .*. |
| 2019M06 | 160.4 | 170.6 | -10.1 | .* . |
| 2019M07 | 111.9 | 108.3 | 3.5 | . *. |
| 2019M08 | 103.2 | 111.6 | -8.4 | .* . |
| 2019M09 | 117.2 | 108.0 | 9.2 | . *. |
| 2019M10 | 204.2 | 199.3 | 4.8 | . *. |
| 2019M11 | 438.8 | 435.0 | 3.8 | . *. |
| 2019M12 | 765.7 | 773.4 | -7.7 | .* . |
| 2020M01 | 874.4 | 844.2 | 30.3 | . .* |
| 2020M02 | 849.5 | 832.2 | 17.3 | . * |
| 2020M03 | 724.5 | 743.0 | -18.5 | * . |
| 2020M04 | 479.0 | 507.6 | -28.6 | *. . |
| 2020M05 | 326.6 | 326.2 | 0.5 | .*. |
| 2020M06 | 146.2 | 152.9 | -6.7 | .* . |
| 2020M07 | 98.9 | 107.7 | -8.8 | .* . |
| 2020M08 | 77.7 | 107.1 | -29.4 | *. . |
| 2020M09 | 124.8 | 98.2 | 26.7 | . .* |
| 2020M10 | 189.8 | 201.2 | -11.4 | .* . |
| 2020M11 | 397.0 | 396.5 | 0.5 | .*. |
| 2020M12 | 646.5 | 658.3 | -11.7 | .* . |
| 2021M01 | 797.3 | 849.3 | -52.0 | * . . |
| 2021M02 | 894.8 | 891.7 | 3.1 | .*. |
| 2021M03 | 827.7 | 787.7 | 40.0 | . .* |
| 2021M04 | 426.9 | 489.2 | -62.3 | * . . |
| 2021M05 | 276.8 | 264.9 | 11.9 | . *. |
| 2021M06 | 126.4 | 145.8 | -19.4 | * . |
| 2021M07 | 96.6 | 104.7 | -8.1 | .* . |
| 2021M08 | 92.1 | 107.1 | -15.0 | .* . |
| 2021M09 | 100.5 | 105.3 | -4.8 | .* . |
| 2021M10 | 147.7 | 162.6 | -14.9 | .* . |
| 2021M11 | 353.1 | 378.9 | -25.8 | *. . |
| 2021M12 | 662.0 | 660.0 | 2.1 | .*. |
| 2022M01 | 921.1 | 896.0 | 25.1 | . .* |
| 2022M02 | 944.5 | 948.1 | -3.6 | .* . |
| 2022M03 | 762.0 | 770.5 | -8.6 | .* . |
| 2022M04 | 472.78 | 488.3 | -15.5 | .* . |
| 2022M05 | 289.1 | 296.8 | -7.7 | .* . |
| 2022M06 | 182.44 | 148.4 | 34.1 | . .* |
| 2022M07 | 131.03 | 128.0 | 3.1 | .*. |
| 2022M08 | 131.31 | 122.7 | 8.6 | . *. |
| 2022M09 | 131.6 | 122.9 | 8.7 | . *. |
| 2022M10 | 229.78 | 218.8 | 11.0 | . *. |
| | | | | |

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| 2022M11 | 420.35 | 353.5 | 66.9 | | . . | * |
|---------|--------|-------|------|--|-------|---|
| 2022M12 | 716.58 | 703.6 | 13.0 | | . *. | |

Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:44 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 1 ARMA term

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|-----------------|---------------------|----|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| . . | . . | 1 | -0.016 | -0.016 | 0.0229 | |
| | | 2 | -0.031 | -0.031 | 0.1072 | 0.743 |
| . *. | . *. | 3 | 0.084 | 0.083 | 0.7311 | 0.694 |
| | | 4 | 0.051 | 0.053 | 0.9637 | 0.810 |
| . *. | . *. | 5 | 0.133 | 0.141 | 2.5768 | 0.631 |
| . *. | . *. | 6 | 0.115 | 0.120 | 3.7927 | 0.580 |
| .* . | .* . | 7 | -0.122 | -0.119 | 5.1983 | 0.519 |
| . *. | . j. j | 8 | 0.080 | 0.058 | 5.8026 | 0.563 |
| | | 9 | 0.042 | 0.003 | 5.9763 | 0.650 |
| . *. | . *. | 10 | 0.188 | 0.193 | 9.4112 | 0.400 |
| .* . | .* . | 11 | -0.091 | -0.121 | 10.239 | 0.420 |
| .* . | .* . | 12 | -0.099 | -0.089 | 11.224 | 0.425 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

HLF Customer Segment – Customer Model

Dependent Variable: HLF_CUST Method: ARMA Generalized Least Squares (Gauss-Newton) Date: 03/01/23 Time: 16:57 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 Convergence achieved after 7 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients d.f. adjustment for standard errors & covariance

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|----------|
| GMP(- | | | | |
| 3)*D 2018M10 F | 1.651933 | 0.112163 | 14.72801 | 0.0000 |
| OCT - | -18.05317 | 2.697196 | -6.693310 | 0.0000 |
| NOV | -27.83772 | 3.233165 | -8.610053 | 0.0000 |
| DEC | -28.47943 | 3.405677 | -8.362341 | 0.0000 |
| JAN | -26.74723 | 3.428057 | -7.802448 | 0.0000 |
| FEB | -28.10918 | 3.388798 | -8.294734 | 0.0000 |
| MAR | -23.09065 | 3.182269 | -7.256032 | 0.0000 |
| APR | -10.20767 | 2.640882 | -3.865250 | 0.0002 |
| C | 1112.908 | 2.835638 | 392.4719 | 0.0000 |
| AR(1) | 0.579640 | 0.098358 | 5.893154 | 0.0000 |
| R-squared | 0.945592 | Mean depend | dent var | 1128.560 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.938975 | S.D. depende | ent var | 26.69748 |
| S.E. of regression | 6.595166 | Akaike info c | riterion | 6.726769 |
| Sum squared resid | 3218.720 | Schwarz crite | erion | 7.016152 |
| Log likelihood | -272.5243 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 6.843098 |
| F-statistic | 142.8987 | Durbin-Watson stat | | 1.998958 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.000000 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .58 | | | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | Prob. F(10,73) | 0.5638 |
|---------------------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | Prob. Chi-Square(10) | 0.5365 |
| Scaled explained SS | Prob. Chi-Square(10) | 0.0009 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:46 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| C GRADF_01^2 GRADF_02^2 GRADF_03^2 GRADF_04^2 GRADF_05^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_07^2 GRADF_08^2 GRADF_09^2 | 66.29393 -3.399809 610.0929 -1534.095 -504.7691 -1648.072 -1276.184 -1244.399 -1503.561 -1868.685 | 53.05915 5.076663 1900.058 1814.488 1866.479 1958.109 1869.542 1815.998 1832.583 9405.081 | 1.249435 -0.669694 0.321092 -0.845470 -0.270439 -0.841665 -0.682619 -0.685242 -0.820460 -0.198689 | 0.2155 0.5052 0.7491 0.4006 0.7876 0.4027 0.4970 0.4954 0.4146 0.8431 |
| GRADF_10^2 R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 6.998729 0.106588 -0.015798 113.7482 944522.1 -510.9508 0.870918 0.563842 | 9405.081 -0.198689 3.653221 1.915769 Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 0.0593 38.31810 112.8602 12.42740 12.74572 12.55536 2.031925 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 1089.0 | 1086.7 | 2.3 | . *. |
| 2016M02 | 1085.0 | 1086.4 | -1.4 | .*. |
| 2016M03 | 1097.0 | 1089.9 | 7.1 | |
| 2016M04 | 1113.0 | 1106.9 | 6.1 | |
| 2016M05 | 1127.0 | 1118.9 | 8.1 | . .* |
| 2016M06 | 1127.0 | 1121.1 | 5.9 | . * |
| 2016M07 | 1118.0 | 1121.1 | -3.1 | .* . |
| 2016M08 | 1147.0 | 1115.9 | 31.1 | . . * |
| 2016M09 | 1115.0 | 1132.7 | -17.7 | * . . |
| 2016M10 | 1085.0 | 1096.1 | -11.1 | *. . |
| 2016M11 | 1084.0 | 1079.4 | 4.6 | . * |
| 2016M12 | 1090.0 | 1083.8 | 6.2 | . * |
| 2017M01 | 1094.0 | 1089.4 | 4.6 | . * |
| 2017M02 | 1092.0 | 1089.3 | 2.7 | . *. |
| 2017M03 | 1097.0 | 1094.0 | 3.0 | . *. |
| 2017M04 | 1105.0 | 1106.9 | -1.9 | .* . |
| 2017M05 | 1113.0 | 1114.2 | -1.2 | .*. |
| 2017M06 | 1115.0 | 1113.0 | 2.0 | . *. |
| 2017M07 | 1116.0 | 1114.1 | 1.9 | . *. |
| 2017M08 | 1113.0 | 1114.7 | -1.7 | .* . |
| 2017M09 | 1107.0 | 1113.0 | -6.0 | * . |
| 2017M10 | 1096.0 | 1091.4 | 4.6 | . * |
| 2017M11 | 1075.0 | 1085.7 | -10.7 | *. . |
| 2017M12 | 1076.0 | 1078.6 | -2.6 | .* . |
| 2018M01 | 1077.0 | 1081.3 | -4.3 | .* . |
| 2018M02 | 1074.0 | 1079.5 | -5.5 | * . |
| 2018M03 | 1082.0 | 1083.6 | -1.6 | .* . |
| 2018M04 | 1097.0 | 1098.2 | -1.2 | .*. |
| 2018M05 | 1109.0 | 1109.6 | -0.6 | .*. |
| 2018M06 | 1110.0 | 1110.6 | -0.6 | .*. |
| 2018M07 | 1099.0 | 1111.2 | -12.2 | *. . |
| 2018M08 | 1096.0 | 1104.8 | -8.8 | *. . |
| 2018M09 | 1114.0 | 1103.1 | 10.9 | . .* |
| 2018M10 | 1151.0 | 1138.7 | 12.3 | . .* |
| 2018M11 | 1131.0 | 1135.9 | -4.9 | * . |
| 2018M12 | 1131.0 | 1129.3 | 1.7 | . *. |
| 2019M01 | 1133.0 | 1131.3 | 1.7 | . *. |

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| 2019M02 | 1130.0 | 1130.2 | -0.2 | | | |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|---|--------|---|
| 2019M03 | 1134.0 | 1134.4 | -0.4 | | .*. | |
| 2019M04 | 1145.0 | 1146.8 | -1.8 | | .* . | |
| 2019M05 | 1156.0 | 1155.9 | 0.1 | | . * . | |
| 2019M06 | 1151.0 | 1156.4 | -5.4 | | * . | |
| 2019M07 | 1150.0 | 1153.5 | -3.5 | | .* . | |
| 2019M08 | 1148.0 | 1153.1 | -5.1 | | * . | |
| 2019M09 | 1155.0 | 1152.2 | 2.8 | | . *. | |
| 2019M10 | 1143.0 | 1138.4 | 4.6 | | . * | |
| 2019M11 | 1135.0 | 1132.1 | 2.9 | | . *. | |
| 2019M12 | 1138.0 | 1132.4 | 5.6 | | . * | |
| 2020M01 | 1137.0 | 1136.3 | 0.7 | | . * . | |
| 2020M02 | 1139.0 | 1133.8 | 5.2 | | . * | |
| 2020M03 | 1141.0 | 1141.5 | -0.5 | | . * . | |
| 2020M04 | 1148.0 | 1152.7 | -4.7 | | * . | |
| 2020M05 | 1161.0 | 1158.4 | 2.6 | I | . *. | |
| 2020M06 | 1166.0 | 1157.9 | 8.1 | | . .* | |
| 2020M07 | 1160.0 | 1159.4 | 0.6 | | . * . | |
| 2020M08 | 1153.0 | 1156.3 | -3.3 | | .* . | |
| 2020M09 | 1149.0 | 1154.5 | -5.5 | | * . | |
| 2020M10 | 1133.0 | 1136.4 | -3.4 | | .* . | |
| 2020M11 | 1129.0 | 1128.8 | 0.2 | | . * . | |
| 2020M12 | 1126.0 | 1130.8 | -4.8 | | * . | |
| 2021M01 | 1127.0 | 1130.2 | -3.2 | | .* . | |
| 2021M02 | 1127.0 | 1128.0 | -1.0 | | . * . | |
| 2021M03 | 1132.0 | 1134.3 | -2.3 | | .* . | |
| 2021M04 | 1151.0 | 1147.8 | 3.2 | | . *. | |
| 2021M05 | 1161.0 | 1162.0 | -1.0 | | . * . | |
| 2021M06 | 1160.0 | 1162.1 | -2.1 | I | .* . | |
| 2021M07 | 1163.0 | 1161.7 | 1.3 | | . * . | |
| 2021M08 | 1164.0 | 1163.5 | 0.5 | | . * . | |
| 2021M09 | 1166.0 | 1164.1 | 1.9 | I | . *. | |
| 2021M10 | 1150.0 | 1147.3 | 2.7 | | . *. | |
| 2021M11 | 1142.0 | 1139.0 | 3.0 | | . *. | |
| 2021M12 | 1142.0 | 1139.9 | 2.1 | | . *. | |
| 2022M01 | 1142.0 | 1142.3 | -0.3 | | . * . | I |
| 2022M02 | 1142.0 | 1139.9 | 2.1 | | . *. | |
| 2022M03 | 1143.0 | 1145.3 | -2.3 | | .* . | |
| 2022M04 | 1161 | 1155.4 | 5.56509 | | . * | |
| 2022M05 | 1170 | 1168.6 | 1.39886 | | . * . | I |
| 2022M06 | 1169 | 1168.2 | 0.75175 | | . * . | I |
| 2022M07 | 1167 | 1168.1 | -1.1015 | | . * . | |
| 2022M08 | 1161 | 1167.2 | -6.214 | | * . | |
| | | | | | | |

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| 2022M09 | 1156 | 1163.8 | -7.814 | | *. . | |
|---------|------|--------|---------|--|--------|--|
| 2022M10 | 1133 | 1142.9 | -9.8875 | | *. . | |
| 2022M11 | 1135 | 1130.3 | 4.65329 | | . * | |
| 2022M12 | 1128 | 1136.7 | -8.746 | | *. . | |

Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:47 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 1 ARMA term

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| . . |* | 2 -0.04 | 0.000 | 0.0129 | 0.633 |
| | · · · · . · | 3 0.08 4 0.04 5 0.05 | 5 0.045 | 0.8205 1.0048 1.2623 | 0.663 0.800 0.868 |
| .* . . . | .* . . . | 6 -0.06 7 0.07 | 2 0.070 | 1.6918 2.1795 | 0.890 |
| · · · · .* · | · · . . .* . | 9 -0.04 | 5 -0.054 5 -0.032 2 -0.110 | 2.2968 2.4876 3.3078 | 0.942 0.962 0.951 |
| | | 11 -0.01 12 -0.02 | | 3.3416 3.3846 | 0.972 0.985 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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HLF Customer Segment - Use Per Customer Model

Dependent Variable: HLF_UPC

Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps)

Date: 03/01/23 Time: 16:52 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12

Included observations: 84 after adjustments

Convergence achieved after 10 iterations

Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|----------|
| EMP_MAN | 117.1330 | 1.296859 | 90.32054 | 0.0000 |
| BC_APR | 0.229463 | 0.064422 | 3.561847 | 0.0006 |
| BC_DEC | 0.274235 | 0.053433 | 5.132346 | 0.0000 |
| BC_FEB | 0.257756 | 0.043542 | 5.919776 | 0.0000 |
| BC_JAN | 0.383185 | 0.046608 | 8.221471 | 0.0000 |
| BC_MAR | 0.515305 | 0.050454 | 10.21333 | 0.0000 |
| BC_NOV | 0.416274 | 0.088170 | 4.721266 | 0.0000 |
| BC_OCT | 0.794346 | 0.215811 | 3.680753 | 0.0004 |
| D_2020M03_2020M12 | -117.0448 | 56.67702 | -2.065119 | 0.0424 |
| AR(3) | 0.314714 | 0.118335 | 2.659521 | 0.0096 |
| R-squared | 0.748788 | Mean depen | dent var | 2612.165 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.718235 | S.D. depende | ent var | 243.0022 |
| S.E. of regression | 128.9894 | Akaike info c | riterion | 12.66868 |
| Sum squared resid | 1231231. | Schwarz crite | erion | 12.95806 |
| Log likelihood | -522.0846 | Hannan-Quinn criter. | | 12.78501 |
| Durbin-Watson stat | 1.718469 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .68 | 34+.59i | 3459i | |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 0.595111 | Prob. F(10,73) | 0.8129 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | 6.331684 | Prob. Chi-Square(10) | 0.7867 |
| Scaled explained SS | | Prob. Chi-Square(10) | 0.5682 |

Test Equation:

Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:47 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| C GRADF_01^2 GRADF_02^2 GRADF_03^2 GRADF_04^2 GRADF_05^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_07^2 GRADF_08^2 GRADF_09^2 GRADF_10^2 | 60394.32 -197.6579 -0.011943 0.008911 -0.001083 0.002942 -0.013745 -0.042251 -0.208026 -8133.780 -0.066516 | 65280.10 315.0902 0.018128 0.012820 0.008390 0.008148 0.011552 0.034075 0.193484 17435.05 0.106283 | 0.925157 -0.627306 -0.658791 0.695112 -0.129091 0.360989 -1.189872 -1.239940 -1.075163 -0.466519 -0.625839 | 0.3579 0.5324 0.5121 0.4892 0.8976 0.7192 0.2380 0.2190 0.2858 0.6422 0.5334 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.075377 -0.051283 28324.71 5.86E+10 -974.4210 0.595111 0.812878 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 14657.51 27625.21 23.46240 23.78073 23.59037 1.708186 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 3062.6 | 2792.1 | 270.4 | . .* |
| 2016M02 | 2963.9 | 2678.9 | 284.9 | . .* |
| 2016M03 | 2917.2 | 2916.9 | 0.3 | .*. |
| 2016M04 | 2665.5 | 2642.6 | 22.9 | . *. |
| 2016M05 | 2458.8 | 2469.7 | -10.9 | .*. |
| 2016M06 | 2316.8 | 2393.7 | -76.9 | .* . |
| 2016M07 | 2190.6 | 2421.2 | -230.6 | *. . |
| 2016M08 | 2367.4 | 2418.9 | -51.5 | .* . |
| 2016M09 | 2398.8 | 2383.6 | 15.1 | .*. |
| 2016M10 | 2591.5 | 2559.9 | 31.6 | . *. |
| 2016M11 | 2670.5 | 2657.6 | 12.9 | .*. |
| 2016M12 | 2687.4 | 2687.1 | 0.4 | .*. |
| 2017M01 | 2802.9 | 2861.2 | -58.2 | .* . |
| 2017M02 | 2587.8 | 2720.4 | -132.7 | * . |
| 2017M03 | 2912.7 | 2957.4 | -44.7 | .* . |
| 2017M04 | 2572.1 | 2600.7 | -28.6 | .* . |
| 2017M05 | 2586.5 | 2381.0 | 205.4 | . .* |
| 2017M06 | 1989.8 | 2412.8 | -423.0 | * . . |
| 2017M07 | 2546.0 | 2416.0 | 130.0 | . * |
| 2017M08 | 2431.2 | 2484.5 | -53.3 | .* . |
| 2017M09 | 2249.6 | 2289.4 | -39.8 | .* . |
| 2017M10 | 2646.3 | 2567.1 | 79.1 | . *. |
| 2017M11 | 2682.3 | 2621.5 | 60.8 | . *. |
| 2017M12 | 2820.7 | 2642.0 | 178.6 | . .* |
| 2018M01 | 2981.2 | 3046.7 | -65.4 | .* . |
| 2018M02 | 2735.8 | 2766.2 | -30.4 | .* . |
| 2018M03 | 2882.2 | 2974.3 | -92.1 | .* . |
| 2018M04 | 2752.6 | 2661.5 | 91.1 | . *. |
| 2018M05 | 2598.4 | 2460.9 | 137.5 | . * |
| 2018M06 | 2374.8 | 2458.2 | -83.4 | .* . |
| 2018M07 | 2320.9 | 2513.7 | -192.8 | *. . |
| 2018M08 | 2544.8 | 2535.9 | 8.9 | .*. |
| 2018M09 | 2463.0 | 2458.7 | 4.3 | .*. |
| 2018M10 | 2641.0 | 2649.9 | -8.9 | .*. |
| 2018M11 | 2807.8 | 2803.6 | 4.2 | .*. |
| 2018M12 | 2734.9 | 2781.0 | -46.2 | .* . |
| 2019M01 | 3057.0 | 2951.9 | 105.1 | . * |

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| 2019M02 | 2951.9 | 2865.9 | 86.0 | . *. | |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---|
| 2019M03 | 3057.7 | 3096.1 | -38.4 | .* . | |
| 2019M04 | 2839.3 | 2739.9 | 99.4 | . *. | |
| 2019M05 | 2849.8 | 2553.3 | 296.5 | | * |
| 2019M06 | 2456.7 | 2506.7 | -50.0 | .* . | |
| 2019M07 | 2518.9 | 2565.2 | -46.2 | .* . | |
| 2019M08 | 2526.6 | 2624.3 | -97.7 | .* . | |
| 2019M09 | 2393.5 | 2488.9 | -95.4 | .* . | |
| 2019M10 | 2689.9 | 2701.7 | -11.8 | .*. | |
| 2019M11 | 2680.5 | 2777.9 | -97.4 | .* . | |
| 2019M12 | 2546.8 | 2793.9 | -247.1 | * . . | |
| 2020M01 | 2692.7 | 2980.5 | -287.8 | * . . | |
| 2020M02 | 2794.8 | 2795.8 | -1.0 | .*. | |
| 2020M03 | 2731.1 | 2737.1 | -6.0 | .*. | |
| 2020M04 | 2089.1 | 2308.2 | -219.1 | *. . | |
| 2020M05 | 2103.2 | 2135.0 | -31.8 | .* . | |
| 2020M06 | 2194.9 | 2117.1 | 77.8 | . *. | |
| 2020M07 | 2185.4 | 2104.3 | 81.1 | . *. | I |
| 2020M08 | 2212.2 | 2247.7 | -35.5 | .* . | |
| 2020M09 | 2390.1 | 2299.2 | 90.9 | . *. | |
| 2020M10 | 2499.8 | 2475.1 | 24.7 | . *. | |
| 2020M11 | 2516.2 | 2502.2 | 14.0 | .*. | |
| 2020M12 | 2727.1 | 2562.8 | 164.3 | . .* | I |
| 2021M01 | 2934.0 | 2853.0 | 81.0 | . *. | |
| 2021M02 | 2796.0 | 2754.3 | 41.8 | . *. | |
| 2021M03 | 3000.7 | 3032.1 | -31.4 | .* . | |
| 2021M04 | 2616.1 | 2605.9 | 10.2 | .*. | |
| 2021M05 | 2617.9 | 2417.8 | 200.2 | . .* | |
| 2021M06 | 2343.9 | 2410.9 | -67.0 | .* . | |
| 2021M07 | 2636.7 | 2417.7 | 219.0 | . .* | |
| 2021M08 | 2388.1 | 2481.2 | -93.1 | .* . | |
| 2021M09 | 2351.6 | 2401.9 | -50.3 | .* . | |
| 2021M10 | 2468.4 | 2625.6 | -157.2 | *. . | |
| 2021M11 | 2651.0 | 2650.6 | 0.4 | .*. | |
| 2021M12 | 2461.5 | 2668.6 | -207.0 | *. . | |
| 2022M01 | 2870.6 | 2881.1 | -10.5 | .*. | |
| 2022M02 | 2791.9 | 2799.6 | -7.7 | .*. | |
| 2022M03 | 2955.3 | 2928.1 | 27.1 | . *. | |
| 2022M04 | 2643.8 | 2648.9 | -5.0231 | .*. | |
| 2022M05 | 2468.8 | 2497.6 | -28.805 | .* . | |
| 2022M06 | 2544.6 | 2493.7 | 50.8291 | . *. | |
| 2022M07 | 2546.9 | 2508.4 | 38.5275 | . *. | |
| 2022M08 | 2549.3 | 2508.3 | 41.0549 | . *. | |
| | | | | | |

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| 2022M09 | 2551.7 | 2534.6 | 17.1255 | | . * . | |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|--|--------|--|
| 2022M10 | 2810.2 | 2762.2 | 47.9852 | | . * . | |
| 2022M11 | 2853.8 | 2725.3 | 128.494 | | . * | |
| 2022M12 | 2907.8 | 2778 | 129.82 | | . * | |

Date: 03/23/23 Time: 10:49 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 1 ARMA term

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|-----------------|---------------------|----|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| . *. | . *. | 1 | 0.104 | 0.104 | 0.9467 | |
| . *. | . *. | 2 | 0.100 | 0.090 | 1.8324 | 0.176 |
| | | 3 | 0.030 | 0.011 | 1.9118 | 0.384 |
| . *. | . *. | 4 | 0.115 | 0.104 | 3.0965 | 0.377 |
| | | 5 | -0.022 | -0.047 | 3.1392 | 0.535 |
| .* . | .* . | 6 | -0.126 | -0.144 | 4.6105 | 0.465 |
| | | 7 | -0.050 | -0.024 | 4.8494 | 0.563 |
| .* . | .* . | 8 | -0.150 | -0.137 | 6.9883 | 0.430 |
| . İ. İ | . j. j | 9 | -0.060 | -0.018 | 7.3318 | 0.501 |
| .* . | .* . | 10 | -0.180 | -0.125 | 10.491 | 0.312 |
| .* . | .* | 11 | -0.171 | -0.147 | 13.380 | 0.203 |
| .* . | .* . | 12 | -0.130 | -0.076 | 15.066 | 0.180 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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Capacity Exempt Customer Demand Segment Model

Dependent Variable: CE_PERCENT Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 03/10/23 Time: 12:51 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84 after adjustments Failure to improve likelihood (non-zero gradients) after 24 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients MA Backcast: 2015M01 2015M12

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-----------|
| @MONTH=1 | 0.267397 | 0.003732 | 71.64662 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=2 | 0.269585 | 0.003714 | 72.58119 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=3 | 0.288824 | 0.003811 | 75.78498 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=4 | 0.351915 | 0.003708 | 94.91660 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=5 | 0.431266 | 0.003705 | 116.4004 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=6 | 0.519825 | 0.003711 | 140.0756 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=7 | 0.540047 | 0.003702 | 145.8814 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=8 | 0.554889 | 0.003712 | 149.4883 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=9 | 0.540804 | 0.003720 | 145.3582 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=10 | 0.496756 | 0.003720 | 133.5425 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=11 | 0.399130 | 0.003778 | 105.6413 | 0.0000 |
| @MONTH=12 | 0.299116 | 0.003733 | 80.13196 | 0.0000 |
| AR(1) | 0.279852 | 0.108494 | 2.579438 | 0.0120 |
| MA(12) | -0.914370 | 0.031862 | -28.69779 | 0.0000 |
| R-squared | 0.973396 | Mean depen | dent var | 0.417738 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.968455 | S.D. depend | ent var | 0.111953 |
| S.E. of regression | 0.019884 | Akaike info c | riterion | -4.846813 |
| Sum squared resid | 0.027676 | Schwarz crite | erion | -4.441677 |
| Log likelihood | 217.5662 | Hannan-Quii | nn criter. | -4.683952 |
| Durbin-Watson stat | 2.158062 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .28 | | | |
| Inverted MA Roots | .99 | .86+.50i | .8650i | .50+.86i |
| | .5086i | .00+.99i | 0099i | 50+.86i |
| | 5086i | 86+.50i | 8650i | 99 |

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Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic | 1.352967 | Prob. F(14,69) | 0.2006 |
|---------------------|----------|----------------------|--------|
| Obs*R-squared | 18.09258 | Prob. Chi-Square(14) | 0.2026 |
| Scaled explained SS | 12.18586 | Prob. Chi-Square(14) | 0.5914 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 12:15 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 84

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| C GRADF_01^2 GRADF_02^2 GRADF_03^2 GRADF_04^2 GRADF_05^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_08^2 GRADF_09^2 GRADF_10^2 GRADF_11^2 GRADF_12^2 GRADF_13^2 GRADF_14^2 | 0.000242 -2.43E-05 -4.06E-05 -5.43E-05 -1.98E-05 -4.00E-05 1.84E-05 -7.89E-06 4.61E-06 -4.42E-06 4.96E-06 -4.31E-05 -3.62E-05 0.083930 0.027868 | 9.74E-05 2.94E-05 3.03E-05 3.01E-05 2.96E-05 2.95E-05 2.94E-05 3.02E-05 2.91E-05 3.02E-05 2.91E-05 3.84E-05 2.95E-05 0.097444 0.010025 | 2.486547 -0.826571 -1.338832 -1.803305 -0.671009 -1.356728 0.618518 -0.271599 0.152757 -0.151354 0.170096 -1.121331 -1.226518 0.861311 2.779892 | 0.0153 0.4113 0.1850 0.0757 0.5045 0.1793 0.5383 0.7867 0.8790 0.8801 0.8654 0.2660 0.2242 0.3921 0.0070 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.215388 0.056191 0.000448 1.39E-05 536.6832 1.352967 0.200607 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 0.000329 0.000462 -12.42103 -11.98695 -12.24653 2.020956 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|--------------------|------------|--------|----------|---------------|
| | | | | |
| 2016M01 2016M02 | 0.3 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M02 2016M03 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M03 | | 0.4 | 0.0 | |
| | 0.4 | | | |
| 2016M05 | 0.5 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M06 | | | | |
| 2016M07 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M08 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M09 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M10 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M11 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |
| 2016M12 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M01 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M02 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M03 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2017M04 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2017M05 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2017M06 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . .* |
| 2017M07 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M08 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |
| 2017M09 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2017M10 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . . * |
| 2017M11 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . . * |
| 2017M12 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2018M01 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2018M02 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . .* |
| 2018M03 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . . * |
| 2018M04 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | * . . |
| 2018M05 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2018M06 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . .* |
| 2018M07 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2018M08 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2018M09 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . . * |
| 2018M10 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2018M11 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2018M12 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2019M01 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2019M02 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . * |
| 2019M03 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * |
| 2019M04 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | *. . |
| 2019M05 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2019M06 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |

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| r | | | | |
|---------|------|------|-------|---------|
| 2019M07 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |
| 2019M08 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2019M09 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2019M10 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2019M11 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2019M12 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2020M01 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2020M02 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . . * |
| 2020M03 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * |
| 2020M04 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2020M05 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2020M06 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2020M07 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2020M08 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.0 | . . * |
| 2020M09 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2020M10 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . * |
| 2020M11 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2020M12 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * |
| 2021M01 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . *. |
| 2021M02 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2021M03 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | |
| 2021M04 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | |
| 2021M05 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2021M06 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | |
| 2021M07 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | .* |
| 2021M08 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . . * |
| 2021M09 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2021M10 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 | . . * |
| 2021M11 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2021M12 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2022M01 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2022M02 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | .* . |
| 2022M03 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | . * . |
| 2022M04 | 0.35 | 0.34 | 0.01 | . * . |
| 2022M05 | 0.45 | 0.44 | 0.01 | . *. |
| 2022M06 | 0.53 | 0.53 | 0.00 | . * . |
| 2022M07 | 0.57 | 0.56 | 0.01 | . *. |
| 2022M08 | 0.5 | 0.52 | -0.02 | |
| 2022M09 | 0.54 | 0.54 | 0.00 | |
| 2022M10 | 0.45 | 0.47 | -0.02 | |
| 2022M11 | 0.41 | 0.39 | 0.02 | |
| 2022M12 | 0.32 | 0.31 | 0.01 | |

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Date: 03/23/23 Time: 12:16 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 2 ARMA terms

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|--|---|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | .* *. . *. | 1 -0.138 2 0.021 3 0.012 4 -0.005 5 0.052 6 0.074 7 -0.008 8 0.081 | -0.138 0.001 0.015 | 1.6620 1.6992 1.7115 1.7137 1.9646 2.4665 2.4722 3.0966 | 0.191 0.424 0.580 0.651 0.781 0.797 |
| · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · | 9 0.047 10 -0.003 11 -0.082 12 0.085 | 0.071 0.010 -0.097 | 3.3114 3.3124 3.9808 4.7089 | 0.855 0.913 0.913 0.910 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

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COMPANY USE MODEL

Dependent Variable: CO_USE_NH Method: ARMA Generalized Least Squares (Gauss-Newton) Date: 03/08/23 Time: 11:00 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 81 Convergence achieved after 10 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients d.f. adjustment for standard errors & covariance

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|----------|
| BC_DEC | 0.130743 | 0.013288 | 9.839400 | 0.0000 |
| BC_JAN | 0.181744 | 0.011373 | 15.98071 | 0.0000 |
| BC_FEB | 0.177857 | 0.012171 | 14.61275 | 0.0000 |
| BC_MAR | 0.175852 | 0.013992 | 12.56798 | 0.0000 |
| BC_APR | 0.138580 | 0.016168 | 8.571159 | 0.0000 |
| BC_MAY+BC_NOV | 0.049929 | 0.016026 | 3.115567 | 0.0026 |
| С | 76.04524 | 7.362864 | 10.32822 | 0.0000 |
| AR(1) | 0.443080 | 0.108180 | 4.095746 | 0.0001 |
| R-squared | 0.905262 | Mean depend | lent var | 146.5062 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.896177 | S.D. depende | ent var | 86.60718 |
| S.E. of regression | 27.90619 | Akaike info cr | iterion | 9.594493 |
| Sum squared resid | 56849.14 | Schwarz crite | rion | 9.830982 |
| Log likelihood | -380.5770 | Hannan-Quin | n criter. | 9.689376 |
| F-statistic | 99.64895 | Durbin-Watso | on stat | 1.908732 |
| Prob(F-statistic) | 0.000000 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .44 | | | |

Heteroskedasticity Test: White Null hypothesis: Homoskedasticity

| F-statistic Obs*R-squared | 1.868091 | 1 () | 0.9878 0.9848 0.0067 |
|------------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Scaled explained SS | 1.196739 | Prob. Chi-Square(8) | 0.9967 |

Test Equation: Dependent Variable: RESID² Method: Least Squares Date: 03/23/23 Time: 12:18 Sample: 2016M01 2022M12 Included observations: 81

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error t-Statistic | | Prob. |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| C GRADF_01^2 GRADF_02^2 GRADF_03^2 GRADF_04^2 GRADF_05^2 GRADF_06^2 GRADF_07^2 GRADF_08^2 | 668.4616 -0.130876 0.130250 0.049855 0.149771 0.153548 -0.286218 38952.79 -8.246553 | 508.4039 0.282146 0.189419 0.207486 0.280017 0.423091 0.693016 1019513. 70.50046 | 1.314824 -0.463861 0.687628 0.240278 0.534865 0.362918 -0.413003 0.038207 -0.116972 | 0.1927 0.6441 0.4939 0.8108 0.5944 0.7177 0.6808 0.9696 0.9072 |
| R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic) | 0.023063 -0.085486 924.1157 61487269 -663.2996 0.212466 0.987762 | Mean dependent var S.D. dependent var Akaike info criterion Schwarz criterion Hannan-Quinn criter. Durbin-Watson stat | | 701.8413 886.9810 16.59999 16.86604 16.70673 1.552815 |

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| obs | Actual | Fitted | Residual | Residual Plot |
|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| 2016M01 | 305.0 | 268.4 | 36.6 | . .* |
| 2016M02 | 332.0 | 297.6 | 34.4 | . .* |
| 2016M03 | 226.0 | 269.9 | -43.9 | *. . |
| 2016M04 | 236.0 | 172.4 | 63.6 | . . * |
| 2016M05 | 83.0 | 125.4 | -42.4 | *. . |
| 2016M06 | 46.0 | 68.0 | -22.0 | .* . |
| 2016M07 | 48.0 | 62.7 | -14.7 | .* . |
| 2016M08 | 77.0 | 63.6 | 13.4 | . * . |
| 2016M09 | 85.0 | 76.5 | 8.5 | . * . |
| 2016M10 | 76.0 | 80.0 | -4.0 | . * . |
| 2016M11 | 109.0 | 104.9 | 4.1 | . * . |
| 2016M12 | 180.0 | 200.9 | -20.9 | .* . |
| 2017M01 | 219.0 | 275.1 | -56.1 | *. . |
| 2017M02 | 218.0 | 246.4 | -28.4 | * . |
| 2017M03 | 211.0 | 231.9 | -20.9 | .* . |
| 2017M04 | 162.0 | 176.2 | -14.2 | .* . |
| 2017M05 | 74.0 | 82.8 | -8.8 | . * . |
| 2017M06 | 56.0 | 65.4 | -9.4 | .* . |
| 2017M07 | 59.0 | 67.2 | -8.2 | . * . |
| 2017M08 | 62.0 | 68.5 | -6.5 | . * . |
| 2017M09 | 56.0 | 69.8 | -13.8 | .* . |
| 2017M10 | 32.0 | 67.2 | -35.2 | *. . |
| 2017M11 | 71.0 | 81.0 | -10.0 | .* . |
| 2017M12 | 209.0 | 192.6 | 16.4 | . *. |
| 2018M01 | 373.0 | 348.1 | 24.9 | . *. |
| 2018M02 | 270.0 | 291.7 | -21.7 | .* . |
| 2018M03 | 239.0 | 234.8 | 4.2 | . * . |
| 2018M04 | 211.0 | 204.0 | 7.0 | . * . |
| 2018M05 | 108.0 | 101.4 | 6.6 | . * . |
| 2018M06 | 40.0 | 80.3 | -40.3 | *. . |
| 2018M07 | 92.0 | 60.1 | 31.9 | . * |
| 2018M08 | 131.0 | 83.1 | 47.9 | . . * |
| 2018M09 | 131.0 | 100.4 | 30.6 | . * |
| 2018M10 | 100.0 | 100.4 | -0.4 | . * . |
| 2018M11 | 142.0 | 123.2 | 18.8 | . *. |
| 2018M12 | 207.0 | 228.5 | -21.5 | .* . |
| 2019M01 | 254.0 | 288.2 | -34.2 | *. . |
| 2019M02 | 257.0 | 286.5 | -29.5 | * . |
| 2019M03 | 251.0 | 253.3 | -2.3 | . * . |
| 2019M04 | 173.0 | 177.0 | -4.0 | . * . |
| 2019M05 | 100.0 | 94.4 | 5.6 | . * . |
| 2019M06 | 58.0 | 75.7 | -17.7 | .* . |

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| 2019M07 | 83.0 | 68.0 | 15.0 | . *. |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|
| 2019M08 | 140.0 | 79.1 | 60.9 | . . * |
| 2019M09 | 100.0 | 104.4 | -4.4 | . * . |
| 2019M10 | 89.0 | 86.7 | 2.3 | . * . |
| 2019M11 | 84.0 | 113.4 | -29.4 | * . |
| 2019M12 | 240.0 | 202.7 | 37.3 | . .* |
| 2020M01 | 294.0 | 286.4 | 7.6 | . * . |
| 2020M02 | 289.0 | 280.0 | 9.0 | . * . |
| 2020M03 | 257.0 | 250.9 | 6.1 | . * . |
| 2020M04 | 180.0 | 189.7 | -9.7 | .* . |
| 2020M05 | 141.0 | 102.3 | 38.7 | . .* |
| 2020M06 | 60.0 | 92.5 | -32.5 | * . |
| 2020M07 | 64.0 | 68.9 | -4.9 | . * . |
| 2020M08 | 89.0 | 70.7 | 18.3 | . *. |
| 2020M09 | 118.0 | 81.8 | 36.2 | . .* |
| 2020M10 | 61.0 | 94.6 | -33.6 | *. . |
| 2020M11 | 98.0 | 97.6 | 0.4 | . * . |
| 2020M12 | 171.0 | 186.9 | -15.9 | .* . |
| 2021M01 | 263.0 | 268.1 | -5.1 | . * . |
| 2021M02 | 328.0 | 291.4 | 36.6 | . .* |
| 2021M03 | 327.0 | 274.1 | 52.9 | . . * |
| 2021M04 | 162.0 | 203.3 | -41.3 | *. . |
| 2021M05 | 99.0 | 91.8 | 7.2 | . * . |
| 2021M06 | 78.0 | 76.9 | 1.1 | . * . |
| 2021M07 | 99.0 | 76.9 | 22.1 | . *. |
| 2021M08 | 106.0 | 86.2 | 19.8 | . *. |
| 2021M09 | 116.0 | 89.3 | 26.7 | . *. |
| 2021M10 | 83.0 | 93.7 | -10.7 | . * . |
| 2021M11 | 64.0 | 106.1 | -42.1 | *. . |
| 2021M12 | 167.0 | 175.3 | -8.3 | . * . |
| 2022M01 | 298.0 | 277.2 | 20.8 | . *. |
| 2022M05 | 88.0 | 98.3 | -10.3 | . * . |
| 2022M06 | 39.0 | 71.1 | -32.1 | * . |
| 2022M07 | 92 | 59.6 | 32.4 | |
| 2022M08 | 136 | 83.1 | 52.9 | |
| 2022M09 | 95 | 102.6 | -7.6 | · · · · · |
| 2022M10 | 63 | 84.4 | -21.4 | |
| 2022M11 | 70 | 92.9 | -22.9 | |
| 2022M12 | 167 | 178.9 | -11.9 | . * . |
| 2022M10 | 15.9 | 12.4 | 3.5 | . * . |
| 2022M11 | 56.9 | 60.4 | -3.5 | .* . |
| 2022M12 | 87.8 | 102.7 | -14.9 | .* . |
| | | | | |

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Date: 03/23/23 Time: 12:19 Sample (adjusted): 2016M01 2022M12 Q-statistic probabilities adjusted for 1 ARMA term

| Autocorrelation | Partial Correlation | | AC | PAC | Q-Stat | Prob* |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | - | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | 0.039 -0.083 -0.109 0.042 -0.073 0.071 0.144 -0.012 -0.072 | 0.039 -0.085 -0.103 0.044 -0.095 0.075 0.137 -0.034 -0.025 | 0.1307 0.7160 1.7378 1.8886 2.3611 2.8081 4.6798 4.6937 5.1713 | 0.397 0.419 0.596 0.670 0.730 0.585 0.697 0.739 |
| | | 10 11 | -0.002 -0.043 | 0.016 -0.064 | 5.1719 5.3533 | 0.819 0.866 |
| . . | . *. | 12 | 0.062 | 0.082 | 5.7301 | 0.891 |

*Probabilities may not be valid for this equation specification.

Design Day – Total Throughput Model

Dependent Variable: NH Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 03/07/23 Time: 14:47 Sample: 11/01/2021 10/31/2022 Included observations: 365 Convergence achieved after 10 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients

| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| NH EDD | 368.4487 | 20.53407 17.94329 | | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD(-1) | 102.0463 | 8.645163 | 11.80386 | 0.0000 |
| NH EDD*NOV | 203.9453 | 23.17855 | 8.798880 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*DEC | 228.9558 | 22.29822 | 10.26789 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*JAN | 292.7508 | 21.00954 | 13.93418 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*FEB | 293.4200 | 21.43986 | 13.68572 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*MAR | 244.9859 | 22.64311 | 10.81944 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*APR | 139.5325 | 25.39865 | 5.493696 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=1 | 11495.23 | 255.5063 | 44.98999 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=2 | 12187.84 | 258.0902 47.22319 | | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=3 | 11799.37 | 256.3309 46.03178 | | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=4 | 11533.67 | 252.4055 45.69499 | | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=5 | 10434.27 | 255.1180 | 40.89979 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=6 | 9052.847 | 262.3008 | 34.51322 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=7 | 9418.392 | 261.8009 | 35.97540 | 0.0000 |
| AR(1) | 0.415772 | 0.051170 | 8.125294 | 0.0000 |
| AR(7) | 0.105840 | 0.049166 | 2.152683 | 0.0320 |
| R-squared | 0.991125 | Mean depend | lent var | 23189.38 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.990717 | S.D. depende | ent var | 12298.16 |
| S.E. of regression | 1184.905 | Akaike info criterion | | 17.03817 |
| Sum squared resid | 4.89E+08 | Schwarz criterion | | 17.21981 |
| Log likelihood | -3092.466 | Hannan-Quinn criter. 17.1103 | | 17.11035 |
| Durbin-Watson stat | 1.959584 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .80 11+.70i | | .52+.55i - .6131i | .1170i |

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Design Day – Planning Load Model

Dependent Variable: NH_PL Method: ARMA Conditional Least Squares (Gauss-Newton / Marquardt steps) Date: 03/07/23 Time: 14:49 Sample: 11/01/2021 10/31/2022 Included observations: 365 Convergence achieved after 7 iterations Coefficient covariance computed using outer product of gradients

| - | | 5 1 | 5 | |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|----------|
| Variable | Coefficient | Std. Error | t-Statistic | Prob. |
| NH EDD | 321.2646 | 15.45785 | 20.78326 | 0.0000 |
| NH EDD(-1) | 92.31004 | 7.806648 | 11.82454 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*NOV | 182.7073 | 19.38970 | 9.422909 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*DEC | 251.1275 | 17.95045 | 13.99004 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*JAN | 299.1885 | 16.23630 | 18.42714 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*FEB | 281.8939 | 16.81651 | 16.76293 | 0.0000 |
| NH_EDD*MAR | 223.9156 | 18.19069 | 12.30935 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=1 | 6197.783 | 230.1394 | 26.93057 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=2 | 6603.130 | 232.5413 | 28.39552 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=3 | 6423.367 | 230.9847 | 27.80862 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=4 | 6280.504 | 226.6640 | 27.70843 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=5 | 5583.160 | 229.2346 | 24.35566 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=6 | 4876.089 | 236.4445 | 20.62255 | 0.0000 |
| @WEEKDAY=7 | 5365.038 | 235.9145 | 22.74145 | 0.0000 |
| AR(1) | 0.523165 | 0.047850 | 10.93341 | 0.0000 |
| R-squared | 0.990795 | Mean depend | lent var | 16951.13 |
| Adjusted R-squared | 0.990427 | S.D. depende | ent var | 11380.48 |
| S.E. of regression | 1113.507 | Akaike info ci | iterion | 16.90864 |
| Sum squared resid | 4.34E+08 | Schwarz criterion | | 17.06891 |
| Log likelihood | -3070.828 | Hannan-Quin | n criter. | 16.97234 |
| Durbin-Watson stat | 2.063164 | | | |
| Inverted AR Roots | .52 | | | |
| | | | | |

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Date: June 20, 2023 Volume:

Case: 2023 New England Winter Gas-Electric Forum



Ace-Federal Reporters, Inc. Phone: 202-347-3700 Fax: 202-737-3638 Email: info@acefederal.com Internet: www.acefederal.com DG 23-087 - Exhibit 8

2023 New England Winter Gas-Electric Forum - June 20, 2023

| | Page 1 |
|----|---|
| 1 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| 2 | FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION |
| 3 | |
| 4 | 2023 NEW ENGLAND WINTER Docket No. AD22-9-000 |
| 5 | GAS-ELECTRIC FORUM |
| 6 | |
| 7 | |
| 8 | |
| 9 | DoubleTree by Hilton |
| 10 | 363 Maine Mall Road |
| 11 | Portland, ME 04106 |
| 12 | |
| 13 | Tuesday, June 20, 2023 |
| 14 | 8:30 a.m. |
| 15 | |
| 16 | Chairman Willie L. Phillips |
| 17 | Commissioner James P. Danly |
| 18 | Commissioner Allison Clements |
| 19 | Commissioner Mark C. Christie |
| 20 | |
| 21 | |
| 22 | |
| 23 | |
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Page 2 Welcome and Opening Remarks from the Chairman and 1 2 Commissioners 3 4 Opening Presentations: Winters 2023/2024 and 2024/2025 in 5 New England and the Role of Everett 6 Panelists: 7 Stephen George, Director, Operational Performance, Training 8 and Integration, ISO New England 9 Richard Levitan, President, Levitan & Associates 10 11 Panel 1: Should Everett be Retained and, if so, how? 12 Panelists: 13 Carrie H. Allen, SVP and DGC, Regulatory Policy, 14 Constellation Energy Generation 15 Vamsi Chadalavada, Executive Vice President and Chief 16 Operating Officer, ISO New England 17 Charles Dickerson, President and CEO, Northeast Power 18 Coordinating Council (NPCC) 19 Dan Dolan, President, New England Power Generators 20 Association 21 James Holodak, Jr., Vice President, Energy Supply, National 22 Grid 23 Richard Levitan, President, Levitan & Associates 24 Robert Neustaedter, Director of Regulatory Affairs, Repsol 25 Ernesto Ochoa, Vice President of Commercial, Kinder Morgan

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Page 3 1 Third Presentation: Extreme Weather Risks to ISO-NE, 2 Presentation of the EPRI Study by ISO-NE and EPRI 3 Panelists: 4 Vamsi Chadalavada, Executive Vice President and Chief 5 Operating Officer, ISO New England 6 Stephen George, Director, Operational Performance, Training 7 and Integration, ISO New England 8 Eamonn Lannoye, Senior Program Manager, Electric Power 9 Research Institute Europe (virtual presenter) 10 11 Panel 2: Reactions to the EPRI Study 12 Panelists: 13 Phil Bartlett, Chair, Maine Public Utilities Commission 14 Vamsi Chadalavada, Executive Vice President and Chief 15 Operating Officer, ISO New England 16 James Daly, Vice President Energy Supply, Eversource Energy 17 Ronald T. Gerwatowski, Chairman, Rhode Island Public 18 Utilities Commission 19 Stephen George, Director, Operational Performance, Training 20 and Integration, ISO New England 21 Ben Griffiths, Senior Director of New England Regulatory 22 Policy, LS Power 23 Mark Lauby, Senior Vice President and Chief Engineer, North 24 American Electric Reliability Corporation 25

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Page 4
1
    Rob Perkins, Vice President of Pipeline Management, Kinder
2
    Morgan
3
4
    Panel 3: Path to Sustainable Solutions - Infrastructure
5
    Panelists:
6
    David Cavanaugh, Senior Vice President Regulatory & Market
7
    Affairs, Energy New England
8
    Patricia DiOrio, Head of Americas Project Development,
9
    Orsted North America
10
    Vandan Divatia, Vice President, Transmission Policy,
11
    Compliance, and Interconnections, Eversource Energy
12
    Katie Dykes, Commissioner, Connecticut Department of Energy
13
    and Environmental Protection
14
    Bob Ethier, Vice President, System Planning, ISO New England
15
    Richard Paglia, Vice President, Marketing & Business
16
    Development, Enbridge
17
    Rebecca Tepper, Secretary, Massachusetts Executive Office of
18
    Energy and Environmental Affairs
19
20
    Panel 4: Path to Sustainable Solutions - Market Design
21
    Panelists:
22
    Riley Allen, Commissioner, Vermont Public Utilities Commission
23
    Michelle Gardner, Executive Director Regulatory Affairs -
24
    Northeast, NextEra Energy Resources
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Page 5
1
    Mark Karl, Vice President, Market Development and
2
    Settlements, ISO New England
3
    Donald Kreis, Consumer Advocate, New Hampshire Office of the
4
    Consumer Advocate
5
    Pallas LeeVanSchaick, Vice President, Potomac Economics
6
    Aleks Mitreski, Senior Director, Regulatory Affairs,
7
    Brookfield Renewables
8
    Christie Prescott, Director, Energy Supply, United
9
    Illuminating
10
    Andrew Weinstein, Vice President, FERC Market Policy, Vistra
11
12
    Closing Roundtable
13
    Panelists:
14
    Jim Robb, President and CEO, North American Electric
15
    Reliability Corporation (NERC)
16
    Gordon van Welie, President and CEO, ISO New England
17
18
    State Representatives:
19
    Phil Bartlett, Chair, Maine Public Utilities Commission
20
    Katie Dykes, Commissioner, Connecticut Department of Energy
21
    and Environmental Protection
22
    Ronald T. Gerwatowski, Chairman, Rhode Island Public
23
    Utilities Commission
24
    Carleton Simpson, Commissioner, New Hampshire Public
25
    Utilities Commission
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| | Page 6 |
|----|--|
| 1 | Rebecca Tepper, Secretary, Massachusetts Executive Office of |
| 2 | Energy and Environmental Affairs |
| 3 | June Tierney, Commissioner, Vermont Department of Public |
| 4 | Service |
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| | Page 7 |
|----|---|
| 1 | PROCEEDINGS |
| 2 | MR. LINNEMAN: If you could find your seats. If |
| 3 | we could find our seats. Good morning, everybody. Please |
| 4 | find your seats. If we could please find our seats. Good |
| 5 | morning once again and welcome. My name is Jared Linneman |
| 6 | I'm with FERC Security and Safety team. Just want to do a |
| 7 | little briefing on some security items before we get |
| 8 | started. |
| 9 | First of all, most importantly, restrooms out the |
| 10 | doors you came in just around to the left. If there is a |
| 11 | need for an evacuation, we will go out the door that you came |
| 12 | in through the glass double doors over to the Tru hotel. |
| 13 | If that route is blocked, our secondary route will be |
| 14 | through these wood double doors and through a set of steel |
| 15 | doors right after those, we will take a right, go out and be |
| 16 | by the Cracker Barrel. If we do have an evacuation, please |
| 17 | go to those assembly areas and do not leave. We are going to |
| 18 | use our registration checklists to make sure that we have |
| 19 | everybody as much as possible. Once again, thank you and |
| 20 | welcome. |
| 21 | MR. BURNS: Good morning, everyone. My name is |
| 22 | David Burns. I am with the Commission's Office of Energy |
| 23 | Policy and Innovation. We're happy to be joined by all of |
| 24 | you here today in New England. Before I turn it over to |
| 25 | Chairman Phillips for his opening remarks, I just want to |
| | |

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2023 New England Winter Gas-Electric Forum - June 20, 2023

Page 8 1 provide a brief roadmap for the day. We'll have three 2 presentations, four panels and a closing roundtable with a 3 break after the second and third panels. During these, only 4 the Chairman, Commissioners, panelists, presenters, state 5 representatives and a small group of Commission staff will have speaking roles. This conference is being webcast and 6 7 transcribed and a recording will be available for future 8 viewing. The goal and purpose of this conference is to 9 discuss possible solutions to the electricity and natural 10 gas challenges facing the New England region. 11 Just a reminder regarding our rules on ex parte 12 communications, we will not discuss the specific details of 13 any pending contested proceedings before the Commission, 14 including those listed on the Supplemental Notice issued on 15 June 13th. We ask that all participants similarly refrain 16 from such discussion. If anyone engages in these kinds of 17 discussions, one of my colleagues at this table will 18 interrupt the discussion to ask the speaker to avoid the 19 topic. With that out of the way, I turn it over to Chairman 20 Phillips for his opening remarks. 21 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. Hello, everybody, 22 and good morning and welcome to the second New England 23 Winter Gas-Electric Forum in beautiful Portland, Maine. I 24 want to thank the many panelists appearing here today for 25 their time and contributions to this forum and also want to

Page 9 1 thank my colleagues for their interest in and dedication to 2 addressing critical issues regarding New England resource 3 adequacy. And a special thanks to David Burns, who has led 4 our great staff's effort to conduct outreach with New 5 England states and stakeholders. These are not new issues. 6 Winter after winter, we are warned about the reliability 7 risk to New England and the potential for life threatening 8 blackouts when natural gas pipelines are constrained and 9 energy demand is high. 10 We also know that New England has some of the 11 highest electricity rates in the country. And with the 12 ripple effects of the Russian invasion of Ukraine impacting 13 global LNG and natural gas prices, we brace ourselves for 14 utility bills which are already high to soar even higher. 15 And while FERC is resource neutral, I also want 16 to acknowledge that states have their own policy objectives 17 and are working toward achieving their clean energy goals. 18 But for the near term, it is clear that New England remains 19 reliant on natural gas and needs LNG as well as oil during 20 extreme weather. And the gas system is constrained when the 21 gas system is constrained. This infrastructure problem only 22 gets more difficult as demand increases on both the electric 23 and gas systems. 24 So, we know that infrastructure is needed now and

25 more will be needed in the coming years. To this end, FERC

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| | Page 10 |
|----|---|
| 1 | is focused on interconnection reform, transmission reform |
| 2 | and expediting permitting processes. But we can and must |
| 3 | explore what other options we can collectively pursue in the |
| 4 | near term and how to overcome any barriers to implementing |
| 5 | these solutions. Additionally, our markets needs to provide |
| 6 | the correct incentives and price signals for all types of |
| 7 | resources. I know these challenges are complicated and |
| 8 | solutions are difficult, that the problems are cross product, |
| 9 | both gas and electric, and cross jurisdictional, both state |
| 10 | and federal. |
| 11 | And to be clear, no one entity can solve these |
| 12 | issues alone. And there is no singular solution to winter |
| 13 | reliability. And so it is critical that we coordinate |
| 14 | closely with all relevant stakeholders to address the |
| 15 | challenges ahead. To put it another way, we must come |
| 16 | together, state officials and regulators, utilities, ISO, if |
| 17 | we have any hope to put this region on a reliable, |
| 18 | affordable and sustainable path forward. That means today, |
| 19 | we stop talking as if we are disconnected entities and start |
| 20 | collectively identifying actionable next steps and solutions |
| 21 | both in the near term and for the future. People are |
| 22 | counting on us. Let's not let them down. With that, I turn |
| 23 | to my colleagues for their opening statements. Commissioner |
| 24 | Danly. |
| 25 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I |

| | Page 11 |
|----|--|
| 1 | don't have anything as an opening statement other than to |
| 2 | say I'll be interested to hear what people have to present |
| 3 | to us today. And I'm rather skeptical. Thanks. |
| 4 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Just in general? |
| 5 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: In general. Yes. |
| 6 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Good morning. It's nice to |
| 7 | see you all. Thank you for taking the time out of your busy |
| 8 | schedules to be here, especially our state colleagues. It's |
| 9 | nice to see you all. And thanks to staff for putting this |
| 10 | together. This is a lot of work, especially when we're not |
| 11 | at home. I agree with everything the Chairman said. I will |
| 12 | just add a little bit from some more specifics relative to |
| 13 | the studies we've been engaging in. I'm encouraged that |
| 14 | between our last meeting and this meeting that the ISO has |
| 15 | engaged in analysis around the winter 2024-2025 and I think |
| 16 | it's important to get some clarity around this electric |
| 17 | system risk. We now have probabilities and sensitivities to |
| 18 | evaluate. |
| 19 | And I hope today's discussion will be based in the |
| 20 | consideration of next steps, will be based in the fact that |
| 21 | the second state of the se |

2 t 21 we have that data out there. I think this morning with all 22 of this information we've had to digest, not only the near 23 term study, but also the February 2027 studies and the 24 impending steps there.

It's really important that we get panelists'

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Page 12 1 perspectives on what concerns remain, if any, related to 2 these studies. And I think from an electric system 3 perspective, sorry, I'm trying to talk in the coffee. It's 4 just not kicked in yet this morning. But from an electric 5 system perspective, I think that every ISO study is really 6 comprehensive and provides key parameters to consider, and 7 the resulting low odds of load shedding are encouraging. 8 The ISO, however notes itself that it is not 9 equipped to assess the gas system effects without Everett 10 because only the pipelines and the LDCs can speak to that. 11 And Mr. Levitan, perhaps you know, it said the study 12 assumes the operational performance of the regional pipeline 13 system is not impacted. So I want to hear -- I hope we all 14 want to hear this morning, are there other concerns related 15 to that side of the coin that will have impact for the 16 reliability of the bulk electric system? This is the morning 17 to have that conversation. 18 Let's get any specific concerns out there and try 19 and work through them so that we can go forward with a 20 consensus across stakeholders and jurisdictions. 21 For this afternoon, we have time to think longer term. And I 22 have three things that have come to mind. One is, I've talked about the need to consider a prompt and/or seasonal 23 24 auction structure. The ISO has put forward this idea.

25 Perhaps it can bring benefits based on the market changes,

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Page 13 1 based on lessons learned and operating the markets over the 2 last decade. So, tell me more about the value proposition 3 there. You know, the gas fleet is going to remain integral 4 for the foreseeable future, but I'm increasingly hearing 5 about the challenges related to the gas-electric coordination. 6 7 The Chairman mentioned and how it will grow as 8 the gas fleet is asked to perform differently as the system 9 needs change. And so how do we get out in front of this 10 challenge? What's the next step on this region's 11 gas-electric coordination challenges? And then finally, what is 12 the untapped potential for flexibility? We have a more 13 sophisticated commitment and dispatch of limited. May we 14 have a more sophisticated dispatch of limited duration 15 resources. 16 Do these studies give us better information to 17 inform demand response and energy efficiency decisions and 18 programs that the states are responsible for? And what else 19 do we need there to try and optimize system flexibility? So 20 those are the lots of things I'm thinking about today, and I 21 really look forward to the conversation. Thanks. 22 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Commissioner. 23 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Well, good morning, 24 everybody. I'm always glad to be back in Maine. Frustrating 25 thing. I'm close to Belfast, but not going to be there for

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| 1 | the next week, which I'd like to be my favorite place on the | |
| 2 | East Coast. I want to thank everybody for coming out and in | |
| 3 | particular, thank everybody for all the prep that you did. | |
| 4 | Getting ready for these things is not easy. It's not | |
| 5 | something that people just walk in and start doing. | |
| 6 | So, I know there's a lot of work, really | |
| 7 | appreciate all the effort from all the speakers we're going | |
| 8 | to hear today getting ready as well as staff, getting the | |
| 9 | logistics of this event. Great to see some state regulators | |
| 10 | here today. Phil Bartlett, Chair of the Maine Commission, | |
| 11 | Riley Allen, good friend from Vermont. I've said many, many | |
| 12 | times, at the end of the day, it's the states who decide | |
| 13 | what generating units get built and which ones get retired. | |
| 14 | Reconciling those policies with the engineering realities of | |
| 15 | keeping the lights on is the big challenge that not only New | |
| 16 | England, but really across the country we have. | |
| 17 | So I look forward to hearing today from speakers | |
| 18 | about how we're going to reconcile those challenges and | |
| 19 | fulfill the state's legitimate desires to have the mix that | |
| 20 | they want. So with that, I'll sit back and I want to listen | |
| 21 | to all the great speakers that we have lined up today, and | |
| 22 | thank you all again for all the prep work, all the hard | |
| 23 | work, getting ready for this and for coming out and taking a | |
| 24 | whole day to give us the benefit of your views. Thank you. | |
| 25 | CHAIRMAN PHILIPS: And thank you, Commissioners, for | r your |
| | | |

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opening remarks. We are now ready to move to our opening presentations. MR. BURNS: We'll now begin with the opening presentations. The first presentation will be given by Stephen George from ISO New England, discussing winters 2023-2024 and 2024-2025 and the role of Everett. Following Stephen's presentation, the second presentation will be given by Richard Levitan of Levitan & Associates, explaining Everett's physical capabilities and its impact on the electric and natural gas systems in New England. Each presentations will be 15 minutes. Following these presentations, we will begin with Panel 1: Should Evertt be Retained, and, if so, how? Mr. George. MR. GEORGE: Thank you and good morning. Good morning, Mr. Chairman, Commissioners, state commissioners, New England stakeholders, FERC staff. Mr. Levitan, to my left here. Good morning to everyone. Appreciate the opportunity to be here today, to have a chance to share our views on these important discussions and be part of the conversation. I'd like to get started today by giving a review of our assessment of the upcoming winters of 2023-2024 as well as 2024-2025 and conclude with some thoughts on the Everett Marine Terminal facility. I'd like to start

24 with a review of four key takeaways and then I'll cover

25 these in a little bit more detail as we go.

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Page 16 1 I think it's clear as the system evolves, both on 2 the generation side, the demand side, and at the same time 3 as the weather continues to change and become more extreme, 4 we see that the region's risk profile in terms of energy 5 adequacy also evolves along with that, with all those things that are changing simultaneously. ISO's assessment of the 6 7 next two winters shows limited exposure to energy shortfalls 8 in the context of this evolving system. This does not mean 9 that the risk is gone. This means in the context of the 10 evolving system, that we actually need to be more vigilant 11 and continue to enhance our ability to assess energy 12 adequacy as the system evolves. We know that has been the 13 case in the past, the region continues to be reliant on 14 stored fuels in the near term, both LNG and fuel oil. And 15 it's really replenishment of those stored fuels that's 16 going to get us through the really cold times this winter. 17 And I think you'll see that in our presentation this morning 18 and the presentation in a little bit. 19

Finally, in terms of Everett, though, our near 20 term assessment of the next two winters does not show the 21 need to retain Everett for electric system reliability. We 22 all know that there's several qualitative or resilience type factors that need to be part of the discussion in 23 24 determining the long term plans for the Everett facility. 25 And I'll touch on that more as we go on. I'll note that I'm

Page 17 1 not going to cover every slide in the deck, but only just a 2 few in the interest of keeping to my 15-minute time limit. 3 In terms of the evolving resource mix, I think 4 most notable is the change with respect to behind the meter 5 or even in front of the meter solar in New England. From 6 starting in January of 2010, when we had roughly close to 7 zero behind the meter PV to the end of last year, where we 8 had roughly 5,500 MW of PV. And looking ahead to a projection 9 of adding 700MW per year of PV through 2032, we start to 10 think about the impact of that PV on our energy adequacy 11 situation. Our assessment is that over a typical winter 12 season, 700 MW of PV that we're adding each year is roughly 13 the energy equivalent of 7 to 10 million gallons of oil or 1 14 to 1.5 BCF of natural gas. 15 So, the impact is clear. Along with our 16 near-term inspection or expectations for PV and the 17 expectation for offshore wind growth beginning later this 18 year and into next year, combined with expectations for a 19 limited demand growth in the near term, all these things 20 come together to inform our analysis of the next two 21 winters. As I mentioned at the outset, the region remains 22 reliant on natural gas, as the Chairman mentioned in his 23 opening remarks. We know that when natural gas pipelines

25 and we turn to LNG. LNG from our facilities in the east and

become constrained in the cold weather, we turn to fuel oil

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Page 18 1 fuel oil from our vast fuel oil generating capability that 2 exists throughout New England. 3 We know that when we get into conditions where 4 these stored fuels are rapidly depleted, that's when the 5 system is at its most risk. We saw this in the winter of 6 2017/2018. And it's in that context that we think about how our 7 energy adequacy risk is going to evolve over time. As I 8 mentioned, it's replenishment that becomes critical not just 9 of LNG but of fuel oil. And that's what's going to get us 10 through the severe cold weather snaps. 11 Before I turn to results of the 2023-2024 and 2024-12 2025 winter assessments, I'd like to spend a minute 13 speaking about our expectations for the next two winters and 14 preparation and activities that take place throughout the 15 region, really every winter. Looking ahead to the upcoming 16 winter, we know that the cost of service agreement for 17 Mystic 8&9 continues for one more year through June 1st of 18 next year. We also know that the Inventoried Energy Program 19 goes into effect this year for the next two winters, which 20 we expect to bring an incremental amount of BCF excuse me, 21 3 BCF of LNG and about 10 million gallons of fuel oil. 22 In addition to those two programs, we know that 23 starting this winter, we anticipate roughly 500 MW of 24 additional dual fuel generating capability in the region, 25 which provides significant backup to the generation fleet

Page 19 1 when we come upon constrained natural gas pipelines. In 2 terms of preparation, we have one bullet here on the slide 3 that generally speaks to the robust communication 4 protocols, which really doesn't provide a full picture of 5 what goes on in New England to get ready for a winter. 6 Winter preparations in New England are actually ongoing all 7 year, as we all know. 8 As we've come to learn over the past few years. 9 It's a 24/7, 365 job getting ready for cold weather in New 10 England and we take that seriously. Just this past week, we 11 got an update from the FERC-NERC team that's working on the 12 joint investigation of Winter Storm Elliot. And we're once 13 again reminded of the recommendations from previous reports 14 that are still to be implemented in some regions. In New 15 England, our experience is that we take these 16 recommendations seriously. We act on them, and they're an 17 important facet of our preparation for the winter. A couple 18 of things I'd like to highlight in that regard. One is our 19 natural gas-electric coordination in New England. It's 20 second to none. 21 We really invented it in New England only by 22 necessity. And that's not to boast, and that was done in 23 close coordination with the natural gas pipelines in the 24 region. And that work is ongoing year-round and is immensely

25 critical to our success in the winter. I'd also like to

Page 20 1 highlight ISO's 21-day energy forecast, which should not be 2 forgotten in terms of how we see and react and prepare for 3 potential energy emergencies. 4 This tool put into place after 2017-2018's winter 5 that we all remember is what we're going to rely on to alert 6 the region, to alert FERC and NERC, the states of a potential 7 energy shortfall, which is going to be the prompt for us all 8 to take the actions we need to take to minimize the 9 potential for any energy shortfall to ever occur. 10 So, we can't underestimate the power of that tool 11 and the reports that we put out every week throughout the 12 winter and more frequently as needed. So those preparation 13 activities and our expectations for the next winters give 14 some context to our winter scenario analysis. You may recall 15 that in for a number of years, actually, we've discussed our 16 winter preparations and expectations in terms of a mild, 17 moderate and severe winter. Mild is your typical winter. 18 Think of it like the last couple of winters that were 19 relatively warm, and we don't highlight any results from a 20 mild winter scenario this year. 21 But we look at moderate, which is modeled after 22 our winter 2017-2018's winter, which overall was a mild winter 23 but featured a two-week-long cold stretch that we all 24 remember and really was the genesis for a lot of the 25 activities we're discussing today. The severe winter we

Page 21 model after the 2013-2014, which overall was below normal in 1 2 terms of temperature, but consisted of six cold snaps of 3 four or more days in duration. And it has really been what 4 we think about as sort of the worst case scenario winter 5 from years past. 6 For 2023-2024, our deterministic winter scenario 7 analysis shows that under a moderate winter we expect to 8 have sufficient capacity and energy to meet peak loads and 9 energy demands. And in the severe winter scenario, we expect 10 capacity deficiency actions could be possible across just a 11 few days with energy shortfalls very unlikely. Turning to 12 the ISO's 2024-2025 winter analysis. 13 It's important to think about this in context a 14 year and a half or so from now. In this context, we have 15 Mystic 8 & 9 retired. We're still operating under an IEP 16 paradigm for one more year. We've added an additional at 17 least 700 MW of PV. We expect to have some operational 18 offshore wind. And in terms of demand, we expect minimal 19 growth between now and then. So in that context, in a 20 moderate winter, we expect no energy shortfall in cases with 21 Everett and in cases without Everett, we expect that any 22 shortfall will be fully mitigated with increased amounts of 23 fuel oil inventory. 24 Looking at a severe winter, similar to the

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moderate winter, we expect no energy shortfall in cases with

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| 1 | Everett and in cases without Everett. We expect that any |
| 2 | potential energy shortfall would be mostly mitigated with |
| 3 | increased fuel inventories, which I'll highlight on this |
| 4 | chart. And to put this in context, given that on a cold day |
| 5 | in New England, the winter energy demand for that day is |
| 6 | roughly 400,000 MWh. |
| 7 | We expect our estimated energy shortfall in a |
| 8 | lower fuel oil inventory scenario to be roughly 0.6% to 1.8% |
| 9 | of the daily energy across the 9 to 13 days where we'd |
| 10 | expect to be at most risk. With regard to the Everett Marine |
| 11 | Terminal, as we just described the assessment for the winter |
| 12 | of 2024-2025, it shows no need to retain Everett for electric |
| 13 | system reliability. |
| 14 | We are relying on the gas pipeline operators and |
| 15 | LDCs to speak to the operation of the gas system and |
| 16 | identify any operational concerns that would put generating |
| 17 | stations at risk. Generally speaking, we've shared our |
| 18 | concerns about the retirement of infrastructure, including |
| 19 | Everett, before new infrastructure is in service. And given |
| 20 | the variety of uncertainties that I discussed in the |
| 21 | beginning of this presentation, including the uncertainties |
| 22 | around the resource mix, potential for retirements and |
| 23 | significant load growth in the mid to long term, we believe |
| 24 | that the region would be prudent to retain its limited gas |
| 25 | infrastructure in that mid-term time frame. That concludes |
| 1 | |

Page 23 1 my presentation this morning. Turn it over to Mr. Levitan. 2 MR. LEVITAN: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, fellow 3 Commissioners. Thank you very much for having me and my firm 4 here today to share with you our perspective on a variety of 5 strategic issues. I want to thank FERC's staff for 6 outstanding guidance and the continued heavy lift to make 7 today possible. I'm here as an independent consultant. You 8 may know that we do work for ISO New England, a variety of 9 workstreams. 10 We've worked for other state commissions and 11 trade associations throughout the region. But my comments 12 today and my perspective is as an independent consultant. My 13 job today is to help you visualize the world with and 14 without the Everett Marine Terminal. So I want to talk about 15 the imperfect substitutability of alternative LNG import 16 facilities and help you calibrate the risks associated with 17 the potential loss of the facility. So I would like to start 18 with the main points so that you can understand what the 19 historic role of the facility has been and its strategic 20 operational impact across the region. As I'm sure you know, 21 that the Mystic facility, which will retire next May, has 22 the equivalent of firm transportation. Most, if not the 23 supermajority of other gas-fired generators throughout the 24 region, are non firm shippers. They're relying on that which 25 is left over after the LDCs have fulfilled their daily

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| 1 | obligations. That means they're not firm. And to the extent |
| 2 | that the Mystic facility is gone, there is, at least in |
| 3 | theory, more deliverability from the Everett Terminal to |
| 4 | displace traditional flows from Marcellus or from Canada. |
| 5 | That displacement capability is key operationally to help |
| 6 | schedule gas-fired generation that is non firm in nature. |
| 7 | The Marine Terminal is a critical source of |
| 8 | displacement services on Tennessee and Algonquin. There are |
| 9 | roughly 12,000 MW of direct connected gas-fired generation on |
| 10 | those two pipelines in southern New England. The Everett |
| 11 | Terminal is also a primary source of LNG to the myriad |
| 12 | satellite tanks throughout the region. There are 30 some odd |
| 13 | facilities, some of which many of which actually don't turn |
| 14 | throughout the heating season. But there are a myriad |
| 15 | satellite tanks smaller in nature that turn multiple times. |
| 16 | They need to be replenished and the Everett facility is |
| 17 | within spitting distance, you might say, to many of these |
| 18 | locations. Alternative supplies from Quebec, Pennsylvania. |
| 19 | Not so much. It's important to recognize that the |
| 20 | Everett Marine Terminal is a key source of supply. It's |
| 21 | instantaneous, it's non-tradable, it comes in the back end |
| 22 | of the system, so that instantaneity provides the pipelines |
| 23 | with a source of ancillary services. I like to think of the |
| 24 | import facility as being an ancillary service machine. |
| 25 | In electric terms, it's providing AGC, automatic |

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Page 25 1 generation control or ten minute spin. There aren't any 2 other alternatives for that in the region. So that 3 instantaneity and non-ratable supply is critical in terms 4 of the generators ability to ramp in the morning during the 5 cold snap or during the heating season and also in the 6 evening. We have been surprised to observe that many of 7 these generators are not actually taking ratably 1/24 of 8 their daily quantity each day, and that is made possible by 9 the operation of the import facility providing back end 10 services. 11 Another key point is that global procurement, 12 logistics and tight markets as a result of the war require 13 supply arrangements a year or a large portion of that year 14 in advance. There is no Amazon.com, you know, providing 15 overnight services. There is no way to get LNG from Trinidad 16 or Africa to the import facilities, whether it's Saint John 17 or the buoy submersible system or Everett, without

18 scheduling it in advance and committing to a schedule that 19 requires on time delivery.

20 I have mentioned previously that the loss of 21 Mystic, which is 75% or 80% of the annual volumes that are 22 imported, will leave the LDCs and the generators with the 23 fixed cost of operating the import facility. Let's round 24 that to \$60 million. Also, part of a standalone import 25 facility would be the cost of bringing the vessels in at

Page 26

1 Dutch transfer prices, which reflect worldwide global willingness to pay. 2 3 So that is another very big cost at \$20 or \$30 a 4 million BTUs. Let's just use \$20 as an example with each 5 vessel being approximately 3 BCF. You can do the math. 6 It's something like \$60 million per tanker. Four tankers per 7 season would be \$240 million. 8 And then on top of that, we need to recognize 9 that a standalone import facility where the fixed costs are 10 applicable to the benefited counterparties would involve 11 tank management charges. There are times if there aren't 12 heating degree days that are large, that there has to be a 13 mechanism to bring the next vessel in. So those tank 14 management charges are not insignificant and need to be 15 recognized if there is to be deals cut to keep a standalone 16 import facility viable. 17 Lastly, I want to mention that from my 18 perspective, my firm's perspective, we don't see existing 19 wholesale power prices and the market paradigm on the 20 electric side providing an orderly mechanism to incent 21 generators to enter into the types of arrangements that 22 would anchor a standalone facility. So those are the main 23 points. I want to reinforce some of those. I'm going to 24 skip over a lot of these panels, but I want to provide a 25 satellite image of what the facility is capable of doing.

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| 1 | I've already mentioned the precious support on Algonquin and |
| 2 | Tennessee, it being instantaneous and non-ratable. I've |
| 3 | mentioned the liquids to the satellite tanks. What you see |
| 4 | here is what you get: 3.4 BCF of total storage capacity. This |
| 5 | is New England's Lady Ellisburg Oakford. |
| 6 | We don't have any underground storage, so this is |
| 7 | the import facility that energizes the 30 some odd tanks, at |
| 8 | least those that don't have on-site liquefaction capability. |
| 9 | There is a tremendous lot that can be got through |
| 10 | vaporization services, and it's important to recognize that |
| 11 | on top of service to Mystic, Algonquin, Tennessee, there is, |
| 12 | of course, service to the local utility National Grid. In |
| 13 | looking at liquids and the presentation does provide some |
| 14 | emphasis on liquids. |
| 15 | You'll see on the right-hand side of this graph |
| 16 | that there's in mild years with moderate heating degree |
| 17 | days, something like 2 BCF, in annual send out to the |
| 18 | satellite tanks. But if you look on the left-hand side, |
| 19 | there have been years where it's like 10 BCF or greater. |
| 20 | So I don't think we can underestimate the |
| 21 | critical importance in terms of gas resilience that the |
| 22 | Everett facility plays in providing quick, orderly refill to |
| 23 | the satellite tanks. It's also important to recognize that |
| 24 | those satellite tanks are earmarked for gas resilience at |
| 25 | the local level. It has nothing to do or little to do with |

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| 1 | electric system resilience. The inventories that are |
| 2 | maintained at the myriad satellite tanks are for local |
| 3 | system pressure during cold snaps to bolster the |
| 4 | deliverability from Algonquin, Tennessee, Iroquois and the |
| 5 | like. I apologize for the use of sharpies here. The |
| 6 | triangles are the, you know, many satellite tanks. |
| 7 | The pipelines are shown here as well. And what |
| 8 | you don't see is the fact that we go into the heating season |
| 9 | really strained to begin with. These pipelines in terms of |
| 10 | the orderly flow from Marcellus, from the Gulf Coast, from |
| 11 | Canada, they're all tight. |
| 12 | We go into the season with critical notices and |
| 13 | with flow day alerts, a majority of the 141 days during the |
| 14 | heating season. So it's tight and that's with the import |
| 15 | facility, providing that critical, instantaneous back-end |
| 16 | flow, which provides displacement services that course |
| 17 | through Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut. So it's |
| 18 | tight as a starting point. I don't want to spend too much |
| 19 | time on trucking operations. It is featured here. Point is |
| 20 | that that the import facility is close, like 30 minutes to |
| 21 | a couple of hours to all of the facilities throughout the |
| 22 | region. Yes, there are alternate ways to truck LNG from |
| 23 | Quebec or from Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, but that's 5 to 7 |
| 24 | hours under relatively ideal driving conditions. And we all |
| 25 | know here in New England that that's not necessarily the |
| | |

Page 29 1 case during the middle of the heating season. 2 So hazardous conditions or problems at the border 3 crossing could add time. It could be staged, it can be 4 replenished through staging and phasing a convoy of trucks 5 that are parked to replenish. But from my perspective, it's 6 a bit of a wild card. We don't know how hard that 7 alternative supply chain is. With the Assistance of Energir, a 8 Gas Met Affiliate in Quebec, there are some dots here 9 that show the location of all the tanks, and the large ones 10 in black are the ones that are 1 Bcf holders or larger 11 that basically don't get replenished. They zealously manage 12 their inventory, so in the event Mother Nature throws a 13 hissy fit in early March, there's enough spare inventory to 14 safeguard local protection at the system level, the LDC system 15 level. Again, none of this is particularly useful for 16 electric system resilience, but you can see many other tanks 17 here. We've identified the location in terms of the mileage 18 from the alternative supply chains to the satellite tanks. I 19 won't dwell on this. I want to move to history here. There's 20 a lot of information, too much to get into. I'm sure your 21 staff has studied this. Please don't squint to identify the 22 amount of gas from the import facility that's going into 23 Algonquin and Tennessee during cold snaps. But if you look 24 on the left-hand side, you can see that the volumes have 25 been relatively trivial during the last couple of heating

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| 1 | seasons. And on the right- hand side is a more historic |
| 2 | perspective. |
| 3 | So we sorted that in this graph, which I think is |
| 4 | the more important one. It shows the quantity into the two |
| 5 | pipelines that matter most in southern New England. And you |
| 6 | can see that when you're looking at HDDs 55 or greater, and |
| 7 | 55 HDDs is like an average of 10 degrees Fahrenheit, |
| 8 | there have been 22 days since 2014 and there have been |
| 9 | substantial deliveries into both pipelines on those days. |
| 10 | The numbers speak for themselves. The max send out has been |
| 11 | for 65 MDTH, including send out to Mystic. But during the |
| 12 | Polar Vortex there was like 1.5 BCF during that five day |
| 13 | period that was sent out to the pipelines and to Mystic. And |
| 14 | during the Arctic outbreak in late December and early 2017 |
| 15 | or early 2018, there was over 4 BCF. |
| 16 | So, this is basically the insurance that is |
| 17 | helping to safeguard both gas and electric resilience on |
| 18 | extremely cold days. So is it time for decision or is a |
| 19 | non-decision a decision? Surely there are significant costs for |
| 20 | reliability-must-run type arrangements for a standalone |
| 21 | Everett facility. Can we reasonably bank on imperfect |
| 22 | substitutes from Saint John and from the buoy submersible system |
| 23 | in a world without district gas? I don't know. Saint John |
| 24 | has to compete in world markets as well. They are not |
| 25 | philanthropic. |
| | |

| | Page 31 |
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| 1 | |
| 2 | Therefore, there must be contract formation to backstop |
| 3 | their willingness to commit in northern New England. Repsol |
| 4 | has obligations in Europe and in South America. Europe, of |
| 5 | course, for obvious reasons, is a can't miss market. |
| 6 | If they were delivering in a world without |
| 7 | district gas, it is likely but not certain that the fleet of |
| 8 | generators in northern New England would be siphoning off |
| 9 | flow and pressure along the way, meeting ISO's call in the |
| 10 | day-ahead and the real-time market so the quantities that |
| 11 | flow south to the terminus at Beverley and Dracut would not |
| 12 | be necessarily close to the 0.8 BCF that represents the |
| 13 | Saint John entitlement flowing south to the Maritimes and |
| 14 | northeast. Another quick comment on that. |
| 15 | It does sound that Saint John is a bit of a hike. |
| 16 | You know, it's 400 miles away, but not really because |
| 17 | they're perfectly capable being so smart with the risk desk |
| 18 | and reading the meteorological outlook, packing the pipe so |
| 19 | that the gas is basically there at the terminus of the |
| 20 | system the next morning when gas scheduling is completed. |
| 21 | Dracut is 30 miles from southern New England, |
| 22 | not 430 miles. So I think that it's important to recognize |
| 23 | that they're capable of providing a seasonal service. But on |
| 24 | those days when they would be delivering at max quantity at |
| 25 | the terminus of the system, those would be the very same |
| | |

Page 32 1 days that Everett is -- would otherwise be dispatching. 2 So as far as incrementality, it's hard to say that there 3 would be any additional flow. The buoy submersible system 4 that Excelerate operates and owns is a bit of a wild card. We've only, after all, had five shipments over the last 15 5 6 years. 7 They too would require contract formation. Thus 8 far, not much evidence that both Genco and LDC are willing 9 to step up under the type of remunerative arrangements that 10 would put those call options in the black. So we don't 11 really know. In regard to mitigation on the electric side, 12 as Stephen has said, it would appear that oil inventory is 13 the answer. DFO, not so much residual fuel oil. On the gas 14 side, the alternatives turn on Saint John and the buoy 15 submersible system. 16 So in closing, because you've asked the 17 question, do we need the Everett Marine Terminal or not? I 18 hate to disappoint you, but I think the answer is. I don't 19 know and I would say that we don't need it, probably don't 20 need it if we get mild temperatures winter season after 21 winter season. 22 If we don't get back to back cold snaps or a 23 particularly long cold snap, which would impair the ability 24 of dual fuel capable generators to scramble to refill their 25 distillate fuel oil inventory. It's one thing to have a cold

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| 1 | snap for 3 or 4 days and then wait two weeks for the next |
| 2 | one. It's another thing if it's an extended one or back to |
| 3 | back. I'm not worried about the first cold snap. It's the |
| 4 | back to back, the second one that triggers jeopardy. If |
| 5 | nothing breaks in terms of both gas infrastructure into the |
| 6 | region or within the region. Loss of a compressor station, a |
| 7 | pipeline that is constrained, a segment of critical |
| 8 | significance into the region. |
| 9 | If we don't see a breakdown in electric |
| 10 | infrastructure, in particular the loss of hydro from Quebec, |
| 11 | the potential constraint or trip of a nuclear power plant. |
| 12 | There are three that typically operate reliably during the |
| 13 | critical heating season. If the Saint John facility and/or |
| 14 | the Excelerate buoy submersible system operate reliably and |
| 15 | there are contracts that are formed to welcome timely |
| 16 | arrival. And finally, if the trucks on the region's highway |
| 17 | system emanating from Quebec and/or Pennsylvania arrive on |
| 18 | time. It's a lot of ifs. At the end of the day, the question |
| 19 | is, what's the price of the insurance and how much does this |
| 20 | region want to pay? Thank you for your attention. |
| 21 | MR. BURNS: Thank you, Stephen and Richard. |
| 22 | We will now begin Panel 1. Welcome our panelists to join us. |
| 23 | Panelists include Carrie Allen, Senior Vice President and |
| 24 | Deputy General Counsel, Regulatory Policy, Constellation. |
| 25 | Vamsi Chadalavada, Executive Vice President and Chief |
| | |

Page 34 Operating Officer, ISO New England. Charles Dickerson, President and CEO, Northeast Power Coordinating Council. Dan Dolan, President, New England Power Generators Association. James Holodak, Jr., Vice President, Energy Supply, National Grid. Richard Levitan, President, Levitan & Associates. Robert Neustaedter, Director of Regulatory Affairs, Repsol and Ernesto Ochoa, Vice President of Commercial, Kinder Morgan. As a reminder to our panelists regarding ex parte communications, we will not discuss the specific details of any pending contested proceedings before the Commission. We ask that all participants refrain from such discussion. If anyone engages in these kinds of discussions, we will interrupt the conversation. We have a timer here to limit responses to three minutes. The goal is to not hear it beep.

15 Mr. Chairman.

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16 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, David, and welcome 17 to our new panelists. So my first question goes to ISO New 18 England, Vamsi. So we were here last August and 19 the message was slightly different. Some would say almost 20 dramatically different that in the problem statement it was. 21 We got some confusion in the front. We're all good. So the 22 problem statement last August, it was sort of laid out that 23 we must retain Everett in order to maintain the reliability 24 of the system here in New England. Today with some big ifs, 25 we see that there's potentially a different path. Can you

Page 35 1 unpack for us a little bit more, in your view, what has 2 changed in the past ten months? 3 MR. CHADALAVADA: Thank you, Chairman, and good 4 morning, Commissioners. Glad to be here today. So the ISO 5 since last September has undertaken this extensive work to 6 try to model the analytics and the quantitative side. When 7 we expressed our concerns, they were based on the 8 qualitative assessments that we had made for a period of 9 time now about how retirements, the pace of new entry and 10 the demand growth may not be well aligned. And so it could 11 lead to choppy waters if, for example, the pace of 12 retirements and demand growth offsets the pace of new entry. 13 14 And so it was from that context that we're 15 talking about the need for Everett and really the need for 16 infrastructure that's somewhat constrained and limited in 17 New England. But as we went through our analytics, what 18 really surprised us was to see the impact of the PV 19 installation on reducing the energy requirements for New 20 England over a period of time. It's not a spot analysis of 21 maybe a single day, but over a 21-day or a 90-day time 22 frame, there's a substantial reduction in what the energy 23 that needs to be served has been. We've also seen some 24 additional supply side increases that have come along and 25 we've seen the demand really be flat and the retirements

Page 36 1 have not sort of been what we thought they could be. So it's 2 the totality of those factors that really have sort of led 3 us to evolve a little bit. 4 And lastly, also a recognition that forward price 5 signals in a market are critical. And so the more the ISO intervenes and impacts those forward price signals, it's to 6 7 the detriment of the aggregate performance of the market. 8 And then equally importantly, the logistics. We have an 9 increased confidence level in the logistics because of the 10 assessments that we've done over the past several months, 11 the sophistication that we've built into our analytics and 12 into our platform. We are confident now that not only is the 13 ISO better positioned to respond to these sorts of 14 contingencies, but also equally importantly to give the 15 market the signal that it needs and to be able to work with 16 the federal and state agencies. And the last point, which is 17 to emphasize this is not sort of an expectation that this 18 risk is going to be static over the next period of time. 19 This is a new look for the next 4 to 5 years. 20 The uncertainties beyond the five-year time frame 21 could show up in much the wrong way. And so we would 22 therefore recommend that it's prudent from a resilience 23 standpoint for the retention of Everett as an example. But 24 at this point in time, if the question is can the ISO make a

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answer is we cannot.

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2 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: So just -- you mentioned this 3 briefly in your discussion, but in your answer, I want to 4 drill down a little bit. What I'm hearing and help me out is 5 that you're saying that you're confident in the assumptions 6 in the study that from the supply side and the demand side, 7 that means on the supply side, LNG is going to be able to 8 fill the gap if there's an issue. And on the demand side, 9 that growth that you're confident that growth will remain 10 flat? Is that what I'm hearing?

MR. CHADALAVADA: Chairman. Yes. And I know our panelists will have differing opinions. And at some point I'd like to be able to respond. But yes, we are confident in the assumptions that we've made. There is no guarantee. But our assumptions are based on actual facts and observations and experience.

17 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: You're not going to have to
 18 wait long to find out whether --

MR. CHADALAVADA: That is true. I'm looking
 forward to that.

21 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: I'm going to start with
 22 Constellation Ms. Allen.

MS. ALLEN: Here we go. Thank you for the
 opportunity to be here again and to speak about the value of
 the Marine Terminal. Our view, based on our experience, what

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Page 38 1 we see as operator of the facility is that Everett is 2 needed. But you don't need to take Mystic's or Constellation's 3 word for it. You can talk to and hear from and I imagine you 4 will, the LDCs who operate in the area, who are the true 5 experts as to the reliability of the system and the 6 pipelines as well. What I'm hearing is less confidence than 7 what my neighbor, Vamsi, has with respect to that. And I 8 think even ISO New England will say that their study was 9 predicated on the assumption of a reliable gas system. So 10 the question really is what to do with the facility? And 11 I'll just make one other comment while I have the mic, which 12 is as I read through the comments for this, pre-filed 13 comments for this proceeding, there were a lot of comments 14 that talked about the need to avoid out of market solutions 15 to retain the facility and based on the mystic experience. 16 To be very clear, that is a straw dog that Constellation is 17 not advocating for. We are not advocating for an out of 18 market solution. We are looking to see whether there is 19 sufficient bilateral contract support for the facility. 20 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. Mr. Dickerson, it's 21 good to see you outside of the airport for once. Usually 22 we're passing each other in the airport. I'd like to hear 23 your comments. 24 MR. DICKERSON: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and 25 members of the commission. I'll try to be brief. I was going

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| 1 | to give the kind of overview of NPCC, but you have that in |
| 2 | the documents that we filed. I will say that all of my |
| 3 | comments are going to be provided through a very narrow lens |
| 4 | because my organization is responsible for ensuring the |
| 5 | reliability and energy security of the northeast part of the |
| 6 | continent. I have perspectives around price and |
| 7 | environmental, having worked in various areas of the utility |
| 8 | space, but I was restricted to reliability. You've already heard from |
| 9 | two panelists. You're going to hear from a number of others |
| 10 | with different views. |
| 11 | I will say very simplistically that it is it |
| 12 | would take magnitudes more time to build something than it |
| 13 | will to tear it down. And almost all the analysis that any |
| 14 | of these organizations will do will take past events and |
| 15 | kind of project them forward. If those analysis miss the |
| 16 | mark and we're in a position in some of the ifs that Richard |
| 17 | Levitan talked about come to fruition, it's going |
| 18 | to take a long time to kind of close that gap. |
| 19 | One of the things that Richard talked about that I |
| 20 | think we need to think of, which is a very good analogy, is |
| 21 | kind of the construct of ancillary services or ten minute |
| 22 | spinning reserve. I'm certain I'm not the only one, but I |
| 23 | think I've been in the unique position of having worked in |
| 24 | utilities in the Northeast and mid-Atlantic and the South, |
| 25 | having been an operator of utilities in those areas, having |
| 1 | |

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Page 40 1 been in constructing generating plants, having been a 2 designer and having been an executive over market 3 operations. Ten minute reserve is very important. 4 You can't be a supplier of energy on the market 5 and hope to respond to load changes waiting for the line to 6 get filled up with gas. You need to be able to respond very 7 quickly. The reason why it's sitting spinning is because you 8 want that big inertial unit to be able to move. I appreciate 9 the notion of renewable sources coming on line and renewable 10 sources working, and I think that's good. But I also have 11 the unfortunate event of being a person who actually had it 12 rain on my parade when I was a chief operating officer at 13 Austin Energy. One hot summer day in August around 2017, 14 I'm sorry, 2019, very high load, we have PVs out in western 15 Texas and cloud cover covered the PV. 16 Some of them that Austin had. And it shifted the 17 price because it put the region into an emergency alert so 18 the sun doesn't always shine. And even when it does shine, 19 you could get cloud cover. My assessment is that the region 20 is in a better position from an energy security and 21 reliability perspective to have Everett or a facility like 22 it. And I don't know if we have any facilities like it. 23 So my vote I know we're not taking votes here 24 would be that we're in a far better position with it than 25 without it. I'm not going to speak to who pays for it and

Page 41 1 how it gets paid. I would say peripherally that those would 2 benefit from it, should pay for it. But then that begs the 3 question, who benefits from it? And smarter people than me 4 will be able to or have to adjudicate that. 5 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, Charles. We 6 appreciate your perspective. Mr. Dolan. 7 MR. DOLAN: Great. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 8 Commissioners, welcome back to New England. Thank you for 9 coming back the second time in nine months here. And I actually think to start with, that's a bit of what has 10 11 changed since the last time we got together in Burlington, 12 Vermont, which is I think your all's attention has helped 13 sharpen the focus. Certainly the analysis that we've seen 14 from ISO New England and others as well as a lot of the 15 stakeholder conversations that have occurred. We've been 16 pretty busy the last nine months under a lot of your 17 leadership, Mr. Chairman, and in helping convene some of us 18 as well. But we've been trying to work creatively and think 19 constructively about how do we transition into the future 20 and maximize what we do have. 21 To start with, certainly I think we always have 22 to come back to the reliability question and the obligation 23 that generators certainly face under the ISO New England

24 tariff and the rules that you all have approved. And we're 25 proud of the performance that we have had. And despite the

Page 42 1 fact that this past winter was a mild one, we did have two 2 instances of pretty intense operations on the system. 3 Certainly the second pay for performance event in ISO New 4 England's history and a historic cold snap in the first 5 weekend of February. 6 In both instances, New England did not have any 7 supply driven outages or any need for public calls of 8 conservation and generators met their obligations across the 9 board. All that being said, we do have to be in the business 10 of maximizing the infrastructure we do have. I agree with 11 Mr. Dickerson that we have infrastructure constraints in 12 this region. It's hard to build stuff. And so therefore, as 13 we look forward, we need to look at that and maximize what 14 we do have. But as we look at the history, the send out, the 15 overall situation, we do believe the generators can continue 16 to meet their obligations and do that. But we also 17 recognize that to try and maximize the infrastructure we do 18 have, we do have to think creatively. 19 In my Pre-filed statement, we put forward one 20 such proposal as a path forward to try and get there, one

21 that we've been working with stakeholders here and we think 22 offers a potential path forward. But I want to make one 23 thing very clear, and because it hasn't gotten a lot of 24 airtime yet, and that is the fact that we do have a 25 co-located power plant with the Everett Marine Terminal,

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| 1 | the Mystic power station, as we've been pleased to see in |
| 2 | the record, there is no evidentiary basis to continue or |
| 3 | extend that cost of service contract. |
| 4 | And I want to emphasize that we should not use it |
| 5 | as a politically expedient or regulatorily convenient |
| 6 | mechanism to sustain the Everett Marine Terminal if there is |
| 7 | a need determination on the gas or electric system overall. |
| 8 | The price formation issues that Vamsi laid out are critical |
| 9 | and become even more important as we think about sustaining |
| 10 | the existing investments and driving the new investments |
| 11 | that are going to be needed in this region. But again, |
| 12 | appreciate your time and attention on all of this. |
| 13 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, Dan. We hear from |
| 14 | National Grid now, James. Floor is yours. |
| 15 | MR. HOLODAK: Yes. Good morning, Commissioner. |
| 16 | Commissioners, thank you for convening this forum and having |
| 17 | this open and honest discussion. As Mr. Levitan has noted |
| 18 | previously, the location of Everett on the east end of the |
| 19 | pipeline systems provides needed supply and pressure support |
| 20 | for our gas LDC and reliability for gas LDCs and interstate |
| 21 | pipelines. National Grid uses Everett to provide both liquid |
| 22 | for summer refill of our LNG tanks across our system and to |
| 23 | top off those tanks in the winter for boil off and for usage |
| 24 | of those tanks. |
| 25 | They're really important for our peak winter |

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| 1 | supply. As also noted we use Everett as vapor |
| 2 | distributed directly into our gas LDC in Boston. So, it's |
| 3 | really important for us to maintain that facility or to see |
| 4 | that facility maintain an operation. We also see it |
| 5 | providing needed reliability in the event of problems on the |
| 6 | interstate pipeline systems that provide gas into the New |
| 7 | England system. As noted also Repsol and Excelerate can |
| 8 | provide needed LNG into the system as well. My |
| 9 | understanding, though, is that they need secondary |
| 10 | transportation capability to be able to get all that gas to |
| 11 | market. |
| 12 | The gas LDCs for their firm gas customer |
| 13 | requirements generally accommodate all of the firm |
| 14 | transportation contracts on the pipelines. The only time we |
| 15 | release that capacity to the secondary market is if we can |
| 16 | decide or demonstrate that we do not need that |
| 17 | transportation capability to provide firm transport to our |
| 18 | firm retail customers. It's also noted that Repsol and |
| 19 | Excelerate most likely need contracts to be able to make |
| 20 | sure that that gas is there and available as needed and that |
| 21 | it's difficult to get those supplies on an as needed basis. |
| 22 | I'm not sure even a 21 day forward view that |
| 23 | those kind of contracts or that gas can be contracted for if |
| 24 | it had not already been contracted for. Pipelines are |
| 25 | becoming more and more constrained as gas demand continues |
| 1 | |

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| 1 | to grow, and that leads to volatility in increased prices. |
| 2 | We don't see any other near-term plausible solution in the |
| 3 | event that Everett closes if gas demand is not decline as drastically |
| 4 | as some may anticipate. The prudent decision would be to keep |
| 5 | Everett open until electrification, clean energy resources, |
| 6 | electric transmission and distribution systems are built |
| 7 | substantially that can accommodate the increased electric |
| 8 | load. Once gas demand drops on the system, then we could |
| 9 | back off on some of our transportation contracts and supply |
| 10 | considerations. It simply makes sense to keep existing |
| 11 | infrastructure in place. |
| 12 | It has also noted how difficult it is to get |
| 13 | anything built in New England. It's extremely frustrating to |
| 14 | me on a personal basis that we can't get gas infrastructure |
| 15 | built into the region that could relieve the constraints, |
| 16 | help reduce prices and help support our customers bills on |
| 17 | both the gas and electric side. The LDCs are meeting with |
| 18 | Constellation to see if we can find a viable solution in |
| 19 | order to keep Everett open. But as also noted it may not be |
| 20 | enough supply from our systems to substantiate the need for |
| 21 | Everett and others on the system that utilize the Everett |
| 22 | facility from a beneficiary pay standpoint should be able to |
| 23 | contribute to keeping the facility open. Thank you. |
| 24 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: So, Mr. Levitan, we've heard that |
| 25 | it's important. That it's prudent. Makes sense. Necessary. I |
| 1 | |

Page 46 1 want to give you an opportunity; do you have any reaction to 2 what we've heard just so far, or do you want to add to or 3 underscore anything in your presentation today? 4 MR. LEVITAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I've 5 probably said enough and should yield. But I can't resist 6 the temptation to amend one thing that I neglected to 7 address adequately, and that is in regard to the imperfect 8 substitutability of both Repsol Saint John and the buoy 9 submersible system. It's about contract formation. 10 Arbitrage across the pond is not a bankable risk mitigation 11 strategy. We shouldn't expect arbitrage to come to the 12 salvation of the region's need for gas and/or electric 13 resilience. Thank you. 14 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. Repsol. 15 MR. NEUSTAEDTER: Yeah. Thank you for letting us 16 all participate on this panel. There's been a lot of 17 discussion regarding the capabilities of Everett, but I'd 18 just like to take a second to discuss the capabilities of 19 Saint John. Saint John has 10 BCF of storage capacity, 20 three times the amount of Everett, and 1.2 BCF of 21 regasification capacity. Since 2009, Saint John has 22 reliably served New England markets through its firm 23 capacity on Maritimes and Northeast Pipeline and its direct 24 interconnects with Portland Natural Gas, Tennessee Gas 25 Pipeline and Algonquin Gas Transmission. With the ability to

Page 47 1 receive the largest LNG tankers and its 10 BCF of storage 2 capacity, Saint John has the flexibility to receive LNG from 3 around the world. The fact that Saint John is not located in Boston 4 Harbor does not diminish its ability to reliably deliver 5 6 natural gas when called upon into the eastern ends of 7 Algonquin and Tennessee Gas pipelines and at pressures up to 8 1,100 pounds per square inch. In addition, except for 9 Mystic, volumes from Saint John conserve all the electric 10 generators that Everett can, plus generators, Everett 11 cannot. 12 The focus of this panel is whether Everett should 13 be retained. Repsol believes that the beneficiaries of 14 Everett's services are in the best position to answer that 15 question. And I'm happy to hear that Constellation is not 16 thinking of an out of market solution, and it's in the 17 retention of Everett. But other parties are. And that 18 concerns Repsol. Repsol is concerned that retaining Everett 19 through an out of market solution solely favoring Everett 20 over other LNG suppliers in the region will have 21 unintended consequences that will ripple through both 22 electric and natural gas markets, distorting those markets 23 and threaten the participation of existing electric and 24 natural gas assets in those markets. 25

Thus, instead of increasing reliability, Repsol

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| 1 | believes in an out-of-market solution favoring Everett will |
| 2 | exasperate the reliability challenges facing New England as |
| 3 | a result and result in significant costs. |
| 4 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. Kinder Morgan. |
| 5 | Ernesto. |
| 6 | MR. OCHOA: Thank you, Chairman. Thank you, |
| 7 | Commissioners, for having us here. We do value the |
| 8 | opportunity to communicate our feelings here. I think first |
| 9 | and foremost as a pipeline, I want to make sure that we all |
| 10 | understand that we do not need the Everett facility to |
| 11 | operate our system and/or to fulfill our firm commitments |
| 12 | right. It does provide a very helpful insurance at times of |
| 13 | peaking needs when there's over pulse in the system and they |
| 14 | provide help as an operator, as many other operators across |
| 15 | our systems do. |
| 16 | So we do rely on them from time to time as other |
| 17 | pipelines rely on us from time to time. The grid helps each |
| 18 | other. But our firm shippers and primarily the LDCs are firm |
| 19 | shippers need this facility. They see a need for it. And so |
| 20 | if they have a problem, we have a problem, right? And so as |
| 21 | they as a customer service driven organization, we want to |
| 22 | help them mitigate those concerns. It's no secret to you |
| 23 | guys, it's no surprise that as a pipeline operator, we |
| 24 | believe that more infrastructure is needed in the region, |
| 25 | not less. And we're going to continue to say so forever. |
| | |

Page 49 1 More pipeline capacity, more storage capacity can help 2 mitigate the impacts of high pricing. 3 As we saw during Yuri, where you had storage 4 prices were not as high. Storage is important. This provides 5 a storage option in the region. And so for that reason, 6 taking away infrastructure that works today is not something 7 that we want to see. Less supply, less flexibility to the 8 system is not necessarily valuable. In addition, 9 infrastructure as renewables continue to penetrate the 10 market area here is going to be even more necessary. So 11 perhaps a added molecule is not something that eventually 12 we're going to need, but we're going to need more 13 infrastructure because at times of -- sudden you don't have 14 solar, you don't have wind, you're going to need natural gas 15 to crank in a facility like this, as Mr. Levitan said, is 16 needed for quick generation. 17 So because of all those reasons, we are fully 18 committed to working with our customers and other 19 stakeholders to develop creative solutions to get there. But 20 those solutions need to be competitive and not impact the 21 rest of the players in the region, like the gentleman 22 sitting next to me. So pipeline services, again, a creative 23 way of facilitating a commercial solution to maintaining 24 this facility is what we believe needs to happen. 25 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you for that. I think

Page 50 1 that you have put up the perfect alley oop to my colleague, 2 Commissioner Danly. So I will get out of the way and turn 3 to him for any comments or questions he might have. 4 COMMISSIONER DANLY: So the Chairman began by 5 asking about the change in assumptions. You responded that you were surprised by the value of the behind the meter PV, 6 7 right? Is that the sole thing that surprised you? Because I 8 have to admit -- I'm surprised to think that the hopes for 9 winter reliability in New England hang entirely on one set 10 of assumptions on one technology that is surprisingly being 11 deployed at the rate that it is. So what other assumptions 12 have changed? Because as the Chairman rightly said, the 13 tenor of this discussion from, I assume New England is quite 14 drastically different from the way that it was before. 15 MR. CHADALAVADA: Thank you, Commissioner, I 16 think, you know, Stephen touched on it, but I want to 17 emphasize that this study was about the electric system and about the near term. And so where the uncertainties are a 18 19 bit more predictable for all the panelists that talked about 20 the need for Everett, ISO is included in that list of where 21 we think it's prudent to retain Everett, especially given 22 the concerns that we heard from the LDCs about being able to 23 serve gas customers reliably.

24 So my comments and my discussion focus on the electric 25 system. So the installations that we've seen, and that was a

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| 1 | good analogy that Stephen put up earlier this morning for |
| 2 | each year of increment that we've seen, it's equivalent to |
| 3 | about 1.5 BCF or 10 million gallons of oil. |
| 4 | And so while we look at it in the context of |
| 5 | capacity or a single day, when you look at it as an |
| 6 | aggregate energy reduction on the system, it's a substantial |
| 7 | amount and there was never a quantification of that until |
| 8 | the past several months as we started to embark on building |
| 9 | this analytic platform to be able to put numbers and |
| 10 | probabilities to the equation rather than having concerns |
| 11 | about how some assets may or may not perform. That's one |
| 12 | aspect of it. |
| 13 | We're also expecting in the next year one of our |
| 14 | first offshore wind farms to come into service, which wasn't |
| 15 | an expectation about a year ago. Things have progressed. |
| 16 | Thankfully. That happens to be the case that it's in service |
| 17 | by this time next year. The third, the retirements. We ran |
| 18 | our auctions and through the middle of 2027, we have a high |
| 19 | degree of confidence in the infrastructure that's going to |
| 20 | be in place because the retirements have been announced and |
| 21 | we have seen very limited amounts of retirements so far. And |
| 22 | lastly, the demand growth, we were expecting to see some |
| 23 | modest demand growth, but we haven't seen that. So it's the |
| 24 | totality of it. When you put it into numbers and you put it |
| 25 | into a sort of a tool and a platform, it gives you a |
| | |

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| 1 | result. Now, as some have commented, we certainly could |
| 2 | stress the system further. We could assume the loss of a |
| 3 | compressor station, or we could assume the loss of imports |
| 4 | for 20 days. And those are legitimate contingencies to |
| 5 | model. But when you do go down that path, I think we're |
| 6 | going to see that it's not just Everett that's needed, but |
| 7 | probably every piece of infrastructure. And so that's the |
| 8 | slippery slope. |
| 9 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: You actually perfectly |
| 10 | anticipated the got you follow up that I was planning. So |
| 11 | you could probably see it in my eyes the exactly what you |
| 12 | were saying. The problem is the assumptions first off, it |
| 13 | is surprising to me, to use that word, surprising again, |
| 14 | that all of a sudden we want to do this arithmetically, but |
| 15 | I suppose better late than never. The second thing is the |
| 16 | assumptions that are built in here. You either assume that |
| 17 | everything is hunky dory up front and then just let the |
| 18 | process play out and you have your ledger with columns and |
| 19 | you say, hey, what do you know? The numbers work out or you |
| 20 | do exactly what you suggest is, would you look at a bunch of |
| 21 | potential contingencies, one of which is Everett going away |
| 22 | and things start, I would think, to be a little bit scarier |
| 23 | as you do that. |
| 24 | So it is perfectly acceptable to say these are |

25 the parameters of the study we're offering, but to then, I

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| 1 | don't know, let that set the baseline for the discussion of |
| 2 | what the likelihoods are of catastrophic failure is probably |
| 3 | a little bit misguided and I just feel the need to reorient |
| 4 | things. But thank you for getting my point out for me. So |
| 5 | this is a contract formation problem, as was said. That |
| 6 | means that it's a willing counterparty problem, presumably, |
| 7 | which means that that is a money problem in the final |
| 8 | analysis, which means it's probably a tariff problem. |
| 9 | And I would assume that given the despite your |
| 10 | intentional equivocation, they're saying if in giving a |
| 11 | series of conditionals, it sounds as though the value |
| 12 | proposition of Everett being valuable to somebody at some |
| 13 | point certainly is there, which means presumably we're |
| 14 | simply not paying the people who would be the counterparties |
| 15 | to the contract enough money, which means we either need to |
| 16 | get a 205 to fix that or we have to 206 market. |
| 17 | That's all I have to say. Thank you. |
| 18 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. Commissioner |
| 19 | Clements. |
| 20 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you all for being |
| 21 | here. I'm encouraged by Commissioner Danly's support for |
| 22 | probabilistic planning. That's a good thing. It is really |
| 23 | important to try and think through these issues. Mr. |
| 24 | Levitan, one thing that I thought was left unsaid at the end |
| 25 | of your presentation, so I'm going to follow up on it, |

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| 1 | although you lived the whole presentation lived in the |
| 2 | nuance of this distinction, is the benefits of Everett to the |
| 3 | bulk electric system versus the benefit of Everett to LDCs. |
| 4 | And while both are really important functions, don't take |
| 5 | this question the wrong way when you talk about the needed |
| 6 | insurance policy, can you say a little bit more about for |
| 7 | which purpose for both? Is it quantifiable in terms of the |
| 8 | relative in terms of the relative benefit? And if it |
| 9 | isn't, what's your intuition relative to the grid |
| 10 | reliability piece and the LDCs' access to a reliable and |
| 11 | resilient supply? |
| 12 | MR. LEVITAN: It is probable if the clients |
| 13 | threatened to pay us that it would be quantifiable. That |
| 14 | said, there are some hotspots in New England. Cambridge is |
| 15 | one and Providence, Rhode Island is another, where the |
| 16 | hydraulics are enabled and gas grid resilience are furthered |
| 17 | through the existence of the import terminal and the supply |
| 18 | pressure and flow wise. |
| 19 | The ancillary services I referenced are available |
| 20 | instantaneously at the back-end of the system. So clearly, |
| 21 | you know the gas utilities in Cambridge, in Massachusetts, |
| 22 | in Rhode Island, are supported through the gas grid services |
| 23 | ascribable to vapor into Algonquin and Tennessee and |
| 24 | National Grid. Regarding electric reliability, we have |

 25 looked at this before in a world without the facility. Then

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| 1 | the pipelines have to maintain the pressures and flows |
| 2 | through traditional west to east and north to south flows. |
| 3 | That is clearly a tall challenge for electric resilience |
| 4 | when the entitlement holders are taking 100% of what they |
| 5 | need during cold snaps. Displacement services are part of |
| 6 | the solution. So by scheduling gas at the back end of both |
| 7 | pipelines, it emanates from east to west or from south to |
| 8 | north. And that's a great thing for those generators that |
| 9 | are scrambling for supply in the secondary market under |
| 10 | restrictive scheduling conditions under the NAESB |
| 11 | quadrant. |
| 12 | Therefore, those backend services are clearly |
| 13 | improved for gas gen.co.scheduling on short notice in the |
| 14 | intraday market. Now, to what extent can the Buoy and or |
| 15 | Saint John supplant that? We don't really know exactly |
| 16 | because we've not had the counterfactual case with Distrigas |
| 17 | being gone. We have studied it previously hydraulically. |
| 18 | But that said, I would recognize there's no question that |
| 19 | gas from the Buoy submersible system, if it's entering the |
| 20 | market, can zig and zag its way through the Algonquin |
| 21 | system, the Ice system in southeast Massachusetts and make |
| 22 | its way to the main line. The question is, how much? And how much |
| 23 | is siphoned off by the Four River combined cycle plant? |
| 24 | |
| 25 | How much in the case of Saint John would be |
| | |

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| 1 | siphoned off by the generators in northern New England? |
| 2 | Thereby depleting the amount of leftover supply for |
| 3 | redelivery on the Algonquin main line in southeast Mass. |
| 4 | Lots of uncertainties there, but the intuition that I share |
| 5 | with you today is that without question, electric system |
| 6 | reliability because of the firming up of secondary |
| 7 | transportation, is significantly improved as a result of |
| 8 | products entering in the heart of the market in Boston. |
| 9 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. I have a follow |
| 10 | up for Mr. Ochoa. But Mr first, Mr. Neustaedter, did you |
| 11 | have any reaction to that in terms of your perspective was |
| 12 | that you shared was that you couldthat there was a |
| 13 | replaceable opportunity? |
| 14 | MR. NEUSTAEDTER: You know. Yeah, not to pass the |
| 15 | buck, but I think in terms of determining Saint John's |
| 16 | importance to the system, I think that is best |
| 17 | answered by the pipelines themselves. |
| 18 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Mr. Ochoa, and in addition |
| 19 | to that, can you say a little bit more in saying that your |
| 20 | customers are saying they need it and therefore it affects |
| 21 | you, but that your pipeline system would be okay without Everett. |
| 22 | Can you say more about that? |
| 23 | MR. OCHOA: Sure. So one of the facts that has |
| 24 | been said here is we're talking about firm systems, right? |
| 25 | When we sell capacity, we sell it on reservation basis, and |
| 1 | |

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| 1 | those firm requirements are going to be maintained. What |
| 2 | you're going to see is a straining of the ability to flow |
| 3 | secondary services, right, which is what mostly generators |
| 4 | rely on. The other biggest issue for the generators, not so |
| 5 | much for the LDCs. The LDCs have transportation that they |
| 6 | have purchases many, many decades ago that they use and |
| 7 | continue to use. In order for us to provide an even hourly |
| 8 | services, we need a source of supply very close to where the |
| 9 | generators are. And so that facility does provide that |
| 10 | support. Again, at times on a secondary basis. We have firm |
| 11 | services sold from the facility and they are used. And so the |
| 12 | facility goes away, we're not going to sell those services |
| 13 | anymore. But from a secondary perspective, that's where the |
| 14 | facility provides some service and the ability for us to |
| 15 | maintain our firm requirements doesn't go away. |
| 16 | So what you'll see the pipeline doing is you're |
| 17 | going to see a more strained environment and that we're |
| 18 | going to see more OFOs, forcing folks to stay under even |
| 19 | hourly flows. |
| 20 | You're going to see, you know, more constrained environment |
| 21 | from an operational perspective and in the case of a |
| 22 | failure the pipeline is not going to necessarily have the |
| 23 | support from a facility like that. Now, Repsol provides a |
| 24 | lot of those same benefits through Dracut to Tennessee, and |
| 25 | we get a lot of supply from Dracut every year. The question |

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| 1 | is whether it can replace whatever it provides Tennessee |
| 2 | today, and that will require some analysis on our part. |
| 3 | And it may require additional infrastructure in order to |
| 4 | move all the molecules to the places wherever Everett goes today |
| 5 | as a replacement, right. |
| 6 | So perhaps we would have to analyze that a little |
| 7 | further. It may require a small project. And once again, |
| 8 | infrastructure is going to be the key here and we can build |
| 9 | more capacity from Everett and make it even more efficient |
| 10 | as well if it stays. So all those things need to be taken |
| 11 | into consideration. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. Mr. Holodak, |
| 13 | it'd be great if you could say a little bit more about the |
| 14 | operational risk that National Grid faces and also the cost |
| 15 | risk. The price of addressing that risk. I think the EPRI study |
| 16 | gets into operational risk on the grid side, doesn't get |
| 17 | into cost questions. But for you on the on the LDC side, can |
| 18 | you say more about that? And also, maybe I should have asked |
| 19 | this part first. The 22 high demand days in Mr. Levitan's |
| 20 | presentation, is that how you think about where the risk |
| 21 | lives, or is it more consistent than that? |
| 22 | MR. HOLODAK: The risk, we think, is more |
| 23 | consistent than that. We're concerned about the reliability |
| 24 | on the interstate pipeline system as it feeds into New |
| 25 | England and into our LDC. With Everett there that provides |

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| 1 | needed supply and reliability for the gas LDC. As I said |
| 2 | earlier, it provides vapor right into the Boston gas system |
| 3 | that helps support the pressures within that system. And as |
| 4 | it releases capacity or as it releases vapor into the |
| 5 | system, it naturally supports the pressures on the |
| 6 | interstate pipeline systems as well. It helps bring those |
| 7 | back up. |
| 8 | The concern about cost to me is that the firm transportation |
| 9 | contracts that we hold, we've held those for a very long |
| 10 | time. We cannot get new infrastructure built into the region |
| 11 | that could be actually relatively inexpensive when compared |
| 12 | to potentially the costs of keeping Everett open or the cost |
| 13 | of other imported LNG. |
| 14 | As noted earlier, the LNG that's imported is from |
| 15 | the world markets. And given the Russia-Ukraine War, the |
| 16 | prices have increased drastically. They're extremely |
| 17 | volatile and they had jumped up to nearly \$70 to \$100 a |
| 18 | dekatherm, when we can get gas from Western supply regions at |
| 19 | \$2 to \$3 a dekatherm. So the cost is inordinately expensive. |
| 20 | It raises the cost to our guest customers. Sometimes it sets |
| 21 | the margin for the electric system such that the |
| 22 | electricity prices increase at the same time. So our |
| 23 | customers are kind of getting a double whammy from the lack |
| 24 | of infrastructure in the region. |
| 25 | When we talk about reliability and we're |
| 1 | |

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Page 60 1 concerned about outages, the issue there is not so much on 2 the electric side. When you have an outage, you flip a 3 breaker and the power comes back on. And the gas LDC system, 4 if you have an outage, you have to walk around and relight 5 every home that doesn't have electronic ignition on a 6 household by household basis, on a commercial by commercial 7 basis. And that takes an inordinately long period of time. 8 We're very concerned that in severe winter conditions that 9 could lead to disaster for health of our residents. 10 So there's a number of issues. And all the 11 solutions that we're talking about are fairly expensive 12 relative to the potential for maybe a new pipeline into the 13 area. We're looking at electrification and load declining 14 over time. We don't see that necessarily happening until the 15 mid 2030s. So we really need a solution that gets us from 16 today to then. And as I mentioned earlier, once we 17 see the demand for gas starting to decline, then we can 18 start backing off and unwinding some of our infrastructure, 19 some of our contracts on the pipelines. So it's a concern on 20 a number of fronts. 21 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. And one quick 22 follow up on that. Is the -- your expectation is that the 23 home heating natural gas will remain through the 2030s? 24 MR. HOLODAK: Yes.

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Page 61 1 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Yeah. Okay, thanks. That's 2 all. Thank you very much for being here. 3 MR. HOLODAK: Thank you. 4 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Ms. Allen. I see your tent 5 card. I want to go to Commissioner Christie, and then I 6 promise to give you an opportunity at the end to close this 7 out. Commissioner. 8 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Are you going to let her 9 go first or? 10 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: It's your time. 11 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Okay. All righty. Well, 12 just to make the allusion of Mr. Holodak, I mean, look, we 13 all know we're here because over the last 20 years needed 14 pipeline capacity was not built into New England. 15 Constellation -- Constitution, USC. You can go down the 16 list. You could be getting cheap gas from Pennsylvania below 17 \$3 and we wouldn't even be sitting here. But those pipelines 18 were blocked. But we are where we are. So now we got to deal 19 with it. Let me ask about two things, electric reliability, 20 gas LDC reliability. And let me go on electric to Vamsi as 21 I understood your presentation, and the first panel, 22 Mr. Levitan. What you're saying is if you --23 if the Mystics close and you've designated the 24 Mystics as RMR. Ok -- RMR means reliability must-run 25 units and you've been paying them out-of-market payments.

Page 62 1 Now they're going to retire. And I just want to be clear 2 what I heard from you and Mr. Levitan. Although Mr. Levitan 3 was couched in about six ifs, which I took as basically the 4 poker equivalent of drawing to an inside straight six times 5 in a row. But what you're saying Vamsi is we can live without the Mystics from a reliability standpoint. Is that 6 7 it? 8 MR. CHADALAVADA: It's a great question. It goes 9 back to Commissioner Danly's phrasing. It's the baseline 10 that we're measuring against. We can live without Mystic 11 because the supply side has increased and the demand side 12 hasn't grown. So we have the right balance today. We have 13 the right balance for the next 3 to 4 years. It's not to say 14 that balance continues through the end of the decade and 15 therefore the note of caution and the prudency to retain 16 Everett because it does provide an option value for the 17 future uncertainties that we may face. But for the next 3 to 18 4 years, as we've studied with what we consider to be a 19 reasonable set of assumptions with contingencies, with all 20 of our experience to bear and we are the reliability 21 coordinator, it is our primary mission to maintain 22 reliability.

23 So recognizing that and sharing that burden 24 amongst ourselves, we are confident that for the next 3 to 4 25 years we can maintain electric reliability. It's not to say

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| 1 | there's no energy shortfall, but it's manageable. And that's |
| 2 | where the risk profile starts to trend to potentially a |
| 3 | greater degree. And that's where I feel that we need a bit |
| 4 | more time to keep using this platform to provide the right |
| 5 | way to assess risk so that actionable steps can be taken |
| 6 | through markets versus out of market. |
| 7 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Let me take that as all a |
| 8 | yes. You think you can live without the Mystics |
| 9 | and keep and keep the lights on. Is that the way I'm taking |
| 10 | that? I know you've got all the contingencies in there and |
| 11 | the ifs and everything else, but you've designated those as |
| 12 | RMR units. Now they're going to close and you're saying if |
| 13 | these RMR units close, we can keep the lights on. |
| 14 | MR. CHADALAVADA: Yes, Commissioner but there's no |
| 15 | guarantee. |
| 16 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: I know there's no |
| 17 | guarantee. |
| 18 | MR. CHADALAVADA: But yes. |
| 19 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: But there are more but |
| 20 | there's obviously safety margins. |
| 21 | MR. CHADALAVADA: Yes. |
| 22 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: And the margins are going |
| 23 | to be a lot tighter without the Mystics? |
| 24 | MR. CHADALAVADA: That is correct. |
| 25 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Okay. Now, if the Mystics |
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Page 64 1 close, that takes away the biggest source of revenue for 2 Everett. But that is not a rate issue. That's just 3 Everett's an LNG import facility. If they can't get revenue 4 from the Mystics, then they don't get the revenue that they 5 need to stay open. So let me move to the LDCs. We've heard a lot of comment about well, the LDCs need Everett. Whether or 6 7 not the LDCs in Massachusetts have adequate supply to serve 8 people who want to heat their homes with gas, who want to 9 run their businesses with gas. That is not a FERC issue. 10 That is really for the regulators in the state of 11 Massachusetts. I used to regulate LDC. That's a state 12 regulatory issue. 13 Whether Everett is essential to those LDCs is for 14 the state of Massachusetts to step up and say, Everett is 15 essential to our LDCs and then work on a funding mechanism 16 to keep Everett open. If that's the only way to keep the LDC 17 supplied. That's not a FERC issue. I have to say it's -- we 18 can't order Everett stay open to serve LDCs. As important as 19 that is, the state has to say we need Everett to serve our 20 LDCs. Even if the Mystics close, we still need Everett. We 21 being the state of Massachusetts. We need Everett for our 22 LDCs.

23 Okay. Let's talk about how the state of 24 Massachusetts wants to pay for Everett if it's essential to 25 LDCs. But from the reliability standpoint, if ISO says close

Page 65 1 the Mystics Everett loses that revenue. The impact on the 2 LDCs is something the state of Massachusetts needs to step 3 up and say we want to keep it open. Here's how we're going 4 to pay for it, here's how we're going to finance it. Any 5 reaction to that? 6 MR. HOLODAK: No, Commissioner, I can completely 7 agree with your assessment. The issue is if the LDCs step up 8 and supply enough revenues to keep the facility open, and 9 there are other people that still benefit from it, do we 10 or don't we get compensated as a kind of credit back against 11 that? But yes, if we can come to a solution with 12 Constellation. I don't think it's just a Massachusetts 13 issue. It's the LDCs and the New England region issue. 14 Everyone that utilizes that facility now. So it's a little 15 broader than just Massachusetts. But the long term contracts 16 that we would require to keep it open. We would need to take 17 to the DPU in Massachusetts to get approval. 18 MS. ALLEN: I think the other issue is timing. 19 We're all talking about it like we've got all kinds of time 20 in the world. And -- you know, I had the pleasure of 21 appearing here back on September 8th to talk about the 22 facility. We're nine months later. We've made some progress, 23 but not the future of the facility is not insured. And let's 24 say we are able to come to commercial arrangements with 25 folks to support the facility. Then we have a nine month

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regulatory process right, to go through. And I just -- that is a huge issue that we're facing. And anything that can be done to expedite an approval of agreements that we're able to reach, the negotiations are at arm's length. They are -- you know, there's every reason to believe that the deal -- that any deal that is struck is going to be arm's length and commercial and we need to get to a path where we can have fashion. And we're just running out of time. CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Commissioner Christie?

9 the facility insured and procure the supply in a timely 10 11 12 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: No, I just follow up. I 13 mean, if ISO decides to let the Mystics -- you've designated 14 the Mystics as RMR, if you've now decided that you don't 15 need them anymore as RMR units and you're going to let them, 16 if you decide you need them to continue it, then you'd have 17 to come to us and say, are the rates just and reasonable? 18 Are the out-of-market payments just and reasonable? But what 19 would not enter into that equation would be whether the 20 Mystics are needed to keep Everett open so the LDCs in 21 Massachusetts have adequate supply. 22 MS. ALLEN: I think we've I mean, I think we 23 talked about this last time, whether there are other 24 mechanisms that can help defray the expense and would be 25 just and reasonable. I think right now --

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| 1 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: The Mystics or on Everett? |
| 2 | |
| 3 | MS. ALLEN: On Everett, we did talk about whether |
| 4 | there's a possibility of a pipeline surcharge or anything |
| 5 | like that. I think that where we are from a timing |
| 6 | perspective, because now we're nine months in, really the |
| 7 | option that's in front of us is bilateral arrangements |
| 8 | subject to hopefully expedited regulatory approval that are |
| 9 | designed in such a way that if additional folks can come to |
| 10 | the table and support, it will reduce the cost of those |
| 11 | folks who stepped up to the plate. I think I don't see |
| 12 | another way. My background is a regulatory attorney, 27 |
| 13 | years. I just don't see how else we're going to get there at |
| 14 | this point. I'm sorry. |
| 15 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: One quick follow up, Ms. |
| 16 | Allen. Do you have a drop-dead date? |
| 17 | MS. ALLEN: I get asked that a lot. And Norris |
| 18 | Wright, who's with me, who's in charge of supply, will try |
| 19 | to his last dying breath to make sure he gets adequate |
| 20 | supply to fulfill the commitments. We wouldn't be here and |
| 21 | we wouldn't be negotiating with the LDCs unless we thought |
| 22 | we could pull off and get that supply if the contracts were |
| 23 | approved. But there is no hard-and-fast drop-dead date. |
| 24 | Normally I think we would have the supply procured at this |
| 25 | point. You can look at the comments of Excelerate. They talk |

Page 68 about the time horizon needed for bilateral contractual arrangements. And while I have the mic, I just want to make one

4 other point and maybe you can ask Mr. Ochoa about it. When 5 he talked in his comments at page seven, he mentioned the 6 fact that ISO New England assumes that Repsol and Excelerate 7 will come to the table and kind of fill the supply that goes 8 away with Everett. But he does mention that in order for the 9 pipes to accommodate that additional supply, there may need 10 to be additional infrastructure Buildout. And that's going 11 to take time. That's just the truth of the matter here in 12 New England. And so, I don't know if you want to ask him a 13 little bit more about that, but for me, it was the first 14 time I heard it so clearly expressed with respect to one of 15 the key assumptions in the ISO New England study. Thank you.

16 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: We have about a minute left. I 17 do want to give you an opportunity to respond since you were 18 singled out.

19 MR. OCHOA: That's that alludes to what I said 20 just a moment ago, that effectively to replace the amount of 21 gas that we get from the Everett facility, from Dracut, 22 which would effectively be Repsol, we don't -- we do not 23 connect to the Bouy. So that's not an option for us. We 24 would have to look at potentially expanding our system to be 25 able to replace the same level of molecules where those

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Page 69 1 molecules go today and we are reviewing that. So just 2 because it's available for the grid doesn't mean it can get 3 to the places that Everett can get today because the grid is 4 complex, it's different. So that's a fair point that she 5 brings up. And that put in our comments and I mentioned 6 before. 7 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. I don't want to 8 prevent anybody from talking. 30 seconds. 9 MR. DICKERSON: Yes, Mr. Chairman. I'll be brief. 10 We jumped quickly into a discussion around rates and who 11 pays? And the whole nine yards. I'm still stuck on the 12 physics. And it's not because I'm an engineering nerd. As 13 CEO I look at the whole picture, but I heard at least three 14 panelists reference the fact that the LDC heating 15 customers are not the only beneficiaries of the molecules 16 that come from Everett. 17 So, I think it's instructive upon us 18 collectively, and I don't know who leads it per se, it would 19 have to come from the gas pipelines to help facilitate it, 20 for us to resolve the question of the physics is what 21 happens if Everett isn't there with respect to pressures and 22 the molecules that not only go to heating customers, but the 23 molecules that go to generators that generate electricity 24 otherwise we get into a death spiral. We get into a place 25 where if the pressures drop, those generators can't produce

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| 1 | electricity and people need it in the cold are going to |
| 2 | suffer. It's going to put further strain on the system. |
| 3 | So, before we get to who pays for it, let's |
| 4 | resolve is it physically possible to eliminate it and |
| 5 | maintain the integrity of the system? And if not, is it |
| 6 | physically possible to come up with a solution at some point |
| 7 | that will? But we're not going to build anything in the next |
| 8 | year or two years. So then it begs the question, what are we |
| 9 | doing to gap? And I'll close with saying in the gap, I don't |
| 10 | think we have many choices other than to keep it where it |
| 11 | is. Thank you. |
| 12 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: I think we're going to leave |
| 13 | it there for this panel. Thank you, everyone, for your |
| 14 | comments. Excellent, thoughtful comments to get us started. |
| 15 | I'll turn it back over to Mr. Burns, tells us what to do |
| 16 | next. |
| 17 | MR. BURNS: Thank you, everyone, on the first |
| 18 | panel. We're going to move to the third presentation of the |
| 19 | morning. This will be given by Stephen George and Vamsi |
| 20 | Chadalavada, as well as Eamonn Lannoye, who will be joining us |
| 21 | virtually from Ireland. This presentation is called Extreme |
| 22 | Weather Risks to ISO New England, Presentation of the EPRI |
| 23 | Study by ISO New England and EPRI. This presentation will |
| 24 | be 30 minutes and following this presentation we'll begin |
| 25 | the second panel the reaction to the EPRI Study. |
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Page 71 1 (Recess) 2 Well, that's the --3 (Recess) 4 We're just waiting to see -- make sure Eamonn's on the line 5 and then we'll get going. 6 MR. LANNOYE: Yep. I'm here. 7 MR. BURNS: There's our answer. Stephen and Vamsi. 8 Whenever you're ready. 9 MR. CHADALAVADA: So thank you. And I'm sorry that 10 I'm going to be up here for at least another hour and a 11 half. I really wish it wasn't the case, but delighted to be 12 able to share some of our most innovative work that we've 13 done over the past nine months. And I think the 14 collaboration between ISO and EPRI for the first time, I'm 15 proud to say that the ISO with EPRI has put together an 16 innovative analytic platform that allows us to quantify the 17 risk. 18 Every panelist up to this point in time has 19 talked about risk in a way that is their best form of 20 expression. And it's a qualitative expression, but those 21 aren't easy to act on because you don't know what magnitude 22 of risk exists and what the probability of such risk is and 23 what are the costs associated with mitigating such risks. 24 And all of it are important equations for policymakers to 25 have at their disposal so that a very low probability event

Page 72 1 that may happen once in ten years or 12 years, which may be 2 catastrophic, but if it requires an insurance product that 3 is overly expensive, that's a calculation that we would 4 expect to have the hand to the policymakers as they make 5 their decisions. 6 So that's the first thing, the 2027 study that 7 Stephen is going to walk through basically shows that when 8 we study the system with and without Everett and it's the 9 same continuing theme through the rest of this morning shows 10 a manageable risk. And we'll get into some of the details 11 for why that is the case. A critical takeaway of this 12 platform is our ability now to continually monitor and

13 assess the risk, not just for a multi-year outlook or the 14 next year, but the next season and within the season.

15 And we expect that this risk is going to be 16 dynamic. There are going to be years where we're going to 17 have good results and there are going to be years where 18 we're not going to have good results. It's critical for New 19 England to have a baseline tolerance of its risk such that 20 we understand expressed as energy what risk New England is 21 willing to bear. And that's not a decision that's solely up 22 to the ISO's discretion. That's a discussion that we'd love 23 to have with our states and our participants and create that 24 baseline metric. Where this baseline metric is going to be 25 powerful is it now allows us for some years where we have a

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1 higher risk to design the necessary products that are 2 dynamic and that the demand side of that product is 3 appropriately reflected in the market products that we would 4 otherwise build, so that the costs that are borne along with 5 those products are reasonable expectations of what the 6 future should bring. 7 Absent this sort of a platform, we would not have 8 the ability to just design products and understand what 9 amount of that product should be procured. And so that's 10 where we see some really great value moving forward. 11 We think this is extendable to every reliability coordinator 12 because there's a non-uniform way of expressing energy 13 adequacy risk. And we think the country and certainly every 14 region in terms of neighboring collaboration would benefit 15 from a uniform way of expressing energy adequacy risk in the 16 form of energy with the associated probability. 17 So I'll just stop there and we'll try to get 18 through this presentation a short period of time so that the 19 panel can get back here. And the conversation is obviously a 20 lot more productive than hearing from us on the details of 21 this presentation. 22 MR. GEORGE: Thank you, Vamsi, and appreciate the 23 opportunity to be back up here again this morning. And I do 24 want to note that we have Eamonn Lannoye from EPRI on phone

25

joining us this morning from Ireland. We appreciate his

Page 74 1 support and I want to just take the opportunity to thank 2 EPRI, I think for their leadership in this project. This is 3 a joint effort. It's affectionately become known as the EPRI 4 5 Study, but it's really been a collaborative project over the past 18 months between the ISO and EPRI and obviously we've 6 7 leveraged EPRI's expertise in this area to help us, 8 particularly on a couple of steps of the project that I'll 9 outline this morning. I want to start just to give a couple 10 of brief thoughts. When we talk about extreme weather, it's 11 important as we get into the results to understand that what 12 we're talking about here is weather that impacts the ability 13 of generating resources to supply energy to the system. 14 Doesn't necessarily mean things that we've historically 15 thought of as extreme weather like hurricanes or blizzards 16 or tornadoes. 17 We're talking about things that impact the 18 ability of our growing renewable fleet, in addition to our 19 more traditional fleet, to provide energy to the system. So 20 that could be long periods of low wind combined with long 21 periods of low solar combined with extreme heat or extreme 22 cold. So I just want to give that context before we start. 23 So what I'll generally cover this morning is the 24 framework. Framework is dense and there's a lot there, so 25 I'll move through it quickly. I think the stakeholders in

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| 1 | New England have heard how the framework is built and |
| 2 | they've helped us think about how to do that along the way. |
| 3 | So we appreciate that. I'll also cover results. We'll talk |
| 4 | about the 2027 winter in particular with a focus on one |
| 5 | single event. The presentation we submitted provides all the |
| 6 | results from all the events that we've studied from 2027. |
| 7 | But in the interest of time this morning, we'll focus on one |
| 8 | that we generally look at as being our worst-case scenario. |
| 9 | Then we'll touch on what we've learned from these |
| 10 | initial round of studies. So let me start with the framework. |
| 11 | On the screen in front of you, you see there's three steps: |
| 12 | weather modeling, risk model development and scenario |
| 13 | generation is step two, and step three is energy |
| 14 | assessments that are done primarily by ISO New England. Let |
| 15 | me give some brief information on step one. It was important |
| 16 | for us to understand when thinking about the future weather |
| 17 | and its impacts on the system. What how has the weather |
| 18 | changed over the past time, over the past number of years? |
| 19 | What are the trends? What are the extremes? How does it |
| 20 | vary? Particularly in summer and winter conditions. |
| 21 | So we did a review of the past 72 years worth of |
| 22 | historical weather to get a sense for how things are |
| 23 | changing. Then with that context, EPRI's team leveraged |
| 24 | global climate models five different models that cover a |
| 25 | range of possible outcomes, along with two emissions |

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| 1 | pathways to help project how that past weather projects into |
| 2 | the future. With a particular focus on our initial years of |
| 3 | study: 2027 and 2032. |
| 4 | So what we ended up with for each year of study |
| 5 | was really 720 different combinations of what the weather |
| 6 | could look like in 2027 and 2032. And that was really the |
| 7 | outcome of step one that we used sort of downstream in step |
| 8 | two and step three. In step two, we had really two goals. |
| 9 | One was to build a model that helped us identify the risky |
| 10 | periods of that 72 years worth of weather projected to the |
| 11 | future, and then to build scenarios that allowed us to |
| 12 | assess the impacts of a variety of uncertainties, which I'll |
| 13 | discuss in a little bit. To start, the risk screening model |
| 14 | that we developed allowed us to search through that again, |
| 15 | the 72 years worth of history to find what types of weather |
| 16 | are riskiest to the system. |
| 17 | So through the use of technology-specific risk |
| 18 | models, that allowed us to look at times when wind, solar, |
| 19 | combined cycle, nuclear, batteries all types of resources. |
| 20 | What are the times when they're in aggregate at the most |
| 21 | risk in terms of their ability to provide energy to the |
| 22 | system? In this risk reading model allowed us to do that. |
| 23 | Ultimately, the risk screening model identified the top |
| 24 | 4% of all possible events as being the riskiest. We took |
| 25 | that top 4%. We grouped them into clusters of similar |

Page 77 1 events. And then from those clusters, we selected events for 2 study. 3 If we could, we'd study all 37,000 possible 4 events. But in the interest of time and computing 5 capabilities, we stuck with six events for the 2027 winter. 6 And one of those we'll discuss in more detail today. Once we 7 have the events selected, we then have to layer on a variety 8 of uncertainties so that we know we're studying all a range 9 of possibilities. Two potential uncertainties that we wanted 10 to make sure we had some ability to assess as part of this 11 study were the status of the Everett Marine Terminal, as 12 we've been discussing this morning, as well as the status of 13 the New England Clean Energy Connect, which is a new 1,200 14 MW tie from Quebec into New England. So we have 15 scenarios built around different combinations of the status 16 of those two key facilities. So four scenarios in total for 17 each event that we selected. 18 Then given those four scenarios, we wanted to 19 study a bunch of other uncertainties that we know factor 20 into the region's energy adequacy during extreme weather. So 21 we built in uncertainties related to LNG inventories fuel 22 oil inventories, different interchange levels, a variety of 23 forced outages as well as fuel prices. So at the end of the 24 day, using a different combinations of those uncertainties, 25 we study 720 different versions of each of the four

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| 1 | scenarios for each event that we've selected. Following the |
| 2 | selection of events and building the scenarios apprehends us |
| 3 | that information and all the information that we need to do |
| 4 | our energy assessment using our 21-day energy assessment |
| 5 | tool. It's the same tool we use in our production winter |
| 6 | weekly winter forecasts. |
| 7 | This is where we took those 720 cases for each |
| 8 | scenario, for each event, and assessed what the energy |
| 9 | adequacy profile looks like over the 21-day span. And this |
| 10 | is where we get our magnitude of energy shortfall. And along |
| 11 | with that, we get the probability of occurrence of each of |
| 12 | those 720 cases. Looking at the screen. People in New |
| 13 | England have seen this. This is our plot of energy surplus |
| 14 | over time, we know that when the black line, which is |
| 15 | energy surplus, dips into the red zone, that's when we're |
| 16 | forecasting an energy shortfall. It doesn't necessarily mean |
| 17 | that an energy shortfall will occur, but this is our |
| 18 | indicator that there's the potential and we need to take |
| 19 | action to reduce the likelihood that that shortfall ever occurs. |
| 20 | Let's talk a little bit about results. Before we |
| 21 | do that. Want to give some context to this January 22nd, |
| 22 | 1961 event. Which as I mentioned, is sort of our worst case |
| 23 | event from energy adequacy perspective. So this event that |
| 24 | started on January 22nd, 1961, again, we've projected the |
| 25 | through climate modeling what the weather could look like in |

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| 1 | 2027. But what it looked like back in 1961, you see on the |
| 2 | screen from a temperature perspective, which is I know it's |
| 3 | tough to see the blue plot is a plot of the temperatures. |
| 4 | And so you can see over the first 12 days, we |
| 5 | barely cracked 25 degrees. And this is an average New |
| 6 | England temperature. So you would expect some places are |
| 7 | much colder, some places are a little warmer. But on |
| 8 | average, we barely got by past 25 Fahrenheit. So there's a lot of |
| 9 | risk there in terms of operating the power system at that |
| 10 | type of temperature for that duration of time. In addition |
| 11 | to the temperatures, you can see in the figure that the wind |
| 12 | speeds on average barely got up to about six meters per |
| 13 | second on average offshore. That's just over the cut-in |
| 14 | speed for an offshore wind turbine. |
| 15 | |
| 16 | So they provide some energy, but definitely not at full |
| 17 | output. But then again, that's the average speed over the |
| 18 | course of the 21-day period. From an irradiance perspective |
| 19 | that's supplying the fuel to our PV that we've talked about |
| 20 | quite a bit this morning, about 120 W/m squared, which is |
| 21 | roughly 8% capacity factor throughout this 21-day period. |
| 22 | So relatively low, but in total energy from |
| 23 | renewables on average during this 21-day period was roughly |
| 24 | 2,200 MW per hour. So that clearly notable contributions from |
| 25 | renewables. From an energy demand perspective. This 21-day |
| 1 | |

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| 1 | period was almost 8 TWh. We often talk about |
| 2 | 400,000 MWh being the cold winter day in New |
| 3 | England. During this event, it peaked out around 425,000 |
| 4 | MWh, so about 6% higher than a pretty cold winter |
| 5 | day. At least how we think about it. So in summary, just to |
| 6 | put some context into the event, this was based on our |
| 7 | analysis, the coldest 21-day period since 1950 and includes |
| 8 | two of the top ten coldest five day stretches also since |
| 9 | 1950. So. Very cold period of time. |
| 10 | What you see here on the screen is a summary of |
| 11 | the results of that January 22nd, 1961, event. With the |
| 12 | Everett facility in service and without the New England |
| 13 | Clean Energy Connect facility in service. In the upper left |
| 14 | hand part of the screen. |
| 15 | MR. GEORGE: The plot there that is, can be a |
| 16 | little tough to read if you're far away. This is a summary |
| 17 | of the energy shortfall or the energy surplus, I should say, |
| 18 | for all 720 cases that we ran for this particular |
| 19 | combination. I want to draw your attention to the red line |
| 20 | that dips. The lowest of all the lines on the plot. This is |
| 21 | representative of our worst-case energy shortfall for this |
| 22 | scenario. And you can think of that as a combination of low |
| 23 | oil inventories, low LNG inventories, low imports, high |
| 24 | forced outages. So in all those factors come together to |
| 25 | create our highest energy shortfall case, which comes out to |
| | |

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| 1 | be about 111,000 MWh of shortfall, roughly |
| 2 | between days nine and 13 and this 21-day event. |
| 3 | MR. CHADALAVADA: Stephen, can I just jump in here |
| 4 | |
| 5 | MR. STEPHEN: Yep. |
| 6 | MR. CHADALAVADA: for just a second? I think |
| 7 | this goes back to the earlier conversation we're having |
| 8 | about the reasonableness of assumptions. I think the study. |
| 9 | As we go through our contingency evaluation, the number |
| 10 | that's reflected on screen, roughly the 100,000 MWh. |
| 11 | We call that as a manageable energy shortfall, not |
| 12 | because we are happy that, that's the volume of work that's |
| 13 | left for us to do, but more because of the fact that we're |
| 14 | going to know this on day one. When we do our simulation, |
| 15 | we're going to do this every hour for the next 21 days. |
| 16 | We're going to do it for the next 42 days, and we're going |
| 17 | to do it for the next 90 days. So where New England has |
| 18 | really improved upon its own sort of expectation and |
| 19 | necessarily so is from a situational awareness. Logistics is |
| 20 | the critical component of managing energy adequacy risk. So |
| 21 | when you know on day one that you're exposed to this |
| 22 | shortfall in days nine through 13, it gives us eight |
| 23 | actionable days to work, which is to send the signal to our |
| 24 | marketplace, send the signal to our policymakers and the |
| 25 | states and the federal agencies, send the signal to our |
| 1 | |

Page 82 1 neighboring control areas and for the ISO to take the 2 necessary actions, including, for example, relying more on 3 its neighbors in the first eight days with an expectation 4 that days nine through 13, we're not going to be able to 5 rely on them. 6 It is sending a signal to dual fuel units to do 7 what they can to replenish if they haven't. Same thing with 8 the oil units and same thing with the LNG suppliers. So it 9 is the totality of that market performance that we would 10 expect where not one party is going to cure the shortfall, 11 but everyone steps up to take a slice of it. And the 12 conservation, which would be our last step, which is a very 13 uncomfortable step, but a necessary step because it's the 14 one thing that protects New England from involuntary load 15 shed versus protecting it from the risks on the electric 16 side. 17 So we take that very seriously and we leave that 18 as the last margin if we have to go. But this analysis of 19 100,000 MWh is an important context to have 20 because this is on the heels of a future where the supply 21 side is more certain. But we're expecting a severe number of 22 forced outages across all technologies. We expect 23 underperformance from the photovoltaic installations. We 24 expect underperformance from wind, we expect 25 underperformance from oil units, from gas units and from

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1 imports. It is just that the demand hasn't taken off yet. 2 And that's one of the biggest reasons for why we see this 3 number result the way it is. And when we talk amongst the 4 panelists later today that demand could skyrocket ten years 5 from now, we could see a New England being a winter peaking 6 system. 7 So we expect this risk will change its profile 8 and might potentially show a much larger number. But the 9 benefit of this tool is it gives New England the optionality 10 to work towards it, either through market design or through 11 infrastructure. And that is where we see the powerful sort 12 of nature of this tool. And we're thrilled about having this 13 with us right now. 14 MR. GEORGE: Thank you, Vamsi. I'll leave -- leave 15 it at that for that slide. A couple additional points before 16 we close out the presentation in terms of what the results 17 are telling us. Well, you can see through these exhibits on 18 this slide, particularly in the bottom left corner. Is that 19 the region in times like these, remains reliant on stored 20 fuels. And we touched on that this morning. You can see in 21 the worst case scenario with the highest energy shortfall. 22 In that chart. On the bottom left, we're burning roughly 60 23 million gallons of oil, 37,000 tons of coal. So this 24 highlights the reliance on those stored fuels to get through 25 these tough times. Also this slide, particularly in the

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| 1 | upper left corner, highlights the sensitivity of the energy |
| 2 | shortfall amounts to the starting LNG inventories. Given |
| 3 | that we knew that this sensitivity existed, we ran the |
| 4 | sensitivity case where we lowered the LNG starting inventory |
| 5 | from 6.5 BCF to about 3.5 BCF to see |
| 6 | how that would impact our projected energy shortfall amounts |
| 7 | over the 21-day span. |
| 8 | As you can see, the worst case energy shortfall |
| 9 | begins sooner and increases to as much as roughly 200,000 |
| 10 | MWh or about 80% worse than starting with the |
| 11 | higher LNG inventory of about 6.5 BCF. And I |
| 12 | should note that results with and without Everett are |
| 13 | similar in terms of magnitude and probability. So I'm going |
| 14 | to conclude there. Unless Vamsi has any additional |
| 15 | comments. |
| 16 | MR. BURNS: Thank you, Stephen and Vamsi. We'll |
| 17 | start Panel 2 now. The panelists include Phil Bartlett, |
| 18 | chair of the Maine Public Utilities Commission. Vamsi |
| 19 | Chadalavada, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating |
| 20 | Officer of ISO New England. James Daly, Vice President of |
| 21 | Energy Supply, Eversource Energy. Ronald Gerwatowski, |
| 22 | Chairman, Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission. Stephen |
| 23 | George, Director, Operational Performance, Training and |
| 24 | Integration, ISO New England. Ben Griffiths, Senior Director |
| 25 | of New England Regulatory Policy, LS Power. Mark Lauby, |
| | |

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| Senior Vice President and Chief Engineer, NERC. And Rob |
| Perkins, Vice President of Pipeline Management, Kinder |
| Morgan. Before we begin, just a reminder to our panelists to |
| avoid discussing any ex parte matters. Mr. Chairman, when |
| everyone's ready. |
| |

6 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Call them. We're good to go. 7 Thank you, everybody. Thank you for joining us today. Are we 8 good to go? All right. My first question is for ISO New 9 England. Vamsi and Stephen, you guys weigh in. We 10 have the study down. All right. What in your mind, can you 11 say a little bit more about what you think the next steps 12 have to be?

13 MR. CHADALAVADA: Great question, Chairman. For 14 us, the next steps include sort of building upon this 15 platform that we've built and continually using it to 16 measure the risk profile in New England. We now have an 17 assessment of the next four years. The next step is to assess the risk beyond for year 2032, and it's going to 18 19 give us a different snapshot than what we see for 2027. And 20 it's then working within our markets, which are our sort of 21 jurisdiction and which you will which you regulate, where we 22 need to see if we need to build new products, we need to 23 understand what infrastructure options are being made 24 available and we will be using those as inputs to our 25 platform to have a dynamic assessment of this risk, which

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| 1 | will be shared with the market and with our policy makers. |
| 2 | And so those are, I think for us, the next steps. |
| 3 | We are sort of building a group within the ISO |
| 4 | that's going to have the capability to expand on what we've |
| 5 | built to date. We'll be working on this with our neighboring |
| 6 | control areas. There's been some expression of interest in |
| 7 | adopting some portions of it, of course, specific to their |
| 8 | areas. And so hopefully over time we will be able to not |
| 9 | only just establish this narrative of how energy adequacy |
| 10 | risk is measured, but more importantly, work in New England |
| 11 | to develop a metric. |
| 12 | It's too lofty for us to think of it as |
| 13 | potentially being a national standard, but at least from a |
| 14 | New England perspective, given where we've been and given |
| 15 | where we are headed through this transition, it's critical |
| 16 | that every step of this journey we understand the magnitude |
| 17 | of risk that's faced, the probability of the risk and the |
| 18 | way to cure that risk and the costs associated with that |
| 19 | risk. So those are all the progression of steps that we |
| 20 | intend to start right from the time that this conference is |
| 21 | behind us. |
| 22 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: I want to |
| 23 | broaden the discussion then. All right. It seems that this |
| 24 | is a study and the assumptions that we can use going forward |
| 25 | to assess risk. Want to hear in particular from our state |
| | |

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Page 87 1 regulators. Do you share that? Do you believe that this 2 study can be used going forward? 3 MR. BARTLETT: Yes. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 4 Absolutely. I think I share a lot of I agree with a lot of 5 what Vamsi has said here today. I think this study is a 6 valuable contribution to the region, helping us to 7 understand both the likelihood and the magnitude of the 8 risks that we face so that we can make informed decisions. 9 Historically, we haven't had this rigorous analytical 10 approach as we've been developing solutions. We've known we 11 have a problem. 12 We've developed a number of both in-market and 13 out-of-market fixes over the years, But we haven't really 14 measured in advance just what the contribution was going to 15 be to reliability or afterwards to really understand whether 16 it's had the desired impact. So I think this is going to be 17 incredibly useful as we move forward. And I think, as Vamsi is 18 saying, trying to come up with what the right metric is that 19 we can use to develop market based products that can help us 20 identify and bring solutions to the table that are large and 21 small. 22 I think one of the great surprises was the impact 23 of solar PV and the contribution that's making to fuel 24 security. I had never heard that talked about as a potential 25 benefit of PV. So going forward, what contributions can you

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| 1 | be made from demand response from battery storage, from all |
| 2 | these things that in and of themselves can't solve the |
| 3 | problem. But when you're looking at you understand sort |
| 4 | of the duration of the outages you're facing, the magnitude |
| 5 | of the risk you can make smart decisions and cost effective |
| 6 | solutions on what group of options you can put together, |
| 7 | ideally driven through the market so we get solid innovation |
| 8 | that can help to address this problem longer term. |
| 9 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: I just wanted to continue to |
| 10 | go down the line, expound on whether or not you agree with |
| 11 | the study, whether or not you think. What are your main |
| 12 | takeaways from it? |
| 13 | MR. DALY: Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman, and |
| 14 | thank you to the commissioners for putting on this forum. |
| 15 | This, we think, is very valuable in terms of illuminating |
| 16 | the issues before us. But we are hopeful that we will get |
| 17 | solutions coming out of this, not just more, more talk. So |
| 18 | reaction to the study itself. Well, as we all know, New |
| 19 | England has very high and volatile electricity prices. We |
| 20 | just came through an awful winter. And from a price |
| 21 | perspective, our customers saw their energy rates double |
| 22 | from an already high rate of 0.12 on the energy side to 0.024 |
| 23 | or \$0.27. This is averaged through the winter period and into |
| 24 | the into the summer. |
| 25 | So the consequences of that for our region in |

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| 1 | terms of us responding to our customers, to our |
| 2 | stakeholders, to our elected representatives, to the media, |
| 3 | it's a major, major effort and it's one that is not crowned |
| 4 | with success in terms of the story we have to tell. It's |
| 5 | pretty bad. So the system itself is not working well at all. |
| 6 | So we don't need models for that. We know we have the |
| 7 | current system. We know exactly that the system is stressed |
| 8 | and it's a fuel supply problem that's stressing it. You |
| 9 | know, I will give credit to ISO and EPRI for putting this |
| 10 | study together as a method to quantify what the risks are |
| 11 | and what the view forward is, because now we can adjust |
| 12 | those inputs and decide which ones are likely to come along |
| 13 | and which ones are not. |
| 14 | So we would caution the use use so how do you use the |
| 15 | study is really the question. We would caution do not use it |
| 16 | to determine resource entry and an exit. It's too risky. |
| 17 | It's just a model after all. And its output depends on your |
| 18 | inputs. Some of the inputs we think overall the inputs are |
| 19 | pretty optimistic. For example, the offshore wind is |
| 20 | 0 1,600 MW. |
| 21 | We have 1,400 MW of storage that is really |
| 22 | not under contract by anybody. I'm not sure how that's going |
| 23 | to get financed at all. There's a lot of solar PV and we've |
| 24 | heard questions how will that perform in terms of saving |
| 25 | inventory? But another big assumption in this is that |
| | |

Page 90 1 there's going to be a lot of LNG even with this with the EMT 2 retiring, there's going to be a lot of LNG in the system and 3 oil that will carry the day, if you like. And we question 4 that significantly. It hasn't occurred in the past and we 5 don't see the underlying market rules and compensation that 6 would go to generators to generate that optimistic view. 7 So we think a better approach is let's yes, let's 8 look at the inputs, but be critical about whether they are 9 going to occur or not. We are a major contractor for these 10 renewable resources that are coming online and we already 11 see supply disruptions occurring. 12 We have three major offshore wind farms totaling 13 3,200 MW that have asked that their contracts be terminated 14 because they're not financially viable. That is enormous. I 15 mean, two years ago, that was not on the horizon at all when 16 we put these under contracts and new infrastructure in New 17 England continues to get significant challenges in terms of 18 opposition, all sorts that delay all these projects. So the 19 projects get delayed, the even fail get replaced by more 20 expensive projects. So we say the way to use these kind of 21 models is to -- yes, inform decision making, but do not let 22 very significant resources exit like the Everett Marine 23 Terminal that are impossible to replace. 24 Do not let them exit before these new resources

25 come along. We're all supportive of getting new resources

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| 1 | into the market. We're a major contractor for it to |
| 2 | implement state policies. We work hard to make sure that |
| 3 | they come on, they come online. But you're really rolling |
| 4 | the dice if you're going to allow important facilities like |
| 5 | the EMT to exit the market before you have those new |
| 6 | resources in line. So we say we just need a more cautious |
| 7 | approach to how you're going to use these studies and |
| 8 | they're only models after all. Thanks for the opportunity to |
| 9 | give you my view. |
| 10 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. Yes, sir. |
| 11 | MR. GERWATOWSKI: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. From my |
| 12 | perspective, it's very easy to focus on the study's |
| 13 | conclusion that we don't need the Everett Terminal for |
| 14 | electric reliability. But when I look at it from the |
| 15 | perspective of a state regulator whose state suffered a near |
| 16 | catastrophic failure of the natural gas delivery system in |
| 17 | Newport, Rhode Island, in January of 2019, I react with |
| 18 | grave concern. Now, I'm not going to get into the details of |
| 19 | what happened in 2019, but suffice it to say that we lost a |
| 20 | large portion of the gas distribution system in Newport for |
| 21 | a week in the middle of the winter, caused by events |
| 22 | occurring at a significant distance upstream of the city |
| 23 | from low pressure conditions on the interstate pipeline |
| 24 | system, including as far north as Weymouth, Massachusetts. |
| 25 | For over a week, citizens of Newport did not have |
| 1 | |

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| 1 | heat and we lucked out because the temperature warmed a bit |
| 2 | after the outage. But unlike electric outages, you can't |
| 3 | flip a switch to turn the gas back on. It was a |
| 4 | painstakingly slow process to get the gas flowing safely and |
| 5 | the heat back on as a virtual army of technicians went house |
| 6 | to house twice, once to shut off every single meter, and |
| 7 | then the gas would get filled into the low pressure system |
| 8 | and then back again to every single meter and turn it back |
| 9 | on. |
| 10 | So when I hear about low pressure risks on the |
| 11 | system, I revisit that nightmare and I realized that we're |
| 12 | talking about electric reliability risk at the conference. |
| 13 | But I'm quite aware and supportive of the region-wide drive |
| 14 | to transition our systems away from fossil fuels. I raised |
| 15 | the specter of the Newport events as a reminder of how |
| 16 | sensitive the gas delivery systems can be while we're |
| 17 | relying upon on them for electricity and heat. Which brings |
| 18 | me to the assumptions in the every study. |
| 19 | To be clear, I have no quibble with the study. It |
| 20 | was well done and I commend the ISO New England for doing it. |
| 21 | But there's the sentence on slide 16 that hasn't been |
| 22 | alluded to. ISO does not have the expertise to assess the |
| 23 | impacts of the of the retirement on the operational |
| 24 | capability of the gas system. So it assumes the operability |
| 25 | and I know others have referred to that. |
| | |

| | Page 93 |
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| 1 | We're all aware that there's negotiations going |
| 2 | on between the LDCs and Constellation, and it's my hope that |
| 3 | they work out some arrangement that keeps Everett on line, |
| 4 | at least for the short term. I don't know where things stand |
| 5 | at the moment, but it's my understanding that in the absence |
| 6 | of Everett, the gas utilities serving the Cambridge and |
| 7 | Boston area may face a low pressure condition on their |
| 8 | system that could create a Newport on steroids type of event |
| 9 | in those cities, if not adequately addressed. |
| 10 | And I think their options are very limited. But |
| 11 | regardless of where those negotiations lead, I'm concerned |
| 12 | that there is a conspicuous absence of studies of which I'm |
| 13 | aware that address the operational capabilities of the gas |
| 14 | delivery systems as they relate to all the winter risks that |
| 15 | we've been talking about. We have substantial transparency |
| 16 | on the electric side, but we've had almost nothing that I've |
| 17 | heard in evaluating the gas side of the equation, and they |
| 18 | link together. |
| 19 | So is there additional information that we need |
| 20 | on to be to have conducted? Yes, I think unequivocally, |
| 21 | yes. To the extent the electric and gas systems remain |

22 closely linked during this transition, I firmly believe that 23 we should not be letting this facility close down without 24 studies which link together the evaluation of the electric 25 system with the evaluation of the gas system. Once Everett

Page 94 1 closes, I expect it to be permanent. 2 And it appears that Everett is needed for the gas 3 delivery systems in the short term. But the continued 4 existence of Everett represents a valuable insurance policy 5 for the electric system during this transition. And it 6 doesn't matter whether the winter risks we are insuring 7 against is the loss of heating and the largest urban area in 8 the region, or regional rolling outages because something 9 tripped on the electric or gas system when the temperature 10 is below ten degrees. 11 12 The probabilities of the risks may be low, but the severity 13 of the risk is very high. 14 The design of integrated energy systems have 15 always been included prudent redundancies. Should that not 16 be a consideration now? The facility in Everett will 17 eventually need to close as we move to a low carbon future. 18 But we need a more comprehensive and coordinated evaluation 19 of the electric and gas systems before it does. The gas 20 utilities talk about adding new infrastructure, but I think 21 that flies in the face of the state policies about reducing 22 dependency on fossil fuels. In contrast, the Everett 23 facility has been stated is not a new infrastructure. It's 24 already exists. 25 So from my perspective, the question is not

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| 1 | whether Everett should close, but when is it prudent to do |
| 2 | so? And answering that question requires a comprehensive |
| 3 | risk assessment. We need to look at the systems as one |
| 4 | together, not the electric as this side. And somebody has a |
| 5 | jurisdiction over that. The gas in this jurisdiction over |
| 6 | here and the pipelines have jurisdiction over there, but |
| 7 | it's not quite as strong as electric. The jurisdictional |
| 8 | issues are not going to be important if we have one of |
| 9 | these events. We're not going to sit back and say we had the |
| 10 | event, but I'm glad we didn't use an out-of-market solution. |
| 11 | And I'm not trying to be sarcastic, but I'm |
| 12 | really scared about where we are here in New England. We're |
| 13 | running out of time and I know that there's these regulatory |
| 14 | gaps, but at least at the very least, I think we need to |
| 15 | call together interstate pipelines. And you have the ability |
| 16 | to do that. You don't have to issue an order. I'll bet if |
| 17 | you send them either a polite or strong letter, they'll be |
| 18 | happily joined with ISO to do a study. |
| 19 | We in the state can do the same thing with the |

LDCs and have them join together. Well, they'll find a way to pay for the study, but let's join together and understand all the scenarios and how they link to the electric and the gas systems. The flows from north to south from Repsol as a as an option and the other things that can happen if something trips on the system. We -- I think there are great

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| 1 | ¹ risks here. Low probabilities. But you heard the list of ifs |
| 2 | 2 and that's quite scary to me as well. But anyway, I think |
| 3 | it's a good study. I think it's going to be very useful, but |
| 4 | I think it's got a big missing part that we need to cover |
| 4 | and it hasn't been covered yet, but thank you for the |
| e | opportunity to go through that patiently. |
| 7 | 7 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: No. I thank you. I think, you |
| 8 | ⁸ know, your passion is evident. As you were talking I think |
| ç | 9 as a former state regulator, people tend to notice things |
| 10 | 0 like in January not having power for a week. And so I'm glad |
| 11 | that you put that on the table. I think that's something |
| 12 | 2 that should be top of mind as we move through what the next |
| 13 | ³ steps are. And what our potential solutions are. Thank you. |
| 14 | 4 Thank you. We're going to go straight to LS Power. |
| 15 | 5 MR. GRIFFITHS: Thanks, everybody, for having me. |
| 16 | My name is Ben Griffiths. So there's this adage in modeling |
| 17 | 7 that all models are wrong, some models are useful, right? |
| 18 | ⁸ And I think the ISO to its credit, has developed an |
| 19 | 9 incredibly useful model. It speaks to a huge number of the |
| 20 | 0 ifs that Richard spoke of earlier. Right. What happens if |
| 21 | 1 the weather is bad? What happens if you have sustained cold |
| 22 | weather? What happens if you have the loss of the forced |
| 23 | ³ outage of a major like a nuclear facility? We cover a lot of |
| 24 | 4 that looking across thousands of scenarios. That's a huge |
| 25 | 5 increase from the three that we spend most of our time |
| 1 | |

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historically. Right.

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2 That's three orders of magnitude more possible 3 things to go wrong. And I think the ISO deserves a lot of 4 credit for doing that structure. I think also it's important to note when we look at this study, that we're able to 5 6 finally put numbers to things. How likely are these 7 scenarios to happen? And I think it's really telling when we 8 look across thousands of scenarios, there's 20 where you 9 have more than 10 GWh of shortfall. In ERCOT and --10 ten gigawatt hours over 21 days, right, in ERCOT you were 11 shedding 20 GW per hour at times. These are just such 12 fundamentally different places.

13 And I think it's worth keeping that in mind. And 14 I think from that we can make, you know, comments that are 15 thoughtful about how Everett maybe is not needed for the 16 power sector that gas -- that oil resources can largely fill 17 that gap and that from those things we can say that this is 18 a -- the ISO can -- that this study can reframe the problem 19 as saying that New England has a fuel coordination problem 20 rather than a fuel sufficiency problem.

21 You need to make sure that the molecules can get 22 to resources. Not that there's maybe too few molecules 23 overall, but the one thing I really do want to hit on is 24 this a set of assumptions around gas sufficiency on the 25 pipeline side. So the ISO, I think to their credit, took the

Page 98 1 LDCs at their word in the various state forecast and supply 2 plans. Right. The state dockets where the LDCs say how much 3 gas do we need and how are we going to meet it. And they 4 took those at their word that Everett doesn't seem to be a 5 problem. Right. 6 The word Everett shows up once in those LDC 7 dockets, one from National Grid, one from Eversource. And 8 when the LDCs aren't talking about it, when they're not 9 telling their state regulators about it. And then from that, 10 the ISO takes those dockets at their word. I think it's 11 reasonable to start from the premise like the ISO has that 12 we don't have the pipeline issues, the LDC issues, because 13 that's never in the record anywhere. And maybe that's 14 wrong, certainly based on some of the testimony today, but I 15 don't think we can hold that against the ISO, certainly for 16 the study that they've done to date. So thanks. 17 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you for that. I think 18 we're all excited to have NERC weigh in on what their 19 thoughts are for the study. Mark. 20 MR. LAUBY: Thank you. I want to thank the 21 chair and the rest of the commissioners for inviting me here 22 today. And I'm asked to provide reactions to this system's 23 assumptions, inputs and results, and I'm pleased to do so. 24 The framework provided by the study is both useful and

25 informative. I applaud the ISO New England for using new

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1 innovative novel tools to address the growing challenges of 2 energy sufficiency. The study seeks to use probabilistic 3 analysis augmented by five global climate models where 4 deterministic assessments have been traditionally deployed. 5 It provides keen insights for decision makers as they weigh complex factors of reliability, resilience, affordability 6 7 and the environment. However, it's not a decisional study, 8 but can be used to inform decision makers. 9 Widespread, long-duration, extreme weather affects 10 the performance of all generating plants simultaneously, and 11 we have to consider common mode effects, not just one right 12 after the other. So that's something to consider when we do 13 studies like this, depending on their fuel source and the 14 weather impact on that fuel availability, the resulting 15 impacts, as you know, can be catastrophic. And that's where 16 it gets me on to discussion about what this real need for 17 addressing the interconnectivity and the interdependency 18 between gas and electric. You've heard NERC talk about this 19 a number of times. Protocols are needed at that interface. 20 It's very clear both sides need each other to succeed, very

²¹ much like what happened in the 1965 blackout.

We are here today not with a gas electric as well. In addition to modeling impacts on gas and fuel availability, further model scenarios are also needed to look at wind and solar output, pipeline uncertainties, loss

Page 100 1 of large generators, as well as power transfer levels from 2 neighboring organizations that are experiencing the same 3 weather at the same time, further expanding the framework 4 beyond one year and testing more extreme and stressful 5 scenarios mentioned -- that I mentioned above would make 6 for additional vital updates to the results. The analysis is 7 helpful to provide direction but should not be considered 8 decisional, as I said before. 9 As we learn more about an applied in these other 10 areas, remember the probabilities are just an average of a 11 distribution, right? You need to look at the whole 12 distribution of forced outage rates and scenarios. In 13 addition, like my colleague Mr. Dickerson indicated, before 14 you retire or interconnect new facilities, it's important to 15 understand the underlying reliability and resilience 16 performance requirements of that system and the 17 contributions of those facilities to that performance. And 18 what's really missing here, and I think my colleague from 19 ISO New England mentioned this before, which is a design 20 criteria, right? What are we designing to? We always have 21 the one day and ten and that was, you know, the life was 22 wonderful, but we don't live that life anymore. 23 We have energy constrained facilities becoming 24 coming on our system. So once we understand what the

25 performance requirements are and what that design basis is

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| 1 | for those for that system, then the reliability and |
| 2 | resilience can be studied and maintained through a range of |
| 3 | severe weather events and risky system scenarios and say, |
| 4 | this is what I'm willing to accept as a risk I'm willing to |
| 5 | accept, and this is a risk I'm not willing to accept. |
| 6 | And with that planning approach, the system could |
| 7 | also be restored in an orderly fashion. When you go beyond |
| 8 | that design basis. Developing this design basis is in the |
| 9 | form of an expected unserved energy or other complementary |
| 10 | metrics is really important here because right now we're |
| 11 | just kind of throwing darts and trying to figure out where |
| 12 | this thing fits in. And these are metrics beyond the one day |
| 13 | and ten, which is now really waning. And the next important |
| 14 | step, I think, is to bring these new innovative methods |
| 15 | along with those design basis, to really kind of make some |
| 16 | decisions down the road. I think FERC, NERC and the state |
| 17 | provincial regulators and industry need to work together on |
| 18 | that energy design basis number. So thank you again for |
| 19 | inviting me to participate in this important conference. |
| 20 | I look forward to any additional |
| 21 | questions. |
| 22 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, Mark. Kinder |
| 23 | Morgan. |
| 24 | MR. PERKINS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. So when I |
| 25 | evaluated this study and the results, I think I think it is |

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| 1 | a good study. And I think some of the points have already |
| 2 | been made in terms of it being decisional. You know, it's |
| 3 | only as good as its assumptions. And there are a lot of |
| 4 | assumptions. I didn't see a lot of detail on the pipeline |
| 5 | side. I think I'd like to see, you know, a little more |
| 6 | detail on the stack of generation to be able to opine on |
| 7 | whether, you know, the pipelines agree with that. So some |
| 8 | more involvement on other stakeholders in the assumptions in |
| 9 | the study to be able to to really be able to vet the |
| 10 | assumptions and I think run maybe run more sensitivities |
| 11 | around it. |
| 12 | For Kinder Morgan, for Tennessee gas pipeline, |
| 13 | when we look at this region, we can move a BCF, give or |
| 14 | take, into the region. And on peak days we deliver one and a |
| 15 | half BCF. So in the context of Everett and other downstream |
| 16 | supplies in and LNG, 50% of our peak day demand in New |
| 17 | England comes from downstream supply. It's effectively a |
| 18 | pipeline into the region. It just comes in at the very end. |
| 19 | And so, you know, I think that's very important. And so in |
| 20 | the context of Everett and a five year study as a gas |
| 21 | control guy who's conservative by nature, I would not use |
| 22 | this decision, you know, as a decisional tool, as people |
| 23 | have said. You know, it's got a lot of assumptions on solar, |
| 24 | wind that's going to come into play. Northeast Clean Energy |
| 25 | connect over the next five years. That from a prudency |
| I | |

Page 103 1 standpoint, it would be nice to see those develop and 2 actually come to pass before a decision was made on Everett 3 and have it be wrong. That -- so those are my thoughts on 4 that study. 5 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: All right. With that, I'll 6 turn to my colleagues for their comments and questions. 7 We'll start this time with Commissioner Clements. Moving to 8 Commissioner Christie and then Commissioner Danly. 9 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you, gentlemen. It's 10 good to see you all. I want to congratulate the ISO on this 11 study. I think it's a great tool and I think I've been 12 hearing you talking about it as that as a tool and an 13 evolving tool. So study is almost each production of it 14 produces a study, right? And I think that's a great thing. 15 And to your kind of meta point, Vamsi at the beginning of 16 the presentation, as we are trying to be policy makers and 17 making these decisions in the face of uncertainty, it's this 18 kind of data driven tool that will assist us starts 19 ratcheting away at the problem. 20 Certainly the design basis question is noted and 21 heard. I think that's really, really important. But from the 22 perspective of this tool, I'm really, really happy to see 23 it. And I would ask you, you know, there's some questions 24 about assumptions and I imagine some assumptions are 25 optimistic and some are pessimistic. And depending on where

Page 104 1 you sit, you might have, you know, differing views on each 2 of those questions. I understand that this is something 3 where the assumptions can evolve over time. So I'm curious 4 about that. And can you speak to how that would happen, how 5 things would change as you see changes in the system and 6 what things are outside of the ability of the of this study 7 platform to take a look at? 8 MR. CHADALAVADA: Let's thank you, Commissioner, 9 for your kind comments and we're excited about the tool 10 also. With regards to assumptions, I think it's important 11 for the ISO to first be transparent about the assumptions. 12 All of them, not some of them, and to be reasonable about 13 the assumptions that we're making. So, for example, the 14 worst case that we saw assumes the coldest period that we've 15 observed in New England in 72 years, and we assume up to 16 30% of our installed base is not going to perform. Now, we 17 can assume 40% doesn't perform or 50% doesn't perform, but 18 the number that is resulting in terms of forced outages is a 19 function of the risk of the various technology types that 20 are modeled. Granted, we could stress the system further, 21 and that's a topic of conversation that we're willing to 22 have with states and stakeholders. 23 So, for example, if we want to model gas 24 contingencies as part of this study, we can do that. But we

25 feel it's outside our scope to make that judgment and

Page 105 1 therefore to show an energy shortfall that may far exceed 2 the limits of the ISO authority in what it can and can't do. 3 So from where we sit, for what we've shared today for 2027, 4 our assumptions are reasonable. They're based on either 5 facts of what the infrastructure is. They're based on all of our known risks and some of the risks that we expect to 6 7 manifest in the future. 8 We also expect our neighboring control areas are 9 not going to be able to support us the way they could under 10 unstressed times. So we have allowances for each of those. 11 It's a question of to what degree, and the degree that we 12 put into these models is again our best experience over the 13 many cold periods that we've operated over the last decade. 14 And in terms of what we could expect as our system evolves, 15 but also as our neighboring system evolves. And lastly, 16 these assumptions can be changed easily. 17 The benefit of having this platform is that it 18 took us about 18 months to build it, but now we don't need 19 to wait more than a day to see results of new scenarios 20 we're going to offer to our stakeholders and states the 21 opportunity to introduce scenarios that they prefer that 22 they think may be a better manifestation of the future and 23 we can turn results around. Bottom line, all of this to 24 deliver for New England a baseline metric, an energy

Page 106 1 resource adequacy, which is 1 in 10. They have to be two 2 distinct products that we think we can then design markets 3 because we have actionable data of what we're buying and to 4 what extent the purchase that we're making will mitigate that risk. So that is really what's in our work plan 5 6 looking ahead. 7 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. And one other 8 thing I meant to ask about it from the perspective of it 9 being decisional, does that concern you? Can you say more 10 about how it works together with your other tools? 11 MR. CHADALAVADA: The study absolutely agrees that 12 it's not decisional in any particular scenario. It is going 13 to be over tens of thousands of scenarios and expectation 14 that we understand what the risk tolerance is in New 15 England. And as we see the risk tolerance creep up, that 16 baseline again is critical for us to always mitigate it back 17 to that level. 18 So what's decisional in this would be for me, the 19 information that we share with our stakeholders, with our 20 states, looking at the totality of the spectrum of 21 contingencies, highly stressed, low stress scenarios to pick 22 a metric that allows New England to say that's our 23 tolerance. And once the states can give us that information 24 of what that tolerance is, it then is incumbent upon us to 25 design the necessary market products. And one last comment

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on this. Going back to Panel 1, was a lot of discussion 1 2 about infrastructure and commodity co-mingled. The ISO takes 3 its responsibility very seriously of ensuring that markets 4 induce the right sets of incentives for the commodity to be 5 available, and that's clearly within our manifesto. 6 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. And I just have 7 one more question for Chair Bartlett and Chair Gerwatowski. 8 How do you know, you mentioned putting some sort of value on 9 the solar that came up in this study or maybe that was in 10 the 2024-2025, I'm not sure. But how do you think about the 11 usefulness of this study from the perspective of your own 12 jurisdictional, whether it be, you know, the initiation or 13 evolution of efficient -- energy efficiency programs or 14 other demand side resource programs or otherwise? 15 MR. BARTLETT: You know, I think going back to the 16 point of being decisional, I think where I think it's 17 helpful is going to use to help us to really evaluate what 18 are the risks and the costs and the value that we get out of 19 various fixes. So from our perspective, you know, with this 20 tool, we might be able to then think about demand response a 21 little differently. What kind of retail demand response 22 program could be set up, what kind of commercial retail 23 demand response that could be set up and then have that 24 evaluated to see whether it is providing enough of a 25 benefit to justify the cost that would be putting onto

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ratepayers.

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2 Similarly, as we're thinking about ways to 3 incentivize storage or efficiency, to the extent we can run 4 some of -- to analyze through the model the impact of those 5 things, I think it makes it a lot easier to justify to 6 ratepayers the expense and also just to make the decision 7 whether any particular expense is really worth it based on 8 what the return is. So to me it's really valuable in 9 decision making, though obviously it doesn't dictate any 10 particular answer.

11 MR. GERWATOWSKI: I'm just to echo what Barclay 12 indicated. This is really excellent information for us to 13 assess the value of renewables as they come in. One pleasant 14 surprise that I had was I always knew that the offshore wind 15 was going to be very useful during the winter to avoid 16 burning down stored fuels. And I always had looked at solar 17 as something that always helped in the summer, but really 18 was not very helpful in the winter. And it was -- it 19 surprised me. And I said, well, it shouldn't have been 20 surprising.

So, I mean, the value of the solar has gone up quite a bit from my perspective, just from the basis of the study. I never thought it would be helpful in the context of winter reliability, and it is. So those are the kind of things we'll look at as a value proposition. I think as we

Page 109 1 evaluate programs that we go forward with. 2 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Right. Thank you very much 3 for participating. 4 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Commissioner Christie. 5 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Want to go to Commissioner 6 Gerwatowski. I hope I got that right. 7 MR. GERWATOWSKI: I accept any reasonable 8 approximation. 9 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Well, I hope that was a 10 just and reasonable. Your opening statement. I thought I 11 agree with every single word. And he got to the very end. 12 And I just want to clarify on the variant as a state 13 regulator, former state regulator, I agree with you. And 14 let's talk about your LDCs. So your LDCs, if you know, state 15 regulators, we worry about whether our LDCs have sufficient 16 supply and we make them tell us where they're getting it and 17 where they're going to get it. And so every word you said, I 18 obviously agree with you and Everett may be needed for 19 longer term than a couple of years. 20 But the only thing is, at the very end you said, 21 so somebody ought to do a study. It seems to me like that 22 seems to be the default key up here is somebody ought to do 23 a study. But you as a state regulator can call your LDCs in 24 right now and say, where are you getting it from and where 25 are you going to get it from? And if you're getting it from

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| 1 | Fage 110 Everett or and the same thing would apply in Massachusetts |
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| 2 | regulator. You don't need to study. I mean, they can tell |
| 3 | you right now, your LDCs can tell you right now where |
| | |
| 4 | they're getting it, where they're going to get it and where |
| 5 | they're going to need to get it. |
| 6 | And so why can't we as state regulators just call |
| 7 | them in and say, where are you getting it? And if they say |
| 8 | we're getting it from Everett, we cannot afford Everett to |
| 9 | close. You can say publicly we cannot afford Everett to |
| 10 | close. Let's work on getting it financed. That'd be my only |
| 11 | every word you said was true until I thought you said it |
| 12 | at the end. We need another study. The reality is, know |
| 13 | where they're getting it right now. You don't need another |
| 14 | study, right? |
| 15 | MR. GERWATOWSKI: I think they. I probably |
| 16 | conflated two things. Without question. You're right about |
| 17 | the ability for us to bring in LDCs and learn a lot from |
| 18 | them and demand that they do certain things. I think in part |
| 19 | what I was doing was illustrating the sensitivities of the |
| 20 | gas system that we have. We experienced this thing, this |
| 21 | event for things that were occurring far away from Newport. |
| 22 | And here we have the situation of the entire regional |
| 23 | electric system. And we don't have evaluation where you need |
| 24 | the pipelines the interstate pipelines and the LDCs and |
| 25 | the ISO working together to develop the scenarios. |

Page 111 1 So when I said -- and that seems to be absent and 2 actually that's not a criticism of the ISO study, it just 3 seems to me that the assumption that, yes, the gas system 4 will be operational and this is the basis that we're going 5 forward with the conclusions just seems to be missing that 6 piece. 7 And I don't think that, I've never felt that we've had the 8 ability to tell the interstate pipelines to go and work on a 9 on a on a study that does the hydraulic modeling along 10 with the LDCs. I think that was the point that I was getting 11 at. But I don't quibble with what you indicated in the 12 beginning of your comment. 13 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Okay. All right. That's my 14 point. 15 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Commissioner Danly. 16 COMMISSIONER DANLY: So I guess my question is 17 what the ultimate conclusion we're supposed to draw from 18 this thing is. It seems you don't believe that the weather 19 conditions that had been alarming in the past are quite as 20 severe or the consequences will be as severe as you thought 21 before. And so what does that mean? Does it mean that we 22 have been historically overpaying for reliability and I 23 assume in England and there's a greater tolerance for it? Is 24 that the point that the market has been over procuring for 25 that? Last year I was informed that basically ISO New

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England was unable to employee market mechanisms to ensure resource adequacy.

3 And now, nine months later, without presumably a 4 whole lot of building of new things or some mass exodus from the region. Yeah, it looks like we're okay. I guess I'm 5 having trouble understanding. And I've been coming back to 6 7 this repeatedly, and you can see I'm really struggling with 8 this. How is it possible or not how is it possible? How do 9 we put this in actual terms? Right. Because we have limited 10 jurisdiction. We're in charge of your tariff, or at least I 11 shouldn't say that you're in charge of your tariff. We 12 approve it when you file it. What has been the change that 13 has occurred? And does this implicitly mean that we have had 14 a poorly designed market historically that rather than what 15 I thought last time we all were together, was underpaying 16 people to ensure resource adequacy and reliability?

17 In fact, it's quite the opposite that you're 18 saying, no, there's no problem here. And if anything, what 19 we're going to do is potentially see the loss of this gas 20 from Everett. That's okay, because even though our system 21 relies upon a bunch of natural gas generators that don't --22 you can't afford a firm fuel contracts in the main, but 23 we'll take our chances with that. Good to go. Don't need to 24 have the extra generation get rid of the Mystic perfectly 25 fine. Which, by the way, I'm not saying anything on that.

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Page 113 1 I'm just giving a list of what appears to be what you're 2 saying to us. I just -- I -- knowing that we have massive 3 difficulties in building anything. 4 This isn't trying to build a pipeline in 5 Oklahoma. It is very difficult to build infrastructure. You 6 have a massive facility that is probably never going to come 7 back once it goes. I'm just struggling to understand what 8 was wrong before and how it is that things have changed. And 9 sorry that I keep harping on this, but I am just not getting 10 it. 11 MR. CHADALAVADA: The two things that I think are 12 critical in the way that we've studied this. Up to this 13 point in time, let's say roughly a year ago, we're looking 14 at the equation in terms of capacity. Either you have enough 15 capacity that can produce energy or not. We have started to 16 shift our analytics to study about energy. And so all of the 17 capacity that's in New England, what are the constraints on 18 each of these technology types? What is the delivery of 19 energy across all of these technology types and what is the 20 need on the system from an energy standpoint? 21 So the capacity scarcity event and the sorts of 22 events that have happened on December 20th may still 23 happen, but we've now started to shift to an energy analysis 24 and the tools that we've had to this point in time were 25 limited. We are not able to take the same tools that studied

Page 114 1 capacity and use them for the purposes of understanding 2 energy needs. What this platform has done for New England is 3 start to appreciate the differences between the two models. 4 What is the equation when you have a capacity 5 factor of 10% for solar versus what is the energy production 6 when it's at 10% capacity factor across 21 days? And they're 7 both necessary pieces of information, but we hadn't made 8 them available side by side for the purposes of meeting our 9 1 in 10 standard, which is required from resource adequacy 10 and separating it from what do we need for energy adequacy. 11 12 And so where maybe the message isn't going to be crisp 13 because this is an evolution and it's necessary because of 14 the changing system is we have to look at both. It's no 15 longer sufficient to say we have enough installed capacity 16 and for that matter, experience around the nation has shown 17 more so than not that it's forced outages that have been the 18 root cause of many of the concerns in terms of delivering 19 energy. 20 So you have to look at those two dimensions. And 21 this tool and what we've been discussing in the past are two 22 different things. And so the sophistication of knowing 23 energy adequacy, I think is for us, the key differentiator 24 from all of the work and from the way that we've been 25 expressing ourselves in the past. And so capacity

Page 115 accreditation, Commissioner, just to make it -- I know it's 1 2 going to be later this afternoon, but the market is far from 3 perfect. There's a lot of work. 4 We have the fundamental structures that we need, 5 but in terms of incentives, we have substantially the right 6 level of incentives. But there's still a lot of work for us 7 to do in terms of getting capacity accreditation, right, in 8 terms of getting the price formation in our energy and 9 ancillary services, right. And in terms of designing the new 10 products that we need to protect against the sorts of risks 11 that we're talking about. 12 COMMISSIONER DANLY: Okay. That's really 13 irritating because you did the same thing again, which was 14 preempt the next question I was going to ask you. So -- I 15 would like you to talk -- you said comes up later. Don't 16 care. I want to hear about it now. You said there's still 17 work to do in fixing the markets. My question remains, have 18 we been overpaying for reliability? Is that the implicit 19 lesson that we're to draw from this? Because if we're told 20 the sky is falling nine months ago and then -- and really, I 21 don't think that's an unfair characterization. 22 I don't it was it was pretty dire. And we're 23 being told now. Now we actually got a whole new set of

program on it now. And we can figure out these things we 25

24

information. We bought a new laptop and we're running a new

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| 1 | didn't know before. My question is, were all of the |
| 2 | assumptions before faulty and were we overpaying for |
| 3 | capacity or are you saying we just happened by a miracle |
| 4 | without this information to have perfectly titrated the |
| 5 | prices correctly? What are the capacity market reforms that |
| 6 | you're envisioning or for that matter, any market reforms? |
| 7 | I'm still I guess I'm just not convinced that this is as |
| 8 | paradigm shifting as you're making it sound. So if you could |
| 9 | try to persuade me, I would love that. |
| 10 | MR. CHADALAVADA: It's a tall order, Commissioner, |
| 11 | and it isn't first question that you asked, have we been |
| 12 | overpaying for reliability? Not at all. I think that we've |
| 13 | been paying for reliability the way the markets have been |
| 14 | structured based on the models and the product and the |
| 15 | demand and the supply side. And it's really making sure that |
| 16 | the supply and demand intersect at an installed capacity |
| 17 | requirement on a curve that we are using the models that |
| 18 | much of the nation uses. So on that basis now are the |
| 19 | models perfect? Every panelist here has basically alluded to |
| 20 | the fact that no single model is perfect. So those are the |
| 21 | improvements that we're going to be making is in our model |
| 22 | capacity. |
| 23 | Accreditation is at the forefront of what we want |
| 24 | to work on, and it's a progress that's underway. They had |
| 25 | ancillary services, which you'll hear is the next |

Page 117 1 improvement that we want to make. But the journey doesn't 2 stop. We know there's a need for ramping product. We know 3 there's a need for other reserve products that will protect 4 against the sorts of energy adequacy shortfall measures that 5 we've just seen in the study. 6 So those are the steps that we need to take to 7 improve our markets. And so in terms of a paradigm shift. 8 It's not so much a paradigm shift as an assessment as we've 9 improved our analytics of understanding where the weaknesses 10 of the system are to a greater degree than we ever had 11 before. So if you look at any of the areas PJM or Midwest, 12 ISO or Texas, as they've gone through their experiences, 13 they're starting to see that the models that they've used 14 and the results and the experiences that they've had are 15 different. 16 And so it's incumbent upon each of us to take the 17 actual experience of the system and feed it back into our 18 products and into our markets and into our tools and models. 19 And that's the journey you're seeing. So it's less a 20 paradigm shift rather than the ISO trying to improve itself 21 at each step of the way, using the information that it has 22 and knowing what its journey is going to be and struggling a 23 bit along the way because there isn't --24 COMMISSIONER DANLY: We can expect another 25 iteration in nine months in which you then say actually we

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| 1 | now have yet a new model and in fact we're completely facing |
| 2 | the brink of disaster. It is a pretty dramatic shift that |
| 3 | we're seeing in the story we're being told. I, I just I have |
| 4 | to make that clear to everybody because it seems like it's |
| 5 | being glossed over a little bit here. |
| 6 | MR. CHADALAVADA: I understand, Commissioner, in |
| 7 | nine months, if we're doing a 2027 study, short of a |
| 8 | catastrophic event on the system, I expect you will see |
| 9 | similar results. But as we go out into the decade, for |
| 10 | example, in 2032, the results may be much different than |
| 11 | what you're seeing today because we're now studying a system |
| 12 | nine years from now where the uncertainties are much |
| 13 | greater. But again, many panelists have made the comment |
| 14 | that the ISO should model the loss of a compressor station. |
| 15 | We did that in 2017. |
| 16 | It shows a massive exposure of risk in New |
| 17 | England, but that's not actionable from our standpoint |
| 18 | because we are starting to model gas system contingencies. |
| 19 | That's informational, but what would the ISO do with that? |
| 20 | And so we didn't see the benefit of stressing the system to |
| 21 | a point of saying what happens if there's a catastrophic |
| 22 | black swan event? We're going to be in a world of hurt. |
| 23 | There's almost a certainty that I won't be in my job |
| 24 | probably the next day. But you know, those are the |
| 25 | challenges that we need to prepare for, but we can't design |

| | Page 119 |
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| 1 | markets for. And there is a limit to what we can accomplish. |
| 2 | But that journey of discussion and information, as |
| 3 | frustrating and tiring as it may be, is necessary because we |
| 4 | are part of that conversation of trying to educate |
| 5 | ourselves and bring the best information we have forward. |
| 6 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: I mean, if you're arguing |
| 7 | for iteratively, I can't argue against that in return. It's |
| 8 | just okay. I guess we have a couple of cards up. Go ahead. |
| 9 | MR. BARTLETT: Thank you, Commissioner. You know, |
| 10 | I think for years and years, we've recognized that we have a |
| 11 | fuel security risk in the region and have been putting one |
| 12 | solution after another. Some of them are market based. Some |
| 13 | of them are not trying to get a handle on this, but never |
| 14 | really having sort of the robust probabilistic analysis to |
| 15 | understand whether we were solving the problem or the |
| 16 | magnitude of the problem continuing. So I look at this 2027. |
| 17 | Every study is not so much a dramatic change in results, |
| 18 | but it puts the risk into context. I think we often talk |
| 19 | about the reliability risk. |
| 20 | As you get to a point, you can't serve all of the |
| 21 | load and you hit tilt, right? Just the system breaks its |
| 22 | tilt. And we don't really talk about, well, what's the |
| 23 | magnitude? And I think what we see in the 2027 study is not |
| | |

25 manageable, that it is of a magnitude of probability that

that there's no risk but that ISOs assess that it is

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| they feel like they can handle it. And I think as we go forward to 2032, as we see the risk of more retirements, maybe the renewables aren't coming on as fast as we expected. I think we'll see more weak spots that we can p to. But to me, this just goes to the power of having real good analysis so that you can make informed decisions and correct the actual problem, not sort of this tilt situati where, you know, the lights go off. COMMISSIONER DANLY: And so correct the actual problem that is compensating people correctly through the market mechanisms or getting infrastructure built that's needed. Right. Are there any other solutions to the probl that you just alluded to? MR. BARTLETT: And I think the discussion of th talking about Everett or you're talking about the other L | ly |
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| 15 earlier panel sort of illuminated this, that whether you' | |
| | е |
| ¹⁶ talking about Everett or you're talking about the other L | re |
| | NG |
| 17 terminals, what's needed is the right contract incentives | , |
| 18 you know, to get firm fuel delivered. And keeping everyon | е |
| ¹⁹ alone isn't going to solve that or any other infrastructu | re |
| 20 if you don't have the market mechanisms to work as well. | |
| 21 COMMISSIONER DANLY: And part of the problem, | |
| 22 too, is because it's both LDCs and generators that are th | е |
| ²³ beneficiaries of that gas. We only have jurisdiction over | |
| one of those two. And so there's a limit to the amount ot | her |
| 25 than convening things. There's not a lot that can do | |

Page 121 1 directly there. Okay. Sorry. Do you have anything else 2 Daly? Okay, go ahead. 3 MR. DALY: Thank you. So when we --when last we 4 met, there was talk the problem was framed in terms of, well, power generators will not provide for those extreme 5 6 cold events. They will procure fuel for what would be an 7 expected winter type situation because it's very risky. Very 8 cold weather doesn't show up once in ten years, 1 in 20 9 years, whatever. So nobody is willing to fill tanks to the 10 degree to cover that type of scenario. But I just point out 11 that in this in this study, a lot of LNG and oil is showing 12 up supposedly, and questioning, questioning that. What 13 changed? Well, is it the inventoried energy program? That's 14 -- it's only a two year program, so it won't be in place in 15 2027. 16 So what's causing this optimistic view of what 17 where the fuel is coming from? And you heard on an earlier 18 panel what you need to do is to contract forward for those 19 fuels to show up in the winter time. You can't decide on a 20 20 day forecast that you're going to you're going to now 21 contract for ships of LNG and oil. It just the demand or the 22 supply isn't really that immediate and that available and

24 question that we have the right market structure to produce 25 the results that we're seeing in that study. And that's why

the cost recovery of it is not agreed. So, you know, I just

23

Page 122 1 I say let's not dismantle stuff that we have and works today 2 before we have these resources that are forecasted to be 3 there, actually come into come into play. 4 I think it's a very risky strategy to go in and 5 let resources you clearly need. And as I said, I started my 6 comments and saying we have a high and volatile market. 7 Volatility and high prices are synonymous with scarcity and 8 we have precarious --9 COMMISSIONER DANLY: Things are working 10 correctly. Yeah. So I saw the look on your face there. I 11 took that to be correct, that there were assumptions about 12 the availability of both gas and oil. And so was that wrong 13 because you shook your head? 14 MR. CHADALAVADA: No, not wrong. But the idea that 15 those were optimistic, I wouldn't suggest that those were 16 optimistic. Those were reasonable as informed by what we got 17 post Ukraine chaos where post invasion of Ukraine, because 18 that was a time where we were paralyzed in understanding how 19 the world was going to behave in late fall, early winter of 20 last year. And we saw the market perform beyond our 21 expectation. We saw the volume of oil that came into New 22 England probably higher than ever in the last ten years 23 without any subsidization. We saw that the commodity, the 24 LNG came into New England.

Now, yes, the weather was very mild and we're not

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Page 123 1 going to take this for granted that the next time there's 2 some global supply chain constraint that we should expect 3 something similar. But we have downscaled our expectation of 4 what we will have for LNG and for oil. And so I just quibble 5 with the word optimistic. For example, the result that 6 Steven mentioned assumes that at the start of a really cold 7 snap, we have six BCF of LNG against an installed sort of 8 infrastructure base of between 13 and 16 BCF. So we're 9 assuming less than 50% of volume. I fully accept the need 10 for a gas study because we are limited in our expertise. 11 And so I take to heart the concerns expressed by 12 pipelines and LDCs about the gas system deliverability. If 13 there are specific issues on the gas system that impact or 14 impair the operation of the electric system, I have great 15 confidence that they will give us that information, which we 16 will reflect in the next iteration of this study. So it's 17 not complete. I don't want anyone to think the study is 18 incomplete. Neither do I want anyone to think that the study 19 is either optimistic or conservative. It is our best 20 expectation of the future based on our experience all the 21 way through this past winter. COMMISSIONER DANLY: For the next few years? 22 23 MR. CHADALAVADA: For the next three, four years. 24 That's correct. 25 COMMISSIONER DANLY: Okay. So I should probably

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| 1 | hand it back to you. I don't want to take up all the time | |
| 2 | here. | |
| 3 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: We can I see tent cards up | |
| 4 | at least one. No, we got two. | |
| 5 | MR. GRIFFITH: Yes, sir. Just two really quick | |
| 6 | points on the topic of contracting. I don't disagree that | |
| 7 | some level of forward contracting is helpful. LS has, you | |
| 8 | know, dual fuel oil capability. We have a little bit of FTE | |
| 9 | for one of our units, but I think the magnitudes are still | |
| 10 | really important. When we look at what's coming out of this | |
| 11 | study, we're talking about needing 60 million gallons of oil | |
| 12 | for that worst week, the worst 21 days, and that's a lot of | |
| 13 | oil. But on the other hand, we have 240 million gallons of | |
| 14 | capability, so we need a quarter of it. That's and you | |
| 15 | know, we've gone through during things like the 2017, 2018, | |
| 16 | cold snap, similar amounts of oil, and we've replenished it | |
| 17 | immediately afterwards. | |
| 18 | So we have a track record of managing through | |
| 19 | that kind of oil need and coming out the other side. Okay. | |
| 20 | So I guess I worry when I hear views expressed that say, you | |
| 21 | know, we need everything contracted super far forward | |
| 22 | because that's the only way we're going to ride through it. I | : think |
| 23 | | |
| 24 | the study reflects reality and saying we have done it | |
| 25 | before, we can do it again, and the amount of oil we really | |
| | | |

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| 1 | need is real, but certainly within reach. |
| 2 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Mr. Lauby. |
| 3 | MR. LAUBY: Thank you. You know, I wish we had |
| 4 | somebody who could regulate the fuel like wind and solar, |
| 5 | along with, of course, the gas and coal. That's always been |
| 6 | something that we've had to manage. And when it came to |
| 7 | coal, it was in the back 40 or you had uranium or water. Now |
| 8 | we're dealing with real life, you know, energy constraints |
| 9 | and constraints systems which are just in time deliverable. |
| 10 | And we need to understand what we're talking a lot about |
| 11 | solutions here. We've got to start understanding what is |
| 12 | what are we going to design to. Maybe the minus maybe |
| 13 | 100,000 megawatt hours is the design parameter for 1961 and |
| 14 | we never want to get there again. So we designed it to be |
| 15 | able to overcome that. That might include fuel and the |
| 16 | tanks, it might include other gas pipelines and might |
| 17 | include a host of other facilities, energy efficiency, |
| 18 | demand response, all sorts of different solutions to get us |
| 19 | to what we want to design to. |
| 20 | And I think that's really missing in the |
| 21 | conversation and something we need to start thinking about |

21 conversation and something we need to start thinking about 22 as we start wanting to get more decisional about our 23 analysis. Realizing of course, again, a forced outage rate 24 is just that. It's just a number which is represents a 25 Poisson distribution and yada, yada, yada. And I can get

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| 1 | pull up the covers on that and you don't want me to do |
| 2 | that. But we have to understand really what is the |
| 3 | acceptable level of risk, what are we willing to accept, |
| 4 | build to that and then learn how to restore from those |
| 5 | events that go beyond that. Thank you. |
| 6 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Mr. Danly, final thought? |
| 7 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: I was just going to say what |
| 8 | we designed to is sort of the other side of my saying, are |
| 9 | we overpaying? Right. We have that question is meaningless |
| 10 | if you don't know what the thing is you're paying for. So |
| 11 | it's the same. It's the same point fundamentally. |
| 12 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Any other final thoughts or |
| 13 | comments from my colleagues? All right. We're going to stop |
| 14 | right here with the first half of our day. I'm going to turn |
| 15 | it over to Mr. Burns, who will instruct us on how we can get |
| 16 | back here for an on time start after lunch. |
| 17 | MR. BURNS: We're starting at 12:55, not 1:00. |
| 18 | 12:55. For those of you the excuse me, there is plenty of |
| 19 | casual options around. So we'll see you back here five |
| 20 | minutes before 1:00. Thank you. |
| 21 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, everybody. |
| 22 | (Whereupon, at 12:55 p.m., a luncheon recess was taken.) |
| 23 | |
| 24 | |
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| 1 | AFTERNOON SESSION |
| 2 | MR. BURNS: Welcome back, everyone. We're going |
| 3 | to get started before we start the third panel. I'm going to |
| 4 | turn it over from to a colleague from PHMSA. |
| 5 | MS. GENTILI: Good afternoon, everybody. I hope |
| 6 | you all had a good lunch. My name is Karen Gentili and I am |
| 7 | with the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety |
| 8 | Administration, commonly referred to as PHMSA. PHMSA's |
| 9 | mission is to protect people and the environment by |
| 10 | advancing the safe transportation of energy and other |
| 11 | hazardous materials throughout the United States and in |
| 12 | support of National Safety Month. |
| 13 | I just wanted to give a safety minute to remind |
| 14 | everybody to please notify 811 prior to disturbing any soil, |
| 15 | whether it's to maintain or construct infrastructure or to |
| 16 | perform a home improvement or landscaping project such as |
| 17 | installing a fence or planting a tree, please notify 811 so |
| 18 | that underground utilities can be marked. It's a free |
| 19 | service and it's to protect you and the underground |
| 20 | utilities. Thanks for the opportunity to deliver this |
| 21 | message and be safe. |
| 22 | MR. BURNS: Thanks, Karen. We're ready for Panel |
| 23 | 3, Paths to Sustainable Solutions Infrastructure. Panelists |
| 24 | for this panel include David Cavanaugh, Senior Vice |
| 25 | President, Regulatory and Market Affairs of Energy, New |
| | |

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| 1 | England. Patricia Diorio, Head of Americas Project |
| 2 | Development, Orsted, North America. Vandan Divatia Vice |
| 3 | President, Transmission Policy, Compliance and |
| 4 | Interconnections. Eversource Energy. Katie Dykes |
| 5 | Commissioner, Connecticut Department of Energy and |
| 6 | Environmental Protection. Bob Ethier Vice President, System |
| 7 | Planning ISO New England. Richard Paglia Vice President, |
| 8 | Marketing and Business Development, Enbridge, and Rebecca |
| 9 | Tepper Secretary, Massachusetts Executive, Office of Energy |
| 10 | and Environmental Affairs. Just a reminder to our panelists |
| 11 | to please avoid any ex-parte discussions. We will interrupt |
| 12 | if we need to. And, Mr. Chairman, we're ready to begin. |
| 13 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you again. And thank |
| 14 | you, everybody, for coming back. And thank you to all the |
| 15 | panelists here today. And thanks, Karen, for that 811 |
| 16 | reminder it is important that we call 811 before we dig. And |
| 17 | I think that's a perfect segue to talk about what we're |
| 18 | about to talk about, which is infrastructure. We've talked |
| 19 | about Everett at length this morning. |
| 20 | And so what I would like to do with this panel is |
| 21 | to transition into talking about other types of |
| 22 | infrastructure. And it can mean many different things to |
| 23 | different people. All right. It can mean transmission |
| 24 | planning. It can mean development of new resources like |
| 25 | onshore, offshore wind, oil, natural gas, traditional |
| | |

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| 1 | thermal resources. What I would like to start with, with |
| 2 | this group is this. In your view what do you think? What is |
| 3 | the key infrastructure needs for New England in order to |
| 4 | sustain reliability beyond what we've talked about already |
| 5 | today? And don't all start at once. Cavanaugh. |
| 6 | MR. CAVANAUGH: Thank you, Commissioner, and thank |
| 7 | you again for having me on the panel this year. As I |
| 8 | mentioned last September, for public power, it's certainly |
| 9 | we have three objectives, right? It's reliability least cost |
| 10 | power and decarbonizing our portfolios. But to your |
| 11 | question, when I think about that transition we're making |
| 12 | here to a cleaner grid, we have to also keep an eye on doing |
| 13 | it safely. And you look at what's going on today in New |
| 14 | England and we're right now going through qualifications for |
| 15 | FC18 and we have in the news delayed offshore wind projects, |
| 16 | but we also have reasonably quite a bit of retirement. You |
| 17 | could see coming up of resources. We need to safely make |
| 18 | that transition. |
| 19 | So when you think about infrastructure, |
| 20 | immediately I think about what our main objective is. |

immediately I think about what our main objective is. 21 Reliability. And then of course, as I mentioned, our last is 22 to decarbonize. And for us, we're starting to think about --23 if I look into Q today and look at the publicly available 24 data, there's a 742 megawatt resource in Connecticut that 25 put a retirement bid in. If I back into that, there are

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| 1 | about 28 million gallons of stored fuel there and it's a |
| 2 | facility that's been around for a long time that will have |
| 3 | impact as we think about the reliable transition to future, |
| 4 | particularly with the delayed entry of wind. |
| 5 | And then if I look further at the publicly |
| 6 | available data, there's a large storage facility in New |
| 7 | Hampshire that's indicating its desire to probably start |
| 8 | exiting the market before long. So as we think about where |
| 9 | we are, it's also not only transmission that we'll need, but |
| 10 | it's also maintaining the resources that provide those |
| 11 | reliability services we need today and into the future. |
| 12 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: So if we can add a twist to |
| 13 | that question, what are the barriers? What are the obstacles |
| 14 | to both keeping the resources that we need and bringing new |
| 15 | resources online? Yes, sir. |
| 16 | MR. DIVATIA: Good afternoon, Vandan Divatia, |
| 17 | Eversource. As I try to answer that question, I'd like to go |
| 18 | back in the early days of my career, very similar timeframe |
| 19 | where we as an industry, we evolved our planning process to |
| 20 | start planning for multiple contingencies so we don't have a |
| 21 | recurrence of what happened on August 14th, 2003. As we |
| 22 | transform the New England system into potentially a winter |
| 23 | peaking system, we have to start realizing that winter |
| 24 | resource adequacy and winter reliability are inextricably |
| 25 | connected and to our customers, they are indistinguishable. |

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| 1 | So when you think about the obstacles, one of the |
| 2 | obstacles is the lack of that type of a standard and that |
| 3 | type of a planning attribute in the planning or grid. In |
| 4 | addition to that, some of the comments made by the included |
| 5 | in the FERC, NERP already point to a longer time, longer |
| 6 | planning horizon, and we support that starting to look at |
| 7 | multi-value solutions such as not just looking for |
| 8 | reliability, but clean energy and an economically |
| 9 | beneficial project. So when one of the obstacles is the |
| 10 | planning process and I think the industry needs to start |
| 11 | making strides into evolving that. And I would say the |
| 12 | second key obstacle is clarity and cost recovery. |
| 13 | We've done numerous studies in New England to |
| 14 | determine what kind of a system is needed to integrate the |
| 15 | clean energy resources we need to maintain reliability, but |
| 16 | we don't have the clarity in making decisions on those |
| 17 | anticipatory solutions. And what I am encouraged by is the |
| 18 | recent applications that were done by New England, by |
| 19 | Massachusetts and by Connecticut for anticipatory |
| 20 | transmission to interconnect offshore wind. So there are |
| 21 | some positives in this direction, but I'll pause at the |
| 22 | planning process as one of the key obstacles. |
| 23 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: We go here, then come back |
| 24 | down here. |
| 25 | MS. DiORIO: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And I wanted |
| 1 | |

Page 132 1 to just express my appreciation to the FERC for holding this 2 really important forum. Orsted, as you know, is a world 3 leader in offshore wind energy. We also are engaged in 4 onshore renewables here in the United States. We've got a 5 five gigawatt awarded portfolio of offshore wind farms. And 6 for New England, offshore is certainly our focus. So we own 7 Block Island just for context, and we also have the 750 8 megawatt revolution wind farm, which has contracts with 9 both Rhode Island and Connecticut. 10 So we'll serve the New England area. And I want 11 to agree vehemently with my colleague from Eversource that 12 transmission is the unlock for renewables of all stripes. 13 And in New England, especially for offshore wind. I would

14 say that taking the long view on this, it'll just get more 15 challenging to connect offshore wind in particular in the 16 future. And there are studies that show that we could have 17 about 30GW of that resource, really super important 18 resource by 2050. It does enhance reliability because of its 19 seasonality in the wintertime. So it does have a role to 20 play here.

21 But I would echo my colleague here that long term 22 planning is super important. We've heard a lot of discussion 23 about that. And then also cost allocation. I would encourage 24 the Commission and the RTOs to take more of an expansive 25 view of cost allocation and reliability benefits, as well as

Page 133 1 projects that will help states to meet their decarbonization 2 qoals. 3 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: So we have transmission 4 planning, we have cost allocation. We want to add to the 5 list or are we in agreement with the list? 6 MR. PAGLIA: Get that to work there. Thank you, 7 Mr. Chairman. Thank you, Commissioners, for inviting me 8 back. The short answer to your first question is 9 infrastructure. We need infrastructure in this region. It --10 we can study it as long as we want. We know we have 11 constraints across all aspects of our energy systems in this 12 region. And let me be clear. My comments today are largely 13 going to focus on gas infrastructure, because that's what 14 we -- what I do primarily at Enbridge. But please don't 15 construe that as not being supportive of an all of the above 16 approach if we want to move forward in this region. We need 17 customer choice. We need affordability. We need reliability, 18 resiliency and sustainability. We can't accomplish that with 19 one silver bullet. I think that's a fair point. 20 So on the gas side, because again, that's my area 21 of purview today. We have a problem, Commissioner Danly. You 22 were poking at Vamsi. I did that similarly a couple of 23 months ago when I first saw the report. Vamsi, I apologize 24 to you because I got a little animated because it was a 25 total 180 from where I thought the region collectively have

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| 1 | been on the challenges between the gas electric |
| 2 | interdependency. So I was obviously concerned as well. |
| 3 | We do have a problem. We provided comments on the |
| 4 | record. I hope you all have had a chance to see them. If you |
| 5 | haven't, I would encourage you to do so. And we're happy to |
| 6 | speak to those at any time. We talk a lot about modeling and |
| 7 | assumptions. The reality is our systems work in real time. |
| 8 | Minute to minute, hour to hour. That's where the gremlins |
| 9 | lie. They don't lie in oh, I hope we get X amount of |
| 10 | supply over the period of the winter. We'll be fine. They |
| 11 | lie in that minute to minute challenge of operating our |
| 12 | energy systems, and that's where the vulnerabilities are |
| 13 | really starting to show on the gas side. And as I said, we |
| 14 | highlighted that in our comments. |
| 15 | So to move forward, we need more infrastructure. |
| 16 | All of the above, again, as I said, and we can achieve the |
| 17 | goals. And I think we all want to as a region, but without |
| 18 | that common understanding of an all of the above approach, |
| 19 | which includes additional gas infrastructure, we're going to |
| 20 | be talking about this next year. I've been doing it for 27 |
| 21 | years and I really hope that we can move that conversation |
| 22 | forward today. |
| 23 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Quick follow up for you. Would |
| 24 | you agree that additional gas and oil storage is included in |

25 that new infrastructure that we need?

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| 1 | MR. PAGLIA: Yes, I think we could largely reduce |
| 2 | our reliance on the oil infrastructure if we focus on gas |
| 3 | related solutions. And when I speak of gas related |
| 4 | solutions, maybe if I may, just very quickly, two types that |
| 5 | resonate for me in particularly as beneficial to this |
| 6 | region. One would be on system LNG with liquefaction and |
| 7 | storage capability that addresses that peak day reliability |
| 8 | and resiliency concern that we're all focused on and we're |
| 9 | scoping out several of those types of projects across our |
| 10 | system and we're hopeful that we'll be able to move some of |
| 11 | those forward. |
| 12 | The second would be expansions of our main lines. |
| 13 | I'm not talking about greenfield pipeline development, I'm |
| 14 | talking about lift and replace, adding horsepower |
| 15 | compression to really tap into the supplies that are several |
| 16 | hundred miles to our west. That really hits resiliency and |
| 17 | affordability. So you get different results from different |
| 18 | types of infrastructure. But if you broadly shape your |
| 19 | thoughts around those two, we can really move the needle on |
| 20 | where we are today in a timely fashion. |
| 21 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you for that. I'm going |
| 22 | to go to Ms. Dykes. Always good to see you. |
| 23 | MS. DYKES: Great to see you, Mr. Chairman, and |
| 24 | thank you so much for again, traveling to the region to host |
| 25 | this important conference. I'll just add to the list. I |
| | |

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| 1 | think one of the really important things that we need to |
| 2 | address this long term challenge is better planning and |
| 3 | analytical tools. And I am gratified or relieved that 11 |
| 4 | months after the last forum where I joined some of my |
| 5 | colleagues, I'm thinking of Chairman Bartlett's comments |
| 6 | around calling for more proactive planning tools, more |
| 7 | quantification and quantification of the performance |
| 8 | characteristics of resources. We need to address the Winter |
| 9 | Reliability challenge. |
| 10 | We now have this EPRI study moving forward, this |
| 11 | tool. So I just want to, as someone who's been not shy about |
| 12 | being, you know, vocal about the things that we need from |
| 13 | the ISO to achieve our collective vision around reliability |
| 14 | and affordability of our grid, I want to really recognize |
| 15 | and appreciate how the conversation has been able to move |
| 16 | forward because of the study. |
| 17 | I do think that we urgently need the results from |
| 18 | the 2030 to run in order to answer the question of this |
| 19 | panel and frankly, some of the questions in the earlier |
| 20 | panels. So we're eagerly awaiting the results from those |
| 21 | studies and particularly what it will say in terms of the |
| 22 | amount of new offshore wind that might be needed to replace |
| 23 | the oil units that we do. I share the concerns around the |
| 24 | pace of retirements there, as well as what will be assumed |
| 25 | in terms of the continuing operation of the nuclear |

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facilities.

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2 Keeping in mind that while we've been talking a 3 lot about Everett over the last five years, there's a 4 similar challenge that we faced and addressed -- Connecticut 5 addressed in terms of retaining the Millstone nuclear 6 facility. But I will say, beyond those planning tools, once 7 we have those, it unlocks the ability for us to align our 8 state procurements and things that we're doing to meet our 9 climate and clean energy goals across the various states 10 with the desire that we have as states to provide for 11 affordability and reliability of the grid. And so that's 12 really helpful for us to align those things.

13 I think that there's -- it's really very 14 interesting looking at the 2027 study to recognize I see an 15 implicit acknowledgment there that state clean energy 16 policies are contributing to and not hindering the region's 17 winter reliability. And so I think that the removal of some 18 of the barriers in our market towards the participation of 19 state public policy goals is really important.

20 It also opens up the possibility of cost 21 allocation discussions that could seek to regionalize some 22 of the costs of integrating those state public policy 23 resources because of the reliability benefit that they're 24 providing. And I'm thinking here in terms of transmission to 25 integrate offshore wind. So there's lots more to say, but

Page 138 1 you have wonderful speakers here, so I'll reserve for 2 another comment. 3 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you so much. And thank 4 you for pointing out the attributes of your state policy choices and how it has benefited reliability. I appreciate 5 6 you pointing that out. Ms. Tepper. 7 MS. TEPPER: Hi, Good afternoon. Thank you. Thank 8 you for having us here today. Always appreciate you taking 9 the time to come here and talk to us in New England. I did 10 want to just start real quickly with a quick comment on, you 11 know, last time you were here, I ended my remarks by 12 encouraging the Commission to bring more people into this 13 discussion and to think broadly about who's interested in 14 these topics. And I noted that hearing from lots of voices 15 gets us to the best answers. And I know your creation of the 16 Office of Public Participation does exactly that. And I 17 would just want to comment that I think this hearing would 18 have been benefited from some additional voices today, 19 particularly the environmental and the environmental justice 20 communities and particularly the community of Everett. 21 I encourage the Commission to read the statements 22 submitted by the people of Everett and by the 50 23 organizations that signed their comments and to pay 24 attention to them. They live there with that facility. And I 25 think it's important that their voices be heard. That being

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| 1 | said, I also want to note not be surprised to hear from me |
| 2 | that I will continue to say that the region's problem is |
| 3 | over reliance on natural gas. And last year that really led |
| 4 | to a pretty difficult winter for our customers. |
| 5 | Prices were extremely high and we can't continue |
| 6 | to rely on sources of fuel to keep the lights on that are |
| 7 | coming across the ocean and are vulnerable to supply |
| 8 | disruptions and global market volatility. So our way out is |
| 9 | to transition to a clean energy future, and we're doing that |
| 10 | in Massachusetts with sort of our five point strategy, which |
| 11 | is reduce, optimize, build, connect and partner and reduce |
| 12 | is obvious. And I think, you know, this is a panel about |
| 13 | infrastructure. But before you talk about infrastructure, |
| 14 | the first thing you have to do is make sure that you're |
| 15 | using energy efficiency and demand response and using your |
| 16 | optimizing your system with grid enhancement technologies, |
| 17 | with OPP, with all the different tools that we have now to |
| 18 | make sure that we're using the current system that we have |
| 19 | before, before we build. But number three is build. |
| 20 | And we are we are building here. Last week, the |
| 21 | foundation of the nation's first commercial scale offshore |
| 22 | wind farm was installed 15 miles off the coast of |
| 23 | Massachusetts. And we also recently announced a draft RFP |
| 24 | for 36,600MW, up to 3600MW of offshore wind. That's 25% of |
| 25 | our state's annual load. I'll be quick. I know I don't want |

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Page 140 1 to talk much more. 2 But for this connect and that gets us to sort of 3 one of our one of our barriers I think is interconnection. 4 And I think as I don't remember who said it, but we just recently submitted an application for \$250 Million to the 5 6 Grid Innovation Program to upgrade and ready our onshore 7 transmission system. And that would allow up to 3600MW of 8 offshore wind and 300MW additional of solar. So, you know, I 9 also along the same lines, we're looking into connecting 10 with other regions. So yesterday -- all sometime this week, 11 all the New England states a bipartisan letter and New 12 Jersey and New York, all sent a letter to DOE asking to form 13 a collaboration together, to be talking about connections 14 between our states and regions. 15 And I know that's something you all have been 16 interested in, is increasing that and really hoping that 17 collaboration will get there. And lastly, partnering, and 18 that's partnering with the people in the state, our low 19 income and our environmental justice communities to ensure 20 that they're part of the decision making and that they also 21 receive the benefits of the clean energy transition. So 22 we're on a path to clean energy, and I know the rest of the 23 region is as well. And I think that's our way. 24 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you for your comments. I 25 do want to pick up on the environmental justice comment that

Page 141 1 you made. I don't think I have to tell anyone here that 2 you're preaching to the choir when it comes to putting first 3 the voices of Everett communities. I'm sure you're aware 4 that FERC held the first ever Environmental Justice 5 Roundtable at FERC on infrastructure permitting in March. I've also made it a top priority of mine. And we also have 6 7 the Office of Public Participation. Nicole Senarami, please 8 stand. Here with us today. She's here in the room and is 9 doing a fantastic job reaching out to community. So thank 10 you for shining a light on this issue, and I appreciate your 11 comments. ISO New England. 12 MR. ETHIER: Thanks for the opportunity to be here

13 today. Thank you, Chairman Phillips. I just wanted to build 14 on Vandan comments a little bit. First, I wanted to note 15 that New England actually is having some success building 16 new projects. We have two offshore wind farms that are 17 currently under construction, two large wind farms. We have 18 about 4700MW of offshore wind that has either completed 19 their interconnection agreement process or are on the cusp 20 of completing it. And that is going to largely use our 21 existing infrastructure. We are not building large new lines 22 to handle those, so we currently have some headroom to build 23 and that is being used. So that's the good news in the near 24 term, as a number of folks have pointed out, in the longer 25 term, we clearly need infrastructure investment if we're

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| 1 | going to accommodate the levels that many people throughout |
| 2 | the region and on this panel have noted in terms of the |
| 3 | region's public policy goals. And there's no doubt we need |
| 4 | process improvements to do that, we need to look farther |
| 5 | into the future and we need to figure out cost allocation. |
| 6 | The good news is we've made step progress on each |
| 7 | of those already. We have more to do. But you all actually |
| 8 | approved a change to our tariff in the last year or so that |
| 9 | gave us the authority to do this longer term analysis. And |
| 10 | we are doing that as we speak. And I think that's gone over |
| 11 | quite well with the region. I think folks are appreciative |
| 12 | of that and we're getting a lot of feedback about that. The |
| 13 | fun part is now we are doing the cost estimates for those |
| 14 | future projections. |
| 15 | So that'll be an interesting discussion with the |
| 16 | region when we see what the price tag is on what we see as a |
| 17 | need. So we're making progress on that. And we have a second |
| 18 | phase of that whole tariff change process that will is |
| 19 | seeking to build a process where we partner with the states |
| 20 | and all of our stakeholders in identifying exactly which |
| 21 | projects that we see we need in the future, which ones we're |
| 22 | going to select to build now and how we're going to pay for |
| 23 | those. |
| 24 | And what we're trying to also roll into that is |

25 asset condition projects. So what our study has identified

Page 143 1 is one of the -- I'm not going to say it's going to be cheap 2 or easy, but one of the lower risk, lower disruption paths 3 to getting more infrastructure is to upsize our current 4 infrastructure. And a sensible way to do that is when 5 current infrastructure needs to be upgraded anyway. Look at your models and say, oh, this path -- is this a path that 6 7 gets overloaded in the future? If so, can we upsize it now 8 for both cost savings and to prepare for the future? And we 9 are looking to build that into our process as well. 10 So I think the good news I just want to follow up 11 on Vandan's point about the good news is that we all 12 collectively are already looking at that and I hope are 13 trying to do it in a sensible and cost effective way. Thank 14 you. 15 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. And with that, 16 we'll turn to my colleagues. Allow them to get in this 17 discussion. Let's mix it up again. We'll start with 18 Commissioner Christie, then we'll go to Commissioner Danly 19 and Commissioner Clements. Commissioner Christie. 20 MRR. CHRISTIE: I'm just I'm going to ask 21 Secretary Tepper. You're in the governor's cabinet, right? 22 MS. TEPPER: I am. 23 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: That's what I thought by 24 the title. Let me just ask you, we've heard testimony today 25 about Everett specifically, and you referenced Everett in

Page 144 1 your comments. Does the governor support keeping Everett 2 open? 3 MS. TEPPER: I think right now we are interested in -- there's been a lot of -- as we talked about this 4 5 morning, a lot of new information that has come in over the 6 last few months on this issue. Our understanding is that the 7 LDCs, the local distribution companies, the regional ones, 8 are talking with Constellation about potential contracts. 9 And, you know, it is their responsibility, as you know, to 10 ensure that they serve their customers and, you know, they 11 need to go to their regulator to ask for that. 12 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Okay. Thanks. 13 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Commissioner Daly. 14 So for -- we've had these discussions for a while. You said 15 you've been doing it for decades, right? The. The hope, of 16 course, is that there would be some practical outcome. I 17 will admit that nine months ago I wasn't expecting to get 18 the analysis back that we have. Nevertheless, it does seem 19 that there has to be something practical done because there 20 are still problems. And I'm curious from ISO New England 21 what specific market reforms you have, accreditation. You 22 still have to get the prices right. Even if you have an 23 accreditation model that works correctly for the capacity. 24 That's just one example. What specific market reforms do you 25 think are necessary given the new information that we have

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Page 145 1 apparently stumbled upon? 2 MR. ETHIER: That is a good question. Certainly, 3 resource accreditation is an important one. I think the next the next step is the Daisy Project, which is turning real 4 5 time reserve provision into a financial obligation. So it's 6 not just we tote it up and we assume you'll deliver, but 7 rather it be you have an obligation to deliver. And there 8 are consequences if you fail to deliver. And then there's 9 probably what I hope is the second phase of that project, 10 which will look at a little more broadly at reserve 11 provision and replacement reserves and also enshrine those 12 in our rules so that you get resources that provide them, 13 get paid for them, but also if they fail to deliver on their 14 obligations, they face financial consequences. 15 So in my view, there's a lot to be done in that 16 real time market and the reserve market to both quantify and 17 identify the reserves that we rely on and make sure that 18 they are appropriately compensated. It may be that in the 19 short term. They're low cost because we have sufficient, but 20 at times when we don't have a sufficient amount of reserves, 21 we'll get positive pricing and lots of good downstream 22 effects will come out of that. 23 COMMISSIONER DANLY: The reason I ask this is 24 because the -- at the moment ISO New England. I don't 25 concede that it's overreliant on gas, but let's just say for

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| 1 | the sake of argument that it is. Regardless of whether |
| 2 | there's an overreliance, it is reliant upon gas and there is |
| 3 | obviously a lack of infrastructure to support the |
| 4 | requirements because there are a lot of them. So we skated |
| 5 | through a relatively mild winter this last winter after |
| 6 | being concerned about what the future would hold. |
| 7 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: It seems now that we have a |
| 8 | few years of a stay of execution, apparently based on |
| 9 | current data. You can hear the uncertainty in my voice when |
| 10 | I say that I'm still not convinced that this 180 degree turn |
| 11 | is really based on analytics that I would trust. But let's |
| 12 | just say that's true. But we still don't know what happens |
| 13 | in the future. Right? And I alluded to this earlier, which |
| 14 | is infrastructure is almost impossible to build in this |
| 15 | region. You have a piece of infrastructure that by the ISO's |
| 16 | own admission, you have not modeled far enough out to really |
| 17 | know what the future holds. And if in 2027 we find, oh, oh, |
| 18 | gosh, we really need that thing, you're kind of late to the |
| 19 | game because even if you were to go through a process of |
| 20 | permitting and construction as quickly as possible, it would |
| 21 | be very challenging to get anything done on a broad enough |
| 22 | scale, I would assume. |
| 23 | I'm happy to be disabused of this assumption, but |
| 24 | I assume given that the challenge is that even those |
| 25 | projects that apparently are both politically and publicly |

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| 1 | wanted, even if they have challenges being developed, then |
| 2 | certainly the ones that are unpopular but necessary, are |
| 3 | going to I would assume, run aground with an awful lot of |
| 4 | difficulty. Right. So does the ISO, generally speaking, have |
| 5 | as sanguine an attitude as it seems about that further |
| 6 | period? Because I've heard we have to say about the next few |
| 7 | years, but 27, 28, 29, 30, I haven't really heard anything |
| 8 | other than we don't know yet. |
| 9 | And one would assume in the same way that one |
| 10 | would have assumed you would have done this analysis before, |
| 11 | that if you are making public documents that talk about the |
| 12 | immediate future that are going to be used to make in part |
| 13 | an informed decisions right now about infrastructure, that |
| 14 | you would probably have an opinion about what's going to |
| 15 | happen later. Thoughts. |
| 16 | MR. ETHIER: Well, certainly. I guess a couple |
| 17 | thoughts. One is we do find ourselves in a position of if we |
| 18 | see the load growth coming that we are anticipating, we are |
| 19 | going to need more infrastructure. Now that infrastructure |
| 20 | is in our queue right now some of it's under construction. |
| 21 | If we get substantially more wind and solar, it's going to |
| 22 | be a big plus. Our you know, to our credit, our vice |
| 23 | president of operations has been saying for years, look, |
| 24 | wind can help me in the winter because I have an energy |
| 25 | problem, not a capacity problem. And he was saying this |

Page 148 1 years and years ago. If those wind farms that we have 2 studied and signed IAS with get built, that's a huge 3 another. 4 COMMISSIONER DANLY: Another if though, yeah. 5 MR. ETHIER: It's an if. It certainly is an if. 6 And I guess the other thing I would note is -- well, our 7 projections of the future evolve, as we were talking about 8 earlier today and which is, you know, understandably causing 9 you consternation. I expect that to also be true going 10 forward. Sometimes they evolve in negative ways. Sometimes 11 they evolve in ways that are favorable and positive for the 12 region. 13 So I think what you're hearing is partly a 14 reluctance to state firm consequences the farther we get out 15 into the future, because we've -- all of us here on the New 16 England -- ISO New England team have sort of lived with 17 those forecasts changing over time and the farther you get 18 out, the more likely that is. 19 COMMISSIONER DANLY: Sure, I get that it's harder 20 to predict things that are further off. It's also 21 problematic to make decisions now for things that you 22 haven't tried to make predictions for the consequences of 23 down the road. That's the only point that I'm making. So 24 given my little diatribe here, does anybody have another 25 response before I hand it over to my colleagues here?

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Page 149 1 Anyone? The -- sure. Go ahead. 2 MR. PAGLIA: Thank you. I hate to sound like a 3 broken record, but. 4 COMMISSIONER DANLY: Me too. 5 MR. PAGLIA: I guess that's. That's who I am. I'm 6 a simple minded in this. And I think the studies, as have 7 been mentioned, are very important. And they're very 8 informative. But facts matter. And if we are even moderately 9 successful in the build out of our offshore wind portfolio, 10 solar, etc. We are going to find a day where. California 11 is an example. Europe. Those resources aren't available. And 12 what are we going to do? You got to turn the lights out? 13 We're going to shed load. To me, the glue that 14 holds all this together are the gas plants that are highly 15 dispatchable. And can solve that problem. But we don't have 16 the supply to allow those plants to run when needed. That's 17 my message to all of you today. It's been my message for a 18 while. We can solve that and deal with all the other 19 challenges fairly easily. 20 COMMISSIONER DANLY: So, understood. But what I'm 21 putting to you guys, all of you, is we have limited powers 22 at FERC, right? I mean, we're actually talking a lot about a 23 non-jurisdictional asset. Right? That is kind of bewildering 24 that we would convene to talk about an asset over which we 25 have no power. I'm asking all of you what specific tariff

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| 1 | provisions do you want to see in order to solve that |
| 2 | problem? Because I agree that is a problem that needs |
| 3 | solving, and that's either a 205 or we 206 them to say |
| 4 | the dreaded three numbers again or there has to be, you know, |
| 5 | more infrastructure development, which is something that |
| 6 | FERC only partially. I mean, we have profound powers when it |
| 7 | comes to Section seven, but we're not the only input to |
| 8 | that. So what specific thing would you do to solve this |
| 9 | problem that you rightfully identify? |
| 10 | MR. PAGLIA: Two comments. First is we need to |
| 11 | have a common understanding that, that is a problem. |
| 12 | Unfortunately agree to disagree with Rebecca Tepper, and |
| 13 | they don't see that as a necessary pathway to solve for the |
| 14 | energy transition, i.e. build out of additional gas |
| 15 | infrastructure. And there are others in the region. |
| 16 | That's not a mystery. So that needs we need a |
| 17 | common understanding because no sponsor is going to bring |
| 18 | forward a project. No customer is going to bring forward a |
| 19 | project without a common understanding of that need. So |
| 20 | that's step one. Step two, there are multiple pathways, |
| 21 | whether the LDCs contract for this, we put forward a very |
| 22 | novel approach where the EDCs contract for new gas |
| 23 | infrastructure. In the past, the merchant plants themselves |
| 24 | with new tariff provisions at ISO, the list goes on. But |
| 25 | first step is an understanding and support for that common |
| | |

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| 1 | need. |
| 2 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: Even the ISO has said that |
| 3 | in the deep decarbonization scenario is more transmission |
| 4 | capacity is required. So the ISO unless of course there's |
| 5 | now been an evolution in that thinking too. But that has |
| 6 | been the ISO's position for a while now. So. Okay, go ahead. |
| 7 | MR. CAVANAUGH: Yeah. Thanks. Mr. Danly. Probably |
| 8 | not a fully satisfactory answer, but, you know, public power |
| 9 | is kind of split on this as well. There's a part of me that |
| 10 | a part of us that express an opinion really would like to |
| 11 | see how you retain it. The current market design initiatives |
| 12 | that ISO has underway, RCA and Daisy are future years, I |
| 13 | think provide a lot more value, not so much in the immediate |
| 14 | term as you can see from their studies. So I think where |
| 15 | Daisy will provide some pressure to buy, you know, fuel in |
| 16 | day ahead market, even if you're not dispatched to be ready |
| 17 | to go. |
| 18 | Certainly that's an advantage in the RCA as it |
| 19 | puts pressure down as. Electrification picks up when we |
| 20 | start shifting the probable hours of loss of load towards |
| 21 | the winter. That'll put pressure on resources, but we're a |
| 22 | few years out from that. How do we solve that middle piece |
| 23 | is a mystery to me right now. I think we certainly need to |
| 24 | have, you know, EMT around for a while to help cover that. |
| 25 | And how you get at it from your authority is a question for |

Page 152 1 me. Certainly the ISO designs that are future years out will 2 be helpful, but that's ways out before that resource would 3 be retained. DiORIO: Thank you, Commissioner Danly. I just 4 5 wanted to make a comment about just offshore wind as a resource. The New England area is home to some of the best 6 7 offshore wind resource on the planet and we do need to tap 8 it. And I just wanted to make sure that it was well 9 understood that actually it will add to reliability because 10 it does operate at its strongest during the winter months 11 when this region happens to need it the most. You also asked 12 about what could the FERC do and just to put a plug in for 13 one way that the FERC and the federal government can help 14 offshore wind is maybe a little bit more coordination 15 between the states, the FERC and BOEM who manage the NEPA 16 process for offshore wind resources. These resources take a 17 long time to develop. They're complex. 18 They need a thorough review, and we fully support 19 that. Oftentimes, actually, all the time, we're going 20 through the interconnection process at the same time as 21 we're going through the BOEM, NEPA process. And sometimes 22 there are changes that can come up. There are certainly in 23 that length of time technological advances that come about

25 the risk that adopting some of those changes could result in

that can benefit the resource and the region. We always run

24

Page 153 1 material modification with the process. So a little bit of 2 more flexibility and a little bit more working together I 3 think will help smooth things and get the resources on stream faster. Thank you. 4 5 6 MR. DIVATIA: Thank you, Commissioner Danly. I 7 have to admit, it is hard to not continue to think about the 8 Everett Marine Terminal. But one of the things I did 9 appreciate about this agenda and the way the staff planned 10 this and the way it was planned is there's a focused 11 conversation on long term infrastructure because there needs 12 to be action now for us to start developing infrastructure. 13 That takes a long time. And if lack of doing so 14 will put us in this doom loop of constantly thinking about 15 what other short term measures can we deploy every year. I 16 have two specific comments and one of them will address your 17 question on what can FERC do? First comment is, I do think 18 there is positive development in the quantification of the 19 gap. I think the fact that the ISO has done this study up to 20 2027 is great. 21 We need it for '27, '28, '29, '30, '31, '32. We 22 need it for every year. We need it to be quantified in 23 megawatt hour terms so the electric sector can respond with 24 solutions, whether it's how much solar or any other 25 replacement resource. Offshore wind storage interregional

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| 1 | capacity can replace not just the gap, but also keep in mind |
| 2 | the New England states GHG goals. We have goals, so we have |
| 3 | to go way beyond the gap that's being discussed today, |
| 4 | practically speaking, in New England. The second point that |
| 5 | I'd like to make is that, in addition to what Bob Ethier |
| 6 | just said, is we are deploying solutions today. |
| 7 | We just had a groundbreaking on the Cape to start |
| 8 | work to interconnect the next 800MW of offshore wind beyond |
| 9 | the one that's expected this year. So from the onshore grid |
| 10 | perspective, we are on the frontlines of starting to deploy |
| 11 | resources and pursue development of the transmission |
| 12 | solutions that will enable the next 800MW on the Cape. |
| 13 | And then there is plans in place to interconnect |
| 14 | 12 more hundred megawatts on the Cape. Beyond that, these |
| 15 | resources will help bridge some of the winter reliability |
| 16 | gaps, but it also will help meet some carbon emission |
| 17 | targets. Very helpful effort from the FERC was when we |
| 18 | submitted the transmission support agreement, FERC approved |
| 19 | it in a positive manner. It was one of the most an |
| 20 | innovative way to allocate costs for a transmission |
| 21 | proposal, where part of it was being paid for by reliability |
| 22 | customers. |
| 23 | Part of it is being paid for by the |
| 24 | interconnection customer. As we look into the remainder of |
| 25 | this year, I hope we can look at tariff changes that allow |

Page 155 1 us to rightsize projects and build some more anticipatory 2 transmission proposals so we can continue to increase the 3 hosting capacity of the grid and kind of do our part in this 4 equation. So I think those efforts from FERC and that 5 support on long term planning and cost recovery is very 6 helpful. Thank you. 7 MS. DYKES: Thank you. I'll just say -- I share 8 some of that frustration. I think that we if we don't have 9 the 2032 study results to help inform the question about 10 Everett, and they will arrive too late to really inform that 11 question. 12 I am hopeful that they will not arrive too late to inform 13 other decisions that are being taken over the next 6 to 12 14 months, 18 months that will be dispositive about other 15 resources, that will be critical to maintaining reliability 16 in the early 2030. And so I think some of those offshore 17 wind discussions are very timely. The work on transmission, 18 we know it's -- you know, New England has the reputation of 19 being a place where it's difficult to build. But I think in 20 reality, it just takes several years, right? It takes a 21 long time to build and go through permitting and litigation 22 and align on. 23 There's so many different stars that have to

24 align in order to move big projects forward. So being 25 sanguine about those timelines, we have to be really

Page 156 1 starting now. The urgency with which we've been having this 2 discussion about Everett is also the same urgency that we 3 have to have about the other set of resources that we're 4 working hard to deploy in order to meet decarbonization and 5 clean energy goals. That's going to be really dispositive 6 about whether we're able to meet the reliability needs of 7 the of the early 2030. 8 I do think that some of you asked about 9 market reforms, it's early to say definitively where we 10 fall -- will fall on this. But I think some of the signals 11 that the ISO is considering a prompt and seasonal capacity 12 market is really interesting to replace the three year 13 forward framework. I think that could provide us some new 14 ways to do evaluation of resources that can help to address 15 some of these winter reliability concerns which has been a 16 huge gap I think, in years past. I also think that some of 17 the dockets that FERC is moving forward on the transmission 18 side will also be really valuable in order to help us 19 understand how we can better utilize the transmission 20 infrastructure that we already have, as well as transfer

21 capacity. So those are a few that I would just reference. 22 MS. TEPPER: That was one of the things I was 23 going to mention too. I think having some fast work on interconnection and on the transmission proposals that we 24 25 have coming up, I think is helpful and appreciate that ISO

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| 1 | is looking at the single source contingency limit. I think |
| 2 | that could be very helpful as well. And I would just add, in |
| 3 | terms of valuing storage, I think if we could think about |
| 4 | that based on how operators are actually going to operate |
| 5 | their systems and based the value of storage on that, I |
| 6 | think that would be something that would be particularly |
| 7 | helpful to and encouraging all available cost effective |
| 8 | energy efficiency and demand response. |
| 9 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Ms. Clements. |
| 10 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. A lot of my |
| 11 | questions have been covered. So I just have a few points on |
| 12 | transmission and on the demand side. First, I was so |
| 13 | encouraged to see the multistate collaborative proposal from |
| 14 | the states in New England that is on interregional |
| 15 | transmission planning. That's what we've been hoping would |
| 16 | happen, right? That's an issue that FERC hasn't taken on in |
| 17 | a fulsome way yet. This commission, the full picture of |
| 18 | transmission into regional planning. |
| 19 | And so the idea that you all are getting together |
| 20 | on a bipartisan basis across regions up and down the up |
| 21 | partway down the East Coast is exciting. And I think there's |
| 22 | a lot of opportunity there. One thing that struck me, this |
| 23 | is just more of a more specific point on the cost allocation |
| 24 | piece of interregional transmission or transmission planning |
| 25 | is this idea that now winter energy adequacy is a benefit. |

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| 1 | It could be a benefit. And I know both Commissioner and |
| 2 | Secretary from the States, you've commented on that. |
| 3 | And I think you also commented on the multi-value |
| 4 | aspects of transmission. But it seems to me if you're |
| 5 | connecting offshore wind with and you have resources hooking |
| 6 | up that provide winter adequate winter adequacy, that's a |
| 7 | good thing and might be part of this multi value equation. |
| 8 | So I'm wondering if you have any more thoughts about the |
| 9 | cost allocation piece, whether it's specific to the winter |
| 10 | energy adequacy or more broadly in terms of what you're |
| 11 | hoping comes next, what FERC might do? |
| 12 | MR. DIVATIA: I can try to briefly address my |
| 13 | views on that. The point of connecting winter energy |
| 14 | adequacy and winter reliability is purely to state that the |
| 15 | transmission that we're developing to enable those resources |
| 16 | has a societal element to it. And it's not just a but for |
| 17 | process and it's not just a but for cost allocation and |
| 18 | that's it. |
| 19 | I know once you start extrapolating that |
| 20 | philosophy, you start getting into how societal is it? Is it |
| 21 | a regional, completely regional? Is it partially regional? |
| 22 | Those discussions can be held, you know, in a more robust |
| 23 | manner with the right folks around the room. But that's the |
| 24 | key point, is some of the infrastructure that we're |
| 25 | developing is very societal in nature. And therefore, you |
| 1 | |

Page 159 1 know, it could be considered as a regional reliability 2 solution. 3 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: I think I'll leave the off 4 shore wind there on. You know, earlier, Vamsi was speaking to the ability of this study to provide a base and a useful 5 tool among several to do effective forward planning. I'm 6 7 curious, Commissioner Dykes and Secretary Tepper and I asked 8 this question, I think also to chair Bartlett and 9 Gerwatowski earlier. Can this tool help you design programs 10 to target, let's say, the winter, the types of demand 11 response or energy efficiency, gas to electric or otherwise 12 that are useful relative to this winter energy adequacy 13 target? 14 MS. DYKES: I'm happy to jump in there. That's our 15 understanding. That's why we're so excited about this. And 16 it was great if I heard accurately the earlier comments from 17 Vamsi that the ISO would welcome or be willing to do runs in 18 response to state requests. I mean, we're here talking about 19 winter reliability and, you know, thinking back to the 20 winters of 2013, 14 and 1961 and so on and so forth. But I'm 21 also very -- you know, thinking a lot about the winter of 22 2035 with our electrification goals. 23 And so, again, we want to make sure that as we're 24 working on building and transportation electrification

25 programs within our state, jurisdictional aspects, that we

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| 1 | have the benefit of all of these planning tools to develop |
| 2 | scenario analysis and ensure that we're directing our |
| 3 | procurements and or whether it's from solar PV to offshore |
| 4 | wind to transmission to be aligned with the resource |
| 5 | adequacy needs that we'll have for winter periods and you |
| 6 | know, in the long term. |
| 7 | So I think this is incredibly important. We are |
| 8 | not states in one silo kind of just thinking about |
| 9 | decarbonization and public policy and the ISO and its silo |
| 10 | over here doing reliability, but states this is very much |
| 11 | part of our mission as states to ensure that we have |
| 12 | affordable, reliable and clean energy for our citizens. And |
| 13 | so that's why a tool like this is so, so helpful. |
| 14 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Great. |
| 15 | MS. TEPPER: I would agree. Very, very helpful. |
| 16 | And, you know, I think in addition, we have some work to do |
| 17 | on our front on the on the distribution side. I recently |
| 18 | wrote a letter to our utilities asking them, what are you |
| 19 | doing to help the winter problem? You know, everybody should |
| 20 | be thinking about how we can deal with the winter situation |
| 21 | with further energy efficiency and demand response. And so I |
| 22 | think tools like this will help us plan for the future. But |
| 23 | I also think we also have to do our own homework at home as |
| 24 | well. |
| 25 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Right. Thank you all for |
| | |

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1 participating.

2 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: I know that we're going to 3 have an opportunity for our state regulators to weigh in at 4 the end. But I think now that we sort of have this idea of the infrastructure that we need or don't need on the table, 5 6 I'd love to hear reaction from the states here with us 7 today. I mean, do you agree with what you're hearing? Do you 8 think that we have the infrastructure that we need or is 9 there something more or some hurdle that we haven't talked 10 about today? And of course, you can always opt out and say 11 we'll talk at the end.

12 MR. BARTLETT: I'm always happy. I'm always happy 13 to jump in whether I have a great answer or not. I think I 14 think the 2032 analysis is going to be really helpful to 15 help us understand where the deficiencies are. I think 16 there's no question that we're going to need a lot of 17 transmission build out, not only to connect renewable 18 resources but to obviously improve the interconnections to 19 the region. So I think that's job one. I think two. I think 20 we need to have a -- the honest assessment of the role the 21 natural gas is going to be playing over the next 20 years 22 and then figure out what additional infrastructure we may 23 need to accommodate that.

24 I don't think it serves the region well to assume 25 we can just get by on what we have. If we're

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| 1 | struggling now, I think it's only going to get worse if we |
| 2 | see significant demand growth, if we're not bringing on |
| 3 | enough other resources to augment it. |
| 4 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Commissioner. |
| 5 | MR. SIMPSON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And thank |
| 6 | you, fellow members of the commission, for coming here. I |
| 7 | reiterate the comments of my sincere appreciation and |
| 8 | gratitude for you all making the trip to New England. I |
| 9 | think that the conversation today clearly demonstrates that |
| 10 | a lot of work lies ahead with respect to infrastructure |
| 11 | development and market design. But this dialogue |
| 12 | demonstrates our collective sincere commitment. To each |
| 13 | other, our states, our country and the region at large. I |
| 14 | want to thank the NESCOE staff, the states. ISO New England |
| 15 | and EPRI for studying and modeling winter scenarios, both |
| 16 | with and without Everett. |
| 17 | While the study does identify risks, it's |
| 18 | believed that the region can make it through the most likely |
| 19 | scenarios. And New Hampshire does not believe that out of |
| 20 | market solutions are necessary to retain Everett. Since |
| 21 | you're asking, I do want to take a moment to just offer my |
| 22 | thoughts. I wish that I could respond to Commissioner |
| 23 | Danly's request for a specific tariff provisions, but I'm |
| 24 | unable to do that. But I will take the moment as a |
| 25 | regulator, a power system engineer, and an energy attorney |
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| 1 | to respectfully suggest two things. I think, first, that the |
| 2 | states must view their respective jurisdictions as retail |
| 3 | energy markets. And second, that the moment is ripe for |
| 4 | federal policy, articulating the new rules in which |
| 5 | wholesale interstate energy should be regulated. |
| 6 | That gap clearly exists. First, state policies |
| 7 | necessitate a more granular operation of distribution |
| 8 | systems. It's foreseeable that existing fuel, thermal and |
| 9 | centralized resources will continue to retire. We're |
| 10 | becoming more and more reliant on intermittent and |
| 11 | dispatchable resources, including flexible load. I believe |
| 12 | it's possible to operate our energy infrastructure reliably |
| 13 | and efficiently, closer to the grid edge. But such a |
| 14 | paradigm requires locational and temporal system information |
| 15 | and operations and market constructs to facilitate economic |
| 16 | dispatch. |
| 17 | We as the states need to focus on building these |
| 18 | capabilities. We need to think of ourselves as retail energy |
| 19 | market jurisdictions. As to federal reforms, I respectfully |
| 20 | suggest that now is the time for an Energy policy Act of |
| 21 | 2024. The states continue to grapple with policy, market and |
| 22 | operational evolution in a complex and interdependent world. |
| 23 | Given the significant energy system investment from the IRA |
| 24 | and IIJA and the regulatory gaps that exist regarding current |
| 25 | infrastructure, it seems appropriate for the federal |

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| 1 | government to articulate the regulatory constructs or new |
| 2 | rules in which deployed investments will participate, just |
| 3 | like PURPA did for independent power. The Natural Gas Act of |
| 4 | 1978 did for gas markets, and the Energy Policy Act of 2005 |
| 5 | did for organized electricity markets. |
| 6 | States will continue to partner with you and |
| 7 | other federal stakeholders to shape how this new paradigm |
| 8 | will undoubtedly manifest. I ask myself, how do I, as a |
| 9 | regulator, enable truly competitive retail, energy and |
| 10 | attributes markets? What centralized systems need to be |
| 11 | enabled to operate truly real time intra state |
| 12 | Infrastructure. Through the Energy Policy Act of 2005, the |
| 13 | Federal Energy Regulatory Commission possesses broad |
| 14 | authority over organized electricity markets. Those reforms |
| 15 | have enabled supervisory awareness and control over the bulk |
| 16 | electric system, essential for reliable long term operation. |
| 17 | |
| 18 | Given the conversation today and our reliance on |
| 19 | interdependent energy infrastructures determining whether |
| 20 | reliability organizations a la NERC should exist for the gas |
| 21 | network or other fuel supply chains may represent possible |
| 22 | opportunities for federal energy policy reform. Finally, we |
| 23 | talked about siting, and I note that clear federal partner |
| 24 | support during the local siting of infrastructure in |
| 25 | conjunction with local stakeholders can be very impactful. |

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| 1 | Federal grants, loans and appetite for new technologies and |
| 2 | foundational resources help seed projects to fruition. When |
| 3 | the federal and state partners come together, it's |
| 4 | beneficial for everyone. I thank you for your time. I look |
| 5 | forward to continuing this discussion. |
| 6 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. Thank you for your |
| 7 | very thoughtful and well said remarks. |
| 8 | MR. GERWATOWSKI: Just I said enough about the gas |
| 9 | side of things, but I'm not going to say anything about gas |
| 10 | infrastructure at the moment. But there are some comments |
| 11 | about the need for transmission in order to advance |
| 12 | renewables and there have been developments taking place, at |
| 13 | least in the planning stage. But we've been talking about |
| 14 | doses of inconvenient realities today about various things. |
| 15 | And there's another dose here that's just unfortunate that |
| 16 | even when transmission is being put in place to support |
| 17 | carbon free energy, there's opposition to it and it's very, |
| 18 | very difficult. |
| 19 | And so we have to realise that I've been |
| 20 | frustrated because there are environmental groups who are |
| 21 | absolutely supporting the carbon free energy sources and |

ippor 22 renewable energy. But as soon as the transmission project is 23 being proposed and there there's local opposition to it, a 24 lot of the environmental groups are nowhere to be found and 25 it makes siting very, very difficult. I'm not saying that

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Page 166 1 necessarily to ask you to do anything about it, but it's a 2 message that I've been trying to advance. 3 If we're if we're supporting a clean energy 4 future, you've got to support the transmission, even if it's 5 creating some difficulties in the siting of that. But as we plan ahead and try to figure out how we're going to solve 6 7 things like winter reliability and we're depending upon 8 transmission to be built, well, we have that also 9 potentially standing in the way as well, because as has 10 been stated many times, you can hardly site anything, no 11 matter what the nature of it is. And some of 12 it is harder than others, but they seemed to be all hard. 13 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: June. I know we're going to 14 hear from you on the final panel. Would you like an 15 opportunity to weigh in? 16 MS. TIERNEY: Mr. Chair, would you prefer I 17 just saved it for then. 18 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: You can speak any time you 19 want. 20 MS. TIERNEY: That was the right answer, sir. I 21 won't go into great depth here. Your specific question was, 22 did I agree with everything I've heard here? And I won't 23 pretend that I have absorbed everything I've heard. So I'll 24 just speak very briefly to the things that jump out at me. 25 One Mr. Ethier had suggested that among the reforms needed

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| 1 | are in the markets are reforms that make the obligation |
| 2 | stick and that there are consequences when people don't |
| 3 | deliver. I could not agree more. This is something that I |
| 4 | think Commissioner Christie and I talked about last year and |
| 5 | in Burlington, where all morning what has been eating at me |
| 6 | as I listened to the conversation, which is erudite, |
| 7 | well-informed, competent, everybody is doing their job and |
| 8 | living up to their responsibilities. |
| 9 | What's been eating at me is there is an unequal |
| 10 | distribution in the room of the responsibility to hold a |
| 11 | public trust. There are people out there. Rebecca was |
| 12 | referring to this and talking about the voices that are not |
| 13 | here today. And to credit the efforts, by no question in |
| 14 | reaching those voices. But there are voices out there of |
| 15 | people who have not been part of these discussions to date |
| 16 | and who are also not being directly addressed by this |
| 17 | conversation. We keep talking about oil and gas and winter |
| 18 | reliability and familiar terms because we're expert and we |
| 19 | know these problems and we know there are no easy answers. |
| 20 | But until Rebecca said we need to think about the |
| 21 | people who live in the shadow of Everett, I will be the |
| 22 | first to tell you that was not foremost in my mind or many |
| 23 | of the things that are mentioned in the fix the Grid |
| 24 | literature that was distributed at lunch all valid, in my |
| 25 | opinion, all relevant health impacts, environmental impacts |

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and so forth.

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3 But, you know, we reduce our conversation to the things that 4 we think we can do. Commissioner Danly Such as the specific 5 tariff provisions when sometimes the conversation has to be 6 about how do we change how we think, how do we bring these 7 voices in? More importantly, how do we convey to them that, 8 they feel that we hear them so that they feel we hear them? 9 And judging by this literature, I don't think we're quite 10 there yet. I've gone on longer than I said I would. But when 11 it comes to specific siting of infrastructure in New 12 England, in Vermont, at least, we have an example of how it 13 can be done.

14 We got infrastructure, a transmission line 15 licensed and ready to build in Vermont. The issue has been 16 the economics of it, which we hope the DOE funding under the 17 Grid program can address. But it's not like it can't be 18 done. It's that it has to be done in a way that convinces 19 the public that their concerns are being addressed. And that 20 hasn't happened to date. Now, I will go back to being a 21 potted plant until 3:30.

22 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Excellent. Well, thank you 23 all. I thank you for accommodating me. I called an audible 24 and went off script. So I quess at this point I'll just open 25 it up to my colleagues. Are there any final points on

Page 169 1 infrastructure before we move on? I see no cards up, so 2 we're going to --3 COMMISSIONER DANLY: I'll just make a quick point 4 that people talk a lot about broadening or making more 5 flexible cost allocation. We have to keep in mind that we 6 are constrained by case law and there are limits to how far 7 that can go. So too much trust reposed in some voodoo that 8 makes it broader than it is. I would be wary about that. 9 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: I bet you did not have voodoo 10 on your bingo card today. All right. With that, David, we're 11 going to end a little bit early here, if you would. Let's 12 start a little early for the next panel. Will you instruct 13 us on how much time you need to flip the room? 14 MR. BURNS: Yes, sir. Well, we'll switch now to 15 Panel 4 and like, do you want to skip the break entirely? 16 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Can we just take like a 17 five-minute break? 18 MR. BURNS: You got it. 19 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Five minute break, everybody. 20 Be back --MR. BURNS: Be back at 2:05. 21 22 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: There you go. 23 (Recess) 24 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Yeah. We're going to begin 25 Panel 4. We're going to run until 3:15 with this panel. So

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| 1 | if anyone, everyone can take their seats, please. |
| 2 | MR. BURNS: So this panel is on market design. Our |
| 3 | panelists include Riley Allen, Commissioner, Vermont Public |
| 4 | Utility Commission. Michelle Gardner, Executive Director of |
| 5 | Regulatory Affairs, Northeast NextEra Energy Resources. Mark |
| 6 | Karl, Vice President, Market Development, ISO New England. |
| 7 | Donald Creese Consumer Advocate, New Hampshire Office of the |
| 8 | Consumer Advocate Pallas Lee Vanschaick Vice President, |
| 9 | Potomac Economics. Alex Mitreski, Senior Director of |
| 10 | Regulatory Affairs, Brookfield Renewables. Christie Prescott |
| 11 | Director, Energy Supply United Illuminating and Andrew |
| 12 | Weinstein, Vice President, FERC Market Policy Vistra. Just a |
| 13 | reminder to our panelists to avoid any ex-parte discussions. |
| 14 | I know I sound like a broken record with that. But with |
| 15 | that, Mr. Chairman, I'll turn it over to you and we'll start |
| 16 | Panel 4. |
| 17 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you so much, David. If |
| 18 | everybody could take their seats, we're starting the next |
| 19 | panel. I'd like to welcome everybody here. Thank you so much |
| 20 | for taking the time. I think that this is among one of the |
| 21 | most important topics that we can talk about today. I think |
| 22 | that when markets work, they provide extreme value. I think |
| 23 | what we need to talk about here today are what, if any, |

24 market changes or solutions that are on the table that can

help us achieve the reliability that we need for the 25

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Page 171 1 region. 2 I'm extremely pleased that ISO New England is 3 working on several market improvements right now. Capacity 4 market accreditation as well as day ahead, ancillary 5 services. I appreciate the focus on these efforts, but I 6 think we need to consider whether more can be done on market 7 reform. So my first question is to all the panelists 8 understanding that capacity accreditation, and ancillary 9 service reform are on the table. Do you think? Are these 10 reforms likely to resolve the reliability issues that we 11 have? That's the question. Commissioner. Well, actually, 12 we'll start -- let's start with Mr. Karl. 13 MR. KARL: Thank you, Chair Phillips and all the 14 FERC staff, Commissioners, state representatives as well. 15 Good to be here. We talked about capacity accreditation and 16 some of the other projects. You know, when you look at the 17 things that we're looking to do in the near term, you know, 18 in the next five or so years, we've got the inventoried 19 energy program coming in. 20 Can't say too much about that because I know 21 some of that's still before the commission. We've got the 22 ancillary services, we've got resource capacity 23 accreditation and we've got consideration of a prompt 24 seasonal capacity market. I think all of those help move the 25 ball forward. I don't think any of them complete the project

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| 1 | or complete the goal of assuring energy adequacy. |
| 2 | In particular, when we look at the day ahead, |
| 3 | ancillary services DASI projects, that project in and of |
| 4 | itself probably does not do a lot in the short term, but |
| 5 | what it is, is a really important platform for us to build |
| 6 | on. I know last week I listened to the PJM conference and |
| 7 | there was discussion about, you know, the need to have some |
| 8 | sort of a longer forward reserve market and, you know, not |
| 9 | like three years forward. But something that may be in the |
| 10 | interval where people could take action to schedule gas or |
| 11 | make whatever arrangements are necessary to make sure that |
| 12 | they have fuel. |
| 13 | And that would be built on top of DASI. If |
| 14 | you're going to build a forward market, you need something |
| 15 | to settle against. And the day ahead, Ancillary service |
| 16 | product, is that benchmark that you would settle a day ahead |
| 17 | or two day ahead or a week ahead sort of reserves market. In |
| 18 | addition, we have in the past talked about the potential for |
| 19 | a reserve product may be far enough forward that someone |
| 20 | could enter into an LNG contract. So now we're in kind of a |
| 21 | six month window, which sort of looks like capacity, but not |
| 22 | really. The thought that we had was that this would be a |
| 23 | product that would still settle against the reserve market. |
| 24 | And so we've got a lot of projects like that come |
| 25 | after the four things that we four anchor projects that we |

Page 173 1 see going on right now. So we do think they help. We do --2 and I've got some other things on the list we can talk about 3 that are probably a little bit further forward as well. 4 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: All right. Thank you. We're 5 going to work from this end and go all the way to that end. Yes, sir. 6 7 MR. MITRESKI: Good afternoon, everyone. Thank you 8 so much for having me on the panel and thank you so much for 9 taking the time to come to New England again. These are very 10 important issues and we appreciate your interest. Just 11 quickly, I think in terms of the I'll start with the RCA. I 12 think RCA had a good potential in terms of addressing some 13 of the needs. The initial results that came out and the ISO 14 saying that 5,000 MW of the total 10,000 MW roughly of natural 15 gas resources would be derated in the winter period. I think 16 that created a signal that resources would need to firm up 17 their fuel supplies in order to deliver energy in the 18 winter. But now with some of these -- the information the 19 ISO has provided. The modelling may have not accounted for some 20 of the LNG availability or significantly not accounted for 21 some of the LNG availability. I think the expectation is 22 that it will be a lot less winter hours when there will be 23 unserved energy and as such probably a lot less derate on 24 those units. 25 So if that happens, then sort of the incentive to

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1 firm up the fuel becomes a lot less. So I think I'm a little 2 bit more skeptical now in terms of the RCA and the value it 3 will provide with those results, but we'll have to see what 4 those results bring in. 5 I think DASI itself is a is a phenomenal product 6 and something that I can't believe it took 20 years to 7 deliver. I think it makes sense. This right now is the ISO 8 counting on reserves in the Day-ahead market, but not 9 compensating them and resources not knowing that they're 10 being counted on, which means that they do not provide the 11 fuel in advance of the day ahead market to be able to 12 deliver in the real time market. 13 So I think this is a great product and ultimately 14 I think. We have to spend more time and effort into the 15 energy and ancillary markets where we think it's the rubber 16 meets the road. That's where the energy really is delivered. 17 And the products like DASI provide the value to 18 reliability. I think the capacity market is important, but I 19 think anyway, we'll probably get into the whole prompt and 20 seasonal, but I think those are also going to be very 21 elaborate discussions that may take away time from 22 discussing some of the ancillary market changes. I'll stop 23 there. 24 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. I think you're in 25 good company with your skepticism here today, especially

Page 175 1 with some of my colleagues. I see your cards. We're going to 2 work this way and I'm going to come back and get you. Yes, 3 sir. MR. LEEVANSCHAICK: Yeah. Thank you. For those who 4 don't know me, I'm Pallas LeeVanSchaick. I'm with Potomac 5 6 Economics and we're the external market monitor for the ISO 7 and really appreciate the opportunity to be here today. So I 8 think the centerpiece for any market design effort has to be 9 the capacity accreditation for simple reasons. It's got 10 to be a capacity solution because the capacity market is the 11 venue in which you buy resources to meet your planning 12 reliability requirements. 13 So as we -- as these requirements emerge, it's 14 important to have a capacity solution to procure those 15 resources. Now it has to be accreditation because the 16 problem is that as we see the changes that we're getting in 17 the resource mix, so you have more and more resources that 18 aren't available 24 - seven, but that do make some 19 contribution to reliability. There needs to be a framework 20 for assessing their value and compensating them 21 appropriately. Now it has to be a marginal mechanism because 22 when you price things based on the marginal value, you 23 provide better investment incentives. And so you get better 24 solutions because you have better investment incentives for 25 doing that.

Page 176 1 Now, a related issue is the resource adequacy 2 model, because the mechanism that you use to assess 3 reliability, your requirements, the contributions that 4 resources make to those are your resource adequacy model. Now 5 the concern that I have is that the model that the ISO is 6 using currently may not be really adaptable enough to 7 consider things like oil inventory limitations. 8 And so, you know, to me, an open question is 9 whether their current resource adequacy model provides that 10 kind of framework that they can build on to provide 11 appropriate accreditation because their current proposal in 12 the stakeholder process kind of separates out the assessment 13 of essentially which resources are energy adequate from the 14 resource adequacy modeling. And I think they've gotten some 15 initial results that don't make a lot of sense. 16 So I think it's going to take more work to make 17 sure that the resource adequacy model is reflecting those 18 characteristics appropriately. Otherwise, if you don't do 19 that, then you can't compensate your resources 20 appropriately. I think also the prompt seasonal market is 21 very important. We've been advocates of that for a long 22 time. And you know, one of the big benefits of the prompt 23 market, other than it procures allows resources to procure 24 fuel at a time where it's in line with when they're entering 25 capacity obligations. Aside from that it -- backing up the

Page 177 1 timing of the auction is also something that helps provide 2 more time for making some of the needed capacity market 3 design enhancements. 4 And so you buy yourself more time if you simply 5 run the auction closer to the delivery period. So I think 6 that's another big benefit of the prompt market. And why --7 if the details of the prompt market can't be worked out, at 8 least postponement of the FCA is something that should be on 9 the table. 10 MR. KREIS: Good afternoon, Mr. Chairman. 11 Honourable members of the Federal Energy Regulatory 12 Commission. I don't have a good answer. I don't think, to 13 the question that the Chairman asked. I will say at the 14 outset that I feel a mighty weight on my shoulders today. 15 There are roughly 40 speakers on today's agenda. Some 16 companies got two bites at the apple, but I am the only 17 person on today's agenda whose job is to advocate for 18 ratepayers. Now, you might say that's fine because the ten 19 of you are safeguarding the public interest. And indeed I 20 can testify that you are in fact doing that because I've met 21 everybody, all ten of you to one extent or another, and I 22 know several of the state regulators well enough to be sure 23 that they -- I can tell you they are exemplary public 24 servants, but your regulatory vigilance is only as good as 25 the information placed in front of you by those

Page 178 1 participating in your proceedings. 2 My guess is that I'm the token ratepayer 3 advocate. Not because FERC doesn't like us. I know better 4 than that, but because we don't have the expertise of a 5 Vamsi Chadalavada or a Richard Levitan or even my friend James Daley of Eversource. And guess what? You're right. 6 7 That's the problem. In my dream world. The New England 8 ratepayer advocates would have what our counterparts in the 9 land of PJM have, a tariff funded organization that gives us 10 at least some of the resources we need to be a truly 11 knowledgeable and empowered voice, not just here before you, 12 but behind the closed doors of NEPOOL. 13 I was so gratified to hear Commissioner Danly 14 start the day off by saying that he is skeptical because I 15 am also skeptical. So are my counterparts. Bill Harwood of 16 Maine. Liz Anderson of Massachusetts, Claire Coleman of 17 Connecticut, the folks with whom I put out a joint 18 statement. What market mechanisms do we and the ratepayers 19 we represent want? We want ones that are driven by facts 20 and rigorous analysis, not amorphous worries about 21 qualitative considerations or vague notions of resiliency. 22 Now, I'm from New Hampshire, and so let me remind you of our 23 state motto here it is: used and useful. The cost of natural 24 gas infrastructure should not be an non-bypassable electric 25 rates. That's an argument I made to the New Hampshire

Page 179 1 Supreme Court in 2017 and a principle reflected in the 2 opinion written by Justice Hicks of that court. 3 Unfortunately, his was the dissenting opinion. 4 Fortunately, my counterparts in Massachusetts were more 5 successful with that argument at their state Supreme Court. 6 Now we can design markets to force ratepayers to buy every 7 last aliquot of reliability that industry can conjure. 8 But I beg you not to do that. In particular, I 9 beg ISO New England not to seek and I beg FERC not to 10 approve some new market mechanism or worse, some out of 11 market mechanism to guarantee that the Everett Terminal 12 stays in business. Sometimes at an event like this, someone 13 manages to say the quiet part out loud. Today, my award for 14 doing that goes to Mr. Ochoa of Kinder Morgan, who urged you 15 to force ratepayers to pay for more gas infrastructure. He 16 said, and I quote, "We are going to continue to say that 17 forever." That's why I'm so pleased to hear that 18 Commissioner Danly is skeptical. In fact, I'd like to answer 19 Commissioner Danly's question that he placed to Mr. 20 Chadalavada. 21 He asked, have we been paying too much for 22 reliability? Well, here's my answer, worded as politely as I 23 possibly can make it. Heck yeah, hundreds of millions of 24 dollars too much. And I and my regional counterparts have 25 been trying to say that all along the way. Now, Mr. Levitan

Page 180 1 warned that New England could experience a fiasco of the 2 sort that ERCOT suffered beginning on Valentine's Day of 3 2021. My response is let's be visionaries. Let's not double 4 down on old technologies. 5 There exists. But Texas apparently did not deploy 6 the metering technology to respond to a capacity deficiency 7 event with targeted load shedding targeted to avoid families 8 shivering in the dark and instead interrupting the big C&I 9 customers that have benefited from restructuring. The 10 Supreme Court's decision in FERC versus EPSA of several 11 years ago teaches that FERC has a role to play in bringing 12 forces to bear. That might look a lot like retail to you, 13 things that happen at the distribution level. 14 Things that happen behind the meter. Even 15 energy efficiency. The Holy Grail. For me, the FERC has a 16 role to play in bringing those things to bear on the markets 17 that are regulated under the Federal Power Act. And I urge 18 you to do that. And finally, I heard Mr. Ethier say, let's 19 upsize transmission, existing transmission through asset 20 condition projects. 21 I would urge you to heed the warning of my 22 friends at NESCOE who said asset condition projects in New 23 England are essentially unregulated and unscrutinized right 24 now. That is not okay. So what market mechanisms do we need

Page 181 1 opinion about the specific initiatives that are pending. My 2 earnest pitch to you is before you do anything new, fix 3 what's already broken about what we have. 4 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you for your comments. 5 If only you were a capable advocate for consumers, their 6 voice would be represented here today. Thank you so much. 7 MR. KREIS: I thank you. I appreciate the 8 compliment. 9 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Ms. Gardner. 10 MS. GARDNER: Thank you, Chairman, and thank you 11 to the commissioners for setting up today's agenda and for 12 your careful consideration of all the panels. I think the 13 way we are walking through these issues intellectually makes 14 a lot of sense and focusing specifically here on market 15 reforms. I knew I was kicking myself when I was following 16 Don here, so I don't know if I'm going to be as lively. 17 But I want to answer your question directly about 18 my support for both of the ISO market reforms that are on the 19 table. And then I think, as I've noted in my written 20 position statement, there's still more that needs to be done 21 in general as a short answer. But I also think it's 22 important for us to take a step back. And I think the 23 gentleman from NERC on an earlier panel this morning 24 asked the right question, which is, what are we designing 25 for? And I've noticed this theme through a number of the

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Page 182 1 panels this morning, but I don't think we've specifically 2 articulated it, which is what do we want our capacity market 3 to do and what do we want our energy and ancillary service 4 market to do and what are we building to? And I think not just in this region, I think all the regions to some extent 5 6 are blurring these lines. Is resource adequacy a 1 in 10 7 standard or as some of us like to joke -- one in never. 8 But what is the standard? Is it a steel in the 9 ground type market? We have, at least in New England and PJM 10 kind of moved with capacity performance and pay for 11 performance to creating additional shortage pricing into 12 those markets. So we have evolved those markets, but it's 13 still not clear to me exactly what the new standards are. I 14 think ISO has done a terrific job building an innovative 15 new analytic platform looking at these expected unserved

energy in these energy shortfalls. They call it energy 17 adequacy, but I don't know where.

18 I don't know what we want from each market. And I 19 think that's an important discussion in terms of moving 20 forward and specifically as we talk about resources and 21 incentives, obviously that's going to play into fuel 22 procurement and whether we want a capacity market that 23 creates incentives to shore up fuel supplies and make the 24 right decisions to ensure that you can be there as a 25 capacity resource. Our company believes that a lot of those

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| 1 | incentives are better served in the energy and reserve |
| 2 | markets, which are markets that are closer in time to a |
| 3 | delivery period. We commend ISO. I think the platform, the |
| 4 | DASI platform that they are building and we mentioned this |
| 5 | a couple of years ago when FERC held an energy and ancillary |
| 6 | services conference and had stressed even back then that |
| 7 | this design does an excellent job addressing energy |
| 8 | imbalances and looking forward to the real time day and |
| 9 | looking specifically, particularly for this region where we |
| 10 | have so much behind the meter and potential load variations |
| 11 | that we're going to continue to see in this region. |
| 12 | The DASI design does an excellent job managing |
| 13 | that and we think it is a great platform on which to build. |
| 14 | We still think there's more that can be done in as we go to |
| 15 | phase two. And I was very happy to see originally ISO had |
| 16 | presented a kind of replacement reserve and I think in the |
| 17 | most recent comments ISO is more open to concepts and ideas |
| 18 | in looking at a type of replacement reserve. We had proposed |
| 19 | kind of a strategic reserve, I think regardless of what you |
| 20 | call it. The idea is that there's an incentive in the market |
| 21 | for resources, either with long lead time to be there and to |
| 22 | be able to be deployed or resources to match some of the |
| 23 | commitment timelines that those that run on gas are able to |
| 24 | secure up before the operating day. |
| 25 | So we do think there's a lot to be done and |

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| 1 | really commend the ISO for that. I look forward to, I think |
| 2 | the discussion on the rest of this panel, but happy to |
| 3 | participate and to provide that additional insight. |
| 4 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. Commissioner Allen. |
| 5 | MR. ALLEN: So I'll just add my appreciation that |
| 6 | have been expressed by others for you coming all the way up |
| 7 | here to northern New England to the question I won't spend |
| 8 | too much time adding to the comments of others. I think |
| 9 | there's a broad agreement. I think what's on the table, |
| 10 | what's going through the committee process at ISO New |
| 11 | England is good and you know, the process is important. |
| 12 | And so we'll see what kind of makes its way all |
| 13 | the way forward. But I do agree with essentially what has |
| 14 | been put forward and the importance of the various |
| 15 | characteristics of what has been added. I also appreciate |
| 16 | the comments of ISO New England and they provided in their |
| 17 | written comments. They've added a few other things that I |
| 18 | think will certainly be talked about going forward. Their |
| 19 | comments about changes to the capacity market, the |
| 20 | seasonality make it, making it potentially a prompt market. |
| 21 | I agree with others that I think that directionally is a |
| 22 | sensible thing and I look forward to those conversations. |
| 23 | They've also made reference to potentially adding |
| 24 | some new ancillary services, maybe longer duration products |
| 25 | and the ancillary service market that makes sense to me and |

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| nd NextEra | a and | idea | the | like | certainly | I | but | vetted | been | hasn't |

added something that I find interesting and I think we kind of talked about it back in September, kind of an insurance product of sorts, but you know, a market for an insurance product. So it's referred to here as kind of a strategic operating reserve. I think as we learn more, we use this EPRI model.

I think we're you know, we're going to find new things over time and we're going to find that there's, you know, that hole that we've observed in the past is going to reemerge at times. And we need to have products or incentives to bring products forward that help to fill that hole. And I think that's strategic operating reserve is something that makes some sense to me. That's all for now.

15 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, Commissioner. Good 16 to see you. I'm over my time. I do want to allow the folks 17 on this end to have a word and then we'll move on to 18 Commissioner Danly.

MR. WEINSTEIN: Thank you, Chairman Phillips. I
will be brief, and it's good to see all the commissioners
today. Quick background. Prior to joining Vistra four years
ago, I was at FERC for nine years, including the last five
with Commissioner LaFleur as advisor on New England issues.
So I am knee deep in what's been going on in New England for
the past decade or so. Regarding your question, Chairman

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Page 186 1 Phillips, I think I agree with what others have said. We do 2 think that RCA and DASI are marked improvements that will 3 enhance reliability, but I think it's also important to kind 4 of keep in mind what we've learned today, which is that the 5 risks, the winter risks in New England as ISO New England has defined them today, are manageable. 6 7 So my concern is in terms of what comes next. You 8 know, we've spent the last decade in the region kind of 9 looking to holistically solve the fuel security problems in 10 the region. And frankly, the results have been mixed at 11 times. There's been a lot of different iterations of it. And 12 I think it's important to be kind of deliberate in terms of 13 our next steps you know, for example, I know there's been 14 conversations going on about this, the prompt seasonal 15 market, and I will say that we are very open to it, but I 16 think it's going to be a complicated design and I think that 17 it's going to be critical that we kind of think through the 18 implications of that design. 19 The benefits it will provide, the costs will provide 20 before proceeding down what would be an 18 month stakeholder 21 process. And know it'd be a shame to spend that time and 22 turns out this is not achieving what we'd want it to 23 achieve. You know, at bottom lights, the lights are staying 24 on the region. Reliability has being maintained. And I just

25 I just want to be careful, you know, putting aside prompt

Page 187 1 seasonal, I want to be careful regarding our next what our 2 next steps are, because the last thing we want to do in this 3 transition is kind of do a redo in a way that kind of makes 4 things worse than they are right now. I'll leave it at that. 5 Thanks. 6 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Well put. 7 MS. PRESSCOTT: And thank you so much. I'm here 8 today representing Avangrid and two of our transmission and 9 electric distribution companies, including Central Maine 10 Power and the United Illuminating Company. And collectively, 11 we serve a million customers, a million electric customers. 12 And so we're certainly obviously concerned and paying close 13 attention to winter reliability. Our customers need 14 electricity and for that matter, heating opportunities. And 15 so we're certainly have opinions and we're very encouraged 16 by what we've heard today. But we still maintain, you know 17 concern. And in terms of your specific question about what's 18 being developed in the market right now, you know, we're 19 watching that closely as well. 20 We do have some concerns, again, about the timing 21 of when those products are going to become available and if 22 they're going to be able to help us in the near term. And 23 the winter reliability near-term concerns that we still 24 think are important to -- you know, protect against

25 challenges with. Thank you.

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| 1 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: All right. I will now turn it |
| 2 | over to Commissioner Danly. Any comments or questions? |
| 3 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: So we have these new |
| 4 | analytics, new assumptions. And the question is, based on |
| 5 | this new data that apparently says we're not in the terrible |
| 6 | position we were before. In what way does that change the |
| 7 | efforts that people would have wanted to see for tariff |
| 8 | revisions a year ago? Because. It seems like a fairly |
| 9 | standard parade of ideas that we've heard in the past. I'm |
| 10 | not saying there aren't changes on the margins. I just am |
| 11 | curious, going back to the same question again that has been |
| 12 | asked now several times. |
| 13 | And actually I'd like to start with Andrew. Will |
| 14 | you give me an idea of what specific reforms you would like |
| 15 | to see that you think would actually be the direct result of |
| 16 | what we have learned from ISO New England's analytics that |
| 17 | is specifically tying it to what the revelatory new |
| 18 | information in front of us? |
| 19 | MR. WEINSTEIN: Yes. When I when I signed up to do |
| 20 | this panel, there was a fuel security crisis and now there's |
| 21 | not. So I appreciate that. So in terms of your |
| 22 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: Member, you can answer |
| 23 | whatever question you want now that now that you're |
| 24 | answering it. Yeah. |
| 25 | MR. WEINSTEIN: Thank you, Commissioner Danly. So |
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Page 189 1 I quess from my perspective, I quess I would be cautious 2 about doing something significant like Major without 3 actually really appreciating the implications of it. Going 4 back to what I said previously about the prompt seasonal 5 market, I think the ripe area for me is to explore is I 6 think that from a competitive market perspective, I do think 7 that performance constructs are absolutely crucial. I think 8 that performance contracts create incentives for resource to 9 perform, invest, make fuel procurement decisions, and if 10 they don't perform, they face the penalties for it. 11 COMMISSIONER DANLY: That that despite perhaps 12 without getting into details, recent experience, you are 13 convinced that's the right mechanism. 14 MR. WEINSTEIN: We are convinced, without getting 15 into specific details that may have occurred somewhere else. 16 Yes. But, you know, that being said, I do think so. If you 17 ask for reforms, I do think that, you know, like any other 18 good market reform, I think that a refresh is warranted. And 19 if you -- I think we should look at whether or not there are 20 reforms that are available to PFP in the region that would 21 actually enhance reliability, enhance performance. 22 I know ISO New England has done some work on it 23 recently and I think their conclusions, it was unclear their 24 view on whether or not additional kind of work on this 25 matter is warranted. But I think from our perspective, I

Page 190 1 think a refresh is warranted. I think that we could look to 2 see if incentives could be enhanced. You know, one of the 3 challenges that always occurs in terms of, you know, always 4 raised in terms of PFP is there are very few performance 5 events which kind of don't necessarily promote the right 6 incentives.

7 The question is, are there other ways in New 8 England to kind of change that metric? I don't have a good 9 answer right now in front of you. I think that's what the 10 stakeholder process is for, but I think that's an area that 11 we should consider exploring. I mean, that was the purpose 12 of PHP on the on the front end was if you go back and look 13 at the original docket, it was to kind of address the winter 14 risks in the region to the extent there are any. And I think 15 that is something we should kind of consider.

16 COMMISSIONER DANLY: We should probably just go 17 down the line. Go ahead.

18 MS. PRESSCOTT: Avangrid supports the 19 consideration of a seasonal capacity prompt capacity market. 20 In theory, the market with appropriate accreditation could 21 result in clearing winter capacity auction at a price that 22 may be able to compensate resource owners to secure firm gas 23 supply. And we believe that in liquid inventories, and 24 particularly if that auction occurs at the same time that 25 the generators are securing fuel supplies for the upcoming

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| 1 | winter, I think that will be something that we'd like to |
| 2 | see further consideration of. |
| 3 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: Thanks. Go ahead. |
| 4 | MR. MITRESKI: Yeah, I'll touch on quickly on the |
| 5 | prompt and the seasonal and then I'll actually give you four |
| 6 | proposed solutions that we can maybe think about for the |
| 7 | future in terms of the prompt and the seasonal market. I |
| 8 | think they do address some issues, but they also create new |
| 9 | issues. So I think there's always trade offs and I think |
| 10 | that's where I think from a stakeholder perspective, we need |
| 11 | to discuss this and where I think of it is it definitely the |
| 12 | prompt market addresses the phantom megawatts that we've |
| 13 | been seeing in terms of projects not being ready to come in |
| 14 | three years forward? We've seen that in the past and I think |
| 15 | this will address that. I think it will also address fuel |
| 16 | procurements in terms of accreditation because it gets |
| 17 | closer to when fuel is contracted for and being qualified |
| 18 | for the auction. But then I think it's really severely opens |
| 19 | up the possibility for RMRs people should not have short |
| 20 | memory. This was happening in New York. We had multiple |
| 21 | RMRs there because of this issue. |
| 22 | And I think it could be for retirement or |
| 23 | transmission issues. And I think that's a very serious issue |
| 24 | that we need to address in terms of trade offs, in terms of |
| 25 | four specific solutions that I've thought of. I think the |
| | |

Page 192 1 first one is cheapest, easiest and quickest, and I think 2 that's the ISO to allow the energy market itself to just work. We saw this in 2017 and '18 when the winter we had the 3 4 most recent cold snap. The ISO took over the steering wheel 5 and dispatched the fleet the way that they thought should be 6 dispatched in terms of posturing the oil and gas units. What 7 that did is. It potentially maintain reliability, but at a 8 cost of muting the price signals. 9 The reserve prices over the span, the December and 10 January of that period was \$1, but apparently were close to 11 a shortage events. So muting those signals creates bad 12 incentives for resources to not contract for fuels during 13 those times. So I think I think the ISO has learned from 14 those mistakes and we saw that in the most recent event 15 where they saw that there's going to be a PFP event, but 16 they realized that reliability was not at stake and they 17 allowed the market to play out and we saw a PFP event. 18 So I'm encouraged by that and I hope that we will 19 continue to do that. So then tying it to the next solution, 20 which is reforms to the pay for performance to personally I 21 think the 9000 and -- we're talking with folks and nobody 22 even remembers what the new rate is. But \$9,000 is insane 23 amount of money. And in terms of a penalty and it does just

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as much job if it was \$900 because it's a strong signal to

penalize or reward the performing resources. But if we have

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| 1 | these rare events, they are really ripe for black swan |
| 2 | events like we saw in PJM in New England. |
| 3 | So resources that will get penalized for \$900 |
| 4 | will get the fuel, whether they're penalized for 9,000 or 900. So |
| 5 | having the beauty of the PFP is that it's a zero sum game |
| 6 | between performers, good performers and bad performers, and |
| 7 | in many ways load is insulated from that construct. And I |
| 8 | know, Commissioner Daniel, you've been talking about PFP |
| 9 | itself. The second piece is no IEP. I think in terms of |
| 10 | overpaying for reliability. I think IEP, the inventoried to |
| 11 | energy program is discriminatory. I think creates muted |
| 12 | signals as well. I think the capacity market, if we're going |
| 13 | to procure the capacity and find different ways to accredit |
| 14 | that there is no need to sort of prop and stimulate certain |
| 15 | technologies over the others. |
| 16 | And the last and fourth proposal is something |
| 17 | that the SS had mentioned in their comments is something |
| 18 | that I've been thinking about is, is really spending more |
| 19 | time into the energy ancillary services. I think the current |
| 20 | reserves and the way I think of it are more of a two |
| 21 | dimensional product, which is quantity and when you will |
| 22 | need them. But they don't account for the length, which is |
| 23 | kind of the three dimensional piece. So maybe adding a four |
| 24 | hour reserve product. |
| 25 | I think the replacement reserves the ISO talked |

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| 1 | about is maybe dispatching units four hours into the future, |
| 2 | but again, not having the duration I think is the missing |
| 3 | piece. And this is where a product could come in to say you |
| 4 | need to have at least four hours of reserves, eight hours of |
| 5 | reserves. So that way the ISO knows that there is the |
| 6 | ability to dispatch these types of resources that will be |
| 7 | able to generate. So those are kind of my specific |
| 8 | proposals for potential solutions. |
| 9 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you. |
| 10 | MR. LEEVANSCHAICK: Yeah. So I'm not this might |
| 11 | not really be an answer to your question, but we're not |
| 12 | saying a lot of different things as a result of this study. |
| 13 | I think the prescription is still the same. You need better |
| 14 | capacity accreditation and a shift to a prompt seasonal |
| 15 | market. I think the difference is that if it turns out that |
| 16 | your risk is less severe, a well designed market should |
| 17 | produce a different set of outcomes that are likely to be |
| 18 | lower prices, save consumers money, which is which is a good |
| 19 | thing. The sooner you get these market design reforms in |
| 20 | place, you know, assuming they're well designed, the sooner |
| 21 | that you can affect business decisions. |
| 22 | So you know, instead of having these resources |
| 23 | that we know provide a lot of reliability value to the |
| 24 | system, you'll provide them with incentives to stay in |

25 service and let less fuel secure resources go. So, you know,

Page 195 1 the sooner you can get these things in place, the less 2 severe the situation will get. 3 MR. KREIS: Commissioner Danly. I'm probably the 4 least qualified person on this panel to answer your question. So I will just say on behalf of ratepayers that I 5 6 think all of the initiatives that are currently under 7 discussion, including several of the ones that we just heard 8 mentioned, are all potentially intriguing ideas. As long as 9 whatever decisions we make about what mechanisms and tariffs 10 to implement are based on rigorous risk analysis and by 11 rigorous risk analysis, I mean, we could pay for a system 12 that incurs no risk or virtually no risk. It would cost a 13 fortune and ratepayers wouldn't be able to pay their bills. 14 So obviously we have to make some reasoned calculations 15 about how much risk is worth incurring. I worry all the time 16 as a ratepayer advocate that we are being forced to pay for 17 the same thing twice. 18 So I would urge everybody to think carefully 19 about avoiding overlapping and duplicative solutions to the 20 winter reliability crisis. If it still is a crisis, there's

21 almost nothing that you can do that would be by bad, bad by 22 definition, as long as it doesn't involve forcing electric 23 ratepayers to keep the Everett Marine terminal open. Just 24 make sure that it's based not on quesswork, but on rigorous 25 risk analysis.

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| 1 | MR. KARL: So first I wanted to make a couple of |
| 2 | comments about the prompt seasonal market. I think the first |
| 3 | thing to realize is we could we're kind of running that |
| 4 | together, you know, as we consider how to move forward with |
| 5 | changes to the capacity market. We could talk about prompt |
| 6 | annual market. We could talk about forward seasonal market, |
| 7 | or we can talk prompt seasonal market, which is what most of |
| 8 | us seem to be talking about right now. At the moment. My |
| 9 | staff is still in the evaluation process. We need to think |
| 10 | through what are the pluses and the minuses, potential |
| 11 | consumer impacts, potential reliability impacts. |
| 12 | And so I want to assure I know some people are |
| 13 | worried about the memo that came out last week. You know, |
| 14 | the ISO hasn't written in the concrete that's hardening that |
| 15 | we're going to do that. We still need to evaluate the prompt |
| 16 | and or seasonal market. We need to come to the stakeholder |
| 17 | process, consult with the states and move that forward. So |
| 18 | that's not locked in place. That is an assessment that's |
| 19 | important that we're doing right now. A point that I would |
| 20 | make picks up on an issue that Ms. Gardner raised, which is |
| 21 | criteria. |
| 22 | One of the things that we saw in doing the |
| 23 | analysis for RCA, you know, the capacity accreditation, |
| 24 | which is also an issue if we wanted to do a seasonal market, |
| 25 | are the reliability criteria. The criteria are annual. And |

Page 197 1 so one of the things that the technical team realized as 2 they were digging into how to do capacity accreditation, 3 they were doing sensitivity analysis and looking at more 4 severe, less severe winter. 5 And as the winter became more severe, the model 6 was saying we should buy more summer resources because as 7 the winter performance got worse, the annual standard could 8 be met by doing a little better in the summer. That's not 9 really what we were looking to do. So one of the things that 10 we need to look at is what those criteria should be for 11 seasonal market before we go crashing into it. More directly 12 to the question that you put to us, Commissioner, what would 13 we do differently from a market design standpoint? Actually, 14 probably not a lot different from the path that we were on. 15 And the reason that I say that is when we look at 16 the markets and the capacity market in particular, they were 17 designed 20 years ago for a portfolio and a grid that is 18 going away. You know, we had resources that were fuel secure 19 and they were all fossil. We're moving in a direction, you 20 know, with state support where we're moving toward 21 intermittent resources that are zero, low or zero carbon 22 emitting, but they're all energy limited. 23 And so we need to be thinking as we go forward, 24 once we get past the kind of the five year threshold where

25 we are right now, how do we accommodate -- better

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| 1 | accommodate those limited energy resources, whether we're |
| 2 | talking about wind or we're talking about solar or we're |
| 3 | talking about storage. And one of the things that we're |
| 4 | looking to move toward is what we're calling multi period |
| 5 | optimization, where we look at dispatching the power system |
| 6 | rather than on an hour by hour basis or on a five minute |
| 7 | basis, and trying to optimize that portfolio and those |
| 8 | limited resources that they all bring to the table over a |
| 9 | longer period forward so that we make more effective use of |
| 10 | storage, of wind. |
| 11 | You know, let the wind run right now, even though |
| 12 | maybe it's not economic at the moment. Maybe there's |
| 13 | something cheaper that could be running, but that's |
| 14 | something cheaper could be running later when the wind's not |
| 15 | blowing. And so we need to be thinking about moving in that |
| 16 | sort of a direction from a computational standpoint, we're |
| 17 | not able to do that sort of analysis today. But by the time |
| 18 | we get there, we expect that the computational capability |
| 19 | will have grown to the point where we'll be able to solve |
| 20 | those optimization problems. And those are the sorts of |
| 21 | things when you're looking at a five year forward to ten |
| 22 | year forward, how do we get to 20, 30, 35, 2040? |
| 23 | Those are the sorts of projects that we need to |
| 24 | be working on and they go toward what I think a lot of us |
| 25 | here are saying, which is focusing more on the energy and |

Page 199 1 ancillary markets and letting the capacity market kind of 2 fade. I don't think it'll go away, but become less important 3 because what'll happen is the resources that we want will be 4 earning money through these other markets and then taking 5 money out of the capacity market and shifting it to resources that are doing the sorts of jobs that we need them 6 7 to do. 8 COMMISSIONER DANLY: Thank you. 9 MS. GARDNER: Commissioner Danly. I think in 10 direct response to your question, I just want to underscore, 11 I think a lot of what Mr. Karl was saying about taking the 12 additional analytics and information that we have and have 13 reflecting on today and looking at better ways to 14 incorporate that both in the products, the ancillary service 15 design going forward. I do want to emphasize, like others on 16 the panel have noted, it is time to prioritize pay for 17 performance reform and to go back to what is it that we 18 should define as a trigger and making sure that we have 19 fully integrated the incentives in our markets and that we 20 don't we're not solving for different problems, that it is 21 integrated fully. 22 So I definitely underscore everything that Mr. Karl said, but I wanted to add one more comment. As an 23 24 entity that is developing and managing resources throughout 25 the country, we certainly have seen challenges in other

Page 200 1 areas and other RTOs that have a greater penetration of 2 renewable resources and intermittents. And I think coming 3 into this conference today, one of my biggest cautions is 4 that we weren't just solving the problem today, that we were 5 really thinking forward of all the new challenges that are 6 going to be coming onto the system. And so I think for that 7 reason we are supportive of efforts to consider seasonal. 8 We think it makes the most sense going forward, 9 given the various profiles of resources and their ability to 10 deliver in different seasons. Look forward to that 11 discussion in the region. We do think that's a worthwhile 12 effort. I did want to make one comment though, like others, 13 some others on the panel, I am very concerned about the idea 14 of moving to a prompt market. We don't currently have a 15 formal position on whether we should or shouldn't move to a 16 prompt market, but as we saw in PJM's last auction in 17 December, the timelines of resources and auctions are very 18 much tied to planning processes, both in terms of 19 assumptions on new resources coming into the market, even if 20 it's through state policies as well as transmission. And so 21 I am very worried that unless we really think through what 22 that would mean in terms of those assumptions, we could be 23 creating situations where we end up with more RMRs and 24 transmission doesn't have the ability to solve for weather 25 security violations or other concerns that could come out of

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| 1 | a retirement bid. |
| 2 | So don't have a formal position, but I think |
| 3 | there's a lot there. I don't know personally if that's the |
| 4 | one I would prioritize. I think we definitely have a lot on |
| 5 | our plate moving forward. |
| 6 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: So before I turn it back to |
| 7 | you, Mr. Chairman, just two observations. Number one, yes, |
| 8 | let markets work and you never want anything to happen that |
| 9 | blunts or obscures price signals, though I do think that |
| 10 | when staring down both barrels of a reliability catastrophe, |
| 11 | the idea that the economic purist like you and me are going |
| 12 | to win the argument, I think it's probably pretty low. So |
| 13 | just a dose of reality on that. And then second, the |
| 14 | takeaway here for me is that based on my question, not all |
| 15 | that much has changed before and after that is ex-ante. We |
| 16 | had an idea of what we wanted to do generally and now ex |
| 17 | post after the revelations, to use that word again, it's |
| 18 | still basically more or less the same thing, which furthers |
| 19 | my confusion and I am still bewildered by how it is we |
| 20 | arrived at this new understanding of the situation I assume |
| 21 | New England is in. So thank you, Mr. Chairman. I'm five minutes |
| 22 | early. |
| 23 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, Commissioner. |
| 24 | Commissioner Clemens. |
| 25 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. I'm just struck |

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| 1 | by the complexity of the challenge you are dealing with and |
| 2 | impressed with the perspective. There's a lot going on here |
| 3 | and I'm kind of stuck on which part to even start asking |
| 4 | questions about. I think this idea of what are we planning |
| 5 | to is a really important question. And when we're thinking |
| 6 | about the trade offs that Alex, you mentioned and I think, |
| 7 | Andy, you mentioned between spending stakeholder time |
| 8 | limited resources and time on reforms to the capacity market |
| 9 | versus taking next steps after DASI and the energy |
| 10 | ancillary service market our hard questions. |
| 11 | So I appreciate all the thought you are putting |
| 12 | into them. First maybe more specific question just to get |
| 13 | back to a comment that, Michel, you just made. Pallas Maybe |
| 14 | you can respond. One question is the connection between a |
| 15 | prompt market and new entry and a prompt market and |
| 16 | retirement, and is it on the retirement side at least? Is it |
| 17 | possible to decouple retirement notifications from the |
| 18 | timing of the market, although they have been coordinated |
| 19 | historically in these designs, does that get at any of the |
| 20 | concern? That's just one of the specific repeated concerns I |
| 21 | hear about a prompt market. |
| 22 | MR. LEEVANSCHAICK: Okay. Yeah. So if you were to |
| 23 | transition to a prompt market, it's probably in many ways |
| 24 | better for development timeframes and fuel procurement |
| 25 | timeframes. There aren't that many units that are developed |

Page 203 1 in the time frame of the 39 months that's allowed under the 2 FCA. And even gas units usually take longer than that 3 anyways, so it's not really good for them. On the retirement 4 side, I don't think you really lose anything with a prompt 5 market. You know, units retire for one of two reasons. 6 Either something breaks unexpectedly or the economics aren't 7 there. 8 So something breaks. And it's a pivotal resource 9 for reliability. That's just as much of a problem for a 10 three year ahead market because you've already bought 11 capacity from a resource that's incapable of meeting its 12 capacity obligation. So then on the economic side, I don't 13 think that the prompt market really has a disadvantage there 14 either because when resources retire due to economics and 15 then it leaves a -- like something that would lead to an 16 RMR, I think we've found time and again it's a deficiency in 17 the in the locational pricing of the capacity market. 18 That's really the issue. It's not that capacity 19 markets are somehow unable to provide incentives for 20 resources that are needed. So I really don't see the problem 21 there in going to a prompt market. 22 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thanks. And there have 23 been a lot of concerns expressed today about the lack of 24 incentives for the procurement of firm fuel. And I guess I'd 25 be skeptical that a blanket requirement as a capacity

Page 204 1 resource you must have firm fuel would be the right approach 2 from a cost perspective. Does this six month piece get 3 added? Is there -- are there other ways that we should be 4 thinking about that piece of the equation and where it lives 5 in the market design? I'm not just asking anyone who has a 6 perspective. 7 MR. LEEVANSCHAICK: Okay. 8 MR. KARL: So sorry. Go ahead. Go over me. 9 MR. LEEVANSCHAICK: So I think that the six month 10 ahead time frame is going to -- you know, if it's six months 11 ahead of the summer, because you're doing the forward framework 12 that we have now, that's annual or sorry, not forward. I'm 13 sorry if you're doing an annual market for a 12 month 14 period. The problem is that that the procurement would have 15 to occur probably more than six months before the winter. So 16 that's not as ideal as in a seasonal framework. 17 If you're doing seasonal and prompt and you have 18 the ability to line up the fuel procurement really during 19 the summer or, you know, some comparable time period where 20 it lines up better with, with the fuel procurement timeline 21 for the winter. So there is some advantage in the seasonal 22 framework that you get because it does allow you to tune 23 that better than you would get in a 12 month in the annual 24 auction. 25 MR. KARL: We think that a blanket firm fuel

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| 1 | requirement would probably not be a good idea and it |
| 2 | probably would be uneconomic. And the reason is, when you |
| 3 | think about the fuel situation in New England, there's a |
| 4 | certain quantity of fuel that can get into the region. And |
| 5 | in particular, I'm thinking about gas right now. There's |
| 6 | only so much you can get in. So some resources will sign |
| 7 | firm fuel contracts and probably already have. And then |
| 8 | everyone else is competing for the rest of that space that's |
| 9 | available. |
| 10 | So the question is, how do we assume that space |
| 11 | gets allocated? And that's one of the Pallas had talked |
| 12 | about some of the debate that we've had about some of the |
| 13 | proposals that ISO has gone out there right now in the RCA. |
| 14 | You know, there's a couple of ways you could |
| 15 | administratively assume that it works. You could just peanut |
| 16 | butter it all over the resources that are out there. Or you |
| 17 | could turn around and say, well, on a marginal basis, nobody |
| 18 | can get fuel. |
| 19 | So we're not going to give credit to anyone. Or |
| 20 | you could take a step back and say, well, some resources are |
| 21 | situated differently, both geographically and operationally. |
| 22 | So if I have a gas resource that's in a particular favorable |
| 23 | point on the gas system and I've got a really low heat rate, |
| 24 | I know that there's a pretty good chance that I'm going to |
| 25 | be at the front of the line to get gas. |

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Page 206 1 2 And so somebody else who's in a bad location and has a high 3 heat rate has the opposite situation. So peanut butter 4 disadvantages me and helps them doing the marginal thing and giving no one credit. Well, that hurts both of us. 5 6 And we believe the better way to allocate that 7 would be through some sort of auction type process, some 8 sort of an optimization or a constraint in some sort of a 9 clearing mechanism where my favorably situated efficient 10 resource can compete for that limited space against somebody 11 who's not as favorable. I'm probably willing to offer at a 12 lower price in whatever this market is that we're looking 13 at. 14 So I get the credit the other guy doesn't. And so 15 we've talked about this in the stakeholder process. I think 16 there's fairly broad agreement that would be a good way to 17 go. It's just in the time frame that we were working toward 18 the FCA 19 timeframe, redesigning the auction process, the 19 capacity auction process would be a big lift and probably 20 would be more efficient from a not only from the ISOs 21 development standpoint, but the ability of everybody else to 22 absorb it would be more efficient to do that in the context 23 of moving to some sort of a seasonal product. But we believe 24 that's really would be a preferable way to go rather than

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| 1 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. Andy. |
| 2 | MR. ANDY: Thank you for the question, |
| 3 | Commissioner Clements. Just a brief kind of word of caution |
| 4 | on thinking about firm fuel procurement as kind of a benefit |
| 5 | for prompt. I think it was discussed in the context of the |
| 6 | RCA stakeholder process, and it makes some sense |
| 7 | theoretically. But the question is in terms of now we're |
| 8 | learning that the data may show that there may be no need |
| 9 | for derating gas non-firm gas in the winter given the |
| 10 | outcomes. |
| 11 | So then the question is what is the incentive or |
| 12 | why would you need to incorporate your firming into your |
| 13 | capacity offers a year out? So I understand it may change |
| 14 | down the road, but if you're looking at prioritizing and |
| 15 | timing, the question is if there is no derating for non-firm |
| 16 | in the capacity under RCA, then there is no incentive to |
| 17 | incorporate it. So what's the need now? It's really a |
| 18 | question. Once again, we're still open minded on this, but |
| 19 | that's what I'm struggling with. |
| 20 | MR. MITRESKI: Yeah. And I think just to add to |
| 21 | what Andy was saying. The way the RCA analysis initially |
| 22 | came out, it when it looked at the unserved energy hours |
| 23 | between summer and winter, the split was 75% summer and 25% |
| 24 | winter. And it also, like I said, it degraded gas only units |
| 25 | by 50%, their capability in the winter. But then on an |
| | |

Page 208 1 annual basis, their due rate was roughly 17%. So what that 2 says is, is there enough incentive for resources to get the 3 gas to procure the firm gas to get the higher accreditation? 4 And Mr. Levitan, when he did a presentation at one of the 5 committees, he said, well, the price really needs to be around \$6 to get the incentive for resources to firm up and 6 7 get the firm gas. Perhaps \$6 is not a high price if you do 8 go to a seasonal auction because perhaps the summer price 9 would be lower. And then when you add the two, the net 10 benefit or the net increase may be minimal. But that was all 11 under a scenario where we had data before we realized that 12 the modeling was not appropriate. So now if we get this data 13 where the unserved energy in winter is zero and the rates 14 are minimal, again, my fear is against the trade off.

15 They will spend so much time on this forward and 16 seasonal market, but the decrease will be minimal and there 17 will be very small incentive to firm up the gas. But I think 18 potentially another solution is to maybe create some sort of 19 a forward reserve market or anything, not specifically 20 reserve market, but some kind of procurement of fuel that 21 will incentivize natural gas resources to have sort of the 22 backup or dual offer of at a high threshold price where they 23 can switch from a regular gas to an LNG price. And that way 24 they can offer on a forward basis what they think their 25 costs would be and be able to recover.

Page 209 1 It wouldn't be just limited to LNG resources, but 2 still buy that product. That will give an opportunity for 3 gas units to recover their fuel based on that forward 4 procurement. 5 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. Go ahead, Michelle, and then I'll be done. 6 7 MS. GARDNER: I just want to make one quick 8 comment, maybe as a follow up here. And I do appreciate the 9 ISO and kind of recognizing errors in the GE modeling, the 10 ability to kind of retrench, go back, see what makes sense. 11 But I agree with others. I mean, we're finding the no winter 12 risk and the going forward, does it really make sense to 13 price in firm fuel even on a seasonal basis? Does that make 14 sense? But I just wanted to make one comment as we think 15 about our reliability on resources going forward. We've 16 seen a number of oil units and firm fuel units that are 17 going to be needed in the market, at least in the 18 foreseeable future, to help manage this energy transition 19 gap, as well as being the owner of Seabrook Nuclear Power 20 Plant. 21 As I think about the firm fuel that our 22 facilities are able to provide in the region, and 23 particularly Seabrook with emissions free kind of baseload 24 support, the pause I have when we think about these firm 25 fuel discussions is maybe flipping instead of just looking

Page 210 1 at adding firm fuel, making sure that we're still valuing 2 the resources that actually are providing firm fuel onto 3 the system. Because time and time again, even in the RCA 4 process, a plant like Seabrook was actually seeing a derate 5 because of the way ISO was doing its modeling because it was 6 a large resource. 7 So not only were we seeing a situation where gas 8 wasn't getting derated, but we were looking at a result that 9 actually showed Seabrook getting a derate, which didn't make 10 sense to us given the reliability that a unit like that 11 provides. So that's just another way to think about it, as 12 well as, again, the transition. If we think of kind of the 13 transition and the oil steam units that are in the market 14 today and what continued incentives can we put in our 15 markets to make sure that those firm fuel resources stay 16 around for as long as we need them. Thank you. 17 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Commissioner Christie. 18 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: I'm going to Mr. Kreis. Mr. 19 Kreis. You said a lot that I could talk to you about for 20 about 3 or 4 hours, but I'm not going to take up everybody's 21 time. But I do want to ask you a couple of things. You said 22 the state motto of New Hampshire was not live free or die, 23 but used and useful. Now, when are they going to put that on 24 the license plates? 25 MR. KREIS: That was a loose

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| 1 translation of our state motto. 2 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Okay. Because I'd love to 3 see used and useful on license plates if you do that. New | ood |
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| ³ see used and useful on license plates if you do that. New | bod |
| | ood |
| | bod |
| ⁴ Hampshire sent me one because I'm going to use it. I will get g | |
| ⁵ trade in value with that, because my car is 12 years | |
| ⁶ old. That might be consumer fraud actually, but it would be | |
| ⁷ state endorsed. So if you're for used and useful, let me ask | |
| ⁸ you. Let's look at the capacity market. I | |
| 9 presume that under the principle of used and useful, you | |
| 10 would really not be for a long-term capacity market, because | |
| ¹¹ you're paying for capacity three years in advance before you | |
| ¹² know it's going to be used and useful. Correct? | |
| 13 MR. KREIS: That's correct. I've | |
| ¹⁴ inured myself to that reality, however. | |
| 15 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Okay. Let me move to | |
| ¹⁶ transmission. You would not be in favor, for example, QUIP | |
| 17 and AFUDC, because those are awarded before a project is used | |
| ¹⁸ and useful or ever will be used and useful. | |
| 19 MR. KREIS: Absolutely. New | |
| 20 Hampshire is the anti-QUIP state. We've had an anti-QUIP | |
| ²¹ statute on the books in New Hampshire since May 5th, 1979. | |
| 22 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Okay. And one | |
| ²³ additional thing on transmission. You mentioned the concern | |
| ²⁴ you had that transmission projects, certainly local | |
| ²⁵ supplemental maintenance; they're called different things in | |

Page 212 1 different states. I don't know what they're called up here 2 in PJM. They'd be supplementals, but local to the LSC are 3 not being vetted and not being properly scrutinized before 4 they go into formula rates. Is that your concern? MR. KREIS: That is my concern. And 5 again, I'm echoing what I've heard NESCOE say as well. 6 7 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Right. So then you and I 8 presume that you would not think that FERC should be giving 9 a presumption of prudence when these projects are not 10 thoroughly vetted or adequately vetted at the state level. 11 MR. KREIS: Absolutely not. 12 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Man. There we go. One 13 thing I would say to you, just to finally disagree and not 14 really a disagreement, but you made the comment that state 15 consumer advocates don't have the resources and the time 16 to participate in a lot of these processes. And you're 17 absolutely right. And you wanted to be in ISO New England. 18 I'll tell you from experience, as someone who argued to get 19 one in PJM, it's not a magic bullet. It really isn't. It's 20 what we really need is a ratepayer advocate at FERC, and 21 we don't have one. But that's for Congress to decide. 22 MR. KREIS: Indeed. Perhaps the Energy Policy Act 23 of 2024 that my friend: Commissioner Simpson. 24 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Commissioner Simpson is 25 going to get and maybe have that in there, but we won't.

Page 213 1 MR. KREIS: I don't want to mislead anybody. I 2 heartily agree with you that what I suggested is not a magic 3 bullet. 4 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: It's not. 5 MR. KREIS: I mean, there's nothing that we can do 6 that would guarantee that we would be as empowered as we 7 ought to be as the only wallet in the room. 8 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Okay. Thank you. Tell me when 9 those license plates come out. 10 MR. KREIS: Will do. 11 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: All right. We thank everybody 12 here. We are at the close of this panel. I'm going to turn it 13 back to David. I think we all have earned a brief break. I 14 think we can take like a five minute break and then come 15 right back. Is that good? 16 MR. BURNS: Works for me if it works for you. 17 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Okay. 18 MR. BURNS: We'll see everyone at 3:15. Thank you. 19 (Recess.) 20 MR. BURNS: I'd like to welcome our panelists to the 21 table for this panel or roundtable, shall I say. We have 22 Phil Bartlett, chair of the Maine Public Utilities 23 Commission. Katie Dykes, Commissioner; Connecticut 24 Department of Energy and Environmental Protection; Ronald 25 Gerwatowski, Chairman of the Rhode Island Public Utilities

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Page 214 1 Commission; Jim Robb, President and CEO, North American 2 Electric Reliability Corporation; Carlton Simpson, 3 Commissioner; New Hampshire Public Utilities Commission. 4 Rebecca Tepper, Secretary, Massachusetts Executive, Office of 5 Energy and Environmental Affairs; June Tierney, Commissioner, 6 Vermont Department of Public Service; and Gordon Van Welie, 7 President and CEO of ISO New England. Mr. Chairman. 8 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you again, David. And 9 thank you, everybody. We have a full house to the end here 10 today. And I think that this panel I've been looking forward 11 to all day long. And so I'm not going to belabor any points. 12 I'm going to get right to it. And I can imagine each of you 13 could have written my question that I'm going to ask. I 14 want to know what your top takeaway is from 15 today. And I'll go ahead and put all my questions out. And 16 then I want to know from you. What is the next step? What 17 is the most important next step that we need to take? And 18 finally: who needs to take that step. And so, I will start 19 with you, Mr. Robb. 20 MR. ROBB: I had a different question in mind. But 21 yours is better. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I appreciate being 22 here. You know, I wish these issues were easy and 23 non-controversial, like inter-regional transmission capacity 24 assessments and those sorts of things. I think there's first of 25 all, here's the top thing that strikes me, right? This was a

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| 1 | much more encouraging conversation than I think we had back |
| 2 | in September. For whatever set of reasons, I think there's |
| 3 | some facts and analysis on the table that might have been |
| 4 | missing last time. And I think we had a good robust |
| 5 | conversation around that. You know, pro and con. I think the |
| 6 | thing that stands out for me among the 6 kind of major |
| 7 | takeaways that I have from today is that really managing the |
| 8 | pace of this transition continues to be my number one |
| 9 | concern. And the one thing that we need to always keep our |
| 10 | eyes open to is that we don't remove facilities until we can |
| 11 | replace them in full. |
| 12 | And I think the need for some of the assets that |
| 13 | we've talked about today, whether it be the Everett Terminal |
| 14 | specifically, whether it be reinforcements of the natural |
| 15 | gas system, the other kind of very exciting new resources |
| 16 | that are coming on the system here, the offshore wind, |
| 17 | which is terribly exciting in terms of how transformational |
| 18 | that could be for the region and the expansion of solar up |
| 19 | here. |
| 20 | All of these things make a great soup, but they |
| 21 | got to be added in the right order and in the right |
| 22 | quantities in order to make this whole thing work. And I |
| 23 | would just kind of continue to raise to the region's |
| 24 | awareness to be very, very thoughtful about how we move from |
| 25 | the system we're at today to the one that we will be at in the |
| | |

Page 216 1 future at some date and not to be short-sighted about what 2 we're going to need to make that transition work reliably. 3 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Mr. Van Welie. 4 MR. WELIE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and 5 Commissioners and fellow state colleagues for joining us 6 here today. So my top takeaway is the reality that the gas 7 and electric systems are highly interdependent. But we are still 8 overseeing, analyzing, operating and planning these systems 9 in silos. And you heard it today in multiple panels. So I 10 observed or heard your comments last week and read them in the 11 press clips where you pointed out that there's a lack of 12 oversight over the gas industry. And it doesn't have to be 13 FERC. It has to be somebody that has to provide that 14 oversight. And I do agree with that. Commissioner Simpson 15 earlier today called on new legislation to remedy that 16 problem. Now, I'm not naive. I don't think Congress is going 17 to click his fingers and change that overnight. So we have 18 to live with the reality that we have. But I think it's the 19 source of much of the confusion and frustration that we 20 heard during the course of the day. And I believe that we 21 need new standards, new regulatory requirements. 22 I think you heard Vamsi speak earlier on about if 23 we're going to solve this energy adequacy issue through a 24 market. We need to define the metric for it. So I think the

25

work that the team has done has pointed us in the right

Page 217 1 direction with regard to coming up with an energy shortfall 2 standard. We're still going to have to agree on what that 3 looks like before you can clear such a thing through a 4 market. 5 But I think one thing that all the regulators here at this table can do to help is to require that the gas industry do 6 7 as comprehensive a job on the operational performance, the 8 dynamic operational performance of the gas system, as we're 9 attempting to do on the electric system. Only then do I 10 think you will see the full picture, because I think we're 11 making an assumption which has been challenged today 12 that the gas system will be reliable. 13 So if you give me a few more minutes, I just want 14 to run through a couple of other things. So the results from 15 the the so-called pre-analysis freely admits that this is an 16 incomplete study at this point. We had a choice. Do we put 17 out an incomplete study or withhold it? Knowing that the 18 information is in? That study was very germane and pertinent 19 to this conversation. Because the other thing I heard today 20 was what's at play here really is the cost allocation 21 problem around average. Who's going to pay for it in the 22 short run? 23 So I'll come back to that. There are two sort of 24 primary assumptions upon which that study rests. The first 25 is that the gas system will continue to perform at historic

Page 218 1 levels without Everett. Is that a good assumption or a bad assumption? We need the gas industry to tell us what we heard 2 3 today during the course of some of these panels is that that may not 4 be a good assumption. But still surprising to me that after 5 20 years of talking about this issue, we still do not have a 6 regular, rigorous analysis of whether the gas system is 7 going to meet not only the firm customers, but also the 8 electric generation needs of the system, whether they're 9 firm or not. 10 So I think that's a regulatory gap that has to be 11 addressed. The other big assumption that our study rests 12 upon is the fact that the region, the ISO and the 13 Commission will follow through on a long list of very 14 important market design reforms, which are going to be very 15 difficult: resource capacity accreditation. I think DASI is 16 going to be easier because we've tried that one before and 17 we're coming back with the second time. But you heard both 18 Bob and Michael put out a long list of things that we would 19 like to do: capacity accreditation and service reform 20 replacement reserves, and possibly prompt seasonal auction 21 and IEP's in the mix. 22 These are all very difficult topics. So to assume 23 that we're going to get through all of these issues on time 24 is a big assumption. And we've learned through experience 25 that often that may not be the case. So what are the risks?

Page 219 1 So the good news is in the short run, the risks seem to be 2 abating a little bit. 3 4 And I'm very happy to see that. And that's really because of 5 the work that the states have done on energy efficiency and 6 the solar penetration. Really modest demand growth and high 7 solar penetration have offset some of the energy adequacy 8 risk. 9 We didn't see that until we did this analysis. 10 But what are the risks in the longer term? The risks in the 11 longer term are that the 2 prior big assumptions that I 12 mentioned turned out to be incorrect: that the gas system 13 will perform and that we'll get all these market design 14 improvements done on time. The second big one is load 15 growth. 16 So we just put out a revised load forecast for 17 the 2031, 2032 period. We're showing an addition of some 6 18 gigawatts of additional load. That's dramatic. That's going 19 to look like a hockey stick in the second part of this 20 decade, and that's to meet the forecasted electrification 21 goals. So that's a big variable. And then, of course, 22 retirements, particularly of the oil units, because what 23 you've heard is as we rely less on gas, we become more 24 dependent on oil. And then the fourth one is: will the 25 offshore wind be here on time? And we've seen some delays

Page 220 1 there. 2 So there are big variables out there with regard 3 to the future. And so if you ask me, how do I feel about the 4 risks, I'm not feeling sanguine about the risks to 5 Commissioner Danly's question earlier on. In the short run, 6 I'm feeling a little more relaxed about where we are given 7 the analysis. 8 9 But in the longer run, I'm still as concerned as I've ever 10 been. And there are too many variables out there that could 11 break in a negative direction for us. And therefore, I would 12 say that from the perspective of answering the question of 13 whether the region needs to retain Everett or not, to me 14 it's a simple decision. The region should retain Everett. 15 It's prudent. That's why we said it's prudent to do so. I 16 think it would be extremely unwise were we to let that 17 facility go until we know where we are with regard to these 18 variables. 19 And so then your question was: what are 20 the next steps? We've got a long list of next steps ahead of 21 us. We have to complete the analysis. We have to look at 22 2032. We have to continue to make progress on these various 23 market design initiatives. But I'd also say to all of you,

please, let's make sure we get the gas side of this

25 equation understood. That's not something

24

Page 221 1 that we have the power to control. All of you collectively have the power to do that. And I'd ask you to do that, 2 3 please. 4 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, Chairman Bartlett. 5 MR. BARTLETT: Thank you. I think my biggest 6 takeaway is that we're better informed than we were the last 7 time we spoke. When I spoke in Vermont, one of the things I 8 mentioned was that we needed to better define energy 9 adequacy, understand what it was, how we were going to 10 measure it, so that we have something to work towards. That 11 is, we come up with solutions. We knew the problem we were 12 trying to solve. I think the study has gone a long way in 13 that regard, giving us a sense of the risk and the magnitude 14 of those risks. And I think from here, we need to work with 15 the ISO. The state and the ISO need to work together to develop that 16 energy adequacy metric. What is it that we need to solve for 17 based on this analysis? And I think that's going to be 18 incredibly important, as we see the 2032 analysis. I think 19 the 2027 gives us a little comfort. 20 I expect that 2032 will pose a lot more 21 challenges for some of the reasons that Gordon has 22 mentioned. I think we get that, I think we need to 23 sort of reconvene and focus on what needs to be done over 24 the next couple of years. That will get us ready and that 25 will solve the energy adequacy challenges that are likely to

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| 1 | be put right in front of us when we get that 2032 analysis. |
| 2 | So I think the core message is that we all need |
| 3 | to remain vigilant and keep a sense of urgency. This problem |
| 4 | is not solved. At most, we have a bit of a reprieve, and we |
| 5 | need to continue to dig in. And then finally, I agree with |
| 6 | Gordon's point, that we absolutely need to better understand |
| 7 | the gas system and the interdependencies with the electric |
| 8 | system. That is a huge gap we need to do. I think it's a |
| 9 | combination of studies and coming up with new mechanisms for |
| 10 | ongoing sort of dialogue measurement, so that we have a |
| 11 | better understanding of the problem in real time before we |
| 12 | get ourselves into too much trouble. |
| 13 | MS. DYKES: I think that today has |
| 14 | been really valuable in helping to shift our focus a |
| 15 | bit. If that's the takeaway, I think that it will be a huge |
| 16 | success. I think that to the extent that we've |
| 17 | looked at the 2027 results. I don't think we should be |
| 18 | taking away from those results. This is a time to relax |
| 19 | or to feel a reprieve or to feel a breath of a sigh of relief, |
| 20 | or that we have some time. I think that what those results |
| 21 | should be telling us is that we need to work quickly to get |
| 22 | the 2032 analysis, because we have a very limited amount of |
| 23 | time to start on the path of deploying the resources that |
| 24 | are going to be necessary for reliability and to support |
| 25 | electrification in the next decade. And it takes 5, 7, |

Page 223 1 8 or up to 10 years sometimes to build transmission, to get 2 offshore wind, a nascent resource, that's in a very dynamic 3 moment right now: deployed. Right? 4 So let's take those two examples. So we 5 probably have 6, 12, maybe 18 months and decisions that 6 will be taken during that time frame that are going to be 7 determined where we're going to be in 2032. So I really 8 commend FERC for hosting these forums. I think they happened 9 because there was a sense of urgency that we were about 10 to lose a critical resource and that we all had to come 11 together lest we face the microphones, you know, around 12 rolling blackouts. 13 But I think we're still in that urgent emergency moment. And 14 so I would share my colleagues view that I think another, 15 you know, a reconvening, because it's a lovely to come up and 16 visit New England. A reconvening would be very helpful when 17 we have the 2032 results, so we can really build out the 18 robust list of what needs to happen next, because it's all 19 within the time that we are all collectively going to be 20 sitting in the seats that we're sitting in. The 21 decisions will be made that will dictate what the 22 reliability result will be in 2032. 23 So I really hope that we'll continue to have that 24 level of elevated, heightened sense of urgency that can 25 convene and bring us all together, because

Page 224 1 there's not one specific action or reform or 2 investment that will determine all of this. It's going to be 3 a host of different things: state decisions, ISO market 4 design, FERC decisions, as well as federal funding through 5 the IRA and the bipartisan infrastructure law that is accelerating decision-making investments. 6 7 So I think getting the band back together after 8 the 2032 results are out would be really helpful. One last 9 thing I just want to say: the ISO New England market; it's 10 geographically isolated. It's a small market, and it's 11 vulnerable to exercises of market power as a result. And we 12 have for, you know, over the last two decades, evolved a 13 market design capacity market that is built around the 14 investment needs of natural gas resources. 15 Whether you're enthusiastic about decarbonization 16 goals or not, the bottom line is that we don't have the gas 17 delivery infrastructure to support that level of gas 18 dependence. 19 And so I think the 2032 study, you know, as we 20 look at those results, feels to me like finally an 21 opportunity, a generational opportunity, to break free from 22 this sort of single resource dependency that has locked in 23 so much market power and so much exercise of leverage that 24 it's to the detriment of our ratepayers. And I'm excited

Page 225 1 about where we're putting our focus. The capacity market is 2 sort of like the Everett of energy issues. It takes up so 3 much bandwidth and so much stakeholder focus. We only have so 4 much stakeholder focus. 5 This is an amazing community in Nepal, you know, 6 in New England, to get together and work through these issues 7 in a multi state ISO. But there's only so many hours of the 8 day that we can spend in these types of meetings. So 9 focusing on energy and ancillary services reforms to me is 10 more valuable. Not to diminish all the discussions about the 11 capacity market, but that's where the resources that are 12 really keeping the lights on are making their money. And so 13 I'm just leaving that as another comment. 14 15 MR. GERWATOWSKI: So I think that the prior 16 speakers have identified all the good takeaways, so I won't 17 have much more to add about that. And I don't have any 18 brainiac solutions to offer, but just a few just general 19 comments first. Even though we have this study, even though 20 we have some feelings that maybe it's not so bad as we thought it was, I still retain a instinctive skepticism 21 22 about that. 23 It's very difficult for me to go in the last year 24 and a half telling the powers that be in Rhode Island, that the 25 skies might be falling this winter. And then I go back and

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Page 226 1 say it's all manageable and maybe it is manageable, but I 2 still worry about that. In fact, even when you assume a 3 normal winter, it is manageable. We still are one 4 contingency away from something really bad. And what my 5 other fear, maybe because I'm a worrier about these things, 6 is that if something like that happens, then we're going to 7 be faced with drastic actions that are going to be demanded 8 that could make things worse, not better. 9 So I live with that because I don't think it's a 10 good message to leave this conference in saying everything's 11 okay now. Everything's not okay. We still have risks. We 12 still have to keep our eye on the ball on this. And I think 13 the market reforms is directionally the best 14 thing that we can do right now with ancillary services, the 15 capacity accreditation and the seasonal market reforms. And 16 while I share with Don Chris the tendency to say provocative 17 things, I don't always agree with them on everything. But I 18 do agree with this. When we look at those reforms, we 19 really need to have a rigorous assessment to make sure it 20 really is addressing the risks that we're trying to 21 achieve. 22 I've said enough about Everett, and I think that 23 there is a need to try and get an analysis of the gas 24 side matched with the electric side. I hope there's more 25 dialogue about that. I don't think that, as I said earlier,

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| 1 | I don't think that's about FERC issuing orders or the states |
| 2 | issuing orders. |
| 3 | That's just trying to get folks together to try |
| 4 | to see if we can't develop something sensible. I do. I'll |
| 5 | leave you with this. I think it may be something |
| 6 | that we all recognize that started last September is that we |
| 7 | can all agree that there's certain things |
| 8 | that we need to do, and we start going into circles, and we can |
| 9 | get a consensus. And then it always comes down to, yeah, but |
| 10 | we can't do anything about it. And I feel like that's what |
| 11 | happens because of the regulatory gaps. |
| 12 | It's not a blaming of anyone, but we have the |
| 13 | federal, and we have the state, and we seem to have this area |
| 14 | that leaves us with no one in charge to be able to really |
| 15 | say, yes, you must do this or that. So we're going to |
| 16 | continue to face, I think, some difficult issues like this |
| 17 | potentially in the future. I don't have a good answer for |
| 18 | it, but that's my perception of the circumstances. But thank |
| 19 | you very much. I, certainly, on behalf of Rhode Island, |
| 20 | really appreciate FERC, the Federal Energy Regulatory |
| 21 | Commission, coming in and really taking all of this |
| 22 | seriously and coming twice. I really appreciate that. Thank |
| 23 | you. |
| 24 | MR. SIMPSON: The policy questions that I |
| 25 | posed, and I hope I'm not naive, might characterize it as |

Page 228 1 useful youthful naivete, but I think that fundamentally, 2 we're not in Attleboro anymore. Our jurisdictions are 3 getting closer and closer together because they need to. And 4 the data that underpins these various energy 5 infrastructures, whether it's electricity, whether it's the 6 gas network, whether it's the various delivered fuel supply 7 chains, we really need real time information and system 8 status to reliably monitor and operate these interdependent 9 systems. 10 So at a state level, I think we need to do more 11 with the distribution companies that we regulate. We need to 12 enable customers to have better access to information. And 13 at a federal level, I think that the regulatory constructs 14 that exist need to evolve, just like state policies and 15 regulatory constructs continue to evolve. It will help to 16 enable new market opportunities, which will enable us to 17 value and determine the attributes that different resources 18 provide to the system, provide more transparency, and 19 hopefully ensure continued reliable operation and safety. 20 MS. TEPPER: I think we're in a better place 21 information wise than we were when you were here the last 22 time. I think that I remember the last time saying that 23 nobody had looked at the actual numbers with respect to 24 Everett. And I do think we're in a better place in terms of 25 having the information that we need to make a good decision,

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| 1 | at least on the electric side. I also think that we're |
| 2 | coming away from here with a clear consensus among the |
| 3 | states about the need to act as a region and together, I |
| 4 | think the New England region is right now committed to |
| 5 | working together on various issues. I think we're moving in |
| 6 | the right direction in lots of fronts. |
| 7 | I think the study showed us if we didn't already |
| 8 | know it, the value of solar, even in the winter. |
| 9 | I do agree with the sense of urgency to continue on our |
| 10 | clean energy procurements and the benefits that we are going |
| 11 | to see from the offshore wind industry, which I believe |
| 12 | 100%, that we will have an offshore wind industry off the |
| 13 | East Coast. It's just too valuable. We have |
| 14 | some of the best wind in the world, Saudi Arabia of wind |
| 15 | here, and it's too valuable of a resource for it not to |
| 16 | happen. So, you know, I think: full press on the offshore |
| 17 | wind, full press on the transmission to support it, full |
| 18 | press on the transmission to support clean energy and full |
| 19 | press on the tie lines to be able to bring in renewables |
| 20 | from other regions. |
| 21 | MS. TIERNEY: I'll start by thanking the |
| 22 | Commission again for coming here and for continuing to join |
| 23 | in this process of sifting for insights and looking for the |
| 24 | path forward for our decarbonized future that we need to get |
| 25 | to safely. As I said last year, which is why I patient |
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| 1 | myself and listening to the discourse about the role of |
| 2 | natural gas in this transition; notwithstanding the fact that |
| 3 | every time we say it, there are people out there saying: do |
| 4 | you not get it? We need to stop burning fossil fuels. And |
| 5 | when the answer becomes, hey, we can burn less of gas |
| 6 | because we've got oil, it's not an appreciable improvement. |
| 7 | I worry about our conversation today, which again, was |
| 8 | expertly, highly incisive and elucidating. I worry about it |
| 9 | coming across as tone deaf. |
| 10 | And so if I have a top takeaway today, it's that |
| 11 | this is an unforgiving forum, not because we are unforgiving |
| 12 | toward each other, but because there are people listening so |
| 13 | closely and so carefully, and nuance doesn't go over well. |
| 14 | The ISO has taken quite a beating today. Nine months ago, |
| 15 | the message was, oh, my word, the sky is falling. Today the |
| 16 | message is, well, we've got some breathing room. But I can |
| 17 | relate to the bewildered sense that Commissioner Danly has, |
| 18 | because I've puzzled about this all day. And I just asked |
| 19 | one of my colleagues in one sentence what has changed. And |
| 20 | we really struggled to come up with that one sentence. But |
| 21 | then Phil said they did the analysis; they did the robust |
| 22 | analysis, and they're to be congratulated for that. |
| 23 | And it being ICES analysis, I have no question that it was |
| 24 | done well. The problem that I see continues to be to the |
| 25 | folks we're trying to reach the hearts and minds of those who |
| 1 | |

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| 1 | need to join us in this process. They continue to feel like |
| 2 | they're not included in the study thinking and how can we |
| 3 | change that? It was very refreshing to have Don here |
| 4 | today talking in a rabid consumer advocate voice. I remember, |
| 5 | I think, Rebecca, that was you last year or two years ago, |
| 6 | right? More of that, but maybe not just from the consumer |
| 7 | advocate now, maybe also from the RJ 40 people, maybe also |
| 8 | from the health people who will talk a little more about |
| 9 | what it means to be choosing between the air pollution of |
| 10 | natural gas and the air pollution of oil, as we seek to |
| 11 | secure winter reliability. |
| 12 | Trust seems to be somewhat a trusted partner. The ISO |
| 13 | gave us the study result. I trust them. I know many others |
| 14 | do as well. But I think Commissioner Danly has put his |
| 15 | finger on something or Danly, forgive me, that only a |
| 16 | regulator and only a regulator like FERC can do, which is |
| 17 | point to the need for some sunshine. How did we get here? |
| 18 | How did this happen? That's a pretty simple process. You can |
| 19 | pose questions to the ISO and say; why is the analysis only |
| 20 | coming now? And can the ISO answer those questions? And my money |
| 21 | says they have good answers. |
| 22 | The public needs to know that because the reporting on |
| 23 | today's event, no doubt, is going to be: who knew there's no |
| 24 | crisis, and we all know that that's not so. It's just that |
| 25 | the definition of the crisis, the parameters of the crisis, |
| 1 | |

Page 232 1 et cetera have changed on us. But that doesn't mean it's 2 gone away. 3 I've looked for a suitable analogy, and they've 4 all eluded me. The best I can come up with is that I'm 5 driving a car in a New England winter, and there's ice on the 6 road, and there's a terrible glare. And at that point, my 7 option is to flip that blinder down and hope it does the 8 job. But if you're like me, you're at a cross, an 9 intersection, and the lights are up there, and you can't see 10 them because the blinders are in your way. Is it green yet? I 11 can't tell. But as soon as we stop defining the problem, as 12 there's too much glare on the road from the ice, and instead 13 we say there's too much white light. 14 That opens up the possibility of getting out your 15 sunglasses if you have some polarized ones and filtering out 16 the white light, and you see the problem differently. And I 17 think that is what the ISO has done and that is what the study 18 shows us. But all that's terribly nuanced, and we need to be 19 able to communicate about that in a way that makes us worthy

21 So the question was, what's the next step? And I 22 would say build trust. And the next step to building trust 23 is, I don't want to say, further study. I do want to say 24 let's do the study that Gordon has so clearly articulated 25 needs to be done and that Ron so passionately advocated for.

of the trust that the public invests in us.

20

Page 233 1 Let us start looking at gas and electric systems as the 2 interdependent systems they are and let us do more, more 3 analysis there, to understand how we can make those systems 4 talk to each other in order to make greater progress on our 5 winter reliability and our transition for how our grid is 6 fueled. 7 But with that said, let us bear in mind as we do 8 that, that we are talking to a significant portion of a 9 society that is saying we can't be burning any more fossil 10 fuels. We can't be doing what we've always done before. It's 11 beyond ironic that we're now looking into the particulars of 12 a system that at this very moment we also need to have go 13 away. 14 Let's do it, because we have to build the 15 trust, and we have to get to that new world where we have a 16 decarbonized grid safely. And whether I like it or not, 17 natural gas has a role to play in that. Who needs to take 18 that next step? Oh, Chairman Phillips, you know what I'm going 19 to say? You know, I'm going to say FERC, and I'm going to say 20 thank you, but I'm going to surprise you. 21 I'm going to say FERC has a unique 22 convening authority. And Commissioner Christie, I know you 23 know that as a former state regulator, you are very well 24 versed in the powers of the state. And I know with the time 25 you spent at FERC, you are also now well versed in the

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| 1 | convening authority of FERC. And nobody can make ISO and the |
| 2 | states and the industry and stakeholders who want in on the |
| 3 | conversation sit up and pay attention and speak their minds |
| 4 | in the presence of each other the way FERC can. |
| 5 | So this is not a gratuitous use of your time. |
| 6 | This is, I think, the way we plug the regulatory gap that |
| 7 | has become clear between our state jurisdiction and our |
| 8 | federal jurisdiction, where we all see that we are terribly |
| 9 | reliant on collaboration. As you pointed out, Commissioner |
| 10 | Clements, you're delighted that we're doing that regional |
| 11 | planning now, and FERC was hoping we would do that. And |
| 12 | we're barely doing it because we, too, see the urgency. But |
| 13 | we don't really know how to do it. |
| 14 | I would love to see ISO be helmed or be steering |
| 15 | some of that, but it's not clear to me whether they can or |
| 16 | will or won't have the authority. Those are the things that |
| 17 | these convening proceedings can clarify for us. |
| 18 | So we need more of that. But states and ISO have a role to |
| 19 | play too. |
| 20 | So ISO needs to figure out how to bring |
| 21 | more voices into its studies, I think. And I'm sorry, ISO I |
| 22 | know I'm throwing that at you and you're probably hating me |
| 23 | for it, but it's good medicine, honestly. States! I heard |
| 24 | Vamsi's question, and I think FERC took it up as well. What |
| 25 | is the risk? What is the appetite we have for risk in the |
| | |

Page 235 1 region? What is the standard we are designing toward? If we 2 have quantified the amount of risk we can take, and that's a 3 fair question. The flip side of that is, okay, having 4 assumed that risk, how do we harden our people so that they 5 can bear the downside of that risk. And I think that is a 6 state mission. We can use the partnership and help of FERC 7 in educating people about how they can help. This is back to 8 demand response energy efficiency behaviours like making 9 sure your backup battery is charged when a storm is coming. 10 We need your help with that, of course. 11 But fundamentally, it is also for the states to 12 be looking at how do we harden our people to deal with the 13 risks that we necessarily have to bear, because as Don so 14 eloquently put it, we can't afford the perfect system. We 15 just can't. I'm sorry if I tried your patience and going 16 over too much. But that was my takeaway today. 17 CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, Commissioner 18 Clements. 19 COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thank you. I will 20 undoubtedly fail at ingesting all of the great guidance you 21 just provided, because it takes a lot to process the idea 22 that we are speaking at an expert level that doesn't bring 23 everybody in. And I very much appreciate the comment and 24 apologize in advance to the extent that I'm not able to 25 switch over. I guess I didn't hear today that it's either

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Page 236 1 everything's fine, or the world is falling 2 and now everything's fine. What my takeaway in 3 reaction to all of yours is that the rest of the world 4 isn't static. We have a question about an asset, a big 5 asset, an important asset, and things around it are 6 changing. And there has been an intuition about the problem 7 for a decade that's been around fuel security and through 8 this quantification process, we see that other things around 9 in the world are changing and will continue to change and 10 that's great. That's encouraging. 11 That doesn't mean we have a large amount of 12 breathing room, or we can go out and not worry about it. It 13 does give us a little bit of breathing room. It gives you a 14 little bit of breathing room, but less bad doesn't make it 15 okay. The amount of information that was presented 16 in the last panel on market design is intimidating. 17 And it may be that breathing room is the time 18 where you all as a region and stakeholders get to have the 19 hard conversations. You know, I have spoken favorably about 20 seasonal constructs, especially as relates to the 21 flexibility that demand side resources might get from that 22 relative to participation, affordable participation, cheaper 23 in that market. 24 That doesn't mean I think that's the only answer 25 or the right answer I have written about my interest in.

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Page 237 1 I'm intriqued by the proposal on a prompt front. That 2 doesn't mean I know that's the right answer or the only 3 answer. I think from where I sit on across this Commission, 4 I am open to the idea that maybe it is that piece of the 5 capacity market that needs to be the top priority, or maybe 6 it is, as some people said today, the energy and ancillary 7 services and what comes next they know we're 80 to 90% of 8 the revenues live for any resource. So I want to be 9 supportive of whichever place that limited amount of 10 resources can go to. And I hope in comments following this 11 day, you can help us understand maybe as you process it, 12 what would be most helpful from. 13 Is it giving you that space and time to figure 14 these things out? Is it providing more perspective on a set 15 of principles? Do we need to dig in more discreetly on loss 16 of unserved energy, on what the design criteria 17 are? You know, we can be helpful. We can take leadership in 18 that way. But it would be helpful to get your perspective on 19 what that looks like in addition to what you've already said 20 to us today. And so I don't think I have additional 21 questions, but just to express appreciation and certainly 22 take to heart, Commissioner Tierney's and Secretary Tepper's 23 comments about how we broaden the conversation. 24 But go ahead. 25 MR. WELIE: So, Commissioner, I just wanted to

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| 1 | pick up on one thing you said, because I heard the same |
| 2 | conversation about his further capacity market reform: the |
| 3 | most important thing we should be doing. So we did a study |
| 4 | that we published last year; a study that came out of |
| 5 | request from the states that looked at what's called the |
| 6 | pathway study that was intended to look at how does one |
| 7 | drive clean energy resources through a market. But what we |
| 8 | were also looking at is what happens to the revenue stream |
| 9 | and to the existing resources in the market. |
| 10 | And so what that study showed very clearly as we |
| 11 | load more and more renewables onto the system is |
| 12 | going to tend to compress energy market prices, which is |
| 13 | going to make the capacity market ever more important going |
| 14 | forward or some mechanism that takes over the function of a |
| 15 | capacity market. So as I look out into the future here, I |
| 16 | don't see how we can lower the priority on that issue, and |
| 17 | because it's going to become the balancing revenue stream to |
| 18 | deal with paying for resources that are going to have ever |
| 19 | lower capacity factors over time. |
| 20 | COMMISSIONER CLEMENTS: Thanks. My comments |
| 21 | weren't to suggest you shouldn't. It was to suggest I don't |
| 22 | know what the right answer is. So thank you all for |
| 23 | participating today. |
| 24 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Commissioner Christie. |
| 25 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: I love coming to New |
| | |

Page 239 1 England. A century after the Attleboro case and hearing a 2 commissioner from Rhode Island talk about a regulatory gap: 3 some things never change. I thought we fixed that a hundred 4 years ago, but it's great to hear. Here's what I want to ask, 5 and I'm going to ask this because we have like five state 6 commissioners on this panel. So I think it's appropriate. 7 Commissioner Tierney just mentioned this. 8 Secretary Tepper mentioned it. Everybody always mentions, as 9 part of the long-term solution, we're going to do DR. We're 10 going to plug the gap with DR. You know, we're going to lose 11 gas. We're going to lose coal. 12 We're going to plug the gap with DRs. Let me 13 ask you this. We have five state commissioners. The most 14 effective DR program, which also picks up conservation, 15 does two things. Each energy efficiency reduces 16 load over the course of the year. It's an 17 efficiency program that just reduces load 18 on a secular basis is about reducing peak, sometimes 19 called peak shaving. And the most effective way to do it is 20 through time varying rates and dynamic pricing. That's the 21 most effective way to do it. 22 Everybody gets to participate. It's available to 23 all consumers. And it's proven to really, really work. It's 24 both peak shaving, and it's also efficiency over the course 25 of the year but it's a retail rate issue.

Page 240 1 It's not a FERC issue. Okay? It's a retail rate 2 issue. Nobody in the retail rate world is going to know what 3 LNP is at a given time. You cannot take a FERC wholesale market 4 and make residential consumers know what LNP is every five 5 minutes. 6 So it's a retail rate issue. How many of you are 7 working on or have already instituted a time varying dynamic 8 pricing rate structure designed to a) reduce load on a 9 secular basis over the course of the year and b) especially 10 do peak shaving. How many states are doing that? Just start 11 with Phil. MR. BARTLETT: What I say is we have 12 13 adopted some time of use rates, particularly focused 14 around EV and heat pumps, because those are newer 15 technologies, and we think we can get people to engage. I 16 agree with you that the demand response has to 17 be at the retail level. And I certainly take 18 that challenge and know that's something that we need to 19 work on. I think the whole region could work effectively 20 to come up with better demand response models. I do 21 think the study, the EPRI study, may give us some insight 22 into how valuable that can be, which can then help justify 23 the cost of it. 24 I also think it goes back to the other point that 25 has been made about trying to bring the public along. You

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| 1 | know, time of use rates as a mandatory rate or dynamic |
| 2 | pricing is very, very unpopular. Most consumer |
| 3 | advocates are opposed to it. A lot of consumer |
| 4 | groups are opposed to it. They are very concerned about the |
| 5 | impact on vulnerable folks. |
| 6 | So we have a long way to go. I mean, I think we |
| 7 | are going to be looking at rate design issues in Maine for |
| 8 | sure. We'd like to get to a place where we had a mandatory |
| 9 | time of use rate, because I think or some sort of dynamic |
| 10 | pricing is exactly how we help to balance supply |
| 11 | and demand. But we're a long way from that in |
| 12 | terms of trying to get the public to understand it, support |
| 13 | it and embrace it. So I think in the shorter term we're working |
| 14 | on these voluntary programs, opt in programs, to try to |
| 15 | demonstrate the effectiveness and the benefits of them. But |
| 16 | I absolutely agree with you that that's a retail issue. |
| 17 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: And I would just say this. |
| 18 | It is unpopular. There's a lot of pushback. A lot of |
| 19 | consumer advocates don't like it. But, you know, it's about |
| 20 | trade offs. If you want to shut down all these fossil fuel |
| 21 | plants and if answer is always DR, it is going to be to |
| 22 | fill the gap. Well, this is what it means. I mean, you have |
| 23 | to start looking at rate designs that really incent people |
| 24 | to cut back. That's just so straight offs. |
| 25 | |
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| 1 | MR. SIMPSON: Thank you. Prior to joining the New |
| 2 | Hampshire Commission, I had worked on time of use rate |
| 3 | designs, and I'm a time of use rate customer. We have |
| 4 | multiple utilities in New Hampshire that offer optional time |
| 5 | of use rates for a variety of applications. I think that as |
| 6 | with so much in this space, incrementalism is really |
| 7 | important. And engagement, public engagement, educating |
| 8 | folks about these options and how they could change their |
| 9 | behavior to mitigate system conditions, save money, reduce |
| 10 | emissions, and a variety of different applications. But offering |
| 11 | those rate opportunities for customers I think is a |
| 12 | foundational component. |
| 13 | And that's why I always seem to get back to the |
| 14 | data question. We have to have more real time information in |
| 15 | order to enable a time of use paradigm. But that's a long |
| 16 | conversation to have. It is a challenging topic, and we need |
| 17 | to engage with the public, understand their concerns, the |
| 18 | dimension of the issues, and what the cost implications would be |
| 19 | in order to realize whether that is what customers really |
| 20 | want. |
| 21 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Thanks. Secretary Tepper. |
| 22 | MS. TEPPER: Well, as I said earlier, I think that |
| 23 | the states have some work to do in this area. In |
| 24 | Massachusetts, we don't have smart meters yet, so we need |
| 25 | to put in our smart meters. But I agree with you that |

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| 1 | the key here is to make sure that everybody's not on |
| 2 | the system at the same time. So I don't think that time |
| 3 | varying rates are the only way you can do that. We have a |
| 4 | clean peak standard in Massachusetts, and I think virtual |
| 5 | power plants are going to be a way for us to control the |
| 6 | peak without having to do necessarily with the rates. |
| 7 | I think people are going to have storage |
| 8 | in their house. They're going to have storage in |
| 9 | their car; they're going to have solar on their |
| 10 | roof. All of that can be managed in a way to |
| 11 | control the peak. So I think there are a couple of ways to |
| 12 | get at that to get at that same issue. But |
| 13 | I agree with you that there is more work to be |
| 14 | done. |
| 15 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Mr. Tierney. |
| 16 | Ms. TIERNEY: Briefly, we have a variety of |
| 17 | arrangements like that in Vermont. And perhaps more |
| 18 | importantly, you missed your opportunity to ask Commissioner |
| 19 | Allen from Vermont about this. He is an expert in the subject |
| 20 | and while he was serving at the department with me, he did |
| 21 | extensive study of the subject involving all of our |
| 22 | distribution utilities, recalling that we are still |
| 23 | vertically integrated in Vermont. And as Rebecca pointed |
| 24 | out, having the ability to do that depends on having smart |
| 25 | meters, which we do pervasively have in Vermont. |
| 1 | |

Page 244 1 Interesting, though, there's still that element 2 that does not. And that's an equity issue because now once 3 you're talking about smart meters, you're talking about 4 broadband. So, you know, these are things to keep in mind. A 5 philosophical debate that's unfolded in Vermont is often, 6 you know: do we ask consumers to be involved on that level 7 or do we empower our utilities to have systems that 8 effectuate the same outcome without asking consumers to be 9 involved in that level? 10 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: You'll find out. 11 MS. TIERNEY: Well, you know, we have one program 12 that comes to mind, if I'm not mistaken. It's our Powerwall 13 program where the idea there was the consumer installs a 14 Powerwall at the house and has a tariff arrangement with the 15 utility whereby they can draw power out of that battery at 16 moments when needed to meet, say, peak demand and the like. 17 And there's an appropriate tariff offset for that. So these 18 are things that we are doing at the state level in pursuit 19 of the very thing you're talking about. I hope that answers 20 your question. 21 COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: Well, Riley's an 22 economist, so I'm sure he understands the benefit 23 for sure. 24 MS. TIERNEY: Right. And I'm a behaviorist, and we 25 always had very robust debates about that in my office.

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| 1 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: That's interesting |
| 2 | dichotomy Commissioner Gweratowski. |
| 3 | MR. GWERATOWSKI: I didn't want you to think, |
| 4 | Commissioner Christie, that on behalf of Rhode Island, and |
| 5 | I'm ignoring your inquiry. I have an advanced metering |
| 6 | infrastructure case in front of me now that implicates it. |
| 7 | So I'm not going to comment, but I just wanted to let you |
| 8 | know that. Okay. |
| 9 | COMMISSIONER CHRISTIE: I could comment on your |
| 10 | case, but I won't. It's a slogan called smart meters plus |
| 11 | dumb rates equals zero. Nevertheless. Katie. |
| 12 | MS. DYKES: I'm happy to add just to round out |
| 13 | your tour of the States. We're not in such a dissimilar |
| 14 | space from some of the other states in terms of AMI |
| 15 | deployment and then putting in the rate structures. We've |
| 16 | got time to use block rates. But there certainly are dockets |
| 17 | underway at the Public Utilities Regulatory Authority that |
| 18 | could be an opportunity to explore further. But I do think |
| 19 | that this very question is one of the great I, |
| 20 | think, results or perhaps, I don't know, conversations |
| 21 | that's become possible because of the Eprix analysis, |
| 22 | because in all these discussions about winter reliability, |
| 23 | for years and years we've talked about, you know, solar PV |
| 24 | efficiency and DR don't really help here. Right? But now with the |
| 25 | results on the solar PV, those insights right now, it brings |

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| 1 | these kinds of resources into the spotlight from a winter |
| 2 | reliability standpoint. |
| 3 | So when that happens, then it makes it possible |
| 4 | for states, for example, we administer the utility: the |
| 5 | budgets and the programs for our utility administrative |
| 6 | efficiency programs now go into our cost effectiveness |
| 7 | testing and start to value some of these winter reliability |
| 8 | contributions, and that can unlock different levels of |
| 9 | incentives and so on and so forth that could bring more |
| 10 | of these resources forward. |
| 11 | CHAIRMAN PHILIPS: Commissioner Danly. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: So, Gordon, we went from, |
| 13 | last year, a discussion which the plan was let's hope for a mild |
| 14 | or moderate winter. Something at the time I derisively |
| 15 | referred to as regulation by rain dance. You're hoping that |
| 16 | a certain weather pattern shows up to a declaration that it |
| 17 | is manageable; whatever that word means for now, but who |
| 18 | knows what happens in 4 or 5 years? And so rather than just |
| 19 | immediately get into it, I will offer you the opportunity |
| 20 | to respond to the question I'd asked before. I think that's |
| 21 | only fair, which is, what about the plans for market design |
| 22 | have changed before and after we have gotten the analytics |
| 23 | you've gotten? |
| 24 | MR. WELIE: So the plans haven't really changed. |
| 25 | Perhaps the new thing that's on the table more explicitly |

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| 1 | than it was a year ago is the possibility of moving to a |
| 2 | seasonal market. And we think that we should also consider a |
| 3 | move to a prompt market. You've heard the caveat |
| 4 | around that. That's not a set in stone discussion at |
| 5 | this point. We need to have the conversation with our |
| 6 | stakeholders. So I'd say that's kind of the new thing from |
| 7 | an ISO perspective; a market monitor has been advocating |
| 8 | for that for several years now. |
| 9 | The reason that things haven't really |
| 10 | changed is we don't think the energy adequacy risk has gone |
| 11 | away. Right? So I don't think that this is sudden, as I was a |
| 12 | bit worried about some of the commentary on some of the |
| 13 | earlier panels that made it sound like, because we've come |
| 14 | out with one part of a study that shows some positive |
| 15 | results for energy adequacy in the near term, that suddenly |
| 16 | we should forget about that problem. We should reform every |
| 17 | aspect of our market that has anything to do with incenting |
| 18 | performance, for example. I think that would be a mistake. |
| 19 | So I think there's a lot of work ahead of us. I'm not naive |
| 20 | about how hard it's going to be. |
| 21 | Resource capacity accreditation is going to be, |
| 22 | to use a technical term, a food fight, as we look at how do |
| 23 | we sharpen the price signals within the capacity market and |
| 24 | accredited resources. So the work ahead is clear to us how |
| 25 | quickly we're going to get through it is not clear to me. |
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| 1 | It's going to require support from our stakeholders, from |
| 2 | the states and ultimately from the Commission. These are |
| 3 | going to be hard things to do. |
| 4 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: So do you think that I am |
| 5 | misinterpreting this, and that I am loading too much meaning |
| 6 | into the euphemism of manageable? Or do you think that I am |
| 7 | taking this as too rosy an assessment? Because I kind of |
| 8 | caught that criticism there. Is that your view? |
| 9 | MR. WELIE: So manageable, does not |
| 10 | equate does not equate to comfortable. So when Vamsi or |
| 11 | Stephen George say things will be manageable when we have |
| 12 | 100,000 megawatt-hour energy shortfall, |
| 13 | what does that look like? That will look |
| 14 | like California last summer. That's not going to be a |
| 15 | comfortable situation. That will be the ISO speaking |
| 16 | directly to the states, getting the governors out there |
| 17 | appealing for conservation. Et cetera. Et cetera. |
| 18 | That's not a comfortable scenario. What |
| 19 | was surprising to us when we looked, when we did the study, |
| 20 | was that the magnitude of the shortfall wasn't as big as |
| 21 | what we had previously modeled in deterministic studies. So, |
| 22 | you know, maybe a word here on deterministic studies versus |
| 23 | probabilistic studies. These are just studies, by the way. |
| 24 | They're not gospel. They all embody assumptions and |
| 25 | ultimately data sets from prior experience. So if you look |
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| | 1 | at our journey, we came out of the winters of 2017 and 2018 with |
| | 2 | a very near-miss event. You know, so. We were within |
| | 3 | a few days of depleting our stored fuels within the region, |
| | 4 | and the debate within the control room was: do we run the |
| | 5 | flag up with DOE and declare an energy emergency or not? |
| | 6 | The judgment was made that we thought we would |
| | 7 | get replenishment, because the weather was going to break on |
| | 8 | the other side of the weekend. We held firm, but that |
| | 9 | experience really alarmed us, because we had no way to either |
| | 10 | measure the risk at that point or communicate the risk to |
| | 11 | the public at large and to policy makers. |
| | 12 | So that resulted in us starting the first round of analysis |
| | 13 | that we did, which was deterministic analysis. It started |
| | 14 | off really as a spreadsheet and eventually evolved into an |
| | 15 | optimization program, which is now the core of the 21-day |
| | 16 | rolling forecast that we do along the way. We had a lot of |
| | 17 | requests for bringing in more probabilistic analysis |
| | 18 | around what the future weather probabilities might do to our |
| | 19 | deterministic analysis, more probabilistic analysis around |
| | 20 | outages and so forth. |
| | 21 | That really was the genesis of the study. You |
| | 22 | heard Ramsey say it took us 18 months to get to this point. |
| | 23 | We're not done yet. So we have another 3 to 4 |
| | 24 | months before we can publish the 2032 study. |
| | 25 | Then we'll be running more scenarios on behalf of |
| 1 | | |

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| 1 | stakeholders. So that's been a two-year journey, which if |
| 2 | you go back in time, you know, I wouldn't have thought it |
| 3 | would take that long to set this up. So the work that ePrix |
| 4 | has done, the climate modeling, is modeling they have today |
| 5 | wasn't available five years ago. |
| 6 | So what you're seeing is an evolving state of the |
| 7 | art with regard to the modeling. If I look at the 2032 |
| 8 | analysis, it's going to have some level of determinism |
| 9 | bolted on to a probabilistic study, because there's no other |
| 10 | way of doing it. You're going to have to make assumptions |
| 11 | about what the resource mix looks like in 2031, 2032. |
| 12 | You have to make assumptions about retirements |
| 13 | and load growth. So really we'll be having scenarios and |
| 14 | then the great debate around assumptions will recommence. |
| 15 | Which side of the assumptions do you want to be on: the more |
| 16 | pessimistic side or the more optimistic side? Frankly, when |
| 17 | I look at what's ahead of us, given everything that we've |
| 18 | got to do: all the market design work, all the work the |
| 19 | states have to do with regard to dynamic pricing and retail |
| 20 | rates, all the work that's got to be done and all the |
| 21 | supply chain issues in terms of getting the offshore wind up |
| 22 | and running. There's an enormous amount of work there. So |
| 23 | how that's all going to play out is not clear to me. |
| 24 | The one thing that I have started seeing happening is |
| 25 | load growth is coming. So people are not waiting around for |
| | |

Page 251 1 us to start installing heat pumps not only in their homes, 2 but in the Charles River to produce clean steam. We have 3 cities and towns basically declaring a moratorium on gas 4 after 2030. So that's going to drive load growth independent 5 of whether we get all of this other work done. That can 6 become the biggest driver on the energy adequacy risk if 7 we're not careful. 8 That's why, this is a long-winded way of 9 saying to you that I don't think that the energy adequacy 10 risk has gone away, and it doesn't change the path we were on 11 already. With regard to market design, there's a huge 12 mountain to climb here. 13 COMMISSIONER DANLY: So when you say manageable, 14 it means what specifically? Because you can 15 manage the sinking of the Titanic? Right? So what is it? 16 MR. WELIE: What does it mean? So what it means is 17 that if you have some forewarning of this, which is what 18 the tool gives us, because really what New England rests on 19 during the winter time is the depletion rate of stored 20 fuels. That's what it comes down to. You're monitoring 21 your oil levels, and you're monitoring the LNG levels. If you 22 see a weather pattern coming in and you know things about 23 the system in, you know, real time or near to real time, 24 within days or weeks, you can then make decisions about 25 whether or not you face additional risk(s) and you can start

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Page 252 1 priming the system to respond to that ahead of the event. 2 So it's a bit like, you know, if Texas 3 had had this capability, they could have been 4 doing things the week before the event to 5 drive some conservation. So if you can drive conservation 6 the week before, you're slowing down the burn rate on your 7 stored fuels. So that's what we mean by managing. 8 COMMISSIONER DANLY: But the follow up to that is 9 that I took that to be what it meant. You gave, in Burlington, 10 a list of contingencies, any one of which, pardon me, would 11 be very problematic. Those still exist. 12 MR. WELIE: They still exist. 13 COMMISSIONER DANLY: So this is, and I'm really 14 not trying to force you to take my language. So reject it if 15 you like. But it seems as though this is, it seems to me, at 16 a marginal discovery that allows you to manage marginal risk 17 for a specific time period only. But all the contingencies 18 that we listed nine months ago are still there, and the 19 system's stability is threatened. Should any of those come 20 to pass? Right? Fight me on that if you want. 21 No, no, I think that's correct. So the question 22 really is, what's the probability of those events occurring? 23 Once you commit to a probabilistic analysis methodology, 24 you lose the freedom to just insert a specific 25 contingency into that analysis. But that said, if we were

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| 1 | to have one of the large nuclear units be out for a month |
| 2 | during the middle of the winter, we would lose the tie |
| 3 | lines to Quebec for a month in the middle of the winter or |
| 4 | even a week, actually. That's going to be a real crisis for |
| 5 | the region. |
| 6 | So I think the problem is, if we were to put |
| 7 | out a study that suggests that that is a high probability, |
| 8 | which it's not, then I think we face criticism from another |
| 9 | angle. You're sort of damned if you do and you're damned |
| 10 | if you don't. What we've tried to do is play it as best as |
| 11 | possible down the middle of the fairway. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: So the one last question I |
| 13 | have then for you is you said that you had a choice of |
| 14 | either withholding the study, which was incomplete because |
| 15 | it only goes to a certain period of time and has certain |
| 16 | assumptions built into it. You didn't |
| 17 | that or waited until you had the full complete picture. |
| 18 | Right? But you released it because it was relevant |
| 19 | to the conversation I think was the phrase you |
| 20 | used. What conversation are you specifically referring to if |
| 21 | this isn't a paradigm shift? Is that term again, on what |
| 22 | potential market reforms are being advanced? |
| 23 | MR. WELIE: Well, actually, I think it's relevant |
| 24 | to the conversation around Everett, not with regard to the |
| 25 | long-term trajectory and market design reforms. So, |

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|----|--|
| 1 | one of the questions that was on the table |
| 2 | was how does one retain Everett? As we did our analysis, the |
| 3 | first thing we came to was if we were to let Mystic go to |
| 4 | Commissioner Christie's point, there is no jurisdictional |
| 5 | hook to retain Everett. And we knew that we didn't have the |
| 6 | justification to continue to retain the domestic units. So |
| 7 | that left open the question of whether one would retain |
| 8 | the average Marine Terminal. We still believe that |
| 9 | that's a sensible thing to do. So then the question of |
| 10 | whether or not the electric system should cover some of the |
| 11 | costs of Everett or not is to some degree a question of what |
| 12 | the analysis shows. |
| 13 | So, the analysis is not giving comfort in the |
| 14 | short run. It may, in the long run, but that's going to |
| 15 | depend on which side you sit on these various assumptions. |
| 16 | So that's the thing that I find very frustrating about this, |
| 17 | to be honest with you. I mean, it goes back to the |
| 18 | jurisdictional gap. This is an interdependent system. |
| 19 | When we did a load shedding exercise, a tabletop exercise |
| 20 | with the utility companies last year, one of the things we |
| 21 | learned through that process was that: it is an interdependent system? |
| 22 | MR. WELIE: The low pressure gas system can't |
| 23 | tolerate load shedding. So there's an interdependency at the |
| 24 | wholesale level in the sense that the wholesale bulk power |
| 25 | system is dependent on the gas system. At the distribution |
| | |

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| 1 | level, the gas system is dependent on the reliability of the |
| 2 | electric system. Our regulatory system actually makes |
| 3 | no sense from an engineering perspective. We |
| 4 | really need to be looking at this holistically, but we sort |
| 5 | of stuck with the paradigm we have because of the fact that |
| 6 | 30 years ago, 40 years ago; these two systems were not |
| 7 | interdependent. |
| 8 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: So the one thing I'll say in |
| 9 | response to that is FERC has its narrow jurisdictional |
| 10 | powers and the states have everything else. And so to the |
| 11 | extent to which there is residual responsibility, it's not |
| 12 | ours; it's theirs. And there is a tendency, I think, |
| 13 | sometimes for state regulators to feel some comfort in the |
| 14 | fact that the ISO is there to take the first incoming shots, |
| 15 | but in reality it will ultimately fall to them. |
| 16 | That's just me editorializing. So the final thing |
| 17 | is for Mr. Robb, really quickly, having heard all of this |
| 18 | and presumably looking at the analysis with as much |
| 19 | enthusiasm as we have, are you sanguine about the |
| 20 | circumstances over the near term, knowing that long term is |
| 21 | a big question mark? |
| 22 | MR. ROBB: Absolutely not. I think this region is |
| 23 | at the edge. I think it's going to stay at the edge. I think |
| 24 | there is a potential for a weather system like we saw last |
| 25 | year, right, if Elliott, had been a couple hundred miles |
| | |

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|----|--|
| 1 | further east, we'd be having a very different |
| 2 | conversation right now. The resource mix that we're moving |
| 3 | towards here is full of all kinds of performance issues |
| 4 | that we don't yet understand. I am encouraged |
| 5 | that there seems to be a slightly changed view towards the |
| 6 | importance of the natural gas system. The natural gas system |
| 7 | up here is absolutely critical, it needs to be reinforced |
| 8 | and it needs to be integrated in the electric sector |
| 9 | planning is pretty much what everyone has mentioned on this panel, |
| 10 | and that is a huge gap in the energy policy of this region. |
| 11 | COMMISSIONER DANLY: So the way I see the |
| 12 | circumstances, as much as they were nine months ago, |
| 13 | resource constrained can't build. New infrastructure prices |
| 14 | are really, really high, and nobody wants to pay for |
| 15 | anything. And so the question that I'm always left with |
| 16 | every time here is are the rates just and reasonable, and that |
| 17 | that is fundamentally only interest that the Commission |
| 18 | should have. So anyway, with that, Mr. Chairman, thank you. |
| 19 | CHAIRMAN PHILLIPS: Thank you, Commissioner. Thank |
| 20 | you to all the panelists. I had a whole little speech written |
| 21 | that I was going to say at the end of this thing, but I'll |
| 22 | save it for another day. I will say this: the leadership |
| 23 | here in New England is superb. So you don't need me to |
| 24 | tell you what you need to do, but I'll leave you with this. |
| 25 | I was a scout and at the end of a hard day, long day's work, |

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| 1 | there's a song we sing and it's called Vespers. Are there any Scouts |
| 2 | in the room? Girl Scouts? Boy Scouts? You know what I'm about |
| 3 | to say? You ask yourself a bunch of questions. It asks you |
| 4 | to reflect upon the day. At the end of it you say, you |
| 5 | know, have I done? I'm not going to sing. |
| 6 | Don't worry about that. But you say, have I done |
| 7 | and have I dared everything to be prepared? That's a |
| 8 | charge I leave you with. You all go back. Look at yourself |
| 9 | and say, have I done everything I can to ensure that the |
| 10 | people can count on me? I'm going to show up for them |
| 11 | and they're not going to be in the dark. Let's all do |
| 12 | that. Okay? I want to thank all the people at FERC, all the |
| 13 | staff, everybody from the folks who picked this hotel, and the |
| 14 | folks who helped stream everything and everybody |
| 15 | who came here. All right? We did good work today. |
| 16 | This concludes our forum. Thank you so much. |
| 17 | (Whereupon, at 4:21pm, the conference was |
| 18 | concluded.) |
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|----|---|
| 1 | CERTIFICATE OF OFFICIAL REPORTER |
| 2 | |
| 3 | This is to certify that the attached proceeding |
| 4 | before the FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION in the |
| 5 | matter of: |
| 6 | Name of Proceeding: |
| 7 | 2023 NEW ENGLAND WINTER |
| 8 | GAS-ELECTRIC FORUM |
| 9 | |
| 10 | |
| 11 | |
| 12 | |
| 13 | |
| 14 | |
| 15 | Docket No.: AD22-9-000 |
| 16 | Place: Portland, ME |
| 17 | Date: Tuesday, June 20, 2023 |
| 18 | was held as herein appears, and that this is the original |
| 19 | transcript thereof for the file of the Federal Energy |
| 20 | Regulatory Commission and is a full correct transcription |
| 21 | of the proceedings. |
| 22 | |
| 23 | |
| 24 | Mike Williams |
| 25 | Official Reporter |
| | |

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Docket No. 23-087 Position Statement of Aram and Arif ATTACHMENT C Northern Utilities, Inc. Docket No. 2023-00254 OPA 1-1 Attachment 1

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| 300MW 140:8 | 720 76:5 77:25 78:7,12 | | |
| 30GW 132:17 | 80:18 | | |
| 31 153:21 | 742 129:24 | | |
| | | | |
| 32 153:21 | 75% 25:21 207:23 | | |
| 35 198:22 | 750 132:7 | | |
| 36,600MW 139:24 | | | |
| 3600MW 139:24 140:7 | 8 | | |
| 363 1:10 | 8 21:15 80:1 223:1 | 1 | |
| 365 19:9 | 8% 79:21 | | |
| 37,000 77:3 83:23 | 8&9 18:17 | 1 | |
| 39 203:1 | 8:30 1:14 | | |
| 39 203.1 | 80 237:7 | | |
| 4 | | | |
| | 80% 25:21 84:10 | | |
| 4 4:20 30:15 33:1 36:19 | 800MW 154:8,12 | | |
| 62:13,18,24 169:15,25 | 811 127:14,17 128:15,16 | | |
| 170:16 210:20 246:18 | 8th 65:21 | | |
| 249:23 | | | |
| 4% 76:24,25 | 9 | | |
| 4:21pm 257:17 | 9 21:15 22:9 | | |
| | 9,000 192:22 193:4 | | |
| 40 125:7 177:15 231:7 | | | |
| 255:6 | 90 81:17 | | |
| 40% 104:17 | 90-day 35:21 | | |
| 400 31:16 | 90% 237:7 | | |
| 400,000 22:6 80:2 | 900 192:24 193:3,4 | | |
| 42 81:16 | 9000 192:21 | | |
| 425,000 80:3 | | | |
| 430 31:22 | | | |
| 4700MW 141:18 | | | |
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| 5 28:23 36:19 222:25 | | | |
| 246:18 | | | |
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| 5,500 17:8 | | | |
| 50 138:22 | 1 | | |
| 50% 102:16 104:17 123:9 | 1 | 1 | |
| 207:25 | 1 | 1 | |
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| 500 18:23 | | | |
| 55 30:6,7 | | | |
| 5th 211:21 | | | |
| | 1 | | |
| 6 | | | |
| 6 155:13 208:6,7 215:6 | | | |
| 219:17 223:5 | 1 | 1 | |
| | | | |
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| 6% 80:4 | | | |
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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA BEFORE THE FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION

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New England Winter Gas-Electric Forum

Docket No. AD22-9-000

POST-FORUM COMMENTS OF REPSOL ENERGY NORTH AMERICA CORPORATION

Pursuant to the Notice Inviting Post-Forum Comments issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC" or "Commission") on July 10, 2023 ("Notice"), Repsol Energy North America Corporation ("Repsol") hereby submits these post-forum comments with respect to the questions posed in the Notice concerning Panel 1: Should Everett be Retained and if so, how? Robert Neustaedter, Director of Regulatory Affairs for Repsol was a panelist on Panel 1. Repsol also notes that its affiliate Saint John LNG Limited Partnership ("Saint John LNG") owns and operates an LNG import terminal in Canada, which Repsol utilizes on an exclusive basis to serve a diverse set of customers throughout New England, including local distribution companies ("LDCs") and power generators.

Repsol previously submitted pre-forum comments on June 20, 2023¹ and its position following the forum remains the same: while those that receive service from the Everett LNG terminal should determine if Everett is needed for the reliable operation of their gas or electric systems, the procurement of and compensation for regasified LNG from Everett must be marketbased and not reflect any out-of-market subsidies or support. Otherwise, there will be significant and adverse market impacts that will jeopardize the proper functioning of the natural gas market as a result of providing a special out-of-market support to just one market participant. Likewise,

¹ FERC Accession No. 20230620-5018 (June 20, 2023) ("Repsol Pre-Forum Comments").

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such support would adversely impact the electric market, which relies on a competitive natural gas market for fuel supply.

Repsol submits these post-forum comments largely to provide more detailed information regarding Saint John LNG's capabilities, as well as to correct certain unsupported statements made in presentations at the forum regarding the scope and reliability of services that Repsol provides to New England utilizing the Saint John LNG facility. Repsol also expands on the points made in its pre-forum comments regarding the fundamental guiding principle that any commercial agreements or other support for Everett must avoid causing adverse impacts to other market participants and be market-based. This holds true regardless of whether such arrangements involve wholesale natural gas market participants, wholesale electric market participants, or LDCs in the state-jurisdictional retail markets. Given the integration and interdependencies of the New England electric and natural gas wholesale and retail markets, contracts or other arrangements at any level that do not rely on gas-on-gas competition and market-based pricing will have adverse impacts in all of these markets.

I. Comments

Please comment on whether Everett is needed for the reliable operation of the electric and/or natural gas systems in New England during the upcoming winters and beyond. As part of these comments, please address the following:

a. Is there sufficient information available to make this assessment? If not, what additional information would be most useful to determine whether there is a need to retain Everett (e.g., information about the uses of, beneficiaries of, and costs to maintain the Everett facility)?

As noted above, Repsol stated in its pre-forum comments that it does not rely upon Everett and believes that those that take service from Everett should make that decision. However, at the forum, it largely was the case that market operators and other participants in the FERCjurisdictional markets (interstate wholesale natural gas and electric markets) clearly stated that they do not need to rely on Everett to ensure reliability of service. For example, ISO New England

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Inc. ("ISO-NE") prepared and presented an analysis showing that Everett is not needed for reliable operation of the wholesale electric market.² A major south-to-north interstate natural gas pipeline that delivers supply to New England – Tennessee Gas Pipeline – also stated that it does not rely on Everett for reliable operation ("Kinder Morgan [parent company of Tennessee Gas Pipe Line] would like to make it clear at the outset that Kinder Morgan's assets in New England and in the Northeast more broadly do not rely on Everett for the provision of continuous and reliable firm service to Kinder Morgan's customers.").³ Enbridge, Inc., which is the parent company of both Algonquin Gas Transmission and Maritimes & Northeast Pipeline, did not indicate that it relied upon Everett for reliability, instead focusing on the need for new natural gas pipeline infrastructure in New England that, in part, could help displace the use of fuel oil for generation.⁴

Moving to the state-jurisdictional retail markets, National Grid USA stated that it had a specific need for Everett for peak winter supply, including for "vapor distributed directly into our gas LDC in Boston."⁵ There remains uncertainty regarding the full extent that National Grid and other LDCs rely on Everett for winter reliability, although the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities ("Mass DPU") has initiated an inquiry by issuing data requests to the Massachusetts LDCs on this issue. Thus, the need for Everett may be limited to certain market participants in certain discrete areas.

If one or more market participants believe that they need to continue to rely on Everett, whether for supply in the FERC- or state-jurisdictional markets, Repsol wants to make clear that it does not oppose those market participants entering into arrangements to retain the services they

² See, e.g., ISO-NE, Opening Presentation: Winters 2023/2024 and 2024/2025 in New England and the Role of Everett & Extreme Weather Risks to ISO-NE, Presentation of the EPRI Study, FERC Accession No, 20230609-5196 (June 9, 2023).

³ See, e.g., Kinder Morgan, Inc., *Pre-Forum Comments of Kinder Morgan, Inc.*, at 2, FERC Accession Number: 20230616-5177 (June 16, 2023).

⁴ 2023 New England Winter-Gas Electric Forum Transcript ("Forum Tr.") at 133-135 (remarks by R. Paglia, Vice Present, Enbridge, Inc.).

⁵ Forum Tr. at 43-44 (remarks by J. Holodak, Vice President, National Grid USA).

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need from Everett. However, those arrangements must be appropriately tailored to the size and nature of the reliability need, market-driven, and based on price competition to maintain the proper functioning of the New England gas and electric markets. They should not include any out-ofmarket solution that may threaten the continued participation of the rest of the natural gas suppliers in New England that rely on competitive markets to send the right price signals to attract supply and set appropriate compensation for their services. Decisionmakers and stakeholders should be aware that subsidization in the gas market for one facility will invariably have second and third order consequences, adversely impacting the broader gas market, as well as the electric market, which depends on natural gas. An out-of-market solution for one natural gas suppliers to recover their fixed and variable costs through the market price.

With respect to peaking supply specifically, distorted natural gas prices resulting from the subsidization of one market participant would not send the appropriate signals to the global LNG markets and to domestic gas suppliers to send sufficient supply to New England to cover periods of high demand and constrained supply, leaving the New England natural gas market short on peak days. This results because a subsidy provided to a market participant causes a misalignment between prices and supply costs, which prevents efficient outcomes, diverts needed resources to less productive uses, and reduces competition in the market. Since Everett alone cannot supply the region's peak needs, all sources of supply in the region's market are critical to meeting demand – including those that would be damaged by preferential subsidization of a single market participant.

Without the proper price signals and everyone competing together on a level playing field, Repsol would not be able to make pre-arranged sales to LDCs and other market participants and procure on an advanced basis the LNG cargoes required to provide supply to be in the tanks at

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Saint John LNG for the winter. Absent a properly functioning gas market, Repsol will either be put in a position to seek subsidies for Saint John LNG itself or review whether operations at the facility can continue. From a reliability perspective, Everett simply cannot replace Saint John LNG because it does not have the same storage capacity, injection capacity, pressure capabilities, or access to the same broad range of natural gas and electric market participants within New England (see Section I.b.1 below for a review of Saint John LNG's capabilities).

While Constellation LNG has stated that it is not seeking an out-of-market solution ("We are not advocating for an out of market solution. We are looking to see whether there is sufficient bilateral contract support for the facility."),⁶ it does not appear that an out-of-market option is off the table for consideration. For example, the New England Power Generators Association, Inc. ("NEPGA") has stated that "Commission-approved interstate pipeline tariffs can be used to facilitate recovery of costs on a regional basis that maintain operations of EMT,"⁷ which would function not just as an out-of-market subsidy, but could also result in the allocation of costs to parties that do not rely on Everett in contravention of the cost causation principle. Similarly, the Mass DPU data requests to LDCs imply that an arrangement that could result in cross-subsidization may be under consideration ("How would any contractual agreement with Constellation supporting Everett's continued operation ensure that the costs are shared fairly and equitably among gas and electric entities across New England that benefit from Everett's continued operation including, without limitation, wholesale pipeline operators, natural gas fired generation facilities, and LDCs?").⁸ Even bilateral contracting could be considered an out of market subsidy if the procurement process is not competitive, is not tailored to the level and nature of the reliability

 ⁶ Forum Tr. at 38 (remarks by C. Allen, Vice President, senior vice president, Constellation Energy Generation).
 ⁷ NEPGA, *Position Statement of Dan Dolan on behalf of New England Power Generators Association, Inc.*, at 4, FERC Accession No. 20230609-5135 (June 9, 2023).

⁸ Mass DPU, Letter to All Investor-Owned Gas Distribution Companies Regulated by the Department of Public Utilities, RE: Impact of Everett Marine Terminal, at 3 (June 30, 2023).

need, or is based on subsidized pricing. Therefore, Repsol urges both the Commission and state regulators to take into account the harmful consequences of subsidization in reviewing proposed arrangements aimed at retaining Everett and ensure that any solution be market-based.

b. Is LNG from other sources (e.g., Repsol and/or Excelerate) a full substitute for the LNG from Everett? If not, under what circumstances is it not a full substitute and are there conditions under which electric system and/or gas system operators would be unable to meet electric and/or gas demand or maintain reliable service if Everett retires?

In order to help ensure fully informed analysis and decision-making, Repsol provides below a more detailed analysis of Saint John LNG's capabilities than provided in Repsol's preforum comments. Saint John LNG has been repeatedly mentioned as an alternative to Everett, and there appears to be a lack of full and accurate information as to the facility's capabilities, practices, and track record of reliable service to New England. Moreover, the magnitude of the service provided by Saint John LNG, including service to those markets not reachable by Everett, further underscores the point that market disruption caused by subsidization could result in a greater loss to the market if Saint John's participation in the market were impaired or if it were forced to leave the market altogether. Subsidization of Everett will further exasperate already tenuous market conditions, and force Repsol to reevaluate continued operations at Saint John LNG, as it will eliminate the possibility of sufficient net revenues on a going-forward basis because Saint John LNG would be unable to adequately recover its operating costs through market pricing due to the distortion caused by subsidization. Thus, by subsidizing one facility with a limited set of capabilities, that in turn could result in substantial harm to a larger set of facilities that are depended upon by numerous market participants, including natural gas-fired generators in the power market.

Separately, a number of comments were made at the forum that Repsol wishes to correct for the record below.

1. Capabilities of Saint John LNG

The following is a summary of Saint John LNG's capabilities, provided for informational purposes to assist in the evaluation of LNG deliveries to the New England market with and without Everett, and to identify what capabilities may be lost to the New England Market if price signals in the natural gas market are impacted by an out-of-market solution for one natural gas supplier:

| | Saint John LNG | |
|---|---|--|
| Storage Capacity | 10 Bcf | |
| Vapor Sendout Capacity | 1.2 Bcf/d | |
| Accessibility for LNG Tanker Types | Saint John LNG can receive up to the largest Q-Max LNG tankers, which results in full access to all supply sources and greater flexibility to purchase spot cargoes. | |
| Storage Management | Saint John LNG's large storage capacity across three thanks allows greater flexibility to manage receipt of LNG cargoes and ensure all injections fully meet pipeline specifications. | |
| Pressure Support for Pipeline Operations Generated by Vapor Sendout | Saint John LNG provides pressure support to Maritimes, Algonquin and Tennessee via Maritimes, with deliveries at a minimum of 1,100 PSIA. | |
| Ability to Access Delivery Points in the New England Market | Except for direct deliveries to Boston Gas (National Grid) off of Algonquin's "J System," Saint John LNG can deliver to any and all power generators and LDCs in New England | |
| Firm Pipeline Transportation | Repsol markets 100% of the sendout of Saint John LNG to New England, using its 730,000 Dth/day firm transportation with Maritimes & Northeast. Repsol also can contract for incremental available firm gas transportation on Algonquin and Tennessee and would do so if the market committed to contracts with Repsol. Typically. Repsol makes deliveries of gas from Saint John LNG to Dracut and/or Beverly, and customers holding firm service downstream of these locations deliver to meters on Algonquin and Tennessee on a firm service basis. | |

Having 10 Bcf of storage enables Saint John LNG to provide service with the following

characteristics that are relied upon by New England LDCs and other market participants:

• Injections of natural gas on demand into the Algonquin and Tennessee pipeline systems in eastern Massachusetts, providing service to any LDC or power plant throughout New England.

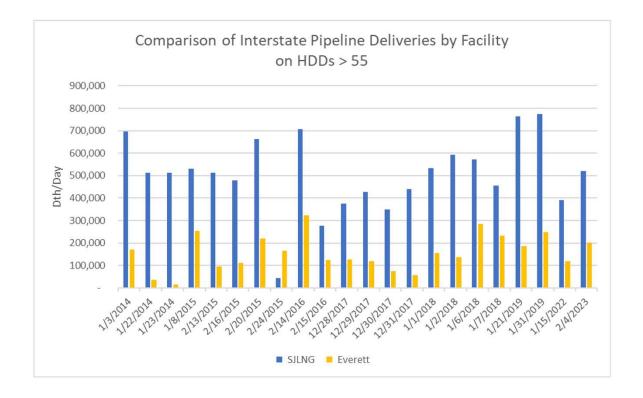
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- Substantial quantities of stored energy.
- Management of storage capacity in a manner that does not require Saint John LNG to "dump" stored LNG at below market prices to make room for incoming cargoes. Any gas supply contract for natural gas sourced from Saint John LNG does not require customers to provide for or bear the cost of forced send out.
- No minimum commitment requirements. Customers contract for only what they have forecasted their demand to be. They do not have to contract for more gas supply than necessary to meet any minimum LNG cargo requirements of upstream LNG suppliers.
- Receipt of LNG from any size ship and from any supplier in the world
- Service to LDCs and power plants located anywhere in New England, including northeastern Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and Maine.

With respect to its operational track record, Saint John LNG has been in service since 2009 and has never failed to meet any of its contractual obligations. With respect to its ability to perform on those coldest of peak winter days; using the same 22 coldest days from 2014 through 2023 to date as identified in the Levitan & Associates, Inc. ("Levitan") presentation at slide 12,⁹ Saint John LNG's total sendout was 11.1 Bcf (all delivered to New England). Everett's pipeline sendout on those same days was 3.5 Bcf. Over those same days, Saint John LNG's average sendout was 0.505 Bcf/d and Everett's was 0.157 Bcf/d. A chart showing the deliveries on each day is set forth below:

⁹ Levitan, Winter Reliability in New England, at 12, FERC Accession No. 20230627-4001 (June 27, 2023).

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2. Corrections for the Record regarding Saint John LNG

During the Forum, Richard Levitan made several off-the-cuff remarks regarding Saint John LNG's and Repsol's capabilities that appeared to be based on supposition, not facts. First, Levitan suggested that "the fleet of generators in northern New England would be siphoning off flow and pressure along the way, meeting ISO's call in the day-ahead and the real-time market so the quantities that flow south to the terminus at Beverl[y]and Dracut would not be necessarily close to the 0.8 BCF that represents the Saint John LNG entitlement flowing south to the Maritimes and Northeast [pipeline]."¹⁰ However, deliveries are based on contractual commitments and gas is not "siphoned off" in a manner that impairs those commitments. Further, the Maine markets are comparatively small in size compared to markets located further south, and Maine and Maritimes Canada is also primarily served by Portland Natural Gas Transmission System. As a result, most

¹⁰ Forum Tr. at 31.

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of the gas from Saint John LNG, which is transported via firm transportation capacity on Maritimes, is delivered on a physical basis to Beverly and Dracut, which are the interconnections of Maritimes with Algonquin and Tennessee pipelines, respectively.

Second, while Levitan acknowledges that Saint John LNG can provide pressure support, his remarks imply that it requires "smart" management of the pipeline system to effectuate, including "reading the meteorological outlook [and] packing the pipe." This is not out of the ordinary and does not depend upon a trader at risk desk finding a "smart" revenue opportunity. Reviewing forecasts and ensuring that there is sufficient line pack and pressure on cold days is typical management of pipeline systems undertaken by prudent pipeline operators. As reflected in the chart above, sendout at Saint John LNG on the coldest days is "normal" practice and a critical part of maintaining winter reliability in New England. Saint John LNG can vaporize 1.2 Bcf/d, and Repsol holds firm transportation capacity on M&NE of 0.73 Bcf/d with primary delivery points on Tennessee at Dracut and on Algonquin at Beverly. While not located in Boston Harbor, Saint John LNG's location does not diminish its ability to deliver quantities of natural gas into the systems of Tennessee and Algonquin (at pressures significantly greater than Everett) when needed, no different than gas supplies from the Gulf of Mexico and Pennsylvania are available when needed in New England.

Third, Levitan remarked that "arbitrage across the pond is not a bankable risk mitigation strategy,"¹¹ suggesting that because Repsol's affiliates are involved in the international LNG market and delivering LNG to Europe that Saint John LNG and Repsol may not provide reliable service to New England. Levitan offered no support for this allegation, again posing a "what if" without accounting for the facts or probabilities. Nevertheless, as Repsol's long track record demonstrates, Levitan's observation is wrong. As explained in its pre-forum comments, "[o]ver

¹¹ Id. at 46.

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the 14 years that Saint John LNG has served New England, it has never failed to meet its obligations to its customers."¹² In particular, this was the case over the past several years, during both COVID and the start of the war in Ukraine. Further, while LNG demand in Europe has increased, the global LNG market is robust. Demand and competition in that market improves availability of LNG; it does not diminish it. Thus, Repsol can, and does, reliably procure natural gas supply for any customer willing to enter into an agreement with Repsol that in turn supports the firm procurement of LNG.

This is the same reason why any concerns of "market power" are unfounded. The domestic natural gas and global LNG markets are competitive, and parties willing to enter into contracts in advance for supply are able to assure availability of supply when it is needed. Saying that Repsol would have "market power" rests on a fundamental misunderstanding of the larger natural gas market. LNG procurement is not completely separate from the larger gas market, and thus Repsol, like any other gas marketer, must compete with supply across the market from multiple sources, not solely other LNG import facilities. The relevant market is the market for natural gas, not just the market for LNG. As Repsol stated in its pre-forum comments:

LNG competes with all of the natural gas coming into the New England market from multiple sellers and sources across multiple pipelines. Because the New England natural gas market is highly competitive and diversely sourced, it is unclear how the retirement of Everett would change that. In fact, since Everett has been dedicated to just Mystic in recent years and not the natural gas market generally, there has been no distortion to that market other than that caused by the subsidized sale of natural gas from Everett. LNG also is contracted for on a competitive long-term basis and at prices that are based on market indices. This further precludes a seller of regasified LNG from exercising any market power. Finally, the interstate natural gas market is regulated by the Commission, who is fully empowered to enforce the prohibition against market manipulation or other improper conduct that adversely impacts the interstate natural gas market.¹³

¹² Repsol Pre-Forum Comments at 4.

¹³ Repsol Pre-Forum Comments at 4.

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Repsol has limited abilities to participate in spot sales of natural gas in the winter; the supply in the tanks is for the customers that have prearranged or contracted for it. For Repsol to enter into spot sales during the winter, there needs to be a clear plan on how replacement gas will be reinjected into the tanks to ensure that all future obligations can be met. Most, if not all, spot sales for peak winter demand is provided by marketers that have purchased peaking options, utilities that have alternate fuel options that enable them to fuel switch and market east-end supply to meet peak demand, or the LDCs' asset managers.

Fourth, Levitan commented that: "So as far as incrementality [from Saint John], it's hard to say that there would be any additional flow."¹⁴ Saint John LNG's capacity for peaking services is not fully contracted or maxed out on peak days. Repsol is able to sell additional natural gas supply to any market participant that contracts for it on a pre-arranged basis. Accordingly, Levitan is incorrect that additional flows from Saint John LNG are not available.

II. Conclusion

As discussed above, if it is decided that Everett should be retained, any next steps should consist of broadly available, market-based solutions that are developed in a transparent manner with input from all market participants. Decisionmakers and stakeholders should carefully consider not just the primary impact of any arrangement between market participants and Everett, but also ensure that no adverse second and third order consequences occur that adversely impact the broader natural gas and electric markets. Any solution that conveys an unnatural advantage to Everett, risks the continued participation by Saint John LNG and other natural gas suppliers in the market.

¹⁴ Forum Tr. at 31-32 (Levitan).

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Respectfully submitted,

/s/Robert Neustaedter

Karen Iampen Vice President, Origination Repsol Energy North America Corp. 2455 Technology Forest Boulevard The Woodlands, Texas 77381 832-442-1040 karen.iampen@repsol.com

Dated: August 24, 2023

Robert Neustaedter Director of Transportation & Reg. Affairs Repsol Energy North America Corp. 2455 Technology Forest Boulevard The Woodlands, Texas 77381 832-442-1548 robert.neustaedter@repsol.com



July 21, 2023

James M. Van Nostrand, Chair Department of Public Utilities One South Station, 5th Floor Boston, MA 02110

Re: <u>Fitchburg Gas and Electric Light Company d/b/a Unitil</u> <u>Response to Department Inquiry Regarding Everett Marine Terminal</u>

Chairman Van Nostrand,

Fitchburg Gas and Electric Light Company d/b/a Unitil ("Unitil" or the "Company") has reviewed your letter of June 30, 2023 regarding the potential retirement of the Everett Marine Terminal and appreciates the opportunity to provide the Company's input on this critical issue.

New England's gas and power infrastructures are heavily reliant upon imported LNG and the region cannot afford the retirement of the Everett facility or any facility that brings imported LNG into the region. Imported LNG serves as a critical source of gas supply to the region that supplements domestic gas supplies during peak periods or when curtailments occur on the heavily constrained pipeline systems that deliver gas into New England. There is no new gas pipeline infrastructure being constructed in New England, yet demand growth persists. Additionally, it is worth noting that Unitil and other New England LDCs must still plan for design winter conditions. The Everett Terminal supplies liquid to LDCs in the region, including Unitil, as well as vapor transported on the Tennessee and Algonquin pipeline systems. This supply provides critical pressure support for those pipelines which benefits the entire region. The location of the Everett terminal, in the heart of the market area, allows incremental supply to access market areas that reside in the most constrained parts of the pipeline systems.

In addition to needing the Everett Marine Terminal, the region also relies heavily upon the deliveries of supply that are sourced from the St. John LNG Terminal in New Brunswick. Both sources of imported LNG are critical to Unitil specifically and to New England's energy infrastructure generally. Like Everett, St. John deliveries to the region bypass pipeline constraints which limit access to domestic supplies and provides incremental supply directly into the market area. St. John supplies also bolster pipeline pressures. Both of these LNG importers provide unique services to the region and removing either or both facilities from the market would exacerbate an already critical scarcity of supply.

Patrick H. Taylor Chief Regulatory Counsel taylorp@unitil.com 6 Liberty Lane West Hampton, NH 03842

T 603.773.6544 www.unitil.com Unitil offers the following responses to the questions set forth in your letter:

1. Indicate whether the LDC relies on the Everett LNG facility for gas supply for its customers, including whether the LDC may rely on the Everett LNG facility on a design day.

<u>Response</u>: Unitil relies on the Everett Marine Terminal for LNG delivered as liquid via truck to supply its Westminster LNG plant. Critically, the Westminster LNG plant is relied upon to provide pressure support for the Gardner area when the end of line pressure drops to 55 psig, which is typically at a 40 effective degree-day (EDD). As such, Unitil relies on LNG from Everett much more often than on peak days. Unitil's dependence on the LNG from Everett is particularly high due to the Westminster plant's limited storage, which is 3,172 Dth. Unitil relies on the Westminster plant for 3,172 Dth on a design day, meaning the plant has only one day of storage and therefore requires steady replenishment if the plant is to remain available, which is essential given the pressure support requirement.

2. Describe in detail your LDC's plans to replace the gas supply currently sourced from Everett, if any, if Everett ceases operations next year. Please include a discussion of whether expanded demand-side resources will be explored.

<u>Response</u>: Unitil has regularly conducted competitive solicitations to better understand the availability, operational feasibility and price competitiveness of alternative sources of LNG supply. Everett has always been the preferred LNG source for Unitil because of its proximity to Westminster and its ability to schedule deliveries quickly. Everett is located approximately 50 miles from Westminster and deliveries are available upon 48 hours of notice with willingness to accommodate for shorter notice in certain circumstances. Reliable alternatives that have been identified are approximately 300 miles away from Westminster and require 72 hours of notice to be given on business days only.

In order to reduce reliance on Everett, Unitil is exploring adding storage to the Westminster LNG plant and adding locations where compressed natural gas ("CNG") can be delivered. In terms of adding LNG storage, preliminary engineering is being undertaken to identify proposals on how the plant could be reconfigured to receive more over-the-road tankers. The Company is also reviewing regulatory requirements that will need to be addressed in order to add modular storage. This effort is currently targeting a 2025 implementation if determined to be feasible. In terms of CNG, Unitil has conducted initial work to identify potential locations in the Gardener area where it may be feasible to site, construct, and operate CNG interconnections.

Unitil supports the implementation of all cost-effective demand-side resources, but has not discussed expanded or targeted energy efficiency resources specifically to address dependence on the Everett Terminal. 3. What are the cost implications for LDC consumers if Everett ceases operations next year?

<u>Response</u>: If Everett ceases operations next year, then Unitil will need to quickly implement alternatives such as those discussed in response to Question 2. At this point, the cost of such alternatives is unclear. LNG supply purchased from greater distances would likely be less expensive, but also would likely require a reduction in the amount of capacity the Company relies on from the Westminster LNG plant unless adequate supplemental storage is added. Such a reduction would likely require that CNG supply be added to supplement the plant. In addition to cost of supply, a degradation in reliability would increase the risk of outages which can be very costly and impactful to human health and well-being.

4. What, if any, new DPU-jurisdictional distribution infrastructure would be required to maintain gas system reliability if Everett ceases operations? What, if any, new FERC-jurisdictional pipeline infrastructure would be required to maintain gas system reliability if Everett ceases operations?

Response: Any new pipeline infrastructure into the region would be FERCjurisdictional and would likely take many years to obtain all required regulatory and land use approvals and permits and therefore would not be a viable substitute for the loss of Everett. The Company's assessment of its infrastructure requirements in the absence of the Everett LNG facility are premised on an underlying assumption that the loss of Everett LNG would not impact the reliability of Tennessee Gas Pipeline from which the majority of the Company's design day, cold snap and winter supplies are sourced. The Company can only rely on assurances from Tennessee Gas Pipeline that loss of Everett LNG would not impact its ability to transport gas to the Company's system. However, it should be noted that the gas and power systems in New England are interconnected. To the extent that the New England power system currently relies on the availability of Everett LNG supplies to fuel natural gas generation during winter peaks, it would be imperative that the power market independently and intentionally address the loss of this supply, if Everett LNG were to cease operations. Failure of the power market to address the potential loss of Everett LNG supply could potentially impact the delivery volume and pressure to LDCs by the pipeline system.

5. What is the current status of negotiations, if any, between the LDCs and Constellation regarding continued operation of Everett? Please provide a proposed schedule for providing the Department with regular updates on the status of any negotiations with Constellation.

<u>Response</u>: Unitil is participating in negotiations with Constellation LNG regarding multi-year contracts that would keep the Everett Terminal operational during the term of the contracts. Given that any resulting contracts would be longer than one year, DPU approval will be required. The Mystic Station cost of service contract expires on May 31, 2024, beyond which we understand Constellation does not intend to operate the Terminal

absent contracts that support the economic viability of the Terminal. Expedited Department review and approval may be required if approved contracts are to be in place by June 1, 2024. The Company can provide updates on the status of negotiations on a monthly basis, or otherwise at the guidance of the Department.

6. How would any contractual agreement with Constellation supporting Everett's continued operation ensure that the costs are shared fairly and equitably among gas and electric entities across New England that benefit from Everett's continued operation including, without limitation, wholesale pipeline operators, natural gas fired generation facilities, and LDCs?

<u>Response</u>: Any contracts between an LDC and Constellation would not create costs or obligations for other entities such as electric generators, natural gas pipelines or electric utilities. However, the LDC contracts with Constellation could contain language that requires any new revenue stream received by Constellation from incremental customers of the Everett Terminal or from new market mechanisms, perhaps designed to promote regional reliability or to monetize services provided by the facility resulting in charges to those entities who benefit from such services, to be shared equitably with the contracting LDCs.

a. To inform such cost sharing arrangements, please indicate whether there is interest in undertaking, with the Department's participation and oversight, an expedited analysis quantifying the services provided by the Everett facility and the extent to which entities on the gas and electric systems receive these benefits. If this expedited analysis is of interest, please include a proposed scope of work and timeline for draft and final results.

<u>Response</u>: The Company applauds the Department's suggestion that an analysis to quantify the services provided by the Everett Terminal and the extent to which entities on the gas and electric systems benefit from these services be conducted. The ISO New England study discussed during the June 20 FERC Gas Electric Forum in Portland, Maine¹ did not address the value of the Everett Terminal to the regional gas system, despite the reliance of substantial gas-powered generation on availability of supply from the gas system. In addition, the ISO-NE study simply assumed that Repsol's St. John LNG facility would be available despite repeated statements from Repsol that long term contracts are required for the facility to remain viable. Moreover, discussion at the Forum suggested that the States will ultimately decide the future of Everett and the same appears true for St. John LNG. The Company's position is that both the Everett Terminal and St. John LNG are necessary to balance the New England energy market, inclusive of both natural gas and power, and that any study undertaken should address the benefits provided by both facilities and the reliability risks of losing either or both facilities.

¹ <u>https://www.ferc.gov/media/iso-ne-epri-presentation</u>

A very important take away from the Forum was the acknowledgement that it is necessary for regional planners to understand more about the gas systems in order to make any definitive statement as to the need for Everett. The Department's suggested study could help to build understanding of natural gas infrastructure and logistics and better inform assumptions about what gas supply would be available to supplement the loss of supply sourced from Everett or St. John LNG in a subsequent regional power system reliability study.

As to timing, as explained in response to Question 5, there is limited time to negotiate contracts with Constellation and then file them with the Department for approval. As such, study results would not be available prior to contracts being executed, assuming the negotiations are successful. Whether study results would be available prior to a Department decision (and similar decisions from other state regulatory agencies) remains to be seen. Notwithstanding the timeframe for analysis, such study results would be very useful in defining the services provided by both the Everett Marine Terminal and St. John LNG to the region and the extent to which Constellation and Repsol are compensated for those services, which would ideally inform ISO-NE's approach regarding fuel security and, if supported by study results, lead to market design rules that incent contracting with both facilities.

b. If and to the extent LDCs outside of Massachusetts benefit from retaining Everett, how are costs proposed to be allocated between the respective jurisdictions? What is the basis for such inter-jurisdictional cost allocation?

<u>Response</u>: As with the electric sector, any contracts between a Massachusetts LDC and Constellation will not create costs or obligations for LDCs from other states. That said, LDCs from other states are also negotiating with Constellation, including Unitil's affiliate Northern Utilities, Inc., which operates in Maine and New Hampshire.

7. If Everett continued operating, what measures would your LDC take to systematically transition away from reliance on Everett during any retention period? Please discuss plans for securing demand-side solutions to reduce your LDC's dependence on Everett instead of supply-side resources.

<u>Response</u>: If Everett continues in operation, Unitil would ideally place added LNG storage at the Westminster plant and have dedicated locations for supplemental pressure support from CNG. In terms of demand-side solutions, Unitil would explore targeted energy efficiency and promoting electrification, although Unitil is not the electric company for Gardner, Massachusetts, the area of Unitil's gas system that would be most affected by the loss of Everett. Thank you for your assistance with this matter.

Sincerely,

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Patrick H. Taylor Attorney for Unitil

Enclosure

cc: Service List

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission

Northern Utilities, Inc.

Docket No. 2023-00254

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Request for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements Office of Public Advocate's Data Requests – Set 1 Issue Date: November 7, 2023

Data Request OPA-001-009:

What new pipeline facilities would need to be constructed (by TCPL or others) for TCPL to provide 13,600 GJ/day of Empress-to-East Hereford FT service for Northern beginning in 2027?

Confidential Response:

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State of Maine Public Utilities Commission

Northern Utilities, Inc.

Docket No. 2023-00254

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Request for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements Office of Public Advocate's Data Requests – Set 1 Issue Date: November 7, 2023

Date: November 14, 2023

Person Responsible: Francis X. Wells

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission

Northern Utilities, Inc.

Docket No. 2023-00254

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Request for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements Office of Public Advocate's Data Requests – Set 1 Issue Date: November 7, 2023

Data Request OPA-001-013:

Please explain why Northern did not include either a PNGTS/TCPL path from Parkway or a PNGTS/TCPL/Enbridge path from Dawn in the Landed Cost Analysis or the Modeled Cost Analysis.

CONFIDENTIAL Response:

| [BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL.] | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | [END CONFIDENTIAL.] | |
| Date: November 13, 2023 | Person Responsible: | Francis X. Wells |

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission

Confidential

Northern Utilities, Inc.

Docket No. 2023-00254

State of Maine Public Utilities Commission Request for Expedited Approval of Empress Capacity Agreements Office of Public Advocate's Data Requests – Set 1 Issue Date: November 7, 2023

Data Request OPA-001-015:

Attachment 7 shows the estimated expense profile for Northern's portion of the shared facilities cost for the 2027 Eastern System Expansion. What percentage of the total pre-service costs for the project would Northern be responsible for?

REDACTED Response:

| [BEGIN REDACTED.] | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| | [END REDACTED.] | |
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Date: November 13, 2023

Person Responsible: Francis X. Wells

Docket No. 23-087 Position Statement of Aram and Arif ATTACHMENT D



December 14, 2023

Mr. Joseph Conneely, Vice President Northern Utilities, Inc. 6 Liberty Lane West Hampton, NH 03842 Portland Natural Gas Transmission System 700 Louisiana Street, Suite 1300 Houston, TX 77002-2700

David A. Alonzo Manager, Project Authorizations

tel 832.320.5477 email david_alonzo@tcenergy.com web www.pngts.com

Re: <u>Portland Natural Gas Transmission System</u> Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Approval of Expansion in Docket No. CP23-548-000

Mr. Conneely,

Portland Natural Gas Transmission System (PNGTS) is hereby confirming that requisite approval has been received from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for an expansion of PNGTS' system to provide an additional 59,000 Dth/d of capacity. The capacity was certificated as of November 28, 2023, the day after expiration of the 60-day Blanket Prior Notice comment period in Docket No. CP23-548-000.

Northern Utilities, Inc. capacity of 12,500 Dth/d is therefore slated for in-service on April 1, 2024, pending your state regulatory approvals.

Please contact Thomas Lockett, PNGTS Marketing Manager, should you have any questions.

Regards,

PORTLAND NATURAL GAS TRANSMISSION SYSTEM by its Operator, TransCanada Northern Border Inc.

David A. Alonzo Manager, Project Authorizations US Rates & Regulatory